

User's Guide



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RDXL120 Communication Function



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WARNING: These products are not designed for use in, and should not be used for, human applications.

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing our RDXL120 Portable Data Station.

This Communication Function Manual provides information necessary for using communication functions and creating communication programs. To ensure correct use, please read this manual thoroughly before beginning operation.

In addition to this manual, the User's Manual (contained in the CD-ROM as with this manual) and Quick Setup Manual are available separately.

The User's Manual provides detailed information regarding all of the functions and operations of the RDXL120 excluding the communication functions. The Quick Setup Manual briefly explains the basic operations such as measurement operation and setup. Use them together with this manual.

After reading this manual, keep it in an easily accessible place for later reference. This manual will come in handy when you are unsure of how to operate the product.

Notes

- The contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice.
- Figures and illustrations representing display views in this manual may differ from actual views.
- Every effort has been made to ensure accuracy in the preparation of this manual. However, should any doubts arise or errors come to your attention, please contact the vendor from whom you purchased the product.
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Revision Information

First Edition: February, 2009

Safety Precautions

When operating the instrument, be sure to observe the cautionary notes given below to ensure correct and safe use of the instrument. If you use the instrument in any way other than as instructed in this manual, the instrument's protective measures may be impaired. Omega Engineering, Inc. Corporation is by no means liable for any damage resulting from use of the instrument in contradiction to these cautionary notes.

The following safety symbols are used on the instrument and in this manual.



Danger! Handle with Care. This symbol indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the User's Manual or this manual in order to avoid risk of injury or death of personnel or damage to the instrument.

This symbol indicates DC voltage/current.



This symbol indicates AC voltage/current.



This symbol indicates ON (power).



This symbol indicates OFF (power).



WARNING

Indicates a hazard that may result in the loss of life or serious injury of the user unless the described instruction is abided by.



CAUTION

Indicates a hazard that may result in an injury to the user and/or physical damage to the product or other equipment unless the described instruction is abided by.

Note

Indicates information that should be noted in order to familiarize yourself with the instrument's operating procedures and/or functions or gives supplementary information.

Description of Displays and Exemption from Responsibility

Description of Displays

- Some of the representations of product displays shown in this manual may be exaggerated, simplified, or partially omitted for reasons of convenience when explaining them.
- Figures and illustrations representing the controller's displays may differ from the actual displays in regard to the positions and/or indicated characters (upper-case or lower-case, for example), to the extent that they do not impair correct understanding of the functions and the proper operation and monitoring of the system.

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1.1 Relationship between the Communication Function and the Ethernet and Serial Interfaces

The RDXL120 comes standard with an Ethernet interface for connecting a LAN cable and a serial interface (RS-232/RS-485 and USB). To use the communication function of the RDXL120, the Ethernet or serial communication settings must be configured in advance.

The following figure shows the relationship between the communication function of the RDXL120 and the Ethernet and serial interfaces.

	RDXL120 communication function								
Application	MODBUS slave	MODBUS master	Setting/Measurement server	Maintenance/ Test server	Web server	FTP server	FTP client	E-mail client	
				Login (User authentication/ access privileges granting)					
Upper layer protocol	MODBUS protocol		Standard protocol		HTTP	FTP		SMTP	
Lower layer protocol			Serial communication control	TCP					
				IP					
Upper interface	Serial RS-232/RS-485		USB	Ethernet					
Lower interface				10BASE-T/100BASE-TX					

To use the communication function of the RDXL120 via the Ethernet or serial interface, communications must be performed according to the following protocols* that lie in between two.

- FTP (File Transfer Protocol)
- TCP (Transmission Control Protocol)
- IP (Internet Protocol)
- HTTP (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol)
- SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol)
- RDXL120 standard protocol (dedicated protocol)

To use the serial communication function, select one of the following protocols.

- RDXL120 standard protocol (dedicated protocol)
- Modbus protocol (slave)
- Modbus protocol (master)

Using the Communication Interfaces Simultaneously

If you set the communication interface to LAN/RS-232, you can use the LAN and RS-232 interfaces simultaneously. Likewise, if you set the interface to LAN/RS-485, you can use the LAN and RS-485 interfaces simultaneously. The table below indicates the operable functions for the various serial communication protocol settings.

1.1 Relationship between the Communication Function and the Ethernet and Serial Interfaces

List of Operable Functions by Serial Communication Protocol Setting

Operable Functions			Serial Communication Setting (Protocol)				
			Normal	Modbus (ASCII)		Modbus (RTU)	
				Master	Slave	Master	Slave
Serial (RS-232, RS-485)	Normal		Yes	–	–	–	–
	Modbus (ASCII)	Master	–	Yes	–	–	–
		Slave	–	–	Yes	–	–
	Modbus (RTU)	Master	–	–	–	Yes	–
		Slave	–	–	–	–	Yes
LAN	Setting/Measurement server		No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Test server		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	FTP server		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	HTTP server		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	FTP client		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	E-mail		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

* If the serial communication setting > protocol is set to NORMAL, the normal commands of the serial interface, the test server, FTP server, HTTP server, FTP client, and e-mail functions of the LAN interface can be used simultaneously. However, the measurement/setting server of the LAN interface cannot be used simultaneously.

Note

- If the interface is set to LAN/RS-232 or LAN/RS-485, the sampling interval cannot be set to a value less than equal to 5 s. If such value is specified, it is set to 10 s.
- If the interface is set to LAN/RS-232 or LAN/RS-485, the read cycle of the Modbus master in the serial communication settings cannot be set to a value less than or equal to 2 s. If such value is specified, it is set to 5 s.
- If the interface is set to LAN/RS-232 or LAN/RS-485, the response may take a long time or the data may not be retrieved within the read cycle depending on the load conditions of the communication interfaces.

1.2 Explanation of Functions

This section gives an overview of the communication function that can be used to control the RDXL120.

Modbus Communication

Modbus Slave

- The Modbus protocol can be used to read the measured/calculated data written to the input register of the RDXL120 from a PC or write/read communication input data from the hold register of the RDXL120.
- For details on the Modbus function codes that the RDXL120 supports, see section 4.1.
- This function can be used only when communicating via the serial interface.
- For a description on the settings required to use this function, see sections 4.2 and 4.3.

Modbus Master

- Loads the measured data and other types of data of other instruments using the Modbus protocol as communication channel input. The loaded data can be scaled and displayed with a unit that you assign. The data can also be handled on a calculation channel.
- Function for writing data to other instruments is not supported.
- For details on the Modbus function codes that the RDXL120 supports, see section 4.1.
- This function can be used only when communicating via the serial interface.
- For a description on the settings required in using this function, see section 4.4.

Setting/Measurement Server

- This function can be used to set almost all of the settings that can be configured using the front panel keys. This function cannot be used to (1) turn the power switch ON/OFF, (2) set the user name/password for communications, (3) set the user name/password for key login, and (4) set the destination of the FTP client function.
- The following types of data can be output.
 - Measured/calculated data.
 - Data in the internal memory or files in the external storage medium.
 - Setup data.
 - Log data of operation errors and communications.
- The commands that can be used through this function are setting commands and output commands.
- This function can be used when communicating via the Ethernet or the serial interface.

Maintenance/Test Server

- This function can be used to output connection information, network information, and other information regarding Ethernet communications.
- The commands that can be used through this function are maintenance/test commands.
- This function can be used only when communicating via the Ethernet interface.

1.2 Explanation of Functions

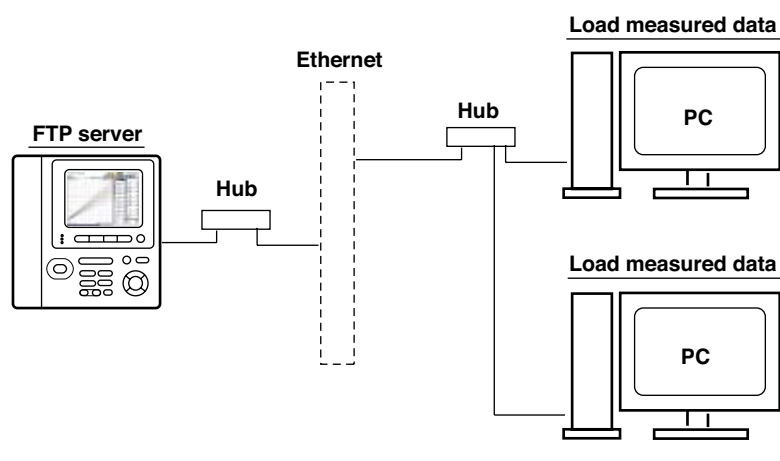
FTP Server

- You can use a PC to access the RDXL120 via FTP. You can perform operations such as retrieving directory and file lists from the internal memory or the external storage medium of the RDXL120 and transferring and deleting files.
- This function can be used only when communicating via the Ethernet interface.

Note

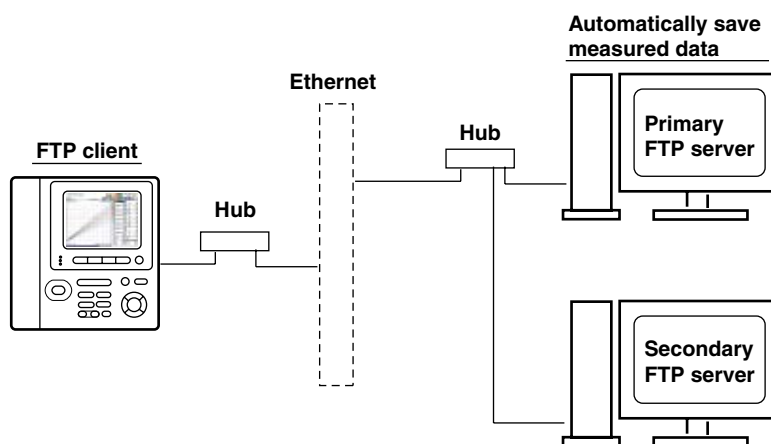
If you transfer large files while logging, the FTP operation may be aborted, because the measurement process takes precedence.

FTP Client



Automatic File Transfer

- The display data file and log data file that are created in the internal memory or external storage medium of the RDXL120 can be automatically transferred to a remote FTP server. The result of the transfer is recorded in the FTP log. The FTP log can be shown on the RDXL120's display or output to a PC using commands.



You can specify two destination FTP servers, primary and secondary. If the primary server is down, the file is transferred to the secondary server.

- This function can be used only when communicating via the Ethernet interface.

Note

If you transfer large files while logging, the FTP operation may be aborted, because the measurement process takes precedence.

- FTP Test
 - The file transfer can be checked by transferring a test file from the RDXL120 to a remote FTP server.
 - The result of the FTP test can be confirmed on the FTP log display.
 - This function can be used only when communicating via the Ethernet interface.

Login

- This function can be used only when communicating via the Ethernet interface and when using the setting/measurement server, maintenance/test server, and the FTP server functions.
- **User Authentication**

This function allows only registered users to access the RDXL120 in order to prevent third party access from the network.

 - Up to seven names can be registered. One of the names is fixed to administrator privilege. For the other six names, you specify the access privilege when you register the name.
 - There are limitations on the number of simultaneous connections and the number of simultaneous users accessing the RDXL120 from PCs (see section 2.1).
 - Login to the FTP server is allowed only by an administrator or through anonymous login (see section 2.7).
- **Granting Access Privileges**

This function grants access privilege (user level) to operate the RDXL120 for the registered users. For example, this prevents user B (user level) from changing the measurement conditions that were set by user A (administrator level).

 - There are two user levels on the RDXL120, user and administrator.
 - Administrator
An administrator has privileges to use all setting/measurement server functions, maintenance/test server functions, and FTP server functions.
 - User
A user has limited privileges to use the setting/measurement server functions, maintenance/test server functions, and FTP server*¹ functions.
 - Limitations on the use of the setting/measurement server
A user cannot change settings that would change the RDXL120 operation. A user can output measured data and setting data.
 - Limitations on the use of the maintenance/test server
A user cannot disconnect a connection between another PC and the RDXL120. A user can disconnect the connection between the PC that the user is using and the RDXL120.
 - Limitations on the use of the FTP server
You cannot save files to the external storage medium of the RDXL120 or delete files on it. You can load files.

*¹ User level access to the FTP server is allowed only by an anonymous user (see section 2.7).
- **Communication Timeout**

This function drops the connection with the PC if there is no data transfer for a given time at the application level. For example, this function prevents a PC from being connected to the RDXL120 indefinitely which would prohibit other users from making new connections for data transfer.

Web Server

- This function can be used only when communicating via the Ethernet interface.
- The RDXL120 display can be shown on a Web browser (for Web browsers that have been tested for compatibility, see section 2.10).
- The following two pages are available.
 - Monitor page: Monitoring screen (switching is possible among measurement data displays, alarm summary display, and log displays)

- **Operator page:** This page allows you to switch the RDXL120 display. You can also switch to Setting mode or File Operation mode to control the RDXL120 in the respective mode.

You can use access control (user name and password) to limit the access to each page.

- The display section of the RDXL120 can be updated periodically (select from 2, 5, 10, or 30 s).
- The following information can be displayed.
 - Measured data
 - Alarm summary
 - Logs (error log, communication command log, key login/logout log, FTP client log, e-mail log, and Web operation log)

E-mail Transmission

This function can be used only when communicating via the Ethernet interface.

• Transmitting E-mail Messages

- E-mail can be automatically transmitted at the times indicated below. You can specify two groups of destinations and specify the destination for each item. In addition, you can set a header string for each item.
 - When an alarm is activated/released
Notifies alarm information.
 - When the RDXL120 recovers from a power failure
Notifies the power failure occurrence.
 - When an error related to the external storage medium and FTP client occurs
Notifies the error code and message when an error is detected on the external storage medium or when the data cannot be stored due to insufficient free space on the external storage medium. In addition, notifies the error code and message when data transfer fails using the FTP client function.
- At the specified time
Transmits an e-mail message when the specified time is reached. This can be used to confirm that the e-mail transmission function including the network is working properly. You can specify the reference time and the e-mail transmission interval for each destination.
- **E-mail Transmission Test**
 - You can send a test message from the RDXL120 to the destination to check e-mail transmissions.
 - You can confirm the result of the e-mail transmission test on the e-mail log screen.

Other Functions

• SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) Connection

You can synchronize the standard clock by connecting to an SNTP server when using the Ethernet interface. This function works at power-on and at specified time intervals only when the RDXL120 is in Free Running Mode.

• Checking the Connection Status of the Ethernet Interface

You can check the connection status of the Ethernet interface with the LAN port LED on the side panel of the RDXL120 and on the display of the RDXL120.

• Keep alive (Extension Function of TCP)

This function drops the connection if there is no response to the test packet that is sent periodically at the TCP level.

1.2 Explanation of Functions

- **Displaying the Error, Communication, FTP, Web Operation, and E-mail Logs**

You can display the following operation logs on the log display.

- Error log display: Log of operation errors.
- Communication command display: Log of communication input/output.
- FTP client log display: Log of file transfers carried out using the FTP client function.
- Web operation log display: Log of operations using the Web server function.
- E-mail log display: Log of e-mail transmissions.

2.1 Ethernet Interface Specifications

Basic Specifications

Item Specifications	
Number of ports	1
Electrical and mechanical specifications	Conforms to IEEE 802.3.
Transmission medium type	Ethernet (100BASE-TX/10BASE-T)
Data rate	100 Mbps maximum
Protocol	TCP/IP
Supported services	FTP server, FTP client, SMTP client (mail transmission), Web server, DHCP, DNS, and SNMP
Connector type	RJ-45

Maximum Number of Simultaneous Connections/Number of Simultaneous Users

The following table shows the maximum number of simultaneous connections, the number of simultaneous users, and the port number for each function.

Function	Maximum Number of Connections	Number of Simultaneous Users		Port Number ^{*1}
		Administrator	User	
Setting/Measurement server	1	1	1 ^{*2}	34339
Maintenance/Test server	1	1	1 ^{*2}	34340
FTP server	2	2	2 ^{*2}	21

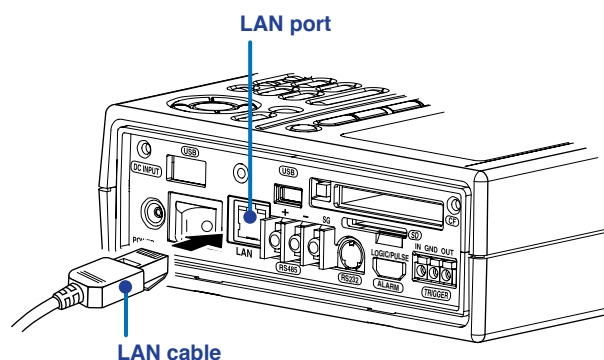
^{*1} The port numbers are fixed.

^{*2} There are user limitations. For details, see "Granting Access Privileges" under "Login" in section 1.2.

2.2 Connecting of the Ethernet Interface

When Connecting Only the RDXL120 and the PC

Connect the LAN ports of the RDXL120 and the PC using a 10BASE-T or 100BASE-TX LAN cable



If you are connecting the RDXL120 and the PC directly in a one-to-one configuration without using a hub, use a cross LAN cable.

When Connecting to an Existing Network

When connecting the RDXL120 or the PC to an existing network, communication parameters such as the data rate and connector type must be matched. For details, consult your system or network administrator.

Note

- Depending on the reliability of the network or the volume of network traffic, all the transferred data may not be retrieved by the PC.
 - Communication performance deteriorates if multiple PCs access a RDXL120 simultaneously.
 - If the interface is not set to LAN, LAN/RS-232, or LAN/RS-485 do not connect the LAN cable.
-

2.3 Configuring of the Ethernet Interface

The following configurations must be made to use the Ethernet communication functions of the RDXL120.

Selecting the Communication Interface

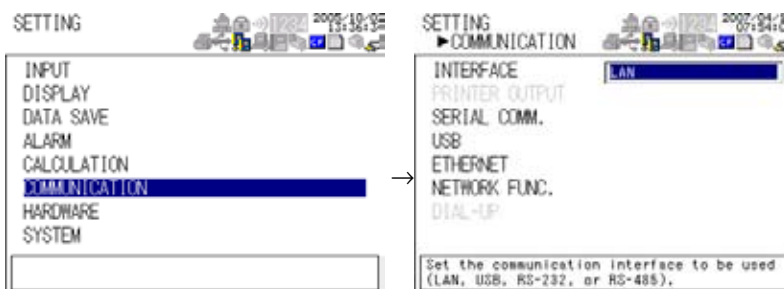
You must select the communication interface by carrying out the steps below. The default setting is LAN (Ethernet).

Procedure

1. Press **SETTING** to enter Setting Mode.



2. Use the **arrow keys** to select COMMUNICATION, and press **SELECT**.



- **IP Address**

- Set the IP address to assign to the RDXL120. The default setting is 0.0.0.0.
- The IP address is used to distinguish between the various devices connected to the Internet when communicating using the TCP/IP protocol. The address is a 32-bit value expressed using four octets (each 0 to 255), each separated by a period as in [192.168.111.24].

- **Subnet Mask**

- Specify the mask that is used to determine the network address from the IP address. The default setting is 0.0.0.0.
- Set the value according to the system or network to which the RDXL120 belongs. In some cases, this setting may not be necessary.

- **Default Gateway**

- Set the IP address of the gateway (router, etc.) used to communicate with other networks. The default setting is 0.0.0.0.
- Set the value according to the system or network to which the RDXL120 belongs. In some cases, this setting may not be necessary.

- **DNS (Domain Name System)**

You must set the DNS if you are using a host name to specify the destination server of the file transfer on an FTP client or the server of the e-mail recipient.

- * DNS is a system used to associate names used on the Internet called host names and domain names to IP addresses. The host name/domain name can be used instead of the IP address when accessing the network. The DNS server manages the database that contains the host name/domain name and IP address correlation.

- **DNS Server**

- Set the IP address of the DNS server. The default setting is 0.0.0.0.
- You can specify up to two DNS server IP addresses, primary and secondary. If the primary DNS server is down, the secondary DNS server is automatically looked up for the mapping of the host name/domain name and IP address.

- **Host Name**

Set the RDXL120's host name using up to 64 characters.

- **Domain Name**

- Set the network domain name that the RDXL120 belongs to using up to 64 characters.
- When the destination server of the file transfer or the server of the e-mail recipient is looked up using the DNS server, this domain name is appended to the host name as a possible domain name if it is omitted. The recipient name (server name) is set to the name specified by FTP Server Name or SMTP Server Name.

- **Domain Suffix**

When the IP address corresponding to the server name with the domain name of the previous section is not found, the system may be set up to search using a different domain name. In such cases, set the domain name to be searched following the "domain name" of the previous section as a domain suffix.

- Set the domain suffix using up to 64 characters.
- You can specify up to two domain suffixes, primary and secondary.

- **Setting the SNTP (Time Synchronization Function)**

You can synchronize the standard clock by connecting to an SNTP server at power-on and at specified timer intervals when the RDXL120 is in Free Running Mode using the Ethernet interface. The following items are set in addition to the Ethernet interface to use this function.

- **SNTP ON/OFF**

Select whether to enable (ON) or disable (OFF) SNTP.

- **Server Name**

Set the host name (set using FQDN) or IP address using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.

- **Confirmation Time**

Set the cycle for synchronizing the clock in the range of 1 to 24 hours.

- **Enabling/Disabling the Login Function of the RDXL120**

The item below applies when the RDXL120 is used as a setting/measurement server or maintenance/test server on the Ethernet interface. It does not apply to login when using the RDXL120 as an FTP server (see section 2.7).

If you enable the login function, only registered users can log in to the RDXL120.

- **Communication Timeout**

The item below applies when the RDXL120 is used as a setting/measurement server or maintenance/test server on the Ethernet interface. When using the RDXL120 as an FTP server, the connection is dropped when there is no data exchange for 5 minutes regardless of this setting.

- **Selecting ON or OFF**

- ON

Drops the connection when there is no data exchange for a given time.

- OFF

Communication timeout is disabled.

- **Setting the Timeout Value**

If communication timeout is enabled, the connection is dropped if no data transfer is detected over a time period specified here.

Selectable range: 1 to 120 minutes

- **Enabling/Disabling (On/Off) Keepalive**

- ON

If there is no response to the inspection packet that is periodically transmitted (every 30 s) at the TCP level, the connection is forcibly disconnected.

- OFF

Keepalive is disabled.

- **Saving the Settings**

To activate the settings that have been changed in the basic setting mode, the settings must be saved. Otherwise, the settings that existed before the change are activated.

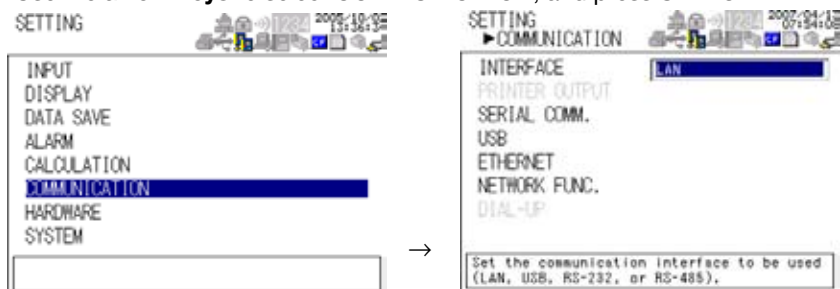
Procedure

1. Press **SETTING** to enter Setting Mode.

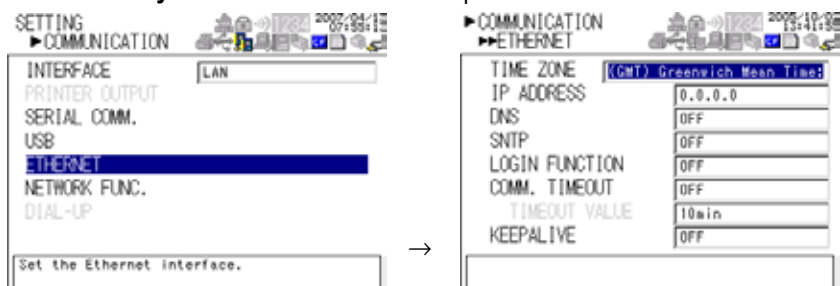


2.3 Configuring of the Ethernet Interface

2. Use the **arrow keys** to select COMMUNICATION, and press **SELECT**.



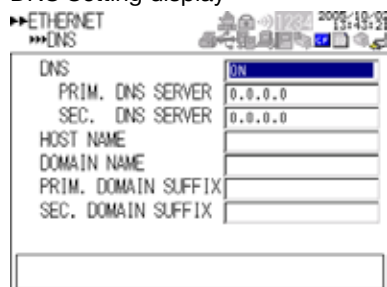
3. Use the **arrow keys** to select ETHERNET and press **SELECT**.



4. Use the **arrow keys** to select the desired item, and press **SELECT**. Press **SELECT** to show a selection list or display for setting the item.



- DNS Setting display



- SNTP Setting display



5. Select or enter the item on the displayed selection list or window.
6. Press **SET**.

2.4 Checking the Connection Status of the Ethernet Interface

Checking the Connection Status on the RDXL120

You can check the connection status of the Ethernet interface with the LAN port LED of the RDXL120.

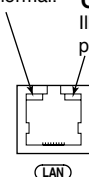
LED Status	Connection Status of the Ethernet Interface
Green LED illuminated	The Ethernet interface is electrically connected.
Yellow LED blinking	Transmitting data.
Off	The Ethernet interface is not electrically connected.

Yellow LED


Blinks when data transmission is normal.

Green LED

Illuminates when communication is possible with the connected destination.



Checking the Connection Status on the RDXL120 Display

You can check the connection status with the icon that is shown in the status display section of the RDXL120 display. The  icon appears when the interface is set to LAN, LAN/RS-232, or LAN/RS-485, the Ethernet parameters (IP address other than 0.0.0.0) are configured, and the cable is connected. For other cases, the icon is gray.

2.5 Setting the FTP Client (Setting the Auto Transfer of Measurement and Alarm Data Files)

By setting this function, the measurement and alarm data files created in the internal memory of the RDXL120 or an external storage medium can be automatically transferred using FTP at the time the files are created. To use this function, however, the Ethernet interface must be configured as described in section 2.3.

- **Selecting the Transferred Files**

- You can select whether to automatically transfer the measurement and alarm data files. The default setting is OFF.
- The data files are automatically transferred to the FTP destination explained in the next section at the end of the logging operation or when a file is created (when the file division function is turned ON).

Note

If a file with the same name is detected at the destination, the file is transferred with the last character of the file name changed.

Example: If the file to be transferred named "050714130440.DLO" exists at the destination, the file name is changed to "050714130440Fxxxx.DLO" (where xxxx is a value between 0000 and 9999) before it is transferred.

- **Setting the FTP Destination**

Consult your system or network administrator when setting parameters such as the primary/secondary FTP servers, port number, login name, password, account, and availability of the PASV mode.

- **Specifying Primary and Secondary**

You can specify two destination FTP servers, primary and secondary. If the primary server is down, the file is transferred to the secondary server.

- **FTP Server Name**

Enter the name of the file transfer destination FTP server using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.

- If the DNS is used, you can set the host name as a server name.
For details on setting the DNS, see section 2.3, "Setting the Ethernet Interface."
 - You can also set the IP address. In this case, the DNS is not required.

- **Port Number**

Enter the port number of the file transfer destination FTP server in the range of 1 to 65535. The initial value is 21.

- **Login Name**

Enter the login name for accessing the FTP server using up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

- **Password**

Enter the password for accessing the FTP server using up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

- **PASV Mode**

Turn PASV mode ON when using the RDXL120 behind a firewall that requires the passive mode. The default setting is OFF. A firewall is furnished on a router (or a similar device) that has security features. It prevents intrusion from the outside into the network system.

2.5 Setting the FTP Client (Setting the Auto Transfer of Measurement and Alarm Data Files)

• Initial Path

Enter the directory of the file transfer destination using up to 64 alphanumeric characters. The delimiter for directories varies depending on the implementation of the destination FTP server.

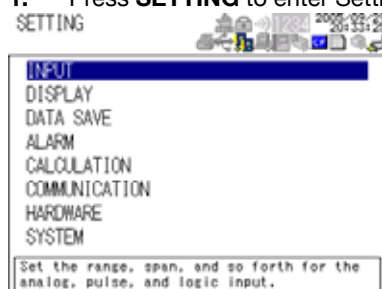
Example When transferring files to the “data” directory in the “home” directory of an FTP server on a UNIX file system.
/home/data

Note

If the file transfer to both primary and secondary servers fails, the RDXL120 aborts the file transfer. The data values (up to 16 data values) that failed to be transferred are transferred with a new data file when the connection to the destination recovers.

Procedure

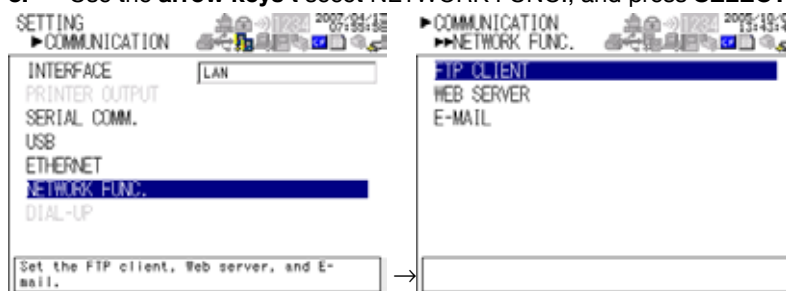
1. Press **SETTING** to enter Setting Mode.



2. Use the **arrow keys** to select **COMMUNICATION**, and press **SELECT**.



3. Use the **arrow keys** to select **NETWORK FUNC.**, and press **SELECT**.



4. With **FTP CLIENT** selected, press **SELECT**.



2.5 Setting the FTP Client (Setting the Auto Transfer of Measurement and Alarm Data Files)

5. Use the **arrow keys** to select the desired item, and press **SELECT**.
Press **SELECT** to show a selection list or window for setting the item.
 - Primary server setting display

FTP CLIENT
PRIMARY SERVER

SERVER NAME	
PORT NUMBER	21
LOGIN NAME	
PASSWORD	
ACCOUNT	
PASV MODE	OFF
INITIAL PATH	

Set the primary FTP server by IP address
or host name (max 64 characters).

6. Select or enter the item on the displayed selection list or window.
7. Press **SET**.

2.6 FTP Test

You can test whether files can be transferred via the Ethernet interface by transferring a test file from the RDXL120 to the FTP server specified in section 2.5.

• Items to Check before Performing This Test

- Connect the Ethernet cable correctly. For the connection procedure, see section 2.2.
- Check that the Ethernet interface settings are correct. For the procedure, see section 2.3 or 2.5.

When setting the Ethernet interface, check the settings with your system or network administrator.

• Checking the Results of the FTP Test

- When an FTP test is executed, a test file named FTPC.TXT is transferred to the directory indicated by the initial path at the FTP destination specified in section 2.5.
- The result of the FTP test can be confirmed by displaying the FTP log (displayed on the RDXL120 (see section 2.8)) or Web screen (see section 2.10) or by outputting the result using the FL command (see section 4.8).

Procedure

1. Press **SETTING** to enter Setting Mode.



2. Use the **arrow keys** to select **COMMUNICATION**, and press **SELECT**.

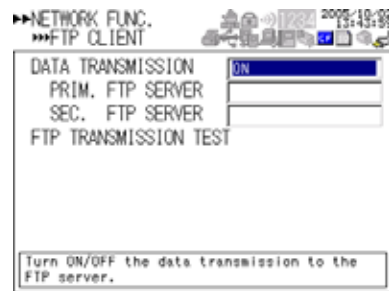


3. Use the **arrow keys** to select **NETWORK FUNCTION SETTINGS**, and press **SELECT**.

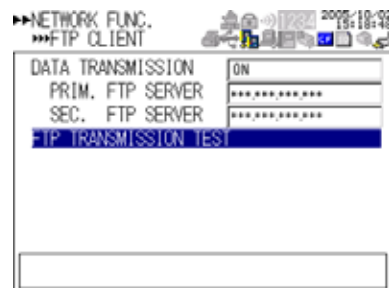


2.6 FTP Test

4. With FP CLIENT SETTINGS selected, press **SELECT**.



5. Use the **arrow keys** to select FTP TRANSMISSION TEST, and press **SELECT**.
Press **SELECT** to transfer the file.



2.7 Setting the Login of Ethernet Communications

By setting these functions, you can prohibit access to the RDXL120 by third parties from the network, authorize setup operations of the RDXL120 via the Ethernet network, and disconnect connections if there is no data transmission for a given time. To use this function, however, the Ethernet interface must be configured as described in section 2.3.

Registering Users

- **Selecting the User Level**

Select either user level, administrator or user.

- Administrator

One administrator can be registered. The administrator has the privileges to use all the functions of the setting/measurement server, maintenance/test server, and FTP server.

- User

Certain limitations exist in using the setting/measurement server, maintenance/test server, and FTP server.

- Limitations on the use of the setting/measurement server

Users are not authorized to change the settings that would change the operation of the RDXL120. Users can output measured and setting data.

- Limitations on the use of the maintenance/test server

A user cannot disconnect a connection between another PC and the RDXL120. A user can disconnect the connection between the PC that the user is using and the RDXL120.

- Limitations on the use of the FTP server

A user cannot save files to the external storage medium of the RDXL120 or delete files on it. A user can load files.

- **Selecting Whether to Register (ON/OFF) Users**

- ON

Registers users. You can set the user name and password for logging in.

- OFF

Not register users.

- **Setting the User Name**

- Enter the user name using up to 16 alphanumeric characters.

- You cannot register the same user names.

- Since the word "quit" is reserved as a command on the RDXL120, the user name "quit" is not allowed.

- Only the administrator is valid for the FTP server function. Login is not possible even if a user is registered with administrator privileges.

- **Setting the Password**

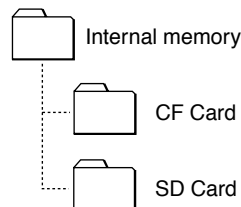
Set the password using up to six alphanumeric characters.

Note

- The relationship between the login function and the user name for accessing the RDXL120 is as follows:
 - When using the RDXL120 as a measurement/setting server or maintenance/test server
 - When the login function on the Ethernet setup display is ON
 - You can log into the RDXL120 using the registered user name and password.
 - The user level is the user level specified when the user name was registered.
 - When the login function on the Ethernet setup display is OFF
 - You can log in to the RDXL120 as an administrator by accessing the RDXL120 using the user name "admin." No password is necessary.
 - You can log in to the RDXL120 as a user by accessing the RDXL120 using the user name "user." No password is necessary.
 - When using the RDXL120 as a Web server
 - When the monitor page access authentication on the Web server setup display is ON, you can log in to the RDXL120 using a registered user name and password. The user name and password are not necessary, if the access authentication is OFF.
 - When the monitor page access authentication on the Web server setup display is ON, you can log in to the RDXL120 using a user name and password that are registered with administrator privileges. The user name and password are not necessary, if the access authentication is OFF.
 - When using the RDXL120 as an FTP server
 - Only the administrator and "anonymous" can use the RDXL120.
 - Login is not possible using the user name and password of user 1 to user 6 that are set using SYSTEM > USER REGISTER even if they are registered with administrator privileges.
 - No password is necessary (you can log in regardless of whether a password is entered) when logging in as anonymous. The user level is set to user privileges. You can read the files on the storage medium of the RDXL120, but you cannot write files or delete files on the storage medium.
 - When SYSTEM > USER REGISTER > ADMINISTRATOR > REGISTER is set to ON
 - You can log into the RDXL120 using the user name and password registered as administrator.
 - All functions of the FTP server can be used with administrator privileges.
 - When SYSTEM > USER REGISTER > ADMINISTRATOR > REGISTER is set to OFF
 - You can log into the RDXL120 without the password by accessing the RDXL120 using the user name "admin."
 - All functions of the FTP server can be used with administrator privileges.
- Directory structure of the FTP server

When you log into the FTP server, the internal memory of the RDXL120 is assigned to the root directory. If a CF or SD memory card is inserted in the RDXL120, the "CFCard" or "SDCard" directory is created under the root directory. If the CF or SD memory card is not inserted, the CFCard or SDCard directory does not appear.

The directory structure (virtual directory) of the FTP server is shown below.



- There is a limitation on the number of simultaneous connections and the number of simultaneous users accessing the RDXL120 (see section 2.1).
 - For a description of the login process of the Setting/Measurement server and Maintenance/Test server, see appendix 2, "Login Process."
-

Procedure

1. Press **SETTING** to enter Setting Mode.



2. Use the **arrow keys** to select **SYSTEM**, and press **SELECT**.



3. With **USER REGISTER** selected, press **SELECT**.
4. Use the **arrow keys** to select the desired user, and press **SELECT**.
5. In the window shown, set the items, and press **SELECT**.
6. Press **SET**.

2.8 Showing the Error, Communication, and FTP Log Displays

- **Showing the Error Log Display**

The error log display shows a log of operation errors. Up to 50 operation error logs are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.

The screenshot shows the 'ERROR LOG' window. At the top right, the date and time are 2005/01/01 00:00:00. The table has four columns: 'Log No.', 'Date', 'Error No.', and 'Message'. The first row is highlighted in blue. Blue callout lines point to: 1. The last line of the log (Log No. 50), 2. The date column, 3. The error number column, and 4. The message column.

Log No.	Date	Error No.	Message
50	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
49	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
48	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
47	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
46	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
45	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
44	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
43	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
42	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
41	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
40	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
39	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
38	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
37	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
36	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
35	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
34	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
33	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
32	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
31	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
30	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
29	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
28	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
27	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
26	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
25	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
24	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
23	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
22	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
21	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
20	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
19	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
18	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
17	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
16	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
15	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
14	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
13	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
12	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
11	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
10	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
9	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
8	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
7	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
6	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
5	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
4	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
3	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
2	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted
1	2005/01/01 00:00:00	210	Media is not inserted

1. **Last line log No./total number of logs**

Displays the log No. shown at the last line of the display and the total number of logs (up to 50*).

* If the total number of logs exceeds 50, the log is deleted from the oldest one.

2. **Date/Time of error occurrence**

Displays the date/time when the error occurred.

3. **Error code**

4. **Error Message**

- **Showing the Communication Log Display**

The communication log display shows a log of communication interface I/O operations. Up to a total of 200 logs is retained. Logs that exceed 200 are cleared from the oldest data.

1

2

3

4

5

COM. COMMAND LOG					2005/01/01 00:00:00
Log No.	Date	User ID	Input/Output	Message	
200	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
199	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
198	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
197	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
196	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
195	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
194	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
193	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
192	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
191	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
190	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
189	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
188	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
187	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
186	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
185	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
184	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
183	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
182	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
181	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
180	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
179	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
178	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
177	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
176	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
175	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
174	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
173	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
172	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
171	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
170	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
169	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
168	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
167	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
166	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
165	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
164	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
163	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
162	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
161	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
160	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
159	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
158	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
157	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
156	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
155	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
154	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
153	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
152	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
151	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
150	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
149	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
148	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
147	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
146	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
145	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
144	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
143	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
142	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
141	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
140	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
139	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
138	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
137	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
136	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
135	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
134	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
133	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
132	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
131	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
130	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
129	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
128	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
127	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
126	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
125	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
124	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
123	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
122	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
121	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
120	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
119	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
118	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
117	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
116	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
115	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
114	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
113	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
112	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
111	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
110	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
109	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
108	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
107	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
106	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
105	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
104	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
103	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
102	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
101	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
100	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
99	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
98	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
97	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
96	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
95	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
94	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
93	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
92	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
91	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
90	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
89	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
88	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
87	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
86	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
85	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
84	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
83	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
82	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
81	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
80	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
79	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
78	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
77	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
76	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
75	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
74	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
73	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
72	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
71	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
70	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
69	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
68	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
67	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
66	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
65	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
64	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
63	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
62	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
61	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
60	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
59	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
58	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
57	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
56	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
55	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
54	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
53	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
52	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
51	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
50	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
49	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
48	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
47	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
46	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
45	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
44	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
43	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
42	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
41	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
40	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
39	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
38	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
37	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
36	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
35	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
34	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
33	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
32	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
31	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
30	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
29	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
28	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
27	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
26	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
25	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
24	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
23	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
22	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
21	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
20	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
19	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
18	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
17	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
16	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
15	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
14	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
13	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
12	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
11	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
10	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
9	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
8	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
7	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
6	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
5	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
4	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
3	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	
2	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	I	AAAA	
1	2005/01/01 00:00:00	01	O	AAAA	

- **Showing the FTP Log Display**

The FTP log display shows a log of file transfers. Up to 50 file transfer operation logs are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.



1. **Last line log No./total number of logs**

Displays the log No. shown at the last line of the display and the total number of logs (up to 50*).

* If the total number of logs exceeds 50, the log is deleted from the oldest one.

2. **Date/Time of the file transfer**

Displays the date/time when the file was transferred to the FTP server.

3. **Error code**

For a description of errors, see chapter 8, "Error Messages."

4. **Destination FTP server**

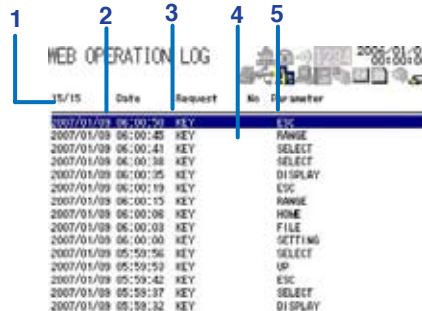
P: Primary. S: Secondary.

5. **File name**

Displays the name of the transferred file (12 characters).

- **Showing the Web Browser Operation Log Display**

You can display a log (record) of the operations carried out using the Web screen on the Web operation log display. Up to 50 previous operations are logged. Log that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.



1. **Last line log No./total number of logs**

Displays the log No. shown at the last line of the display and the total number of logs (up to 50*).

* If the total number of logs exceeds 50, the log is deleted from the oldest one.

2. **Date/Time of Web screen operation**

Displays the date/time when an operation was carried out on the Web screen.

3. **Operation**

4. **Error code**

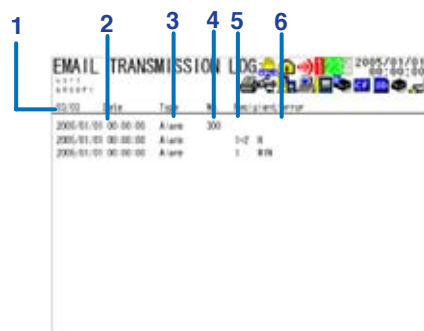
For a description of errors, see chapter 8, "Error Messages."

5. **Operation type**

2.8 Showing the Error, Communication, and FTP Log Displays

- **Showing the E-mail Log Display**

You can show a log (record) of e-mail transmissions on the e-mail log display. Up to 50 previous e-mail transmissions are logged. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.



1. **Last line log No./total number of logs**

Displays the log No. shown at the last line of the display and the total number of logs (up to 50*).

* If the total number of logs exceeds 50, the log is deleted from the oldest one.

2. **Date/time of e-mail transmission**

Displays the date/time of e-mail transmission.

3. **E-mail timing**

Displays the e-mail transmission timing (periodic, system, alarm, etc.).

4. **Error code**

For a description of errors, see chapter 8, "Error Messages."

5. **Recipient No.**

1: Recipient 1. 2: Recipient 2

6. **Error description**

Note

- There is also a log display that shows a log of key login operations.
- You can also use commands to output the error, communication, FTP, Web operation, and e-mail log data.

Procedure

1. Press **DISPLAY** to show a pop-up menu for switching the display.



2. Use the **arrow keys** to select the desired log display, and press **SELECT**.

2.9 Setting the Web Server Function

To use the Web server function, set the following parameters in addition to those described in section 2.3, "Setting the Ethernet Interface."

- **Enabling/Disabling the Web Server Function**
Select ON (enable) or OFF (disable).
- **Page Type (Type of Screen to Be Displayed)**
 - **Monitor**
 - The screen displayed on the RDXL120 is displayed.
 - The following information can be displayed.
 - Alarm summary
 - Measured and calculated data of all channels
 - Logs (message log, error log, key login log, FTP log, e-mail log, and Web operation log)
 - For display examples, see section 2.10.
 - **Operator**
All operations except key lock are possible in addition to the functions on the monitor page.
- **Monitor Page**
 - **Enabling/Disabling the Monitor Page**
 - ON
The monitor page can be displayed on a Web browser.
 - OFF
Disables the monitor page.
 - **Enabling/Disabling Access Control**
 - ON
Enables access control. You must enter the user name and password to display the monitor page.
 - OFF
Disables access control.
 - **Setting the User Name**
Enter the user name using up to 16 alphanumeric characters using SYSTEM > USER REGISTER.
 - **Setting the Password**
Enter the password using up to six alphanumeric characters.
- **Operator Page**
 - **Enabling/Disabling the Operator Page**
 - ON
The operator page can be displayed on the browser.
 - OFF
Disables the operator page.
 - **Enabling/Disabling Access Control**
 - ON
Enables access control. You must enter the user name and password to display the operator page.
 - OFF
Disables access control.

2.9 Setting the Web Server Function

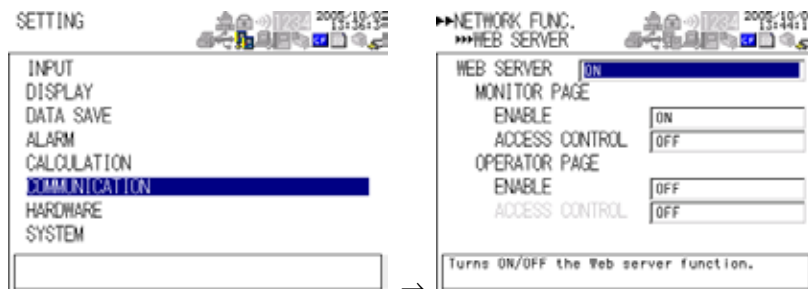
- **Setting the User Name**
Enter the user name using up to 16 alphanumeric characters using SYSTEM > USER REGISTER.
An administrator or a user with administrator privileges for Web browsing can access the Web server function.
- **Setting the Password**
Enter the password using up to six alphanumeric characters.
- **Saving the Settings**
To activate the settings that have been changed in the basic setting mode by pressing the SET key, the settings must be saved. Otherwise, the settings that existed before the change are activated.

Procedure

1. Press **SETTING** to enter Setting Mode.



2. Use the **arrow keys** to select COMMUNICATION, and press **SELECT**.



3. Use the **arrow keys** to select NETWORK FUNC., and press **SELECT**.



4. Use the **arrow keys** to select WEB SERVER, and press **SELECT**.



5. Use the **arrow keys** to select the desired item, and press **SELECT**.
Press **SELECT** to show a selection list or window for setting the item.
6. Select or enter the item on the displayed selection list or window.
7. To enable access authentication, press **SETTING**, return to the display of step 1, and set the user using **SYSTEM > USER REGISTER**.
8. Press **SET**.

2.10 Showing and Using the Monitor or Operator Page

This section describes how to show the monitor page and operator page on the Web browser and the operation on each page.

- **Web Browsers That Can Be Used**

Operations have been confirmed on the following Web browser.

- Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0

- **Setting the URL**

Set the URL (Uniform Resource Locator) appropriately according to the network environment that you are using. You can access the RDXL120 by setting the URL as follows:

http://host name.domain name/file name

- **http:** Protocol used to access the server. HTTP stands for HyperText Transfer Protocol.
- **Host name.domain name:** Host name and domain name of the RDXL120. You can also use the IP address in place of the host name and domain name.
- **File name:** File name of the monitor page and operator page of the RDXL120.
File name of the monitor page: **monitor.htm**
File name of the operator page: **operator.htm**

Example

To display the operator page using Internet Explorer on a PC in the same domain as the RDXL120 (the domain name, host name, and IP address are assumed to be **good.com**, **XL**, and **123.45.67.89**, respectively).

URL: **http://XL.good.com/operator.htm** or

URL: **http://123.45.67.89/operator.htm**

- **Contents of the Monitor Page**

- **Display Shown by the RDXL120**

- The display shown on the RDXL120 (waveform, digital, bar graph, review, alarm summary, or log) is displayed on the monitor page.
 - If the RDXL120 is in the Setting Mode or File Operation Mode, the monitor page cannot be displayed. An error message is displayed.

- **Refreshing the Monitor Page**

The monitor page can be refreshed automatically or manually.

- Auto refresh ON

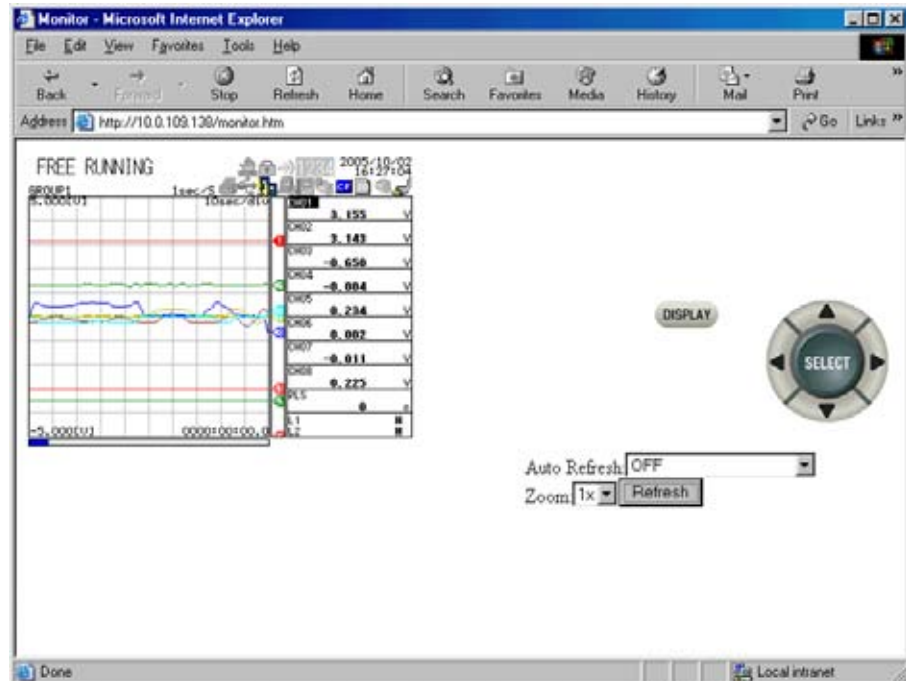
The monitor page is refreshed at the specified interval selected from 5, 10, or 30 s.

- Auto refresh OFF

The monitor page is not automatically refreshed. You can refresh the page manually. Within 5 s of the last refreshing, the page is not refreshed even if you attempt to refresh the page manually.

- **Zooming in or out of the Display**

The display shown on the RDXL120 can be expanded to 200%.

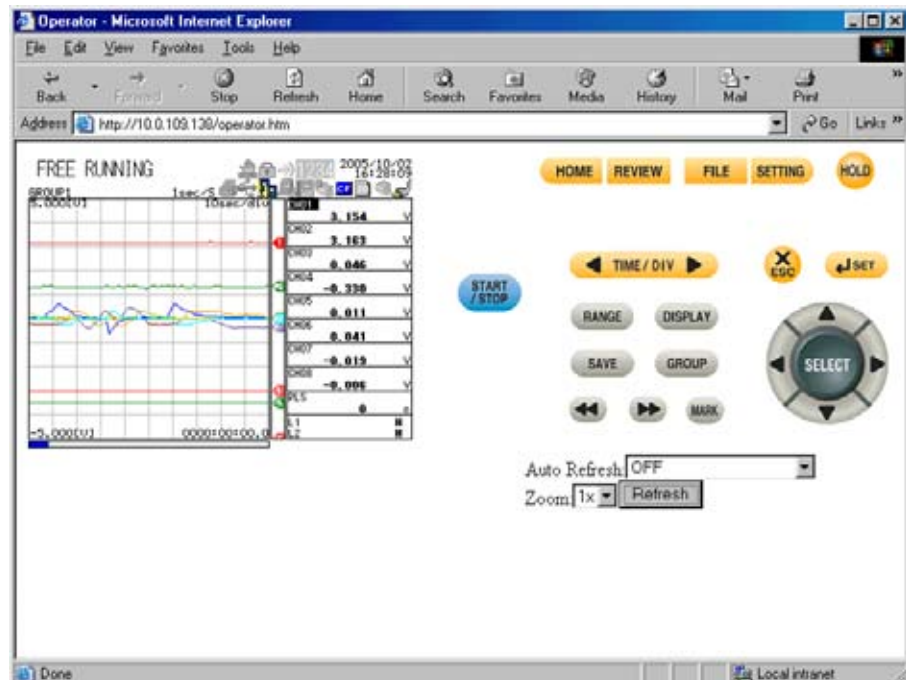


Contents of the Operator Page

On the operator page, the following operations can be carried out in addition to the information available on the monitor page.

Switching to Setting Mode or File Operation Mode

You can switch the RDXL120 to Setting Mode or File Operation Mode, and carry out operations in the same fashion as when operating the RDXL120 directly using keys.



2.11 Setting the E-mail Transmission Function

To use the e-mail transmission function, set the following parameters in addition to those described in section 2.3, "Setting the Ethernet Interface."

- **Basic Settings of E-mail Transmission**
 - **SMTP* Server Name**

Set the SMTP server name (up to 64 alphanumeric characters) or the IP address of the SMTP server.

* Simple Mail Transfer Protocol
 - **Port Number**

Set the port number to be used. The default setting is 25.
 - **Recipient 1**

Set the recipient of the e-mail message using up to 150 alphanumeric characters. You can specify multiple addresses. To specify multiple addresses, delimit the addresses using commas.
 - **Recipient 2**

Set the recipient of the e-mail message using up to 150 alphanumeric characters. You can specify multiple addresses. To specify multiple addresses, delimit the addresses using commas.
 - **Sender**

Set the e-mail address that has been provided by the network administrator using up to 64 alphanumeric characters. If omitted, the sender is set to the first address specified as the recipient.
 - **Mail Authentication**
 - **Mail Authentication**

If you require POP before SMTP for e-mail transmission set POP authentication.

 - **POP AUTHENTICATION**

Use the POP authentication.
 - **OFF**

Not use the POP authentication.
 - **Server Name**

Set the POP server name (up to 64 alphanumeric characters) or the IP address of the POP server.

 - **Account Name**

Set the account name for the POP server using up to 32 alphanumeric characters.
 - **Password**

Set the password for the POP server using up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

Note

POP authentication (POP before SMTP) is one of the user authentication methods for sending e-mail. Access to the SMTP server is granted by accessing the specific POP3 server first before sending the e-mail.

Because SMTP does not have a user authentication function, it is often used to send spam mail. By using POP to receive mail through authentication in advance, it allows the IP address of the user to be accessible for transmission only for a given period. As a result, such abuse can be prohibited.

- **Settings for Transmitting Alarm Information**

- **Recipient 1, Recipient 2**

You can turn ON/OFF the function for each recipient.

- ON
Transmits e-mail messages to the recipient.
- OFF
Does not transmit e-mail messages to the recipient.

- **Contents of the Transmitted Mail**

- **Add Inst. Data**

- ON
The instantaneous values of all channels are included in the e-mail message.
 - Off
The instantaneous values are not included in the e-mail message.

- **Add Source URL (Uniform Resource Locator)**

- ON
If the Web server function is specified on the RDXL120, the URL of the RDXL120 is attached to the e-mail.
 - OFF
The URL of the RDXL120 is not attached to the e-mail.

- **Subject**

Set the subject of the e-mail message using up to 32 alphanumeric characters. The default setting is "(RDXL120)Alarm_summary."

- **Header 1**

Set the string to be attached to the e-mail message using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.

- **Header 2**

Set the string to be attached to the e-mail message using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.

- **Settings When Transmitting E-mail Messages at the Specified Time**

- **Recipient 1, Recipient 2**

You can turn ON/OFF the function for each recipient.

- ON
Transmits e-mail messages to the recipient.
- OFF
Does not transmit e-mail messages to the recipient.

- **Interval**

Time interval used to repeat the e-mail transmission starting from the REFERENCE TIME. Select from the following:

1h, 2h, 3h, 4h, 6h, 8h, 12h, or 24h

- **REFERENCE TIME**

The time when the e-mail message is to be transmitted. In addition, the e-mail transmission is repeated at the specified interval from this point. Specify the time in the following range for each recipient.

00:00 to 23:59

Example: If Reference time is 17:15 and Interval is 8h, e-mail messages are transmitted at 17:15, 01:15, and 09:15.

- **Contents of the Transmitted Mail**
 - **Add Inst. Data**
 - ON
Attaches to the e-mail message the instantaneous values of all channels existing at the time of e-mail transmission.
 - OFF
The instantaneous values are not attached to the e-mail message.
 - **Add Source URL (Uniform Resource Locator)**
 - ON
If the Web server function is specified on the RDXL120, the URL of the RDXL120 is attached to the e-mail.
 - OFF
The URL of the RDXL120 is not attached to the e-mail.
 - **Subject**
Set the subject of the e-mail message using up to 32 alphanumeric characters. The default value is "(RDXL120)Periodic_data."
 - **Header 1**
Set the string to be attached to the e-mail message using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.
 - **Header 2**
Set the string to be attached to the e-mail message using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.
- **Settings When Transmitting E-mail Messages at the Time of Recovery from a Power Failure (System Error Settings)**

For the transmitted contents of the system mail, see section 1.2.

 - **Recipient 1, Sender**
You can turn ON/OFF the function for each recipient.
 - ON
Transmits e-mail messages to the recipient.
 - OFF
Does not transmit e-mail messages to the recipient.
 - **Contents of the Transmitted Mail**
 - **Include INST**
 - ON
Adds to the e-mail message the instantaneous values of all channels existing at the time of e-mail transmission.
 - OFF
The instantaneous values are not added to the e-mail message.
 - **Include Source URL (Uniform Resource Locator)**
 - ON
If the Web server function is specified on the RDXL120, the URL of the RDXL120 is attached to the e-mail.
 - OFF
The URL of the RDXL120 is not attached to the e-mail.
 - **Subject**
Set the subject of the e-mail message using up to 32 alphanumeric characters. The default setting is "(RDXL120)System_warning."
 - **Header 1**
Set the string to be attached to the e-mail message using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.

- **Header 2**

Set the string to be attached to the e-mail message using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.

Procedure

1. Press **SETTING** to enter Setting code



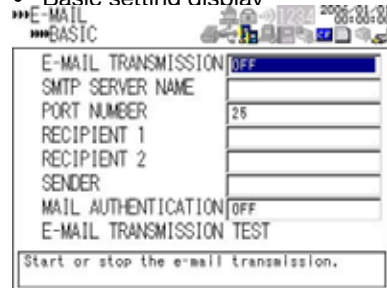
2. Use the **arrow keys** to select COMMUNICATION, and press **SELECT**



2.11 Setting the E-mail Transmission Function

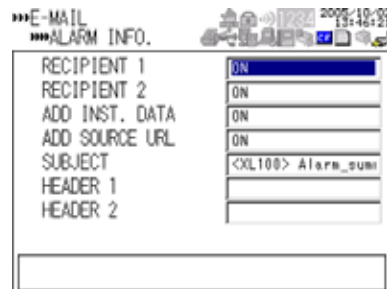
5. Use the **arrow keys** to select the desired item, and press **SELECT**. Press **SELECT** to show a window for setting the item.

- Basic setting display



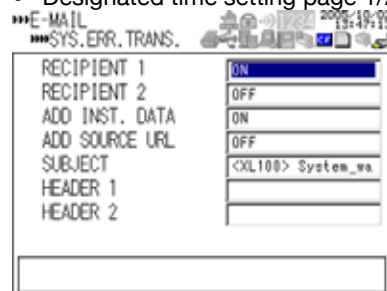
The screenshot shows the 'E-MAIL BASIC' menu. At the top, it says 'E-MAIL TRANSMISSION OFF'. Below this are several options: 'SMTP SERVER NAME', 'PORT NUMBER' (set to 25), 'RECIPIENT 1', 'RECIPIENT 2', 'SENDER', 'MAIL AUTHENTICATION OFF', and 'E-MAIL TRANSMISSION TEST'. At the bottom, there is a status bar that reads 'Start or stop the e-mail transmission.'

- Alarm information transmission setting display



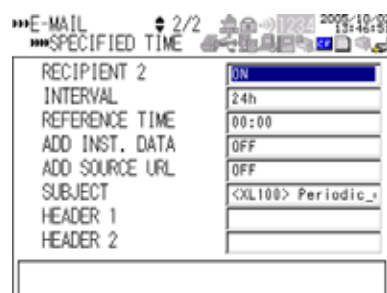
The screenshot shows the 'E-MAIL ALARM INFO.' menu. It lists several settings: 'RECIPIENT 1' (ON), 'RECIPIENT 2' (ON), 'ADD INST. DATA' (ON), 'ADD SOURCE URL' (ON), 'SUBJECT' (<XL100> Alarm_sum), 'HEADER 1', and 'HEADER 2'. There is a large empty box at the bottom for additional information.

- Designated time setting page 1/2



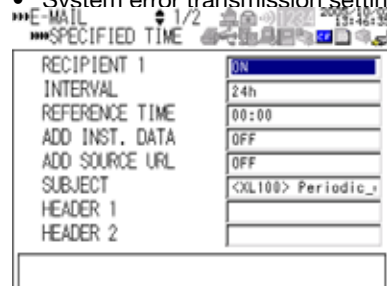
The screenshot shows the 'E-MAIL SYS. ERR. TRANS.' menu. It lists settings: 'RECIPIENT 1' (ON), 'RECIPIENT 2' (OFF), 'ADD INST. DATA' (ON), 'ADD SOURCE URL' (OFF), 'SUBJECT' (<XL100> System_wa), 'HEADER 1', and 'HEADER 2'. There is a large empty box at the bottom.

- Designated timesetting page 2/2



The screenshot shows the 'E-MAIL SPECIFIED TIME' menu. It lists settings: 'RECIPIENT 2' (ON), 'INTERVAL' (24h), 'REFERENCE TIME' (00:00), 'ADD INST. DATA' (OFF), 'ADD SOURCE URL' (OFF), 'SUBJECT' (<XL100> Periodic_), 'HEADER 1', and 'HEADER 2'. There is a large empty box at the bottom.

- System error transmission setting display



The screenshot shows the 'E-MAIL SPECIFIED TIME' menu. It lists settings: 'RECIPIENT 1' (ON), 'INTERVAL' (24h), 'REFERENCE TIME' (00:00), 'ADD INST. DATA' (OFF), 'ADD SOURCE URL' (OFF), 'SUBJECT' (<XL100> Periodic_), 'HEADER 1', and 'HEADER 2'. There is a large empty box at the bottom.

6. Select or enter the item on the displayed selection list or window.
7. Press **SET**.

2.12 E-mail Transmission Test

You can transmit test e-mail messages to recipient 1 or recipient 2 that you specified to confirm whether e-mail messages can be transmitted.

- **Items to Check before Performing This Test**

- Connect the Ethernet cable correctly. For the connection procedure, see section 2.2.
- Check that the Ethernet interface settings are correct. For the procedure, see section 2.3.
- Check that the e-mail settings are correct. For the procedure, see section 2.11.

When setting the Ethernet interface or e-mail, check the settings with your system or network administrator.

- **Checking the Results of the E-mail Transmission Test**

- The result of the e-mail transmission test can be confirmed by displaying the e-mail log (displayed on the RDXL120 (see section 2.8)) or Web screen (see section 2.10) or by outputting the result using the FL command (see section 5.9).
- If an error message is displayed on the RDXL120, see chapter 8, "Error Messages."

- **Contents of the Test E-mailMessage**

The figure below shows the contents of the test e-mail message.

Test mail example

```
From: RDXL120@good.co.jp
Date: Mon, 5 Dec 2005 07:15:41 +0900 (JST)
Subject: (RDXL120) Test_mail
To: user1@good.co.jp

Test mail
<Host name>
RDXL120
<Time of transmission>
12/05 07:15:35
```

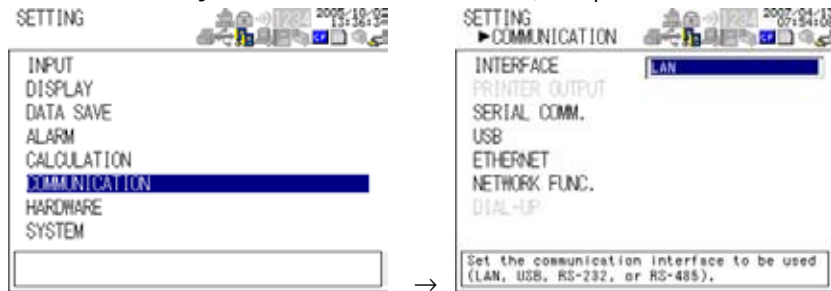
Procedure

1. Press **SETTING** to enter Setting Mode



2.12 E-mail Transmission Test

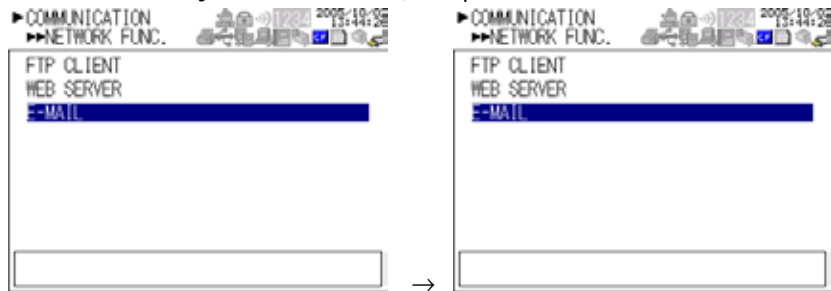
2. Use the **arrow keys** to select COMMUNICATION, and press **SELECT**.



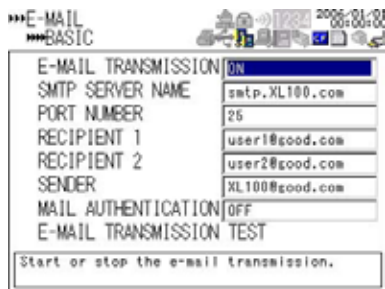
3. Use the **arrow keys** to select NETWORK FUNC., and press **SELECT**.



4. Use the **arrow keys** to select E-MAIL, and press **SELECT**.



5. With BASIC selected, press **SELECT**.



6. Use the **arrow keys** to select -MAIL TRANSMISSION TEST, and press **SELECT**. Press **SELECT** to send the mail.



2.13 Starting/Stopping E-mail Transmissions

- **Starting/Stopping E-mail Transmissions**

- If E-MAIL SETTINGS > BASIC SETTINGS > E-MAIL TRANSMISSION is turned ON, the e-mail transmission function is enabled.
- If E-MAIL SETTINGS > BASIC SETTINGS > E-MAIL TRANSMISSION is turned OFF, the e-mail transmission function is disabled. Unsent e-mail messages are cleared.

- **Contents of the E-mail Message**

The figure below shows examples of an e-mail messages.

- Alarm mail example

From: RDXL120@good.co.jp Date: Fri, 5 Aug 2005 08:12:48 +0900 (JST) Subject: (RDXL120) Alarm_summary To: user1@good.co.jp, user2@good.co.jp	Subject
LOOP1	Header 1
TEMPERATURE	Header 2
Alarm summary <Host name> RDXL	
<CH>02	Channel number
<Type>1L	Number/Type
<On>08/05 08:10:13 <Off>08/05 08:12:07	Date/Time of alarm occurrence/release
<Instantaneous value> 08/05 08:12:07 01=0.021V 02=-0.041V 03=-0.011V . . 29=-0.541V 30=-0.546V	Instantaneous value (When Include INST is specified) • Date/Time • Channel number • Instantaneous value
The RDXL120 display can be seen at the following URL. http://RDXL120.good.co.jp/	URL (When Include source URL is specified)

- System mail example

From: RDXL120@good.co.jp Date: Fri, 5 Aug 2005 08:12:48 +0900 (JST) Subject: (RDXL120) System_warning To: user1@good.co.jp, user2@good.co.jp	Subject
LOOP1	Header 1
RAW MATERIAL	Header 2
Not enough free space on media <Host name> RDXL120	The reason for the e-mail transmission
08/05 08:12:48 <Media remaining> 53 KB	Detailed message (Media remaining is output when an external storage medium is inserted in the slot when data is saved.)

Note

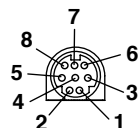
If the e-mail transmission fails, retransmitted up to twice at 30-s intervals. If the retransmission fails, the e-mail is discarded.

3.1 RS-232 Interface Specifications and Setup Procedure

The RS-232 serial interface specifications of the RDXL120 are given below.

Item	Specifications
Connector type	Mini DIN, 8 pins
Electrical and mechanical specifications	Conforms to EIA-232
Connection type	Point-to-point
Transmission mode	Full-duplex
Synchronization	Start-stop synchronization
Baud rate	Select 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, or 38400 bps.
Start bit	Fixed to 1 bit
Data length	Select 7 or 8 bits
Parity	Select Odd, Even, or None (no parity).
Stop bit	Select 1 or 2 bits
Handshaking (Flow control)	Select XON/XOFF control or CS/RS control
Received buffer length	2047 bytes

• RS-232 Connector Pin Arrangement and Signal Names



Pin Number	Signal Name	Meaning
1	CS (Clear to Send)	Handshaking signal when transmitting data to the connected device. This is an input signal to the RDXL120.
2	RD (Received Data)	Received data from the connected device. This is an input signal to the RDXL120.
3	RS (Request to Send)	Handshaking signal when receiving data from the connected device. This is an output signal from the RDXL120.
4	SD (Send Data)	Transmitted data to the connected device. This is an output signal from the RDXL120.
8	SG (Signal Ground)	Signal ground.

* Pins 5, 6, and 7 are not used.

• Connection Procedure

Use the dedicated communication cable for the interface cable.

- For the PC. D-sub 9-pin (91011)
- For the PC. D-sub 25-pin (91009)
- For the printer (91010)

Handshaking Method

When using the RS-232 interface for transferring data, it is necessary for equipment on both sides to agree on a set of rules to ensure the proper transfer of data. The set of rules is called handshaking. Because there are various handshaking methods that can be used between the RDXL120 and the PC, you must make sure that the same method is chosen by both the RDXL120 and the PC.

You can choose any of the three methods on the RDXL120 in the table below.

Table of Handshaking Methods (Yes indicates that it is supported)

Handshaking	Data Sending Control (Control used when sending data to a PC)			Data Receiving Control (Control used when receiving data from a PC)		
	Software Handshaking	Hardware Handshaking	No handshaking	Software Handshaking	Hardware Handshaking	No handshaking
	Stops transmission when X-OFF is received. Resume when X-ON is received.	Stops sending when CS (CTS) is false. Resumes when it is true.		Sends X-OFF when the receive data buffer is 3/4 full. Sends X-ON when the receive data buffer is 1/4th full.	Sets RS (RTS) to False when the receive data buffer is 3/4 full. Sets RS (RTS) to True when the receive data buffer becomes 1/4 full.	
OFF			○			○
XON/XOFF	○			○		
CS/RS		○			○	

• OFF

- Data transmission control

There is no handshaking between the RDXL120 and the PC. The “X-OFF” and “X-ON” signals received from the PC are treated as data, and the CS signal is ignored.

- Data reception control

There is no handshaking between the RDXL120 and the PC. When the received buffer becomes full, all of the data that overflows are discarded.

RS = True (fixed).

• XON/XOFF

- Data transmission control

Software handshaking is performed between the RDXL120 and the PC. When an “X-OFF” code is received while sending data to the PC, the RDXL120 stops the data transmission. When the RDXL120 receives the next “X-ON” code, the RDXL120 resumes the data transmission. The CS signal received from the PC is ignored.

- Data reception control

Software handshaking is performed between the RDXL120 and the PC. When the free area of the received buffer decreases to 1537 bytes, the RDXL120 sends an “X-OFF” code. When the free area increases to 511 bytes, the RDXL120 sends an “X-ON” code.

RS = True (fixed).

• CS/RS

- Data transmission control

Hardware handshaking is performed between the RDXL120 and the PC. When the CS signal becomes False while sending data to the PC, the RDXL120 stops the data transmission. When the CS signal becomes True, the RDXL120 resumes the data transmission. The “X-OFF” and “X-ON” signals received from the PC are treated as data.

- Data reception control

Hardware handshaking is performed between the RDXL120 and the PC. When the free area of the received buffer decreases to 1537 bytes, the RDXL120 sets “RS=False.” When the free area increases to 511 bytes, the RDXL120 sets “RS=True.”

Precautions Regarding Data Reception Control

When handshaking is used to control the reception of data, data may still be sent from the PC even if the free space in the receive buffer drops below 256 bytes. In this case, after the receive buffer becomes full, the excess data will be lost, whether or not handshaking is in effect. Data storage of data resumes when there is free space in the buffer.

Setting the RS-232 Interface

- **Selecting the Slave Address**
Select the address from the following values.
1 to 247
- **Selecting the Baud Rate**
Select the baud rate from the following:
2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, or 38400
- **Setting the Data Length**
Select the data length from below. To output data in binary format, be sure to set the data length to 8 bits.
7 or 8
- **Setting the Stop Bit**
Select the stop bit from the following:
1 or 2
- **Selecting the Parity Check**
Select the parity check from the following:
ODD, EVEN, or NONE
- **Selecting the handshaking**
Select the handshaking method from the following.
OFF, XON/XOFF, or CS/RS

Procedure

1. Press **SETTING** to enter Setting Mode.



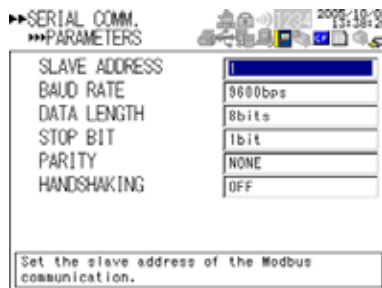
2. Use the arrow keys to select COMMUNICATION, and press SELECT.



- Use the **arrow keys** to select SERIAL COMM., and press **SELECT**.



- With PARAMETERS selected, press **SELECT**.
Press **SELECT** to show PARAMETERS setting window.



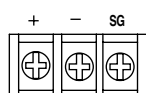
- Select or enter the item on the displayed selection list or window.
- Press **SET**.

3.2 RS-485 Interface Specifications and Setup Procedure

Specifications

Item	Specifications
Terminal block type	Number of terminals: 3, terminal attachment screws: ISO M3/nominal length of 6 mm
Electrical and mechanical specifications	Conforms to the EIA-485 (RS-485)
Connection type	Multi-drop (1:32)
Transmission mode	Half-duplex
Synchronization	Start-stop synchronization
Baud rate	Select 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, or 115200 bps
Start bit	Fixed to 1 bit
Data length	Select 7 or 8 bits
Parity	Select Odd, Even, or None (no parity).
Stop bit	Fixed to 1 bit
Received buffer length	2047 bytes
Escape sequence	Open and close
Electrical characteristics	Three terminals, SG, +, and -
Communication distance	Up to 1.2 km (when using two shielded twisted-pair cables, AWG 24)
Terminator	External: 120 Ω recommended, 1/2W (connect externally between the + and - terminals)

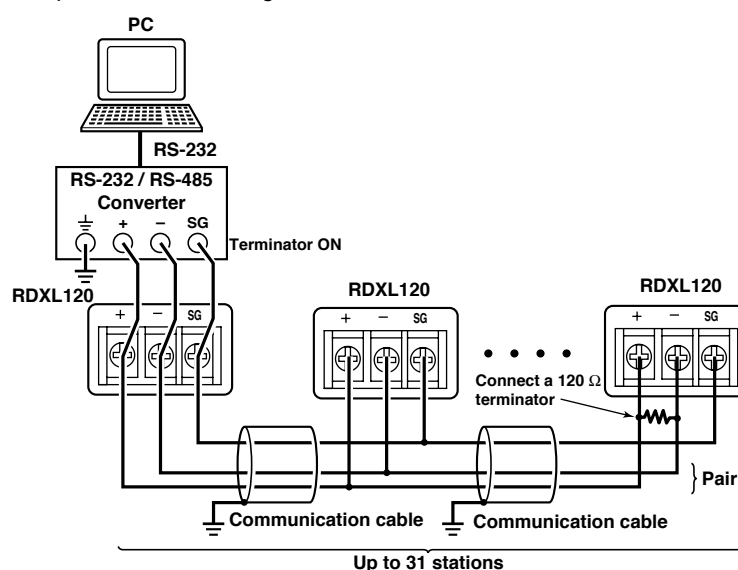
• RS-485 Terminal Arrangement and Signal Names



Signal Name	Meaning
+	Data (+).
-	Data (-).
SG (Signal Ground)	Signal ground.

Connection Procedure

Up to 31 stations can be connected to a host calculator. The following figure shows an example when connecting to a PC.



Setting the RS-485 Interface

- **Selecting the Slave Address (set when using the Modbus protocol)**

Select the address from the following values.

1 to 247

Use the ID number of the Hardware setup display when using the dedicated protocol.

1 to 99

- **Selecting the Baud Rate**

Select the baud rate from the following:

2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, or 115200

- **Setting the Data Length**

Select the data length from below. To output data in binary format, be sure to set the data length to 8 bits.

7 or 8

- **Selecting the Parity Check**

Select the parity check from the following:

ODD, EVEN, or NONE

Procedure

1. Press **SETTING** to enter Setting Mode.



2. Use the **arrow keys** to select COMMUNICATION, and press **SELECT**.



3. Use the **arrow keys** to select SERIAL COMM., and press **SELECT**.



4. Use the **arrow keys** to select the desired item, and press **SELECT**.



The screenshot shows a menu titled "SERIAL COMM. PARAMETERS" with a date and time display of "2009-10-26 13:38:26". The menu lists several parameters with their current values:

Parameter	Value
SLAVE ADDRESS	1
BAUD RATE	9600bps
DATA LENGTH	8bits
STOP BIT	1bit
PARITY	NONE
HANDSHAKING	OFF

At the bottom of the menu, there is a text box that reads: "Set the slave address of the Modbus communication."

5. Select the item from the displayed list.
6. Press **SET**.

3.3 USB Communication Specifications and Setup Procedure

When using the USB for serial communication, the RDXL120 is connected as a device to a host calculator such as a PC.

The only communication protocol that can be used is normal protocol (proprietary protocol).

Client End

Item	Specifications
Number of ports	1
Electrical and mechanical specifications	Conforms to USB Rev.1.1
Connector	5-pin Mini-B receptacle
Power supply	Self-powered
PC system supported	A PC running Windows 2000 or Windows XP that is equipped with a USB port as standard (a separate device driver is required for the connection with a PC)

Connection Procedure of the USB Communication Interface

Connect a USB cable to the Mini-B connector on the RDXL120 and a USB hub or a type A connector of a PC on the host calculator end.

Setting the USB Interface

Set the following item.

Setting the USB ID

Set the USB ID number of the RDXL120 within the following range.

0 to 31

You can connect multiple devices to a host controller on the USB. If the RDXL120 is connected to multiple devices in a single USB system, the USB ID number is used by the host controller to identify each device. Therefore, unique ID numbers must be assigned to the RDXL120s within a single system.

Note

Do not change the USB ID number while using the USB.

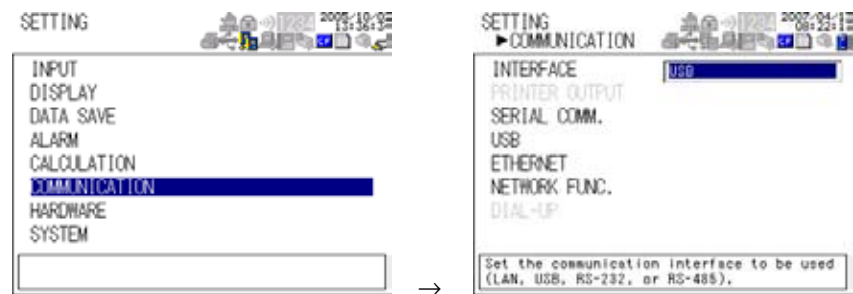
Procedure

1. Press **SETTING** to enter Setting Mode.



3.3 USB Communication Specifications and Setup Procedure

2. Use the **arrow keys** to select COMMUNICATION, and press **SELECT**.



3. Use the **arrow keys** to select USB, and press **SELECT**.



4. Press **SELECT** to show the USB ID selection list.
5. Use the **arrow keys** to select the USB ID, and press **SELECT**.
6. Press **SET**.

4.1 Modbus Protocol Specifications and Function Codes

The Modbus protocol can be used only on the serial interface (RS-232 or RS-485).

Modbus Specifications

The Modbus specifications of the RDXL120 are as follows:

Specifications	Description
Transmission media	RS-232 or RS-485
Baud rate	Select 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, or 115200 bps (57600 and 115200 are selectable only on the RS-485)
Start bit	Fixed to 1 bit
Stop bit	Select 1 or 2 bits
Parity	Select Odd, Even, or None (no parity).
Transmission mode	RTU (Remote Terminal Unit) mode or ASCII mode
Data length	RTU mode: 8 bits. ASCII mode: Select 7 or 8 bits
Error detection	RTU mode: Uses error detection CRC-16. ASCII mode: Uses LRC
Data interval	RTU mode: Determines message termination with a time interval equal to 3.5 characters or more. ASCII mode: Indicates message termination with CR+LF.
Slave address	RS-232: 1 to 247 RS-485: 1 to 247

Function Codes of the Modbus Protocol

The function codes of Modbus protocol that the RDXL120 supports are listed below.

Slave Function

The slave function of the RDXL120 does not support broadcast commands.

Function Code	Function	Operation
3	Read the hold register (4xxxx)	The master device can read the communication input data written using function codes 6 and 16.
4	Read the input register (3xxxx)	The master device loads the calculated, measured, and time data of the RDXL120.
6	Single write to hold register (4xxxx)	The master device writes to the communication input data of the RDXL120.
8	Loopback test	The master device performs a loopback test of the RDXL120. The RDXL120 only supports return (test code 0x00*).
16	Write to the hold register (4xxxx)	The master device writes to the communication input data of the RDXL120.

* Hexadecimal 00.

Master Function

Function Code	Function	Operation
3	Read the hold register into input data (Cxx).	Read the hold register data of another device (4xxxx and 4xxxxx) communication
4	Read the input register communication input data (Cxx).	Read the input register data of another (3xxxx and 3xxxxx) device into

4.2 Register Assignments (for Modbus Slave)

The register assignments when operating as a Modbus slave are shown below. The register data does not contain unit and decimal place information. Set them on the Modbus master.

Binary values are stored to the register in order from the MSB.

Input Register	Data
30001	Measured data of analog input CH01
:	:
30024	Measured data of analog input CH24
30201	Measured data of pulse input CH
30301	Measured data of logic input CH1
30302	Measured data of logic input CH2
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input registers 30001 to 30008 and 30001 to 30016 correspond to 8-ch input and 16-ch input, respectively. The data is a 16-bit signed integer. The value is the same as the measured data in binary output format. The data is set to an integer 1 and 0 when the logic input channel is high and low, respectively.
31001	Alarm status of the measured data of analog input CH01
:	:
31024	Alarm status of the measured data of analog input CH24
31201	Alarm status of the measured data of pulse input CH
31301	Alarm status of the measured data of logic input CH1
31302	Alarm status of the measured data of logic input CH2
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input registers 31001 to 31008 and 31001 to 31016 correspond to 8-ch input and 16-ch input, respectively. The data is a 16-bit integer. The value is the same as the alarm status in binary output format. The register contains the data in the order "A2A1A4A3." The RDXL120 uses only A1. A2 to A4 are always set to zero.
32001	Calculated data of CA01 (higher 2 bytes)
32002	Calculated data of CA01 (lower 2 bytes)
32003	Calculated data of CA02 (higher 2 bytes)
:	:
32064	Calculated data of CA32 (lower 2 bytes)
	The data is a 32-bit signed integer. Two registers are assigned to each data value. The value is the same as the calculated data in binary output format.
33001	Alarm status of calculated data of CA01
:	:
33032	Alarm status of calculated data of CA32
	Data type and value are the same as those of the alarm status of the measured data.
34001	Measured data of expanded pulse input CH (higher 2 bytes)
34002	Measured data of expanded pulse input CH (lower 2 bytes)
	The data is a 32-bit signed integer. Two registers are assigned to each data value. The value is the same as the calculated data in binary output format.
39001	Year (4 digits)
39002	Month
39003	Day
39004	Hour
39005	Minute
39006	Second
39007	Millisecond
Hold Register	Data
40001	Communication input data of C001
:	:
40032	Communication input data of C032

Values in the range of -32768 to 32767 can be written to the hold registers.

4.3 Modbus Error Response (for Modbus Slave)

When using the Modbus slave function, the RDXL120 returns the error codes below to the master device. For the error messages related to communications that the RDXL120 displays, see chapter 8, “Error Messages.”

Code	Meaning	Cause
1	Bad function code	Unsupported function request. For a list of supported functions, see section 4.1, “Modbus Protocol Specifications and Function Codes.”
2	Bad register number	Attempted to read/write to a register that has no corresponding channel.
3	Bad number of registers	The specified number of registers is zero.

However, no response is returned in the following cases.

- CRC error
- Errors other than those in the above list.

4.4 Setting the Modbus Master Function

Set the items below to use the Modbus master function.

- **Communication Interval**

The cycle at which data is read from other devices. Select the read cycle from the following:

100 ms, 200 ms, 500 ms, 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, 20 s, 30 s, or 1 min

- **Timeout Value**

Timeout occurs if a response is not received from the specified slave device within the time specified here (timeout value) after a command is sent from the RDXL120. The RDXL120 repeats the operation of sending a command and waiting for a response for the number of times specified by the retrieval value. If no response is received even after waiting the timeout value for all retrievals, the RDXL120 stops sending commands to the slave device for a period equal to 10 times the timeout value. Then, the RDXL120 tries again. For details, see section 4.5, "Data Dropout Handling of the Modbus Master."

Select the timeout time from the following:

100 ms, 200 ms, 500 ms, 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, 20 s, 30 s, or 1 min

- **Retrials**

This is the number of times to retransmit the command when there is no response from the specified slave device. If no response is received even after retrying the number of times specified here, the RDXL120 stops sending commands to the slave device for a period equal to 10 times the timeout value. Then, the RDXL120 tries again. For details, see section 4.5, "Data Dropout Handling of the Modbus Master."

Select the number of retrievals from the following:

OFF (0), 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, or 20

- **Commands**

The commands are used to read the data in the register of slave devices into the communication input data of the RDXL120 at the read cycle. Consecutive registers of the same data type in a slave device can be registered as a single command and read into consecutive communication input data.

- **Enabling/Disabling Commands**

Turn ON the command registration line to be used. Up to 32 commands can be registered.

- **Read channel (First CH, Last CH)**

Set the communication input data (CO01 to CO32) to which the data loaded from the slave device is to be assigned.

- **Address**

Specify the address of the slave device from the following:

1 to 247

- **Register**

Specify the register number of the slave device. Since 32-bit data is assigned to two registers, specify the smaller register number (see "Type" below).

Input register: 30001 to 39999, 300001 to 365535

Hold register: 40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465535

- **Type**

Specify the data type assigned to the Modbus register of the slave device.

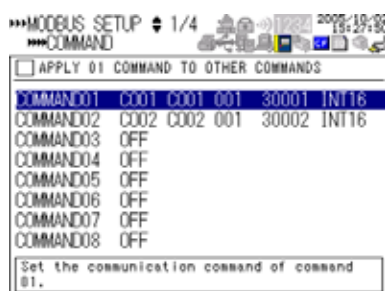
- **INT16**

Specify this type when a "16-bit signed integer" is assigned to the Modbus register.

- **UINT16**
Specify this parameter when a “16-bit unsigned integer” is assigned to the Modbus register.
- **INT32_B**
Specify this parameter when a “32-bit signed integer” is assigned to the Modbus register in the order upper 16 bits followed by the lower 16 bits.
Specify the smaller register number (the higher register number in this case) in [Registers].
- **INT32_L**
Specify this parameter when a “32-bit signed integer” is assigned to the Modbus register in the order lower 16 bits followed by the upper 16 bits.
Specify the smaller register number (the lower register number in this case) in [Registers].
- **UINT32_B**
Specify this parameter when a “32-bit unsigned integer” is assigned to the Modbus register in the order upper 16 bits followed by the lower 16 bits.
Specify the smaller register number (the higher register number in this case) in [Registers].
- **UINT32_L**
Specify this parameter when a “32-bit unsigned integer” is assigned to the Modbus register in the order lower 16 bits followed by the upper 16 bits.
Specify the smaller register number (the lower register number in this case) in [Registers].
- **FLOAT_B**
Specify this parameter when a “32-bit floating-point data” is assigned to the Modbus register in the order upper 16 bits followed by the lower 16 bits.
Specify the smaller register number (the higher register number in this case) in [Registers].
- **FLOAT_L**
Specify this parameter when a “32-bit floating-point data” is assigned to the Modbus register in the order lower 16 bits followed by the upper 16 bits.
Specify the smaller register number (the lower register number in this case) in [Registers].

Example (Read multiple points of data using a single command)

If you enter the following settings, the values of register 30001 and register 30002 (both INT16 type) are read into CO01 and CO02, respectively.



- **Displaying the Loaded Data**

The loaded data can be specified using CO01 to CO32. The decimal place and the unit of the register data depend on the slave device. Correct the loaded data using the scaling function of the RDXL120.

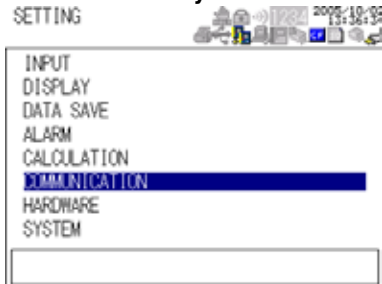
4.4 Setting the Modbus Master Function

Procedure

1. Press **SETTING** to enter Setting Mode.



2. Use the **arrow keys** to select **COMMUNICATION**, and press **SELECT**.



3. Use the **arrow keys** to select **SERIAL COMM.**, and press **SELECT**.

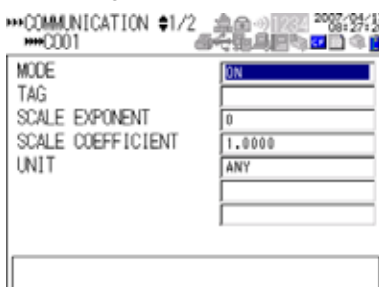


4. Use the **arrow keys** to select **MODBUS SETUP**, and press **SELECT**.

- Modbus setup display



- Modbus settings > communication channel setting display



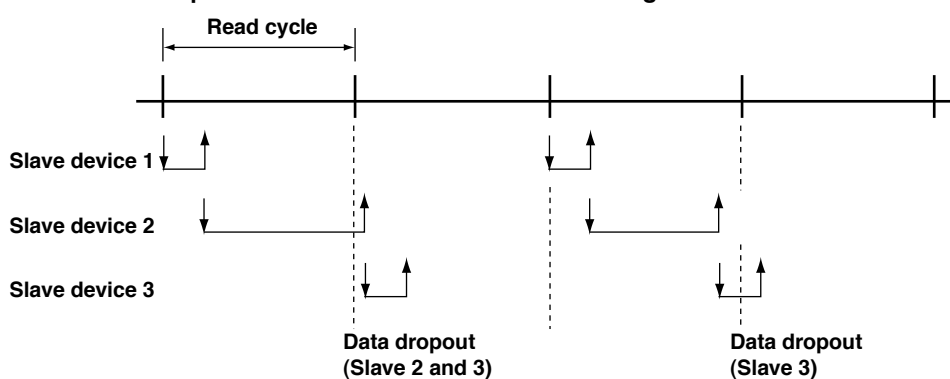
5. Select or enter the item on the displayed selection list or window, and press **SET**.

4.5 Data Dropout Handling of the Modbus Master

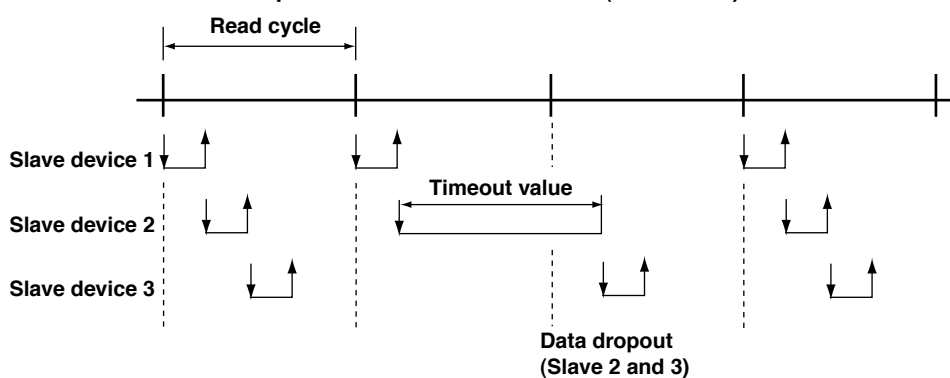
If the read cycle is exceeded before the response to the previous command is completed when the RDXL120 is communicating with multiple slave devices, a data dropout occurs from not being able to send the command within the read cycle.

If this happens, change the read cycle, timeout value, and retries to appropriate settings by referring to the figure below.

1. When the response from the slave device takes a long time

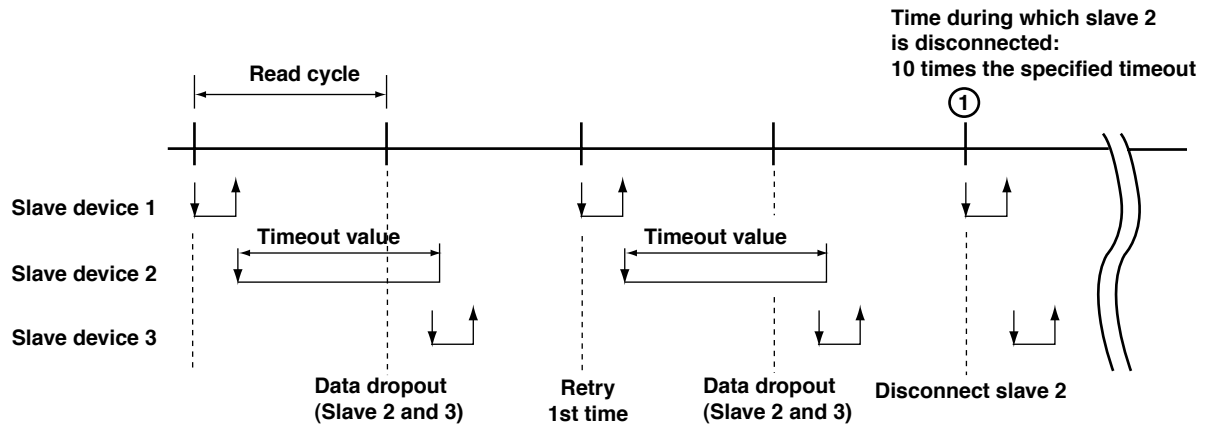


2. When there is no response from the slave device (retries = 1)

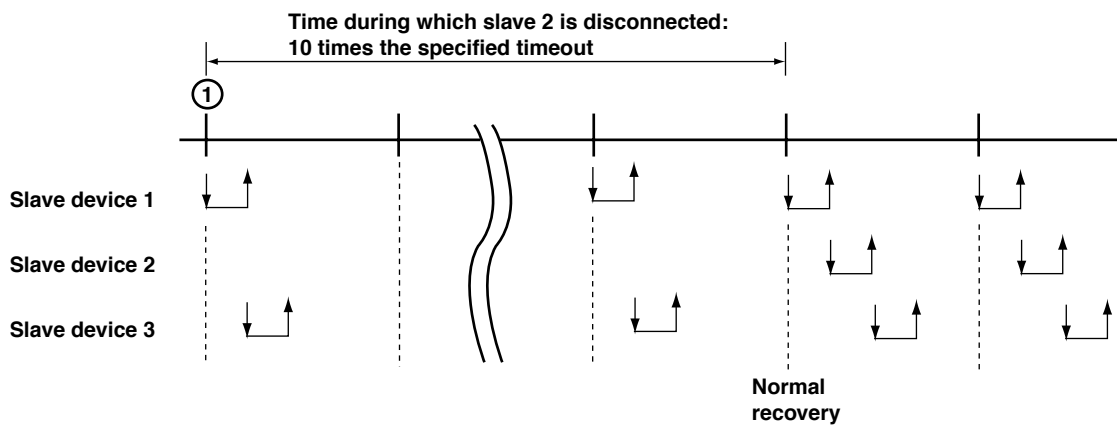


3. When the RDXL120 disconnects the slave device that is not responding for a period equal to 10 times the timeout value and makes a normal recovery at the retrial

- (1) Disconnect slave device 2 that is not responding (when the retry count is 1)

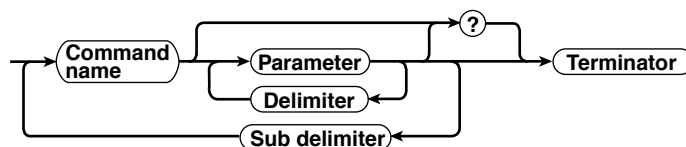


- (2) Disconnect slave device 2 for a period equal to 10 times the timeout value and recover through retry at the first read cycle

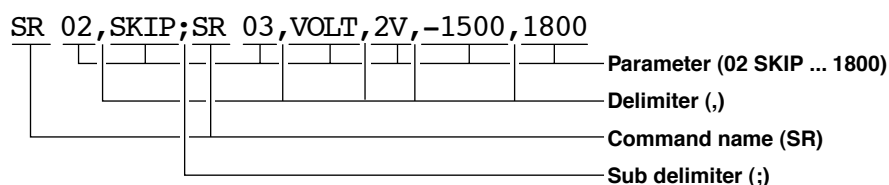


5.1 Command Syntax

The syntax of the setting/basic setting/output commands (see sections 5.3 to 5.10) of the RDXL120 is given below. ASCII codes (see appendix 1) are used for the character codes. For the maintenance/test command syntax, see section 5.11.



Command example



- **Command Name**
Defined using two alphabet characters.
 - **Parameters**
 - Command parameters.
 - Set using alphabet characters or numerical values.
 - Parameters are separated by delimiters (commas).
 - When the parameter is a numerical value, the valid range of the value varies depending on the command.
 - When the parameter is not a numerical value, use the characters given in appendix 1, "Character Codes" unless specified otherwise.
 - Spaces around the parameter are discarded. (However, spaces are valid for parameters specified using an ASCII character string.)
 - You can omit the parameters that do not need to be changed from their current settings. The exception is when the file name designation is omitted for the XD command. In this case, the file name is automatically added by the RDXL120 (for details, see section 6.7).
- Example SR 01,,2V<Terminator>
- If multiple parameters are omitted and delimiters occur at the end of the command, those delimiters can be omitted.
- Example SR 01,VOLT,,,<Terminator> → SR 01,VOLT<Terminator>
- The number of digits of the following parameters are fixed excluding the log file and alarm summary output by the FL command. If the number is exceeded when entering the command, a syntax error results.
 - Date YY/MM/DD (8 characters)
YY: Enter the lower two digits of the year.
MM: Month
DD: Day
 - Time HH:MM:SS (8 characters)
HH: Hour
MM: Minute
SS: Second

- Channel number:
 - 2 characters or 'CH' + 2 characters for an analog channel
 - 'PL' + 2 characters for a pulse channel
 - 'DI' + 2 characters for a logic channel
 - 'CA' + 2 characters for a calculation channel
 - 'CO' + 2 characters for a communication channel
- Alarm output number: 3 characters
 - 'I' + 2 characters
- **Query**
 - A question mark is used to specify a query.
 - By placing a query after a command or parameter, the setting information of the corresponding command can be queried. Some commands cannot execute queries. For the query syntax of each command, see section 5.2.
- **Delimiter**
 - A comma is used as a delimiter.
 - Parameters are separated by delimiters.
- **Sub Delimiter**
 - A semicolon is used as a sub delimiter.
 - By separating each command with a sub delimiter, up to 10 commands can be specified one after another. However, the commands and queries cannot be specified one after another. Use them independently.
 - * If there are consecutive sub delimiters, they are considered to be single. In addition, sub delimiters at the front and at the end are ignored.
 - Example ;SR01,VOLT;;SR02,VOLT;<terminator> is taken to be SR01,VOLT;SR02,VOLT<terminator>.
- **Terminator**
 - Use either of the following two characters for the terminator.
 - CR+LF (0DH 0AH in ASCII code)
 - LF (0AH in ASCII code)

Note

- Do not specify a channel or alarm output number that is not available on the RDXL120. If you do, an error will occur.
 - The total data length from the first character to the terminator must be less than 2047 bytes.
 - Commands are not case sensitive (with the exception of user-specified character strings).
 - All the commands that are listed using sub delimiters are executed even if any of the commands in the middle is erroneous.
 - Spaces that are inserted before and after a parameter are ignored. However, if spaces are inserted before a command, after a sub delimiter, or after a query, an error occurs.
-

ASCII Output Response Syntax

The basic ASCII output syntax is indicated below.

- **Syntax**

```
EA<CRLF>
.....<CRLF>
:
.....<CRLF>
.....<CRLF>
EN<CRLF>
```

The following types of ASCII data are available.

Query response, decimal place/unit information, measured/calculated data, communication log, FTP log, operation error log, key login log, Web operation log, e-mail log, alarm summary, status information, file list, and user level

Each type of ASCII data is described below.

Query Response

The response syntax of the setting corresponding to a command or parameter with a question mark is indicated below. For the query syntax of each command, see sections 5.4 to 5.11.

- **Syntax**

```
EA<CRLF>
...<CRLF>
...
...<CRLF>
EN<CRLF>
```

- **Example**

Command	YK?<CRLF>
Response	EA<CRLF>
	YK ON<CRLF>
	EN<CRLF>

Setting/Basic Setting Data

- The FE command is used to output the data.
- The setting/basic setting data is output in the order of the listed commands in the table in section 5.3, "A List of Commands." However, the setting information for the following commands is not output.
 - Setting commands (setup) SD command
 - Setting commands (control) UD to KE commands (output only for the BZ command)
 - Basic setting commands XE, YO, YI, and YC commands
- The output format of the setting/basic setting data conforms to the syntax of each command.
- Some commands are output in multiple lines. (Example: Commands that are specified for each channel.)

- **Syntax**

Two-character command name and the subsequent parameters are output in the following syntax.

```
EA<CRLF>
ttsss...s<CRLF>
.....
EN<CRLF>
tt Command name (SR, SA..., XA...)
sss...s Setting, basic setting data (variable length, one line)
```

- **Example**

```
EA
SR 01,VOLT,20mV,0,20
SR 02,VOLT,20mV,0,20
.....
EN
```

Decimal Place/Unit Information

- The FE command is used to output the data.
- The measured/computed data that are output using the FD command contains only the mantissa when binary data output is specified. By combining with the binary display data or the decimal place obtained with the FE command, the correct measured/calculated data can be derived.

- **Syntax**

The data is output for each channel in the following syntax.

```
EA<CRLF>
s_kccuuuuuu,pp<CRLF>
.....
EN<CRLF>
```

s Data status (N, S)

N: Normal

S: Skip (when the input range is set to SKIP for a measurement channel)

k Channel type

0: Measurement channel

P: Pulse channel

A: Calculation channel

C: Communication channel

cc Channel number

01 to 32

uuuuuu Unit information (6 characters, left-justified)

mV____:mV / V____:V / ^C____:°C / Mc____:Mc / kc____:kc / rpm____:rpm /

xxxxxx: (User-defined character string)

pp Decimal place (00 to 04)

No decimal (00000) for 00.

One digit to the right of the decimal (0000.0) for 01.

Two digits to the right of the decimal (000.00) for 02.

Three digits to the right of the decimal (00.000) for 03.

Four digits to the right of the decimal (0.0000) for 04.

_ Space

- **Example**

```
EA
N 001mV ,01
N 002mV ,01
EN
```

Measured/Calculated Data

- The FD command is used to output the data.
- The measured/computed data that are output using the FD command contains only the mantissa when binary data output is specified. By combining with the binary display data or the decimal place obtained with the FE command, the correct measured/calculated data can be derived.

Syntax

The measured/calculated data are output in the following syntax along with the date and time information for each channel.

EA<CRLF>

DATE_YY/mo/dd<CRLF>

TIME_hh:mi:ss.mmmt<CRLF>

s_kcca1a2a3a4uuuuuufdddddE-pp<CRLF>

.....

EN<CRLF>

yy year (00 to 99); mo month (01 to 12); dd day (01 to 31); hh hour (00 to 23); mi minute (00 to 59); ss second (00 to 59); mmm millisecond (000 to 999. A period is placed between seconds and milli-seconds); t reserved (space)

s Data status (N, S, O, E)

N: Normal/ S: Skip/O: Over/E: Error

k Channel type

0: Measurement analog channel/P: Pulse channel/D: Logic input channel/A: Calculation channel/

C: Communication channel

cc Channel number

01 to 32

a1a2a3a4

a1 Alarm status

a2 Reserved (space character at all times)

a3 Reserved (space character at all times)

a4 Reserved (space character at all times)

(H, L, I, O, or space)

(H(High limit alarm)/L(Lower limit alarm)/ I(Window IN alarm)/O(Window OUT alarm))

Reserved (h, l, T, t, R, and r)

Space (no alarm)

uuuuuu Unit information (6 characters, left-justified)

mV____:mV/V____:V/^C____:°C/Mc____:Mc/kc____:kc/rpm____:rpm/xxxxxx: (User-defined character string)

f Sign (+, -)

ddddd Mantissa (00000 to 99999, 5 digits)

- Eight digits for calculated data.
- For abnormal data (data status is E) or data of which the mantissa or the exponent exceeds the range (data status is O), the mantissa is set to 99999 (99999999 for calculated data).

pp Exponent (00 to 04)

- For abnormal data (data status is E) or data of which the mantissa or the exponent exceeds the range (data status is O), the exponent is set to 99.

_ Space

- **Example**

```
EA
DATE 05/10/23
TIME 19:56:32.500
N 001h mV +12345E-03
N 002 mV -67890E-01
S 003
EN
```

Note

- Data for non-existing channels are not output (not even the channel number).
- For channels set to skip, output values from alarm status to exponent are spaces.
- Note that the communication time of the response varies depending on the string size of the response and the communication speed.

For example, when outputting all channels of the RDXL120 using serial communications, the size of the response string to the command FD 0,01,16,PL01,PL01,DI01,DI02,CA01,CA32,CO01,CO32 is approximately 2.3 KB. Therefore, if the communication speed is 38400 bps, the response time is approximately 0.6 s. If the communication speed is 2400 bps, the response time is approximately 10 s.

Communication Command Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- A log of setting/basic setting/output commands and responses is output. Up to 200 logs are retained. Logs that exceed 200 are cleared from the oldest data.

- **Syntax**

```
EA<CRLF>
yyyy/mo/dd_hh:mi:ss_d_n <CRLF>
.....
EN<CRLF>
```

yyyy Year (2000 to 2099)

mo Month (01 to 12)

dd Day (01 to 31)

hh Hour (00 to 23)

mi Minute (00 to 59)

ss Second (00 to 59)

d Input/Output

I: Input

O: Output

n Connection ID. A number used to identify the user that is connected.

0: Administrator

1 to 6: User 1 to 6

_ Space

- **Example**

The following example shows the log when multiple commands separated by sub delimiters, "BO1;???;CS1," are transmitted. Multiple commands are divided by subdelimiters.

```
EA
2006/03/30 15:42:48 00 O E2 02:302\n
2006/03/30 15:42:48 00 I CS1;
2006/03/30 15:42:48 00 I AAA;
2006/03/30 15:42:48 00 I BO1;
EN
```

FTP Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The FTP client log is output. Up to 50 file transfer logs are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.

- **Syntax**

EA<CRLF>

yyyy/mo/dd_hh:mi:ss_nnn____xxxxxxxx_k_fffff...f_eee<CRLF>

.....

EN<CRLF>

yyyy Year (2000 to 2099)

mo Month (01 to 12)

dd Day (01 to 31)

hh Hour (00 to 23)

mi Minute (00 to 59)

ss Second (00 to 59)

nnn Error code (001 to 999)

xxxxxxxx Detail code

k Server type (FTP destination)

P: Primary

S: Secondary

fffff...f File name

eee Extension (3 characters)

_ Space

- **Example**

EA

```
2006/03/30 16:08:41 283 CWD S
2006/03/30 16:08:41 000 P FTFC.TXT
```

EN

Error Message Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The operation error log is output. Up to 50 operation error logs are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.
- Other communication messages (400 to 999) and status messages (500 to 599) are not output.

- **Syntax**

EA<CRLF>

yyyy/mo/dd_hh:mi:ss_nnn_uuu...u<CRLF>

.....

EN<CRLF>

yyyy Year (2000 to 2099)

mo Month (01 to 12)

dd Day (01 to 31)

hh Hour (00 to 23)

mi Minute (00 to 59)

ss Second (00 to 59)

nnn Error code (001 to 999)

uuu...u Error message (up to 80 characters)

_ Space

- **Example**

```
EA
2006/03/30 16:08:41 282      FTP control connection error.
EN
```

Key Login Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- A log of users that have logged in and logged out is output. Up to 50 login/logout logs are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.
- If the power goes down while logged in, you will be logged out. In this case, however, it will not be recorded as a logout.
- User number and user name are not output at the time of the logout.

- **Syntax**

```
EA<CRLF>
yyyy/mo/dd_hh:mi:ss_xxx_nn_uuu...u<CRLF>
.....
EN<CRLF>
```

yyyy Year (2000 to 2099)

mo Month (01 to 12)

dd Day (01 to 31)

hh Hour (00 to 23)

mi Minute (00 to 59)

ss Second (00 to 59)

xxx Login or log out (In_ or Out). Output left-justified.

nn User number (01 to 07)

uuu...u User name (up to 16 characters)

_ Space

- **Example**

```
EA
2005/05/11 12:20:00 In 01 administrator
2005/05/11 12:30:00 Out
2005/05/11 12:20:00 In 03 user
2005/05/11 12:30:00 Out
EN
```

Web Operation Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The log of operations on the Web screen is output. Up to 50 operations are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.

- **Syntax**

```
EA<CRLF>
yyyy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_ffff_eee_???...?<CRLF>
.....
EN<CRLF>
```

yyyy Year (2000 to 2099)
mo Month (01 to 12)
dd Day (01 to 31)
hh Hour (00 to 23)
mi Minute (00 to 59)
ss Second (00 to 59)
ffff Requested operation
KEY: Key operation
eee Error code when executing the requested operation
All spaces: Success
001 to 999: Error code
???...? Cause parameter (see below)

- When ffff = SCREEN
yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_ffff_eee_dddnnCRLF
dddnn Screen type
TREND: Waveform & digital display
DIGIT: Digital display
BAR: Bar graph display
nn Group number (01 to 04)
- When ffff = KEY
yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_ffff_eee_kkkkkCRLF
kkkkk Type of key that was operated
ESC: ESC key
HOME: HOME key
REVIEW: REVIEW key
FILE: FILE key
SETTING: SETTING key
HOLD: HOLD key
TIMEDIVSHORT: TIME/DIV left key
TIMEDIVLONG: TIME/DIV right key
RANGE: RANGE key
SAVE: SAVE key
DISP: DISPLAY key
GROUP: GROUP key
MARK: MARK key
MARKLEFT: MARK left key
MARKRIGHT: MARK right key
SET : SET key
STARTSTOP: START/STOP key
UP: Up arrow key
DOWN: Down arrow key
RIGHT: Right arrow key
LEFT: Left arrow key
SELECT: SELECT key
– Space

- **Example**

```
EA
2001/02/11 12:30:00 KEYUP
2001/02/11 12:31:00 KEYRIGHT
EN
```

E-mail Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The e-mail transmission log is output. Up to 50 operations are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.

- **Syntax**

```
EA<CRLF>
yyyy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_ffff_eee_n_uuu...u<CRLF>
.....
EN<CRLF>
```

yyyy Year (2000 to 2099)

mo Month (01 to 12)

dd Day (01 to 31)

hh Hour (00 to 23)

mi Minute (00 to 59)

ss Second (00 to 59)

ffff Factor

ALM: Alarm mail

TIME: Scheduled mail

SYS: System error mail

eee Error code

All spaces: Success

001 to 999: Error code

n Recipient list

1: List 1

2: List 2

1-2: List 1 and list 2

uuu...u Array of recipient e-mail addresses (up to 30 characters)

_ Space

- **Example**

```
EA
2006/03/30 18:55:27 Test
EN
```

- **Syntax**

```
EA<CRLF>
kkkk__c__sssss_mo/dd_hh:mm:ss.zzz__MO/DD_HH:MM:SS.ZZZ<CRLF>
.....
EN<CRLF>
```

kkkk Channel type

CHxx: Analog measurement channel (8 ch terminal block xx: 01 to 08, 16 ch terminal block xx: 01 to 16)

PLS: Pulse measurement channel

Lxx: Logic measurement channel (xx: 01 or 02)

CAXx: Calculation channel (xx: 01 to 32)

COxx: Communication channel (xx: 01 to 32)

c Alarm output channel (none, 1 to 4)

sssss Alarm type (H, L, IN, OUT, PH, PL, PWIN, PWOUT, LH, LL)

mo Alarm start month (01 to 12)

dd Alarm start day (01 to 31)

hh Alarm start hour (00 to 23)

mm Alarm start minute (00 to 59)

ss Alarm start second (00 to 59)

zzz Alarm start ms (000 to 999)

MO Alarm end month (none, 01 to 12)

DD Alarm end day (none, 01 to 31)

HH Alarm end hour (none, 00 to 23)

MM Alarm end minute (none, 00 to 59)

SS Alarm end second (none, 00 to 59)

ZZZ Alarm end ms (none, 000 to 999)

_ Space

- **Example**

```
EA
CH08  1  L      12/22 21:13:00.105
L02      LH     12/22 15:43:43.104
L01      LH     12/22 15:43:43.104
EN
```

Status Information

- The IS command is used to output the data.
- The operation status of the RDXL120 is output.
- For details on the status information, see section 6.2, “Bit Structure of the Status Information.”

- **Syntax**

```
EA<CRLF>
ddd.ccc.bbb.aaa<CRLF>
EN<CRLF>
```

aaa Status information 1 (000 to 255)

bbb Status information 2 (000 to 255)

ccc Status information 3 (000 to 255)

ddd Status information 4 (000 to 255)

- **Example**

```
EA
000.000.032.000
EN
```

File List

- The ME command is used to output the data.
- The file list and the file data sizes of the specified directory on the RDXL120's external storage medium are output.

- **Syntax**

```
EA<CRLF>
#####_eee_#####_yy/mo/dd_hh:mi:ss
.....
zzzzzzz Kbyte free<CRLF>
EN<CRLF>

##### File name (Up to 150 characters)
eee Extension (3 characters)
##### Data size of the file (_____0 to 99999999) [byte(s)]
yy Year (00 to 99)
mo Month (01 to 12)
dd Day (01 to 31)
hh Hour (00 to 23)
mi Minute (00 to 59)
ss Second (00 to 59)
zzzzzzz Free space on the medium (_____0 to 9999999)
_ Space
```

- **Example**

```
EA
BACKUP.SET 15344 05/12/22 11:16:04
051220095255.DLO 14565 05/12/22 11:27:00
ATESTFTP.CSV 11877 05/12/23 15:20:42
ATESTFTFPR001.CSV 14203 05/12/23 15:23:08
DATA0 <DIR> 05/12/22 11:12:10
051222210545.BMP 230454 05/12/22 21:05:46
051222210547.ALM 7431 05/12/22 21:05:46
123122 KByte free
EN
```

User Level

- The FU command is used to output the data.
- User name, user level, and other information are output.

Syntax

EA<CRLF>

p_l_uuu•••u<CRLF>

EN<CRLF>

p Physical layer

E: Ethernet

S: RS-232, RS-485, or USB

l User level

A: Administrator privileges

U: User privileges

uuu...u User name (up to 16 characters)

_ Space

Example

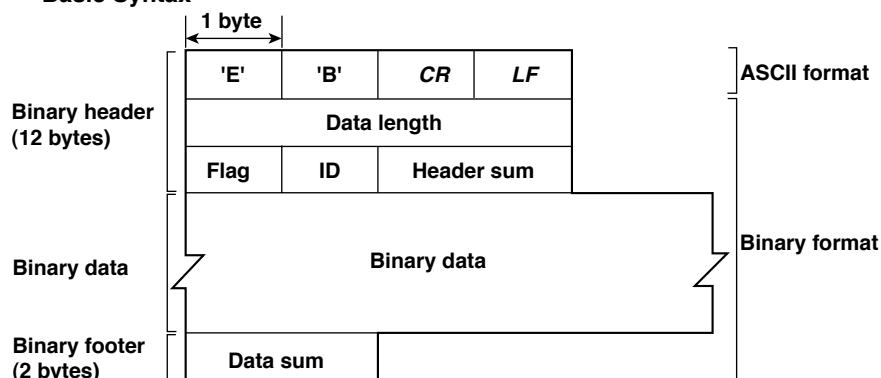
EA

E A admin

EN

Binary Output Syntax

Basic Syntax



EBCRLF

Indicates that the data is binary.

Data Length

The byte value of “flag + identifier + header sum + binary data + data sum.”

Header Sum

The sum value of “data length + flag + identifier.”

Binary Data

For the output format of various data types, see section 5.3.

Data Sum

The sum value of binary data.

- **Flag**

Bit	Name (Abbreviation)	Flag		Meaning of the Flag
		0	1	
7	BO	MSB	LSB	Output byte order
6	CS	No	Yes	Existence of a checksum
5	—	—	—	
4	—	—	—	
3	—	—	—	
2	—	—	—	
1	—	—	—	
0	END	Middle	End	In the middle or at the end of the continuous data

- When the BO flag is “0,” the MSB is output first. When the BO flag is “1,” the LSB is output first.
- If the check sum is enabled (parameter = 1) using the CS command parameter, each sum value is inserted in the header sum and data sum sections in the “Basic Syntax” on the previous page. If the check sum is disabled (parameter = 0), a zero is inserted in the header sum and data sum sections.
- If the amount of data output in response to a ME command is large, not all the data may be returned in one output request (parameter GET). In this case the END flag becomes “0.” You must send output requests (parameter NEXT) to receive the rest of the data until the END flag becomes “1.”
- The bits that have “—” for the name and flag are not used. The value is undefined.

- **Identifier**

ID Number	Binary Data Type	Type	Format
0	Undefined file	File (*.*)	—
1	Measured/calculated data	Data	X
2	—	—	—
3	—	—	—
4	Manual sampled data file	File (*.*)	X
5	—	—	—
6	—	—	—
7	—	—	—
8	—	—	—
9	—	—	—
10	—	—	—
11	—	—	—
12	—	—	—
13	Screen image data	File (*.*)	—

X: Disclosed. —: Common format

- Binary data can be classified by the ID number shown in the table above.
- Binary data comes in two types, data and file.
 - Data
 - Measured/calculated data can be output using the FD command.
 - The data format is disclosed. See the next and subsequent pages.
 - File
 - The logging data file can be used on the software program that comes with the RDXL120.
 - Files that are in common formats can be opened using software programs that are sold commercially.
 - The identifier section in the “Basic Syntax” on the previous page contains the ID number that indicates the binary data type.

Note

Binary data that is not indicated in the above table is considered undefined files.

- **Calculating the Sum Value**

If you set the parameter of the CS command to “1 (enabled),” the checksum value is output only during serial communications. The check sum is the same as that used in the TCP/IP and is derived according to the following algorithm.

Buffer on Which the Sum Value Is Calculated

- For the header sum, it is calculated from “data length + flag + identifier” (fixed to 6 byte).
- The data sum is binary data.



If the data length of the buffer is odd, a “0” is padded so that it is even. (1) through (6) are summed as unsigned two-byte integers (unsigned short). If the digit overflows a “1” is added. Finally, the result is bit-wise inverted.

Measured/Calculated Binary Data Syntax

- The FD command is used to output the measured/calculated data.
- The ID number of the output format is 1.
- The measured data is output using signed 16-bit integer; the calculated data is output using signed 32-bit integer. These integers can be understood as physical values by adding the decimal point and the unit. The decimal point position can be determined using the FE command.

Example of Deriving Physical Values from Binary Data

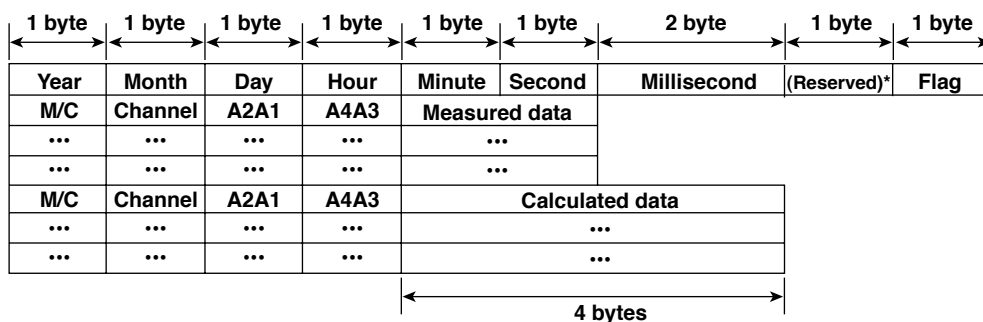
Binary Data	Decimal Position Code	Physical Value (Measured Value)
10000	0	10000
10000	1	1000.0
10000	2	100.00
10000	3	10.000
1000	4	1.0000

- **Binary Data Format**

2 bytes		2 bytes	
Number of blocks	Number of bytes	Number of blocks	Number of bytes
Binary data of block 1			
...			
Binary data of block n			

- **Number of Blocks**
This is the number of blocks.
- **Number of Bytes**
This is the ize of one block in bytes.

• Block



* The sections indicated as (Reserved) are not used. The value is undefined.

Block Member

Name	Binary Value
Year	0 to 99
Month	1 to 12
Day	1 to 31
Hour	0 to 23
Minute	0 to 59
Second	0 to 59
Millisecond	0 to 999
(Reserved)	Undefined
Measurement/Calculation	00H: measurement, 80H: calculation
Channel	01 to 60
Alarm status A1 (Bits 0 to 3)	0 to 11*
Alarm status A2 (Bits 4 to 7)	Undefined
Alarm status A3 (Bits 0 to 3)	Undefined
Alarm status A4 (Bits 4 to 7)	Undefined

* A binary value 0 to 11 is entered in the upper and lower 4 bits of a byte (8 bits) for the alarm status. The binary value 0 to 11 correspond to different alarm types, H (high limit alarm), L (low limit alarm), I (window In), and O (window Out) as follows:

0: no alarm, 1: H, 2: L, 10: I, and 11: O

• Special Data Values

The measured/calculated data take on the following values under special conditions.

Special Data Value	Measured Data	Math Data
+Over	7FFFH	7FFF7FFFH
-Over	8001H	80018001H
Skip (OFF)	8002H	80028002H
Error	8004H	80048004H
Undefined	8005H	80058005H

Note

The number of blocks, number of bytes, and measured/calculated data are output according to the byte order specified with the BO command.

Manual Sampled Data

- The ME command is used to output the data.
- The ID number of the output format is 4.
- The data format is shown below.

Setup data	MODEL,XL100,T004
	VERSION,1.00
	.
	TEMP_UNIT,degC
Blank line	
Data header	DATE,TIME,CH01,CH02,....
Unit header	,,V,V,V,V,V,degC,....
Measured data	2005/03/27,14:30:00,0.000....
	2005/03/27,14:31:00,0.000....
	.
	.

Screen Image Data

The screen image data is output to a bitmap file in BMP format.

RS-485 Communication Dedicated Syntax

The following table shows dedicated commands for the RS-485 interface and their responses when Omega Engineering, Inc. proprietary protocol is specified.

Command Syntax	Meaning	Response
<ESC>O<SPC>xx<CRLF>	Open the device	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Response from the device with the specified address <ESC>O<SPC>xx<CRLF> • Response when the device with the specified address does not exist* None
<ESC>C<SPC>xx<CRLF>	Close the device.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Response from the device with the specified address <ESC>C<SPC>xx<CRLF> • Response when the device with the specified address does not exist* None

* Some of the possible reasons that cause the condition in which the device with the specified address cannot be found are a command error, the address not matching that of the device, the device is not turned ON, and the device not being connected via the serial interface.

Note

- <ESC> denotes ASCII code 1BH.
- <CRLF> denotes ASCII codes 0DH and 0AH.
- <SPC> denotes a space and its ASCII code is 20H.
- xx indicates the device address. An address in the range of 01 to 99 can be specified here.

- Only one device can be opened at any one time.
- When a device is opened with the ESC O command, all commands on the device become active.
- When a device is opened with the ESC O command, any other device that is open is automatically closed.
- Normally, either <CR>+<LF> or <LF> can be used as a terminator for communication commands. However, the terminator for these commands must be set to CR+LF.

5.3 A List of Commands

Setting Commands

Type	Command	Function	Usable State	Administrator	User	Page
Setting						
	SR	Sets the input range and span.	Logging stopped/Logging*	Yes	No	5-25
	SO	Sets the differential calculation.	Logging stopped/Logging*	Yes	No	5-26
	SM	Sets the communication channel	Logging stopped/Logging*	Yes	No	5-26
	SA	Sets the alarm.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-27
	SD	Sets the date and time.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-28
	SW	Sets the sampling interval.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-28
	SZ	Reserved				
	SP	Reserved				
	ST	Sets the tag.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-28
	SX	Sets the group.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-28
	SL	Sets the alarm line	All	Yes	No	5-28
	SG	Reserved				
	SH	Reserved				
	SE	Sets the background color, waveform line width, alarm line width, and grid display.	All	Yes	No	5-29
	SB	Sets the base position of the bar graph display.	All	Yes	No	5-29
	SV	Sets the average.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-29
	SF	Reserved				
	SC	Sets the channel color and waveform line width.	All	Yes	No	5-29
	SQ	Sets the backlight auto save of the display.	All	Yes	No	5-29
	SY	Reserved				
	SU	Reserved				
	SK	Reserved				
	SI	Reserved				
	SJ	Reserved				
	FR	Reserved				
	BA	Reserved				
	BB	Reserved				
	BC	Reserved				
	BD	Sets the alarm delay sampling count.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-30
	BY	Sets automated measurement and beep sound.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-30
	SN	Sets the pulse input.	Logging stopped/Logging*	Yes	No	5-30

* Only a portion of the parameters such as the span settings can be changed while logging. Yes: Command usable No: Command not usable

5.3 A List of Commands

Note

- The operation of the RDXL120 can be divided into two states, logging stopped state and logging state. The logging stopped state includes Free Running Mode, File Operation Mode, Setting Mode, and Review Mode. The logging state includes Logging Mode and Logging & Review Mode.

A syntax error will occur if you attempt to execute a command in the wrong operation state. If this happens, stop the logging operation with the PS command to switch to the Free Running state, and then execute the command. Query commands can be executed regardless of the operation state.

- Logging stopped state

The settings can be changed in this state.

- Logging state

As a general rule, commands other than those used in the logging stopped state are used in this state.

- The administrator and user specifications in the table indicate the user level that is specified using the login function for Ethernet communications.

For details, see section 2.7.

- You can select whether to active a setting command immediately after the command is executed or when the setting is saved with the XE command as with a basic setting command. The BZ command is used to make the selection. You can make the activation process in the RDXL120 efficient by using the BZ command first to set the commands to be activated when the settings are saved with the XE command and then enter each setting. At power-on, the settings are always activated immediately after a command is executed.

Type	Command	Function	Usable State	Administrator	User	Page
Control						
	UD	Switches the display.	All	Yes	No	5-31
	PS	Starts/Stops logging.	All	Yes	No	5-31
	AK	Confirms the alarm status (alarm acknowledge).	All	Yes	No	5-31
	EV	Saves the manual sampled or screen image data to the storage medium.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-31
	MS	Reserved				
	TL	Reserved				
	DS	Reserved				
	LO	Loads the setting data.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-31
	LI	Saves the setting data.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-31
	CM	Sets the communication input data.	All	Yes	No	5-32
	EM	Starts/Stops e-mail messages.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-32
	KE	Key operation command	All	Yes	No	5-32
	BZ	Sets the activation of the setting commands.	All	Yes	No	5-32
			Yes: Command usable	No: Command not usable		

Basic Setting Commands

- In order to activate the settings that are changed using the basic setting commands, the basic settings must be saved using the XE command. Be sure to save the settings with the XE command before starting the logging operation from a logging stopped state. If you do not, the settings before the change are activated.
- The settings that are returned in response to a query while logging is stopped will contain the new settings even if they are not saved with the XE command. However, the new settings will not be activated until they are saved. In order to activate the new settings, the XE command must be issued as described earlier. If you discard the settings with the XE command or start the logging operation from a logging stopped state before saving the settings with the XE command, the settings that are returned in response to a query are those before the change.

Type	Command	Function	Usable State	Administrator	User	Page
Setting						
	XA	Sets the alarm.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-33
	XI	Sets the filter.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-33
	XB	Burnout (query only)	All	Yes	Yes	5-33
	XJ	RJC (query only)	All	Yes	Yes	5-33
	XV	Sets the sampling interval.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-33
	XS	Reserved				
	XM	Reserved				
	XT	Selects the temperature unit.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-33
	XU	Sets the language.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-34
	XR	Reserved				
	XQ	Reserved				
	RO	Reserved				
	RM	Reserved				
	XD	Sets the data save operation.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-34
	XO	Selects the communication method.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-34
	XZ	Selects the trigger.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-35
	XK	Selects the start trigger.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-35
	XL	Selects the end trigger.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-35
	XH	Sets the key login and auto logout functions.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-36
	XE	Sets whether or not to store the basic settings.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-36
	XG	Sets the time zone.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-36
	XP	Reserved				
	XW	Sets the ID number.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-37
	XY	Sets the statistical calculation.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-37
	YA	Sets the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, and DHCP function.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-37
	YD	Sets the Ethernet login function.	Logging stopped	Yes	Yes	5-37
	YK	Sets the keepalive.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-37
	YN	Sets the DNS.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-37
	YE	Sets the SNTP (time synchronization function).	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-38
	YQ	Sets the communication timeout.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-38
	YS	Sets the serial interface.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-38
	YO	Loads the setting data.	Yes	No		5-39
	YI	Saves the setting data.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-39
	YC	Resets the system (initializes the setup data).	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-39
	YT	Sets the FTP client.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-39
	YG	Sets whether to use the Web server function.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-39
	YL	Sets the operation of the Modbus master function.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-40
	YM	Sets the command of the Modbus master function.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-40
	XF	Sets the save mode.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-42
Yes: Command usable				No: Command not usable		

5.3 A List of Commands

Type	Command	Function	Usable State	Administrator	User	Page
Basic settings						
	YU	Sets the contents to be sent via e-mail.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-40
	YV	Sets the e-mail recipient address.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-41
	YW	Sets the e-mail sender address.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-41
	YX	Sends e-mail and sets the SMTP server name.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-42
	YZ	Sets the user registration.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-42
	IU	Sets the USB ID.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-42
	YY	Sets the mail authentication.	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-43
				Yes: Command usable	No: Command not usable	

Output Commands

Type	Command	Function	Usable State	Administrator	User	Page
Control						
	BO	Sets the byte output order.	All	Yes	Yes	5-43
	CS	Sets the check sum. (can be used only during serial communication)	All	Yes	Yes	5-43
	IF	Sets the status filter.	All	Yes	Yes	5-43
	CC	Disconnects Ethernet connection.	All	Yes	Yes	5-43
	IA	Outputs IPv4 information.	All	Yes	Yes	5-43
	IB	Outputs IPv6 information.	All	Yes	Yes	5-44
	ID	Outputs the system data.	All	Yes	Yes	5-44
	IT	Outputs the terminal block state.	All	Yes	Yes	5-44
Setting, measurement, and control data output						
	FC	Outputs the screen image data.	Logging stopped	Yes	Yes	5-45
	FE	Outputs the setting data.	Logging stopped	Yes	Yes	5-45
	FD	Outputs the most recent measured/calculated data.	All	Yes	Yes	5-45
	FF	Reserved				
	FL	Outputs the log and alarm summary.	All	Yes	Yes	5-46
	IS	Outputs status information.	All	Yes	Yes	5-46
	FU	Outputs the user level	All	Yes	Yes	5-46
	ME	Outputs the data saved to the storage medium (can be used with Ethernet or serial communication).	Logging stopped	Yes	No	5-46
	MI	Reserved				
	MO	Reserved				
RS-485 dedicated commands						
	Esc O	Opens the device.	All	Yes	Yes	5-47
	Esc C	Closes the device.	All	Yes	Yes	5-47
				Yes: Command usable	No: Command not usable	

Maintenance/Test Commands (Available when using the maintenance/test server function via Ethernet communications)

Type	Command	Function	Administrator	User	Page
Maintenance/Test					
	close	Disconnects the connection between other devices.	Yes	No	5-48
	con	Outputs connection information.	Yes	Yes	5-48
	eth	Outputs Ethernet statistical information.	Yes	Yes	5-48
	help	Outputs help.	Yes	Yes	5-48
	net	Outputs network statistical information.	Yes	Yes	5-48
	quit	Disconnects the connection of the device being operated.	Yes	Yes	5-52
				Yes: Command usable	No: Command not usable

5.4 Input Range Parameters

The following tables show which input ranges of the instrument correspond to the channel modes of the SR command (input range setting command), VOLT, TC, RTD, pulse, and logic as well as the ranges for the upper and lower limits of the span. Another table lists the unit groups and units of the SR, SO, and SM commands when the analog channel scaling is ON.

- **DC voltage (VOLT)**

Input Range	Range Parameter of the SR Command	Selectable Range of Span Upper and Lower Limits of the Input Range	Range of Span Parameter of the SR Command
100 mV	100mV	-100.00 to 100.00 mV	-10000 to 10000
500 mV	500mV	-500.0 to 500.0 mV	-5000 to 5000
1 V	1V	-1.0000 to 1.0000 V	-10000 to 10000
5 V	5V	-5.000 to 5.000 V	-5000 to 5000
10 V	10V	-10.000 to 10.000 V	-10000 to 10000
50 V	50V	-50.00 to 50.00 V	-5000 to 5000
1-5 V	1-5V	1.000 to 5.000 V	1000 to 5000

- **Thermocouple (TC)**

Input Range	Range Parameter of the SR Command	Selectable Range of Span Upper and Lower Limits of the Input Range	Range of Span Parameter of the SR Command
R	R	0 to 1768°C	0 to 1768
S	S	0 to 1768°C	0 to 1768
B	B	600 to 1800°C	600 to 1800
K	K	-200.0 to 1372.0°C	-2000 to 13720
E	E	-200.0 to 1000.0°C	-2000 to 10000
J	J	-200.0 to 1200.0°C	-2000 to 12000
T	T	-200.0 to 400.0°C	-2000 to 4000
N	N	0.0 to 1300.0°C	0 to 13000
W	W	0 to 2315°C	0 to 2315
L	L	-200.0 to 900.0°C	-2000 to 9000
U	U	-200.0 to 400.0°C	-2000 to 4000

- **RTD**

Input Range	Range Parameter of the SR Command	Selectable Range of Span Upper and Lower Limits of the Input Range	Range of Span Parameter of the SR Command
Pt100	PT	-200.0 to 850.0°C	-2000 to 8500
JPt100	JPT	-200.0 to 500.0°C	-2000 to 5000

- **Logic**

Input Range	Range Parameter of the SR Command	Selectable Range of Span Upper and Lower Limits of the Input Range	Range of Span Parameter of the SR Command
None	NONE	0 or 1	0 or 1

5.4 Input Range Parameters

• Pulse

Input Range	Range Parameter of the SR Command of the Input Range	Selectable Range of Span Upper and Lower Limits	Range of Span Parameter of the SR Command
Instantaneous			
None	NONE	0 to 50000	0 to 50000
Integrated value			
50 Kc	50KC	0.000 to 50.000	0 to 50000
500 Kc	500KC	0.00 to 500.00	0 to 50000
5 Mc	5MC	0.0000 to 5.0000	0 to 50000
50 Mc	50MC	0.000 to 50.000	0 to 50000
500 Mc	500MC	0.00 to 500.00	0 to 50000
Number of revolutions			
500 rpm	500RPM	0 to 500	0 to 500
5 krpm	5KRPM	0 to 5.00	0 to 500
50 krpm	50KRPM	0.000 to 50.00	0 to 5000
500 krpm	500KRPM	0.00 to 500.00	0 to 50000

• Calculation Channels and Communication Channels

Input Range	Range Parameter of the SR Command	Selectable Range of Span Upper and Lower Limits of the Input Range	Range of Span Parameter of the SR Command
None	NONE	-99999 to 99999	-99999 to 99999

Unit Groups and Units

Unit Group Name	Unit Group Parameter of the SR, SM and SO Commands	Unit Parameter of the SR, SM and SO Commands
Length	LENGTH	mm, cm, m, and km
Area	AREA	mm ² , cm ² , m ² , and km ²
Volume	VOLUME	mm ³ , cm ³ , m ³ , ml, l, and kl
Velocity	VELOCITY	mm/s, mm/min, mm/h, cm/s, cm/min, cm/h, m/s, m/min, m/h, km/s, km/min, and km/h
Acceleration	ACCELERATION	m/s ²
Frequency	FREQUENCY	mHz, Hz, kHz, rpm, and rph
Weight	WEIGHT	mg, g, kg, t, and N
Work	WORK	mW, W, kW, J, Wh, and Ws
Pressure	PRESSURE	Pa, kPa, MPa, N/m ² , and bar
Flow rate	FLOWRATE	m ³ /s, m ³ /min, m ³ /h, t/s, t/min, t/h, l/s, l/min, l/h, kg/s, kg/min, kg/h, kl/s, kl/min, kl/h, ml/s, ml/min, ml/h, g/s, g/min, and g/h
Temperature	TEMPERATURE	°C and K
Voltage/current	VOLT.CURR.	mV, V, kV, MV, mA, A, kA, and MA
Power	POWER	mW, W, kW, MW, mvar, var, kvar, Mvar, mVA, VA, kVA, and MVA
Watt hour	WATTHOUR	Wh, kWh, MWh, varh, kvarh, and Mvarh
Any	ANY	Up to six arbitrary characters

5.5 Setting Commands (Setting)

SR Sets the input range

When setting the channel to skip

Syntax SR p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Channel number

Analog CH	8-CH input:	01 to 08
	16-CH input:	01 to 16
Logic CH	DI01, DI02	
Calc. CH	CA01 to CA32	
Comm. CH	CO01 to CO32	

p2 Channel mode SKIP

Query SR[p1]?

Example Set channel 01 to OFF (SKIP).
SR 01,SKIP

Description

- This command cannot be specified while logging is in progress.
- Measurements are not made on channels that are set to OFF.

When setting voltage, TC or RTD without scaling

Syntax SR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

p1 Channel number

Analog CH	8-CH input:	01 to 08
	16-CH input:	01 to 16
Logic CH	DI01, DI02	
Calc. CH	CA01 to CA32	
Comm. CH	CO01 to CO32	

p2 Input type

DC voltage:	VOLT
Thermocouple:	TC
RTD:	RTD
None:	NONE

p3 Input Range

p4 Span lower limit

p5 Span upper limit

Query SR[p1]?

Example Set the input type for channel 01 to TC type R, span lower limit to 0°C, and span upper limit to 1760.0°C.
SR 01,TC,R,0,17600

Description

- Only span parameters p4 and p5 can be specified while logging is in progress.
- Set parameters p3, p4, and p5 according to the tables in section 5.4, "Input Range Parameters."
- For parameters p4 and p5, enter a value using 5 digits or less excluding the decimal point. The decimal position is fixed to the position indicated in the tables in section 5.4, "Input Range Parameters."
- Select "None" for parameter p2 for pulse CH, and logic CH.

When setting voltage, TC or RTD with scaling

Syntax SR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,p11<terminator>

p1 Channel number

Analog CH	8-CH input:	01 to 08
	16-CH input:	01 to 16
Logic CH	DI01, DI02	

p2 Setting typeSCALE

p3 Input type

DC voltage:	VOLT
Thermocouple:	TC
RTD:	RTD
None:	NONE

p4 Input range

p5 Span lower limit

p6 Span upper limit

p7 Scale lower limit: -30000 to 30000
Lower limit of the display span while logging

p8 Scale upper limit: -30000 to 30000
Upper limit of the display span while logging

p9 Scaling decimal place

x.xxxx:	0
xx.xxx:	1
xxx.xx:	2
xxxx.x:	3
xxxxx:	4

p10 Unit (up to 6 characters)
Set an arbitrary unit when the unit group is set to ANY.
Enter a unit belonging to the unit group when the unit group is not set to ANY (see section 5.4, "Input Range Parameters").

p11 Unit group
Sets the unit group (see section 5.4, "Input Range Parameters").

Query SR[p1]?

Example Convert the DC voltage measured on channel 02 to DC current. Set the input range to 5 V, the span lower limit to 1 V, the span upper limit to 5 V, the scale lower limit to 1.00 A, and the scale upper limit to 5.00 A.
SR 02,SCALE,VOLT,5V,1000,5000,100,500,2,A,VOLT.CURR.

Description

- Parameters p7 and p8 can be set only as display span while logging. In this case, omit p2 to p6.
- Set parameters p4, p5, and p6 according to the tables in section 5.4, "Input Range Parameters."
- For parameters p5 and p6, enter a value using 5 digits or less excluding the decimal point. The decimal position is fixed to the position indicated in the tables in section 5.4, "Input Range Parameters."

- For parameters p7, p8, and p9, either set all three parameters or omit all three parameters when logging is stopped.
- Set parameters p10 and p11 according to the tables in section 5.4, "Input Range Parameters" when p11 is not ANY.

SO Sets the calculating equation

When setting the channel to OFF (SKIP)

Syntax SO p1,p2<terminator>
p1 Calculation channel number CA01 to CA32

31 to 42(*)

p2 Calculation ON/OFF ON, OFF

Query SO[p1]?

Example Set calculation channel 01 to OFF.
SO 01,OFF

- Description
- This command cannot be specified while logging is in progress.
 - Calculation channels that are set to OFF are not calculated.
 - Setting parameter p1 to 31 to 42 is equivalent to specifying CA21 to CA32.

When setting the channels to ON

Syntax SO p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8
<terminator>
p1 Calculation channel number CA01 to CA32
31 to 42(*)
p2 Calculation ON/OFF ON, OFF
p3 Calculating equation (up to 40 characters, calculation only)
p4 Span lower limit -9999999 to 99999999
p5 Span upper limit -9999999 to 99999999
p6 Span decimal place
x.xxxx: 0
xx.xxx: 1
xxx.xx: 2
xxxx.x: 3
xxxxx: 4
p7 Unit (up to 6 characters)
p8 Unit group
Sets the unit group (see section 5.4, "Input Range Parameters").

Query SO[p1]?

Example Set the calculation channel to CA01, the calculation to ON, the computing equation to "the difference between channel 01 and 02", the span lower limit to -10.000, the span upper limit to 15,000, and the unit to V.
SO CA01,ON,01-02,-10000,15000,4,V,VOLT.CURR.

- Description
- Parameters p4 and p5 can be set only as display span settings while logging.

- For parameters p4 and p5, enter a value using 5 digits or less, excluding the decimal, for negative numbers (excluding the sign) and positive numbers.
- For parameters p4, p5, and p6, either set all three parameters or omit all three parameters when logging is stopped.
- Setting parameter p1 to 31 to 42 is equivalent to specifying CA21 to CA32.
- The parameters that can be used in the equation of p3 are as follows.
For 8 ch input: CH01 to CH08 or 01 to 08
For 16 ch input: CH01 to CH16 or 01 to 16
Calc. CH: CA01 to CA32
Comm. CH: CO01 to CO32
Constant: -9.9999E+37 to -1.0000E-38, 0, 1.0000E-38 to 9.9999E+37
- Set parameters p7 and p8 according to the tables in section 5.4, "Input Range Parameters" when p8 is not ANY.

SM Sets the communication channel

When setting the communication channel to OFF (SKIP)

Syntax SO p1,p2<terminator>
p1 Communication channel number CO01 to CO32
p2 Communication channel ON/OFF SKIP

Query SM[p1[,p2]]?

Example Set channel 01 to OFF (SKIP).
SM 01,SKIP

- Description
- This command cannot be specified while logging is in progress.
 - Measurements are not made on channels that are set to OFF.

When using communication channels

Syntax SO p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8
<terminator>
p1 Communication channel number CO01 to CO32
p2 Communication channel ON/OFF ON
p3 Scaling value:
-9.9999E+37 to -1.0000E-38, 0, 1.0000E-38 to 9.9999E+37
(The + sign of "E+" can be omitted.)
p4 Span lower limit: -99999 to 999999
p5 Span upper limit: -99999 to 999999
p6 Span decimal place
x.xxxx: 0
xx.xxx: 1
xxx.xx: 2
xxxx.x: 3
xxxxx: 4

p7	Unit (up to 6 characters) Set an arbitrary unit when the unit group is set to ANY. Enter a unit belonging to the unit group when the unit group is not set to ANY (see section 5.4, "Input Range Parameters").
p8	Unit group Sets the unit group (see section 5.4, "Input Range Parameters").
Query	SM [p1]?
Example	Set the communication channel number to CO02, scaling value to 10.000, span lower limit to -10.000, span upper limit to 15.000, and unit to V. SO CO02,ON,1.0000E02,-10000,15000,1,V,VOLT.CURR.
Description	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only span parameters p4 and p5 can be specified while logging is in progress. For parameters p4 and p5, enter a value using 5 digits or less, excluding the decimal, for negative numbers and 5 digits or less for positive numbers. For parameters p4, p5, and p6, either set all three parameters or omit all three parameters when logging is stopped. Set parameters p7 and p8 according to the tables in section 5.4, "Input Range Parameters" when p8 is not any.

SA Sets the alarm

When not using the alarm

Syntax	SA p1,p2,p3<terminator>
p1	Channel number
	Analog CH 8-CH input: 01 to 08 16-CH input: 01 to 16 Pulse CH PL01 Logic CH DI01, DI02 Calc. CH CA01 to CA32 Comm. CH CO01 to CO32
p2	Alarm number 1 (fixed)
p3	Alarm ON/OFF OFF
Query	SA [p1 [,p2]]?
Example	Turn off the alarm of analog channel 10. SA 10,1,OFF
Description	This command cannot be issued while logging is in progress.

When using the alarm

Syntax	SA p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8<terminator>
p1	Channel number
	Analog CH 8-CH input: 01 to 08 16-CH input: 01 to 16 Pulse CH PL01 Logic CH DI01, DI02 Calc. CH CA01 to CA32 Comm. CH CO01 to CO32
p2	Alarm number 1 (fixed)

p3	Alarm ON/OFF ON
p4	Alarm type
	High limit alarm: H
	Low limit alarm: L
	Window IN: I
	Window OUT: o
	Reserved h, l, R, r, T, and t (Characters are case-sensitive.)
p5	Alarm value1
p6	Relay setting
	Relay ON: ON
	Relay OFF: OFF
p7	Alarm output number 101 to 104
p8	Alarm value 2

Query	SA [p1 [,p2]]?
Example	Set a high limit alarm (alarm value 1 = 1000) to channel 02, and activate relay number 1 when an alarm occurs. SA 02,1,ON,H,1000,ON,I01
Description	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This command cannot be issued while logging is in progress. When the input range setting (SR command) is set to OFF, p3 cannot be turned ON. All alarm settings are turned OFF for the following cases. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When the input type is changed (VOLT, TC, etc). When the input range is changed. When the span and scaling values are changed during scaling display (includes changing the decimal position). When the calculating equation is changed or the span value is changed on a calculation channel (CA01 to CA32). When the span and scaling values are changed on a communication channel (CO01 to CO32). For the range of alarm values of p5, see the tables in section 5.4, "Input Range Parameters." Set the alarm value of a calculation channel (CA01 to CA32) and communication channel (CO01 to CO32) within the range of the span. For the alarm values of p5 and p8, enter a value using 5 digits or less, excluding the decimal. For calculation channels (CA01 to CA32), enter a value using 5 digits or less, excluding the decimal.

SD Sets the data and time

Syntax	SD p1,p2<terminator>
p1	Date (YY/MM/DD fixed form)
	YY (year): 00 to 99
	MM (month): 01 to 12
	DD (day): 01 to 31
p2	Time (HH/MM/SS fixed form)
	HH (hour): 00 to 23

5.5 Setting Commands Setting)

MM (min): 00 to 59
SS (s): 00 to 59

Query SD?

Example Set the internal clock to 13:00:00, October 1, 2005.
SD 05/10/01,13:00:00

Description

- The form of p1 and p2 is fixed to 8 characters. Use the following form. Do not enter spaces between the digits; otherwise an error will occur.
p1 = YY/MM/DD (Lower two digits of the year/month/day)
p2 = HH:MM:SS (Hour:minute:second)
- This command cannot be issued while logging is in progress.

SW Sets the sampling interval

Syntax SW p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Sampling Interval

For 8 ch input:

100ms, 200ms, 500ms, 1s, 2s, 5s, 10s, 20s, 30s, 1min, 2min, 5min, 10min, 20min, 30min, 60min, or 1h

For 16 ch input:

200ms, 500ms, 1s, 2s, 5s, 10s, 20s, 30s, 1min, 2min, 5min, 10min, 20min, 30min, 60min, or 1h

p2 Reserved

Query SW?

Example Sets the sampling interval to 10 s.
SW 10S

Description

- This command cannot be issued while logging is in progress.
- Parameter p2 is undefined.
- An error will occur if the interface is set to LAN/RS-232 or LAN/RS-485 and you try to set the sampling interval to a value less than 10 s. Set the sampling interval to a value greater than or equal to 10 s.
- If the division time of the save mode is specified and the division time is no longer an integer multiple of the sampling interval when you change the sampling interval, the division time is automatically changed so that it is an integer multiple of the sampling interval.

ST Sets the tag

Syntax ST p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Channel number

Analog CH 8-CH input: 01 to 08
16-CH input: 01 to 16

Pulse CH PL01

Logic CH DI01, DI02

Calc. CH CA01 to CA32

Comm. CH CO01 to CO32

p2 Tag (up to 8 characters)

Query ST[p1]?

Example Set the tag of channel 02 to TAG2.

ST 02,TAG2

Description

- This command cannot be issued while logging is in progress.
- For the characters that can be used for the tags, see appendix 1, "ASCII Character Codes." Note that semicolons, commas, backslashes, asterisks, and question marks cannot be used.

SX Sets the group

Syntax SX p1,p2,p3<terminator>

p1 Group number 1 to 4

p2 Group name (up to 8 characters)

p3 Channel configuration (up to eight channels from below)

Analog CH 8-CH input: 01 to 08
16-CH input: 01 to 16

Pulse CH PL01

Logic CH DI01, DI02

Calc. CH CA01 to CA32

Comm. CH CO01 to CO32

Query SX[p1]?

Example Set channels 01, 03, 04 to 06 to group number 1 using a group name GROUP2. Display a blank space between channels 01 and 03.
SX 1,GROUP2,01.OFF.03.04-06

Set the channel configuration by using periods to separate each channel, a hyphen to specify a range of channels, or OFF.

Description

- This command cannot be issued while logging is in progress.
- For the characters that can be used for the group name, see appendix 1, "ASCII Character Codes." Note that semicolons, commas, backslashes, asterisks, and question marks cannot be used.

SL Sets the alarm line

Syntax SL p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

p1 Reserved

p2 Reserved

p3 Alarm line display ON/OFF ON, OFF

p4 Reserved

p5 Display Color

RED, GREEN, BLUE, B.VIOLET,
BROWN, ORANGE, Y.GREEN,
LIGHTBLUE, VIOLET, GRAY,
LIME, CYAN (blue green),
DARKBLUE, YELLOW,
LIGHTGRAY (olive), PURPLE

Query SL[p1[,p2]]?

Example Display the alarm line in red for group 1.
SL ,,ON,,RED

Description Parameters p1, p2, and p4 are not used.

5.5 Setting Commands (Setting)

Query BD[p1]?
 Example Set the alarm delay sampling count to 120.
 BD ,120
 Description Parameter p1 is not used.

BY Sets the automated measurement and beep sound.

Syntax BY p1,p2<terminator>
 p1 Auto measurement OFF: OFF
 Auto measurement ON: ON
 p2 Beep sound OFF: OFF
 Beep sound ON: ON
 Query BY?
 Example Turn the automated measurement and beep sound OFF.
 BY ON,OFF
 Description This command cannot be issued while logging is in progress.

SN Sets the pulse input

When setting the pulse input to OFF (skip)

Syntax SN p1,p2<terminator>
 p1 Channel number
 Pulse channel PL01
 p2 Channel ON/OFF SKIP
 Query SN[p1[,p2]]?
 Example Set the pulse channel to OFF (SKIP).
 SN PL01,SKIP
 Description • This command cannot be specified while logging is in progress.
 • Measurements are not made on channels that are set to OFF.

When setting the pulse input without scaling

Syntax SN p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
 p1 Channel number
 Pulse channel PL01
 p2 Channel ON/OFF skip
 p3 Input range
 p4 Span lower limit: 0 to 50000
 p5 Span upper limit: 0 to 50000
 Query SN[p1]?
 Example Set the pulse input to PL01, the range to 50 kc, the span lower limit to 0, and the span upper limit to 50000.
 SN PL01,ON,50KC,0,50000
 Description • Only span parameters p4 and p5 can be specified while logging is in progress.
 • For parameters p4 and p5, enter a value using 5 digits or less excluding the decimal point.
 • For parameters p4 and p5, either set both parameters or omit both parameters when logging is stopped.

When setting the pulse input with scaling

Syntax SN p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10<terminator>
 p1 Channel number
 Pulse channel PL01
 p2 Setting type SCALE
 p3 Input range
 p4 Scale lower limit: -99999 to 99999
 p5 Scale upper limit: -99999 to 99999
 p6 Span decimal place
 x.xxxx: 0
 xx.xxx: 1
 xxx.xx: 2
 xxxx.x: 3
 xxxxx: 4
 p7 Conversion ratio:
 -9.9999E+37 to -1.0000E-38, 0,
 1.0000E-38 to 9.9999E+37
 (The + sign of "E+" can be omitted.)
 p8 Offset value:
 -9.9999E+37 to -1.0000E-38, 0,
 1.0000E-38 to 9.9999E+37
 (The + sign of "E+" can be omitted.)
 p9 Unit (up to 6 characters)
 Set an arbitrary unit when the unit group is set to ANY.
 If the unit group is not ANY, enter a unit in the unit group.
 p10 Unit group
 Set the unit group.
 Query SN[[p1] ?
 Example Set the pulse input to PL01, the range to 500 rpm, the scale lower limit to 0.00, the scale upper limit to 600.00, the conversion ratio to 10.000, the offset to 0.000, and the unit to rpm.
 SN PL01,SCALE,500RPM,0,60000,2,1.0000E02,0.0000E00,rpm,FREQUENCY
 Description • Only span parameters p4 and p5 can be specified while logging is in progress.
 • For parameters p4 and p5, enter a value using 5 digits or less excluding the decimal point and sign.
 • For parameters p4, p5, and p6, either set all three parameters or omit all three parameters when logging is stopped.

5.6 Setting Commands (Control)

UD Switches the display

When switching the display back to the display that existed before settings were changed using communication commands

Syntax UD p1<terminator>

p1 Display switching 0

Example Switch the display back to the display that existed before settings were changed using communication commands.

UD 0

When switching the display using communication commands

Syntax UD p1,p2,p3<terminator>

p1 Display switching 1

p2 Display item

Waveform & digital display: TREND

Digital display: DIGITAL

Bar graph display: BAR

Alarm summary display: ALARM

Review display: REVIEW

Reserved: OVERVIEW

p3 Group number 1 to 4

Example Set the display to waveform & digital, and set the number of the group to be displayed to 4.

UD 1,TREND,4

Description • This command is valid only when the current display is one of the displays of p2.
• If p2 is set to alarm summary display, p3 is discarded.

PS Starts/Stops logging

Syntax PS p1<terminator>

p1 Logging start/stop

Start: 0

Stop: 1

Example Start logging.

PS 0

Description If the logging start trigger is set to manual and logging does not start immediately, the GS610 enters logging standby until the trigger condition is met.

AK Acknowledges the alarm status (alarm acknowledge)

Syntax AK p1<terminator>

p1 Execute alarm acknowledge 0

Example Confirm the current hold condition of the alarm (execute alarm acknowledge).

AK 0

EV Saves the manual sampled data or screen image data to the storage medium

Syntax EV p1<terminator>

p1 Operation type

Saves manual sampled data to the storage medium: 0

Saves screen image data to the storage medium: 2

Reserved: 1, 3, 4

Example Saves manual sampled data to the storage medium.

EV 1

Description • Data cannot be saved while logging.
• Parameter p1 cannot be set to 0 while the storage medium is being formatted or while data is being saved to the storage medium.

LO Loads the setup data

Syntax LO p1<terminator>

p1 Path name (up to 150 characters)

Setting memory: /SETMEMORY/file name (excluding the extension)

Internal memory: /INTERNALMEMORY/file name (excluding the extension)

CF memory card: /CFCARD/file name (excluding the extension)

SD memory card: /SDCARD/file name (excluding the extension)

Example Load the setting data of setup file SETFILE1 (.SET extension) from the setting memory.

LO /SETMEMORY/SETFILE1

Description • This command is the same as the YO command. To apply the functions of the basic setting commands, the settings must be saved using the XE command.
• This command can be issued only when the path is specified and the corresponding storage medium is inserted.

LI Saves the setting data

Syntax LI p1<terminator>

p1 Path name (up to 150 characters)

Setting memory: /SETMEMORY/file name (excluding the extension)

Internal memory: /INTERNALMEMORY/file name (excluding the extension)

CF memory card: /CFCARD/file name (excluding the extension)

SD memory card: /SDCARD/file name (excluding the extension)

5.6 Setting Commands (Control)

- Example** Save the setting data to a file named SETFILE2 on the CF memory card.
- LI** /CFCARD/SETFILE2
- Description**
- A “.SET” extension is attached to the saved file. This command is equivalent to the YI command.
 - The settings are not saved with this command if an external storage media error occurs such as the external storage medium not inserted at the save destination.

CM Sets the communication input data

- Syntax**
- CM** p1,p2<terminator>
- p1 Communication input data number
C01 to C32 (same as CO01 to CO32)
CO01 to CO32
- p2 Communication input data
Selectable range: -9.9999E+29 to -
1.0000E- 30, 0,
1.0000E-30 to
-9.9999E+29
(The + sign of “E+” can
be omitted.)

Query CM1?

- Example** Set 1.0000E-10 to communication input data number CO01.
- CM** CO01,1.0000E-10

EM Starts/stops the e-mail transmission function

- Syntax**
- M** p1<terminator>
- p1 Operation type
Start: 0
Stop: 1

- Example** Start the e-mail transmission function.
- EM** 0

Description To use the e-mail transmission function, you must set the Ethernet interface, e-mail address, and contents to be transmitted. For the procedure to set each item, see section 2.11 “Setting the E-mail Transmission function”.

KE Key operation command

- Syntax**
- KE** p1<terminator>
- p1 Key type
- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| ESC key: | ESC |
| HOME key: | HOME |
| REVIEW key: | REVIEW |
| FILE key: | FILE |
| SETTING key: | SETTING |
| HOLD key (hold down): | LONGHOLD |
| TIME/DIV left key: | TIMEDIVSHORT |
| TIME/DIV right key: | TIMEDIVLONG |
| RANGE key: | RANGE |
| SAVE key: | SAVE |

DISPLAY key:	DISP
GROUP key:	GROUP
MARK key:	MARK
MARK left key:	MARKLEFT
MARK right key:	MARKRIGHT
SET key:	SET
START/STOP key:	STARTSTOP
Up arrow key:	UP
Down arrow key:	DOWN
Right arrow key:	RIGHT
Left arrow key:	LEFT
SELECT key:	SELECT

- Example** Press the DISPLAY key.
- KE** DISP

Description Operates in the same fashion as the key operation on the XL100. For consecutive key operations, transmit the commands in the same order as the key operation on the XL100.

BZ Sets the activation of the setting commands.

- Syntax**
- BZ** p1<terminator>
- p1 Activation method of setting commands
Activate after the setting command is
executed (default): 1
Activate when the settings are saved using
the XE command after executing the setting
command: 0

Query BZ?

- Example** Activate the setting commands when the settings are saved using the XE command as with basic setting commands.
- BZ** 0

Description

- The default setting (the response to BZ? is BZ 1) is always in effect at power-on.
- This command is activated immediately.

5.7 Basic Setting Commands

- In order to activate the settings that are changed using the basic setting commands, the settings must be saved using the XE command.

The settings that are returned in response to a query after issuing a basic setting command are the new settings even if the settings have not been saved with the XE command. However, the new settings only take effect after saving the settings using the XE command.

If you discard the settings with the XE command or start the logging operation before saving the settings with the XE command, the settings that are returned in response to a query are reset to those before the change.

- Basic setting commands cannot be used to change settings while logging is in progress.

XA Sets the alarm

Syntax XA p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9<terminator>

p1 Reserved

p2 Output number to be set to AND

For all ORs: NONE

Independent setting:

I01, I02, I03, or I04

Range setting: I0x-I0y

(I0x,I0y:I01 to I04)

Multiple settings (delimit using a period):

I0w.I0y.I0z

(I0w,I0y,I0z:I01 to I04)

p3 Reserved

p4 Output hold/non-hold

Hold: HOLD

Non-hold: NONHOLD

p5 Hold/Not hold the alarm status display

Hold: HOLD

Non-hold: NONHOLD

p6 Reserved

p7 Reserved

p8 Alarm hysteresis ON/OFF: ON or OFF

p9 Alarm buzzer ON/OFF: ON, OFF

Query XA?

Example Set output numbers I01 to I04 to AND, hold the output, hold the alarm status display, turn the alarm hysteresis ON, and turn the alarm buzzer ON.

XA ,I01-I12,HOLD,HOLD,,ON,ON

Description Parameters p1, p3, p6, and p7 are not used.

XI Sets the filter.

Syntax XI p1<terminator>

p1 Filter setting

None: OFF

50 Hz: 50Hz

60 Hz: 60Hz

Query XI?

Example Set the filter to 60 Hz.

XI 60HZ

Description In order to activate the settings that are changed using the basic setting commands, the settings must be saved using the XE command. If you do not, the settings before the change are activated if logging is started.

XB Burnout setting (query only)

Syntax XB p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Channel number

For 8 ch input: 01 to 08

For 16 ch input: 01 to 16

p2 Burnout procedure UP (fixed)

Query XB[p1]?

Description Only a query is available for this command.

XJ RJC setting (query only)

Syntax XJ p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Channel number

For 8 ch input: 01 to 08

For 16 ch input: 01 to 16

p2 Reference junction compensation selection

INTERNAL

Query XJ[p1]?

Example Only a query is available for this command.

XV Sets the sampling interval

Syntax XV p1<terminator>

p1 Sampling Interval

For 8 ch input:

100MS, 200MS, 500MS, 1S, 2S, 5S, 10S, 20S, 30S, 1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 60MIN, 1H

For 16 ch input:

200MS, 500MS, 1S, 2S, 5S, 10S, 20S, 30S, 1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 60MIN, 1H

Query XV?

Example Set the sampling interval to 1 s.

XV 1S

Description

- This command is the same as the SW setting command.
- An error will occur if the interface is set to LAN/RS-232 or LAN/RS-485 and you try to set the sampling interval to a value less than 10 s. Set the sampling interval to a value greater than or equal to 10 s.

- If the division time of the save mode is specified and the division time is no longer an integer multiple of the sampling interval when you change the sampling interval, the division time is automatically changed so that it is an integer multiple of the sampling interval.

XU Sets the language

Syntax	XU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
	p1 Reserved
	p2 Reserved
	p3 English: ENGLISH
	Japanese: JAPANESE
	p4 Reserved
	p5 Reserved
Query	XU?
Example	Set the language to Japanese. XU , ,JAPANESE
Description	Parameters p1, p2, p4, and p5 are undefined.

XD Sets the data save operation

Syntax	XD p1,p2,p3,p4 <terminator>
	p1 Data save medium
	Internal memory: 0
	CF card: 1
	SD card: 2
	p2 Data type
	Binary format: BINARY
	ASCII format: ASCII
	p3 File name
	Between 1 and 12 characters:
	Saves the data to a specified file name
	When omitted:
	The file name is automatically assigned by the XL100.
	p4 Printer output
	ON: ON
	OFF: OFF
Query	XD?
Example	Set the data save destination to the CF card, the save format to binary, the file name to abcdef, and the printer output to OFF. XD 1,BINARY,abcdef,OFF

- Description
- If the file name of parameter p3 is omitted, the XL100 is set in a mode in which the file name is automatically assigned while logging. For details, see the XL100 User's Manual.
 - In order to activate the settings that are changed using the basic setting commands, the settings must be saved using the XE command. If you do not, the settings before the change are activated if logging is started.
 - If the memory full operation of the save mode is set to REPEAT or DELETE and the data type

is set to ASCII, the operation is automatically changed to STOP.

XO Selects the communication method

When switching to Ethernet communications

Syntax	XO p1,p2<terminator>
	p1 Ethernet communication ETHERNET
	p2 Interface used simultaneously
	Ethernet interface only: OFF
	RS-232: RS-232
	RS-485: RS-485

Query XO?

Example Set the communication method to simultaneous use of the Ethernet and RS-485.
XO ETHERNET,RS-485

Description If the communication method is set to Ethernet and RS-232 or Ethernet and RS-485, the sampling interval is automatically changed to 10 s if it is less than 10 s and the Modbus master read cycle is automatically changed to 5 s, if it is less than 5 s.

When switching to serial communications (RS-232, RS-485, or USB)

Syntax	XO p1,p2<terminator>
	p1 Serial communications SERIAL
	p2 Serial communication type
	RS232, RS485, or USB

Query XO?

Example Set the communication method to RS-232.
XO SERIAL,RS232

When switching to serial communication printer connection (RS-232PRINTER communication)

Syntax	XO p1,p2,p3 <terminator>
	p1 Serial communication SERIAL
	p2 Serial communication type
	RS232PRINTER
	p3 Manual printout
	OFF: 0
	Measured data: 1
	Screen data: 2
	Measured/Screen data: 3

Query XO?

Example Set the XL100 to print only the measured data during the manual printout.
XO SERIAL,RS232PRINTER,1

XZ Selects the trigger

Syntax	XZ p1,p2<terminator>
	p1 Trigger mode
	Single: 0
	Continuous: 1
	p2 Pre-trigger and delay trigger setting
	Pre-trigger: 1
	Delay trigger: 2
	p3 Pre-trigger or delay trigger count
	0 to 600

Query XZ?

Example Set the trigger to single and the pre-trigger count to 10.
XZ 0,1,10

Description If the start trigger and end trigger are set to Time and the trigger mode is set to Continuous, the start trigger and end trigger are automatically set to None.

XK Selects the start trigger

When setting the start trigger to none

Syntax XK p1 <terminator>
p1 Start trigger type
None: 0

Query XK?

Example Set the start trigger to none.
XK 0

When setting the start trigger to external input

Syntax XK p1 <terminator>
p1 Start trigger type
External input: 1

Query XK?

Example Set the start trigger to external input.
XK 1

When setting the start trigger to the input level

Syntax XK p1,p2,p3,p4,p5 <terminator>
p1 Start trigger type
Analog input level: 2
p2 Channel to be used as the start trigger
For 8 ch input: 01 to 08
For 16 ch input: 01 to 16
Pulse CH: PL01
Calculation CH: CA01 to CA32
Communication CH: CO01 to CO32
p3 Start trigger level type
High limit trigger: H
Low limit trigger: L
Window IN: I
Window OUT: O
p4 High limit value -99999 to 99999
p5 Low limit value -99999 to 99999

Query XK?

Example Set the start trigger to Window IN of analog input CH3, and set the high and low limits to 2000 and 1000, respectively.
XK 2,03,I,2000,1000

Description Set the high and low limits using a five-digit integer without a decimal point. The decimal place is the same as the span and scale settings of the analog input channel.
Be sure to set the high limit greater than the low limit.

When setting the start trigger to an alarm

Syntax XK p1,p2 <terminator>
p1 Start trigger type

Alarm: 3

p2 Alarm output number to be used as the start trigger
1 to 4

Query XK?

Example Set the start trigger to alarm output number 4.
XK 3,4

When setting the start trigger to a specific time

Syntax XK p1,p2,p3 <terminator>
p1 Start trigger type
Time: 4
p2 Start date (YY/MM/DD fixed form)
YY (year): 00 to 99
MM (month): 01 to 12
DD (day): 01 to 31
p3 Start time (HH/MM/SS fixed form)
HH (hour): 00 to 23
MM (min): 00 to 59
SS (s): 00 to 59

Query XK?

Example Set the start trigger to 3:45:6 on January 2, 2006.
XK 4,06/01/02,03:45:06

Description If the trigger mode is set to repeat, the start trigger cannot be set to time.

XL Selects the end trigger

When setting the end trigger to none

Syntax XL p1 <terminator>
p1 End trigger type
None: 0

Query XL?

Example Set the end trigger to none.
XL 0

When setting the end trigger to external input

Syntax XL p1 <terminator>
p1 End trigger type
External input: 1

Query XL?

Example Set the end trigger to external input.
XL 1

When setting the end trigger to input level

Syntax XL p1,p2,p3,p4,p5 <terminator>
p1 End trigger type
Input level: 2
p2 Channel to be used as the end trigger
Analog CH
For 8 ch input: 01 to 08
For 16 ch input: 01 to 16
Pulse CH: PL01
Calculation CH: CA01 to CA32
Communication CH: CO01 to CO32
p3 End trigger level type
High limit trigger: H
Low limit trigger: L
Window IN: I
Window OUT: O
p4 High limit value -99999 to 99999

5.7 Basic Setting Commands

p5 Low limit value -99999 to 99999

Query XL?

Example Set the end trigger to low limit 500 of analog input CH3.
XL 2,03,L,500

Description Set the high and low limits using a five-digit integer without a decimal point. The decimal place is the same as the span and scale settings of the analog input channel.
Be sure to set the high limit greater than the low limit.

When setting the end trigger to an alarm

Syntax XL p1,p2<terminator>
p1 End trigger type
Alarm: 3
p2 Alarm output number to be used as the end trigger
1 to 4

Query XL?

Example Set the end trigger to alarm output number 1.
XL 3,1

When setting the end trigger to a specific time

Syntax XL p1,p2,p3<terminator>
p1 End trigger type
Time: 4
p2 End date (YY/MM/DD fixed form)
YY (year): 00 to 99
MM (month): 01 to 12
DD (day): 01 to 31
p3 End time (HH/MM/SS fixed form)
HH (hour): 00 to 23
MM (min): 00 to 59
SS (s): 00 to 59

Query XK?

Example Set the end trigger to 4:56:7 on February 3, 2030.
XL 4,30/02/03,04:56:07

Description If the trigger mode is set to repeat, the end trigger cannot be set to time.

When setting the end trigger to a timer

Syntax XL p1,p2<terminator>
p1 End trigger type
Timer: 5
p2 End timer (s)
1 to 31536000

Query XL?

Example Set the end trigger to a 600-s timer.
XL 5,600

XH Sets the key login and auto logout functions

Syntax XH p1,p2,p3<terminator>
p1 Key login function
Enable: USE
Disable: NOT
p2 Timeout function

Enable: ON
Disable: OFF

p3 Reserved

Query XH?

Example Enable the key login and auto logout functions.
XH USE,ON,

Description Parameter p3 is not used.

XE Sets whether to save or discard the settings specified by a basic setting command

Syntax XE p1<terminator>
p1 Save or discard settings
Save: STORE
Discard: ABORT

Example Save the settings of the basic setting command.
XE STORE

Description

- In order to activate the settings that are changed using the basic setting commands, the settings must be saved using the XE command. If you do not, the settings before the change are activated if logging is started.
- If the setting command is set to activate when the settings are saved using the XE command (the condition which BZ 0 is specified), the items specified with the setting commands are activated when the settings are saved using the XE command.

XG Sets the time zone

Syntax XG p1,p2<terminator>
p1 Offset time from the Greenwich Mean Time
-1200 to 1300
Upper two digits (hour): -12 to 13
Lower 2 digits (minute): 00 to 59
(See appendix 4, "Time Zones" and the XG command parameters.)
p2 Region number of the corresponding offset time zone
0 to 5
(See appendix 4, "Time Zones" and the XG command parameters.)

Example Set the time zone to "Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo" (9 hour offset from Greenwich Mean Time and region number to 2).
XG 0900,2

XW Sets the ID number

Syntax XW p1<terminator>
p1 ID number 1 to 99

Query XW?

Example Set the ID number to 10.
XW 10

Description

- The ID number corresponds to the hardware ID number.
- In order to activate the settings that are changed using the basic setting commands, the settings must be saved using the XE command. If you

do not, the settings before the change are activated if logging is started.

XY Sets the statistical calculation

Syntax XY p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
 p1 Calculation of the maximum value
 Enable: ON
 Disable: OFF
 p2 Calculation of the minimum value
 Enable: ON
 Disable: OFF
 p3 Calculation of the average value
 Enable: ON
 Disable: OFF
 p4 Calculation of the peak (P-P) value
 Enable: ON
 Disable: OFF
 p5 Calculation of the rms value
 Enable: ON
 Disable: OFF

Query XY?

YA Sets the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, and DHCP function

Syntax YA p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>
 p1 IP address
 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255
 p2 Subnet mask
 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255
 p3 Default gateway
 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255
 p4 DHCP function enable/disable Disable
 OFF

Query YA?

Example Set the IP address to 192.168.111.24, the subnet mask to 255.255.255.0, and the default gateway to 192.168.111.1 without using the DHCP function.

YA 192.168.111.24,255.255.255.0,
 192.168.111.1,OFF

Description The settings changed with this command are applied when they are saved using the XE command.

When using the DHCP (automatic IP address assignment) function

Syntax YA p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>
 p1 IP address
 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255
 p2 Subnet mask
 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255
 p3 Default gateway
 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255
 p4 DHCP function enable/disable Enable
 ON

Query YA?

Example Use the DHCP function.

YA ,,,ON

Description • If p4 is set to ON, p1, p2, and p3 are invalid.
 • The settings changed with this command are applied when they are saved using the XE command.

YD Sets the Ethernet login function.

Syntax YD p1<terminator>
 p1 Ethernet login function setting
 ON: ON
 OFF: OFF

Query YD?

Example Turns the Ethernet login function ON.

YD ON

Description The setting changed with this command is applied when it is saved using the XE command.

YK Sets the keepalive

Syntax YK p1<terminator>
 p1 Enable/Disable keepalive
 Enable: ON
 Disable: OFF

Query YK?

Example Disable keepalive.

YK OFF

Description The setting changed with this command is applied when it is saved using the XE command.

YN Sets the DNS

When not using the DNS

Syntax YN p1<terminator>
 p1 Disable DNS OFF

Query YN?

Example Do not use the DNS.

YN OFF

Description The setting changed with this command is applied when it is saved using the XE command.

When using the DNS

Syntax YN p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>
 p1 Enable DNS ON
 p2 Address of the primary DNS server
 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255
 p3 Address of the secondary DNS server
 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255
 p4 Host name (up to 64 characters)
 p5 Domain name (up to 64 characters)
 p6 Domain suffix 1 (up to 64 characters)
 p7 Domain suffix 2 (up to 64 characters)

Query YN?

Example Use the DNS server at 192.168.0.1.

YN ON,192.168.0.1

5.7 Basic Setting Commands

Description The settings changed with this command are applied when they are saved using the XE command.

YE Sets the SNTP (time synchronization function)

When not using the SNTP

Syntax YE p1<terminator>

p1 Disable 0

Query YE?

Example Disable SNTP.

YE 0

When using the SNTP

Syntax YE p1,p2,p3<terminator>

p1 Enable 1

p2 Server name (up to 64 characters)

p3 Confirmation time interval (hh) 1
to 24

Query YE?

Example Use the SNTP server named MCC at six-hour intervals.

YE 1,MCC,6

YQ Sets the Ethernet communication timeout

When not using the timeout

Syntax YQ p1<terminator>

p1 Enable/Disable communication timeout

Enable: ON

Disable: OFF

Query YQ?

Example Disable timeout.

YQ OFF

Description The setting changed with this command is applied when it is saved using the XE command.

When using the timeout

Syntax YQ p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Enable/Disable communication timeout

Enable: ON

Disable: OFF

p2 Timeout value (min) 1 to 120

Query YQ?

Example Enable the communication timeout and set the timeout period to 3 min.

YQ ON,3

Description The settings changed with this command are applied when they are saved using the XE command.

YS Sets the serial interface

Syntax YS p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>

p1 Baud rate [bps]

When the interface is set to RS-232 or

RS-232 (printer):

2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, or 38400

When the interface is set to RS-485:

2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400,
19200, 38400, 57600, or 115200

p2 Data length (number of bits) 7 or 8

p3 Parity check

None: NONE

Odd: ODD

Even: EVEN

p4 Handshaking

OFF: OFF:OFF

XON/XOFF: XON:XON

CS/RS: CS:RS

p5 Protocol

Normal: NORMAL

Modbus RTU (slave):

MODBUS

Modbus RTU (master):

MODBUS-M

Modbus ASCII (slave):

MODBUSASCII

Modbus ASCII (master):

MOSBUSASCII-M

p6 Stop bit

1 bit: 1

2 bits: 2

p7 Slave address setting

1 to 247

Query YS?

Example Set the baud rate to 9600, the data length to 8, the parity check to ODD, the handshaking to OFF, the protocol to NORMAL, the stop bit to 1, and the slave address to 2.

YS 9600,8,ODD,OFF:OFF,NORMAL,1,2

Description • The settings changed with this command are applied when they are saved using the XE command.
• Parameter p2 (data length) when Modbus RTU is selected is fixed to 8 bits.

YO Loads the setting data

Syntax YO p1<terminator>

p1 Path name (up to 150 characters)

Setting memory:

/SETMEMORY/file name (excluding the extension)

Internal memory:

/INTERNALMEMORY/file name (excluding the extension)

CF memory card:

/CFCARD/file name (excluding the extension)

SD memory card:

/SDCARD/file name (excluding the extension)

Example Load the setting data from the setup file SETFILE1 (.SET extension).

YO SETFILE1

Description This command can be specified only when a storage medium is inserted.

YI Saves the setting data

- Syntax Y0 p1<terminator>
 p1 Path name (up to 150 characters)
 Setting memory:
 /SETMEMORY/file name (excluding the extension)
 Internal memory:
 /INTERNALMEMORY/file name (excluding the extension)
 CF memory card:
 /CFCARD/file name (excluding the extension)
 SD memory card:
 /SDCARD/file name (excluding the extension)
- Example Save the setting data to a file named SETFILE2 on the CF memory card.
 YI /CFCARD/SETFILE2
 YI SETFILE2
- Description • A ".SET" extension is attached to the saved file. This command is equivalent to the LI command.
 • This command can be specified only when a storage medium is inserted.

YC Resets the system (initializes the setup data)

- Syntax YC p1<terminator>
 p1 Type of data to be cleared or initialized
 Initialization of the setting data: 0, 1
- Example Initialize the setting data.
 YC 0
- Description • This command cannot be specified while the storage medium is being formatted.
 • The date settings, communication settings, language setting, ID number setting, slave device address, and USB ID are not initialized.
 • This command is executed when the settings are saved using the XE command.

YT Sets the FTP client

- Syntax YT p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9<terminator>
 p1 Auto transfer at the end of logging
 ON, OFF
 p2 Reserved
 p3 FTP server selection
 Primary FTP server: PRIMARY
 Secondary FTP server: SECONDARY
 p4 Server name (up to 64 characters)
 p5 Port number 0 to 65535
 p6 Login name (up to 32 characters)
 p7 Password name (up to 32 characters)

- p8 PASV mode
 ON, OFF
 p9 Initial path (up to 64 characters)

Query

Primary FTP server query:

YT , , PRIMARY?

Secondary FTP server query:

YT , , SECONDARY?

- Example Set the secondary FTP server name to ymi, the port number to 21, the login name to abc, the password to XL100, the PASV mode to OFF, the initial path to \ftptest\, and set the measured data file to be automatically transferred at the end of the logging operation.
 YT ON, , SECONDARY, 21, abc, XL100, OFF, \ftptest\

- Description • Parameter p1 is common to the primary and secondary FTP servers.
 • Parameter p2 is not used.
 • The query response of parameter p7 is ***** (the specified password is not returned).

YG Sets the Web server function

- Syntax YG p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
 p1 Web server function enable/disable
 Enable: USE
 Disable: NOT
 p2 Monitor page enable/disable
 Enable: USE
 Disable: NOT
 p3 Monitor page access authentication enable/disable
 Enable: USE
 Disable: NOT
 p4 Operator page enable/disable
 Enable: USE
 Disable: NOT
 p5 Operator page access authentication enable/disable
 Enable: USE
 Disable: NOT

Query

YG?

- Example Enable the Web server function, the monitor page, the monitor page access authentication, the operator page, and the operator page access authentication.

YG USE, USE, USE, USE, USE

- Description • For details on the settings of the Ethernet, the types of Web pages that can be displayed, and access control, see "Web Server" in section 1.2, "Explanation of Functions."
 • The settings changed with this command are applied when they are saved using the XE command.

YL Sets the operation of the Modbus master function

Syntax	YL p1,p2,p3<terminator>
p1	Read cycle 100MS, 200MS, 500MS, 1S, 2S, 5S, 10S, 20S, 30S, or 1MIN
p2	Communication timeout value 100MS, 200MS, 500MS, 1S, 2S, 5S, 10S, 20S, 30S, or 1MIN
p3	Retrials OFF, 1 to 5, 10, or 20
Query	YL?
Example	Set the read cycle to 500 ms, timeout to 250 ms, and retrials to 2. YL 500MS,250MS,2
Description	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This command is valid when the serial interface protocol is set to "Master." For serial interface settings, see chapter 3, "Serial Interface." The settings changed with this command are applied when they are saved using the XE command. An error will occur if the interface is set to LAN/RS-232 or LAN/RS-485 and you try to set the read cycle to a value less than 5 s. Set the read cycle to a value greater than or equal to 5 s.

YM Sets the command of the Modbus master function**When not setting a command**

Syntax	YM p1,p2<terminator>
p1	Registration number 1 to 32
p2	Presence or absence of the command OFF
Query	YM[p1]?
Example	Do not set a command to command registration number 1. YM 1,OFF

When setting a command

Syntax	YM p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>
p1	Registration number 1 to 32
p2	Presence or absence of the command ON
p3	First channel number C01 to C30 (corresponds to CO01 to CO30), CO01 to CO32
p4	Last channel number C01 to C30 (corresponds to CO01 to CO30), CO01 to CO32
p5	Slave device address (1 to 247)
p6	First register number 30001 to 39999, 300001 to 365535, 40001 to 49999,

	400001 to 465535
p7	Type of data assigned to the register INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, UINT32_L, FLOAT_B, or FLOAT_L

Query YM[p1]?

Example Register the following command in command registration number 2: Read the 32-bit signed integer data that is assigned to registers 30003 (upper 16 bits) and 30004 (lower 16 bits) of the slave device at address 5 into C02 of the XL100.
YM 2,ON,C02,C02,5,30003,INT32_B

Description • This command is valid when the serial interface protocol is set to "Master." For serial interface settings, see chapter 3, "Serial Interface."
• The settings changed with this command are applied when they are saved using the XE command.

YU Sets the contents to be transmitted by e-mail.**When sending the changes in the alarm status**

Syntax	YU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10, p11,p12<terminator>
p1	Content to be sent ALARM
p2	Enable/Disable recipient 1 ON or OFF
p3	Enable/Disable recipient 2 ON or OFF
p4	Reserved
p5	Reserved
p6	Reserved
p7	Reserved
p8	Enable/disable attachment of instantaneous data ON, OFF
p9	Enable/disable attachment of source URL ON or OFF
p10	Subject (up to 32 characters)
p11	Header 1 (up to 64 characters)
p12	Header 2 (up to 64 characters)
Query	YU[p1]?
Example	Transmit the alarm including instantaneous data but not including the source URL to recipient 1. The subject is "ALM", header 1 is "LP2", and header 2 is "LP3". YU ALARM,ON,OFF,,,,,ON,OFF,ALM,LP2,LP3

When sending e-mail at scheduled times

Syntax	YU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10, p11,p12,p13,p14,p15,p16, p17<terminator>
p1	Content to be sent TIME
p2	Enable/Disable recipient 1 ON or OFF
p3	Interval for sending e-mail to recipient 1 1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, or 24H
p4	Time when sending e-mail to recipient 1 HH:MM
p5	Enable/Disable recipient 2 ON or OFF

p6	Interval for sending e-mail to recipient 2 1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, or 24H
p7	Time when sending e-mail to recipient 2 HH:MM
p8	Enable/disable attachment of instantaneous data ON or OFF
p9	Enable/disable attachment of source URL ON or OFF
p10	Recipient 1 subject (up to 32 characters)
p11	Recipient 1 header 1 (up to 64 characters)
p12	Recipient 1 header 2 (up to 64 characters)
p13	Recipient 2 attachment of instantaneous data enable/disable ON or OFF
p14	Recipient 2 attachment of source URL enable/disable ON or OFF
p15	Recipient 2 subject (up to 32 characters)
p16	Recipient 2 header 1 (up to 64 characters)
p17	Recipient 2 header 2 (up to 64 characters)
Query	YU[p1]?
Example	Send e-mail at 17 hours 15 minutes every day to recipient 1. Do not include instantaneous data but include the source URL. The subject is "GOOD", header 1 is "LP2", and header 2 is "LP3". Send e-mail at 8 hours 30 minutes every day to recipient 2. Include instantaneous data but not the source URL. The subject is "(XL100) MORNINGDATA", header 1 is "XL100", and header 2 is "TEMPERATURE". YU TIME,ON,24H,17:15,ON,24H,08:30,OFF,ON,GOOD,LP2,LP3,ON,OFF,(XL100)MORNING,XL100,TEMPERATURE

When sending system notifications

Syntax	YU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,p11,p12<terminator> p1 Content to be sent SYSTEM p2 Enable/Disable recipient 1 ON or OFF p3 Enable/Disable recipient 2 ON or OFF p4 Enable/disable attachment of source URL ON or OFF p5 Subject (up to 32 alphanumeric characters) p6 Header 1 (up to 64 alphanumeric characters) p7 Reserved p8 Include instantaneous data ON or OFF p9 Attachment of source URL enable/disable ON or OFF p10 Subject (up to 32 characters) p11 Header 1 (up to 64 characters) p12 Header 2 (up to 64 characters)
Query	YU[p1]?
Example	Send system notification e-mail messages including the source URL to recipient 1. The subject is "SystemAlert", and header 1 is "LP2". YU SYSTEM,ON,OFF,,,,ON,ON,SystemAlert,LP2

YV Sets the e-mail transmission recipient address

Syntax	YV p1,p2<terminator> p1 Recipient selection Recipient 1: 1 Recipient 2: 2 p2 Recipient address (up to 10 addresses and 150 characters)
Query	YV[p1]?
Example	Set recipient 1 to "Cont@good.com" and "Adm@good.com". YV 1,Cont@good.com,Adm@good.com
Description	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To set multiple recipients, separate each recipient with a comma. For e-mail settings, see section 2.11, "Setting the E-mail Transmission Function" and 2.13, "Starting/Stopping E-mail Transmissions."

YW Sets the e-mail transmission sender address

Syntax	YW p1<terminator> p1 Sender address (up to 64 characters)
Query	YW?
Example	Set the sender address to "XL100". YW XL100
Description	For e-mail settings, see section 2.11, "Setting the E-mail Transmission Function" and 2.13, "Starting/Stopping E-mail Transmissions."

YX Sets the e-mail SMTP server name and e-mail transmission

Syntax	YX p1,p2,p3<terminator> p1 SMTP server name (up to 64 characters) p2 Port number 0 to 65535 p3 E-mail transmission ON: ON OFF: OFF
Query	YX?
Example	Set the SMTP server to "mhs.good.com", the port number to "25", and the e-mail transmission to ON. YX mhs.good.co.jp,25,ON
Description	For e-mail settings, see section 2.11, "Setting the E-mail Transmission Function" and 2.13, "Starting/Stopping E-mail Transmissions."

YZ Sets the user registration.**When setting the administrator**

Syntax	YZ p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator> p1 Administrator 0 p2 Register ON: ON OFF: OFF p3 Administrator name (up to 16 characters) p4 Password (up to 6 characters)
Query	YZ [p1]?

5.7 Basic Setting Commands

Example Set the administrator name to YMI, the administrator registration to ON, and the password to XL100.

YZ 0,ON,YMI,XL100

Description

- When turning off the administrator registration, the Ethernet login, Web browsing, and key login settings must be set to administrator privileges with the user registration turned ON.
- The query response of parameter p4 is ***** (the specified password is not returned).

When setting the user

Syntax YZ p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>

p1 User 1 to 6

p2 Register

ON: ON

OFF: OFF

p3 Administrator name (up to 16 characters)

p4 Password (up to 6 characters)

p5 Ethernet login registration

Administrator privileges: ADMIN

User privileges: USER

p6 Web browsing registration

Administrator privileges: ADMIN

User privileges: USER

p7 Key login registration

Administrator privileges: ADMIN

User privileges: USER

Query YZ [p1]?

Example Set the registration of user 1 to ON, the user name to YMIUSER, the registration to ON, and the password to XL100. Set the Ethernet login and Web browsing to administrator privileges and key login to user privileges.

YZ 1,ON,YMIUSER,XL100,ADMIN,ADMIN,USER

Description

- If a user has administrator privileges for Ethernet login, Web browsing, or key login and wishes to change it to user privileges or turn the registration OFF, the administrator registration must be turned ON, or another user whose registration is turned ON must have administrator privileges for that item.
- The query response of parameter p4 is ***** (the specified password is not returned).

IU Sets the USB ID

Syntax IU p1<terminator>

p1 USB ID number 0 to 31

Query IU?

Example Set the USB ID number to 10.

IU10

Description The setting changed with this command is applied when it is saved using the XE command.

XF Sets the save mode

When setting the file division to no division

Syntax XF p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Memory full operation

Stop: STOP

Repeat: REPEAT

Delete: DELETE

p2 File division

No division: 0

Query XF?

Example Set the memory full operation stop and the file division to no division.

XF STOP,0

Description An error will occur if the data type of the data save operation is set to ASCII and you try to set the memory full operation to REPEAT or DELETE.

When setting the file division to division

Syntax XF p1,p2,p3<terminator>

p1 Memory full operation

Stop: STOP

Repeat: REPEAT

Delete: DELETE

p2 File division

Division: 1

p3 Division time (m)

1 to 527040

Query XF?

Example Set the memory full operation stop and the file division to division (1 hour).

XF STOP,1,60

Description If you are setting the division time, set the division time so that it is an integer multiple of the sampling interval. Otherwise, an error will occur.

YY Sets the mail authentication.

Syntax YY p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

p1 Mail authentication

OFF: OFF

POP before SMTP: POP

p2 Server name (up to 64 characters)

p3 Account name (up to 32 characters)

p4 Password (up to 32 characters)

Query YY?

Example When disabling mail authentication

YY OFF

Description The query response of parameter p4 is ***** (the specified password is not returned).

5.8 Output Commands (Control)

BO Sets the byte output order

Syntax BO p1<terminator>
 p1 Byte order
 Output the data MSB first: 0
 Output the data LSB first: 1

Query BO?

Example Output the data MSB first.
 BO 0

Description This command applies to the byte order of numerical data during binary output.

CS Sets the checksum

Syntax CS p1<terminator>
 p1 Checksum enable/disable
 Disable: 0
 Enable: 1

Query CS?

Example Enable the checksum.
 CS 1

Description Can be used only during serial communications.

IF Sets the status filter

Syntax IF p1<terminator>
 p1 Status filter value
 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255

Query IF?

Example Set the status filter value to 1.0.4.0.
 IF 1.0.4.0

Description For details, see chapter 7, "Status."

CC Disconnects the Ethernet connection

Syntax CC p1<terminator>
 p1 Connection disconnect 0

Query IF?

Example Disconnect the Ethernet connection.
 CC 0

Description Can be used only during Ethernet communications.

Note

Initialization of BO/CS/IF command settings

- For serial communication
 Settings entered using the BO/CS/IF commands revert to their initial values when the XL100 is reset, when the XL100 is power cycled, or when the XE command is executed normally.
 - Byte output order, checksum: 0
 - Status filter: 000.000.000.000
 If the XL100 is reset, you must reconfigure these settings.
- For Ethernet communications
 Settings entered using the BO/IF commands revert to their initial values when the connection to the XL100 is cut. After

reconnecting the XL100, you must reconfigure the settings.

IA Outputs IPv4 information (query only).

Syntax IA p1,p2,p3<terminator>
 p1 IP address
 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255
 p2 Subnet mask
 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255
 p3 Default gateway
 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255

Query IA?

Example Output the current IPv4 information.
 IA?

Description If DHCP is ON, the address that is automatically assigned is output. If DHCP is OFF, the fixed address that you assigned is output.

IB Outputs IPv6 information (query only).

Syntax IB p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6<terminator>
 p1 Default gateway
 OFF,xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx%6
 p2 Global
 OFF,xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx%6
 p3 Link local
 OFF,xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx%4
 p4 6to4
 OFF,xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx%6
 p5 Automatic tunnel 1
 OFF,xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx%6
 p6 Automatic tunnel 2
 OFF,xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx%6

Query IB?

Example Output the current IPv6 information.
 IB?

ID Outputs the system data (query only)

Syntax ID p1, p2, p3, p4<terminator>
 p1 Maker name YOKOGAWA
 p2 Model XL100
 p3 XL100 serial number
 16 characters
 p4 Terminal block serial number
 16 characters
 p5 Firmware revision
 Fx.xx
 (where x.xx are alphanumeric characters)

Query ID?

5.8 Output Commands (Control)

Description Parameter p4, the terminal block serial number, is undefined if the terminal block unit is not connected.

IT Outputs terminal block status (query only).

Syntax IT p1<terminator>
 p1 Terminal block status
 When the 8-ch terminal block is connected 0
 When the 16-ch terminal block is connected
 1
 When the terminal block is not connected 3

Query IT?

5.9 Output Commands (Setting/Masurement/Data Output)

FC Outputs the screen image data

Syntax FC p1<terminator>
 p1 Screen image data output GET
Example Output the screen image data from the XL100.
 FC GET
Description Captures the current displayed screen on the XL100 and outputs the data in BMP format.

FE Outputs the setting data

Syntax FE p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,p11<terminator>
 p1 Output data type
 Setting data of setting commands: 0
 Decimal place and unit information: 1
 Setting data of basic setting commands: 2
 Reserved: 3
 Reserved: 4
 p2 First channel number
 For 8 ch input: 01 to 08,
 For 16 ch input: 01 to 16
 <Numeric value> 00(OFF)
 p3 Last channel number
 For 8 ch input: 01 to 08,
 For 16 ch input: 01 to 16
 <Numeric value> 00(OFF)
 p4 First pulse measurement channel number:
 PL01
 p5 Last pulse measurement channel number:
 PL01
 p6 First logic input channel number
 DI01 to DI02
 p7 Last logic input channel number
 DI01 to DI02
 p8 First calculation channel number
 CA01 to CA32
 p9 Last calculation channel number
 CA01 to CA32
 p10 First communication channel number
 CO01 to CO32
 p11 Last communication channel number
 CO01 to CO32
Example Get the decimal place and unit for channels 01 to 12 and pulse channel.
 FE 1,01,12,PL01,PL01
Description • Set the first channel number and last channel number parameters so that the last channel number is greater than or equal to the first channel number.
 • Parameters p2, p3, p4, p5, p6, p7, p8, p9, p10, and p11 are valid when p1 is set to 0, 1, or 2.

FD Outputs the most recent measured/calculated data

Syntax FD p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,p11,p12,p13<terminator>
 p1 Output data type
 Output the most recent measured/computed data in ASCII format: 0
 Output the most recent measured/computed data in BINARY format: 1
 Reserved: 4, 5
 p2 First channel number
 For 8 ch input: 01 to 08
 For 16 ch input: 01 to 16
 p3 Last channel number
 For 8 ch input: 01 to 08
 For 16 ch input: 01 to 16
 p4 First pulse measurement channel number
 PL01
 p5 Last pulse measurement channel number
 PL01
 p6 First logic input channel number
 DI01 to DI02
 p7 Last logic input channel number
 DI01 to DI02
 p8 First calculation channel number
 CA01 to CA32
 p9 Last calculation channel number
 CA01 to CA32
 p10 First communication channel number
 CO01 to CO32
 p11 Last communication channel number
 CO01 to CO32
 p12 First expanded pulse measurement channel number
 PX01
 p13 Last expanded pulse measurement channel number
 PX01
Example Output from the XL100 the most recent measurement of channels 1 to 5, pulse measurement data, and logic measurement data 1 and 2 and the computed data of channels 1 to 5 in ASCII format.
 FD 0,01.05,PL01,PL01,DI01,DI02,CA01,CA05,,
Description • The most recent measured/computed data corresponds to the most recent measured/computed data in the internal memory when the XL100 receives the FD command.
 • Set the first channel number and last channel number parameters so that the last channel number is greater than or equal to the first channel number.

5.9 Output Commands (Setting/Measurement/Data Output)

- The operation when P4 and P5 is set to PL01 is described below.
- When the scaling (pulse) of the XL100 is OFF
If the measured value exceeds the upper limit of the specified range
- ASCII format syntax
+Over: 0 P01 c +99999E+99
(where c is the unit information)
- BINARY format (16-bit unsigned integer)
+Over: FFFFH
- When the scaling of the XL100 is ON
Returns +over if the measured value exceeds +30000 (excluding the decimal point) and -over if the measured value is below -30000 (excluding the decimal point).
- ASCII format syntax
+Over: 0 P01 c +99999E+99
(where c is the unit information)
-Over: 0 P01 c -99999E-99
(where c is the unit information)
- BINARY format (16-bit signed integer)
+Over: 7FFFH
-Over: 8001H
- If parameters P12 and P13 are set to PX01, the response for both ASCII and BINARY outputs is returned as calculation data.

FL Outputs the log and alarm summary

Syntax FL p1,p2<terminator>
p1 Log type
Communication: COM
FTP client: FTPC
Error message: ERR
Key login: KEY
Web operation: WEB
E-mail: EMAIL
Alarm summary: ALARM
Reserved: MSG
p2 Maximum read length of the log
When p1 is COM: 1 to 200
When p1 is ALARM: 1 to 120
When p1 is some type other than the above:
1 to 50

Example Output the 10 most recent error message logs.
FL ERR,10

Description • Outputs the log that is stored in the XL100.
• If p2 is omitted, all written logs are output.

IS Outputs status information

Syntax IS p1<terminator>
p1 Status information output 0
Example Output status information.

IS 0

Description The output status can be masked using the status filter (IF command).

FU Outputs the user level

Syntax FU p1<terminator>
p1 User information output 0
Example Output user information.
FU 0

Description Outputs the information of the user currently connected to the XL100. For details, see section 6.2, "Response Syntax."

ME Outputs the data stored on the storage medium

Syntax ME p1,p2,p3<terminator>
p1 Operation type
Output the file list: DIR
Output (first time): GET
Output (subsequent times). This parameter is used to output the remaining data when the first output operation is not adequate:
NEXT
Retransmit the previous output: RESEND
Delete: DEL
Outputs the subsequent file list after the file list is output using the DIRNEXT DIR command. The number of output lists is the p3 value specified with the DIR command. If this command is executed after all lists have been output, only the free space of the storage medium is output.
p2 Path name (up to 150 characters)
Setting memory:
/SETMEMORY/file name
Internal memory:
/INTERNALMEMORY/file name
CF memory card:
/CFCARD/file name
SD memory card:
/SDCARD/file name
p3 Maximum number of output file lists
1 to 100
If omitted, all the file lists in the specified directory are output.

Example • Output the list of all files on the CF memory card.
ME DIR,/CFCARD/
• Output 10 files of the file list on the CF memory card.
ME DIR,/CFCARD/,10
• Output the list of all files in the DATA0 directory on the CF memory card.
ME DIR,/CFCARD/DATA0/*.*
• Output the list of all display data files in the DATA0 directory of the CF memory card.

ME DIR, /CFCARD/DATA0/* .BMP

- Output the data in the file 72615100.DLO in the DATA0 directory on the CF memory card.

ME GET, /CFCARD/DATA0/72615100.DLO

- Description
- This command is valid for the specified save destination and load destination medium.
 - Parameter p2 is valid when p1 is set to DIR, GET, or DEL.
 - Parameter p3 is valid when p1 is set to DIR.
 - This command can be used to output data over the communication interface (Ethernet or serial) that was selected with the XO command.
 - If an error occurs during data transmission, (p1=) RESEND can be used to retransmit the data.

5.10 Output Commands (RS-485 Dedicated Commands)

ESC O Opens the device

The ASCII code of ESC is 1BH.

See appendix 1, "ASCII Character Codes."

Syntax `ESC O p1<terminator>`
 `p1` Device address 01 to 99

Example Open the device at address 01, and enable all commands.

`ESC O 01`

- Description • Specifies the address of the device with which to communicate.
- Only one device can be opened at any given time.
 - When a device is opened with the ESC O command, another device that is currently open is automatically closed.
 - When this command is received correctly, the XL100 transmits the data "ESC O".
 - Normally, either CR+LF or LF can be used as a terminator for communication commands. However, the terminator for this command must be set to CR+LF.

ESC C Closes the device

The ASCII code of ESC is 1BH.

See appendix 1, "ASCII Character Codes."

Syntax `ESC C p1<terminator>`
 `p1` Device address 01 to 99

Example Close the device whose address is 01.

`ESC C 01`

- Description • Clears the current connection with the device.
- When this command is received correctly, the XL100 transmits the data "ESC C".
 - Normally, either CR+LF or LF can be used as a terminator for communication commands. However, the terminator for this command must be set to CR+LF.

5.11 Maintenance/Test Commands (Available when using the maintenance/test server function via Ethernet communications)

close Disconnects the connection between other devices

Syntax `close,p1,p2:p3<terminator>`

p1 Port on the XL100 side
0 to 65535

p2 IP address on the PC side
0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255

p3 Port on the PC side
0 to 65535

Example

```
close,349,192.168.111.24:1054
E0
```

Description This command cannot be used to disconnect a server port. Also, it cannot disconnect the XL100 being operated. Use the quit command for this purpose.

con Outputs connection information

Syntax `con<terminator>`

Example

```
con
EA
00/00/00 12:34:56
Active connections
Proto Local Address Foreign Address
State
TCP 192.168.111. 24:34159
192.168.111. 24:1053 ESTABLISHED
TCP 0. 0. 0. 0:34155 0. 0. 0. 0: 0
LISTEN
TCP 0. 0. 0. 0:34159 0. 0. 0. 0: 0
LISTEN
TCP 0. 0. 0. 0:34150 0. 0. 0. 0: 0
LISTEN
EN

TCP: Protocol used
Local Address: The XL100 socket address.
Displays "IP address:port number"
Foreign Address: The destination socket address.
Displays "IP address:port number"
State: Connection status
ESTABLISHED: Connection established
```

eth Outputs Ethernet statistical information

Syntax `eth<terminator>`

Example

```
eth
EA
00/00/00 12:34:56
Ethernet Statistics
```

```
Name In Pkt In Err Out Pkt Out Err 16
Coll
lo0 0 0 0 0 0
mb0 74 0 64 0 0
EN
```

help Outputs help

Syntax `help [,p1]<terminator>`

p1 Command name
(close, con, eth, help, net, quit)

Example

```
help
EA
con - echo connection information
eth - echo ethernet information
help - echo help
net - echo network status
quit - close this connection
EN
```

net Outputs network statistical information

Syntax `net<terminator>`

Example

```
net
EA
05/12/08 15:37:12
Network Status

TCP6 Statistics:
-----
Active Opens = 0
Passive Opens = 0
Connect Attempt Fails = 0
Reset Connections = 0
Current Connections = 0
Segments Received = 0
Segments Sent = 0
Segments Retransmitted = 0
Errors Received = 0
Sgmnts sent w/Reset Flag = 0
Cumulative Connections = 4
Time-Out Algorithm = 4
Time-Out Minimim = 300
Time-Out Maximum = 240000
Maximum Connections = Dynamic(-1)
```

```
TCP Statistics:
-----
Active Opens = 0
Passive Opens = 59
Connect Attempt Fails = 0
```

5.11 Maintenance/Test Commands

```
Reset Connections = 4
Current Connections = 1
Segments Received = 910
Segments Sent = 1155
Segments Retransmitted = 1
Errors Received = 0
Sgmnts sent w/Reset Flag = 7
Cumulative Connections = 7
Time-Out Algorithm = 4
Time-Out Minimum = 300
Time-Out Maximum = 120000
Maximum Connections = Dynamic(-1)

UDP6 Statistics:
-----
Datagrams Received = 0
No Ports = 0
Receive Errors = 0
Datagrams Sent = 0
Number UDP entries = 1

UDP Statistics:
Datagrams Received = 3806
No Ports = 131684
Receive Errors = 0
Datagrams Sent = 77
Number UDP entries = 2

IP6 Statistics:
-----
Packets Received = 0
Received Header Errors = 0
Received Address Errors = 0
Datagrams Forwarded = 0
Unknown Protocols Received = 0
Received Packets Discarded = 0
Received Packets Delivered = 0
Output Requests = 0
Routing Discards = 0
Discarded Output Packets = 0
Output Packet No Route = 0
Reassembly Required = 0
Reassembly Successful = 0
Reassembly Failures = 0
Datagrams Fragmented OK = 0
Datagrams Fragmented Fail = 0
Fragments Created = 0
DefaultTTL = 128
Datagrams All Frgs Not Rcvd = 120
Number of Interfaces = 5
Number of Addresses = 4
Number of Routes in Table = 0
Forwarding Enabled = 2

IP Statistics:
-----
Packets Received = 272870

Received Header Errors = 0
Received Address Errors = 446
Datagrams Forwarded = 0
Unknown Protocols Received = 0
Received Packets Discarded = 0
Received Packets Delivered = 136402
Output Requests = 1236
Routing Discards = 0
Discarded Output Packets = 0
Output Packet No Route = 0
Reassembly Required = 0
Reassembly Successful = 0
Reassembly Failures = 0
Datagrams Fragmented OK = 0
Datagrams Fragmented Fail = 0
Fragments Created = 0
DefaultTTL = 128
Datagrams All Frgs Not Rcvd = 60
Number of Interfaces = 2
Number of Addresses = 2
Number of Routes in Table = 7
Forwarding Enabled = 2

ICMP6 Statistics Received Sent
-----
Messages 0 87
Errors 0 0
Destination Unreachable
0 0
Packet Too Big 0 0
Time Exceeded 0 0
Param Problem 0 0
Echo Request 0 0
Echo Reply 0 0
Membership Query 0 0
Membership report 0 29
Membership reduction
0 0
Router Solicitation 0 43
Router Advertisement 0 0
Neighbor Solicitation
0 15
Neighbor Advertisement
0 0
Redirect 0 0

ICMP Statistics Received
Sent
Messages 2 4
Errors 0 1
Destination Unreachable
0 1
Time Exceeded 0 0
Parmeter Problems 0 0
Source Quenches 0 0
Redirects 0 0
Echos 2 0
```


Echo Replies	0	2
Timestamps	0	0
Timestamp Replies	0	0
Address Masks	0	0
Address Mask Replies	0	0

EN

Description

TCP6 Statistics:

This section displays the statistics related to TCP (bidirectional communication protocol for achieving reliable stream communication) of IPv6.

TCP Statistics:

This section displays the statistics related to TCP (bidirectional communication protocol for achieving reliable stream communication) of IPv4.

Active Opens:

The total number of connections opened actively. This is the number of times the connection requested from the XL100 to the external server standing by that was established.

Passive Opens:

The total number of connections opened passively. This is the number of times the XL100, the server, accepted the connection request from the outside.

Connect Attempt Fails:

The number of times the connection request failed.

Reset Connections:

The number of times the connection was rejected in the middle.

Current Connections:

The total number of TCP connections currently active.

Segments Receive:

The total number of received segments.

Segments Sent:

The total number of transmitted segments.

Segments Retransmitted:

The total number of segments that were retransmitted when receive acknowledge was not returned from the peer.

Errors Received:

The total number of received segments with errors.

Sgmnts sent w/Reset Flag:

The total number of transmitted segments with a reset flag.

Cumulative Connections:

The cumulative number of connections.

Time-Out Algorithm:

The timeout algorithm type.

Time-Out Minimum:

The minimum timeout value for retransmission.

Time-Out Maximum:

The maximum timeout value for retransmission.

Maximum Connections:

The maximum number of connections.

UDP6 Statistics:

This section displays the statistics related to UDP (unreliable datagram communication protocol) of IPv6.

UDP Statistics:

This section displays the statistics related to UDP (unreliable datagram communication protocol) of IPv4.

Datagrams Received:

The total number of received UDP packets.

No Ports:

The total number of received packets without the service (program) that the UDP packet contains.

Receive Errors:

The total number of UDP packets that could not be delivered to the higher level service due to an error or another reason.

Datagrams Sent:

The total number of transmitted UDP packets.

Number UDP entries:

The total number of entries in the UDP listener table.

IP6 Statistics:

This section displays various statistics related to the IPv6 protocol.

IP4 Statistics:

This section displays various statistics related to the IPv4 protocol.

Packets Received:

The total number of IP packets received from all network interfaces.

Received Header Errors:

The total number of IP packets that were discarded due to some error in the IP header such as a checksum error or an incorrect version number.

Received Address Errors:

The total number of IP packets that were discarded due to an invalid destination IP address (such as 0.0.0.0).

Datagrams Forwarded:

The total number of IP packets that were forwarded (routed to another interface) on the machine operating as a router.

Unknown Protocols Received:

The total number of IP packets with an undefined higher level protocol (invalid number) in the IP header.

Received Packets Discarded:

The total number of IP packets that were received but were discarded or rejected due to insufficient buffer area, a firewall function (OS-embedded), etc.

Received Packets Delivered:

The total number of IP packets that were sent to a higher level protocol stack such as ICMP, TCP, or UDP.

Output Requests:

The total number of IP packets sent externally.

Routing Discards:

The total number of IP packets that were discarded, because the packets could not be routed such as due to a configuration error in the routing table.

Discarded Output Packets:

The total number of IP packets that were discarded without being sent or rejected due to insufficient buffer area or a block provided by a firewall function (OS-embedded), etc.

Output Packet No Route:

The total number of IP packets that were discarded, because the packets could not be routed such as due to an undefined destination.

Reassembly Required:

The total number of received fragmented packets (incomplete IP packets).

Reassembly Successful:

The number of times the reassembly of fragments were successful. In other words, this is the total number of complete IP packets that were reassembled from fragments.

Reassembly Failures:

The total number of fragment reassembly failures such as due to a timeout (all the fragments were not collected within a given time) or insufficient resource.

Datagrams Fragmented OK:

The total number of transmission IP packets that were fragmented at the time of transmission.

Datagrams Fragmented Fail:

The total number of transmission IP packets that failed in the fragmentation.

Fragments Created:

The total number of fragmented packets created by fragmenting the transmission IP packet.

DefaultTTL:

The default TTL (Time To Live) of transmission IP packets.

Datagrams All Frgs Not Rcvd:

The number of IP packets whose fragmented packets could not be received in whole.

Number of Interfaces:

The number of interfaces.

Number of Addresses:

The number of addresses related to the XL100.

Number of Routes in Table:

The number of routes in the routing table (routing information of the packet's destination) of the XL100.

Forwarding Enabled:

Enabled/Disabled state of IP forwarding

ICMP6 Statistics:

This section displays statistics related to the ICMP6 protocol of IPv6.

ICMP Statistics:

This section displays statistics related to the ICMP protocol.

Messages:

The total number of sent and received ICMP packets.

Errors:

The total number of ICMP packets with errors such as incorrect code or invalid checksum.

Destination Unreachable:

The total number of ICMP message packets that could not be sent to the destination.

Packet Too Big:

The total number of ICMP message packets that were too big.

Time Exceeded:

The total number of ICMP message packets in which the TTL (Time To Live) that determines the maximum number of hops became 0 in the middle of routing.

Parameter Problems:

The total number of ICMP message packets in which the ICMP message parameter is invalid.

Source Quenches:

The total number of ICMP message packets that are sent to control the transmission, because the receiver resource has run out or is about to run out.

Echos:

The total number of ICMP message packets of ICMP Echo (command sent from the sender of ping).

Echo Replies:

The total number of ICMP message packets of ICMP Echo Reply (command returned from the receiver of ping).

Timestamps:

The total number of ICMP message packets of Timestamp Request.

Timestamp Replies:

The total number of ICMP message packets in response to Timestamp Request.

Address Masks:

The total number of ICMP message packets of Address Mask Request.

Address Mask Replies:

The total number of ICMP message packets in response to Address Mask Request.

Redirects:

The total number of ICMP message packets of Redirect (redirect because a better route exists).

Membership Query:

The total number of ICMPV6 message packets of Membership Query.

Membership report:

The total number of ICMPV6 message packets of Membership Report in response to Membership Request.

Membership reduction:

The total number of ICMPV6 message packets of Membership Reduction.

Router Solicitation:

The total number of ICMPV6 Router Solicitation message packets.

Router Advertisement:

The total number of ICMPV6 Router Advertisement message packets.

Neighbor Solicitation:

The total number of ICMPV6 Neighbor Solicitation message packets.

Neighbor Advertisement:

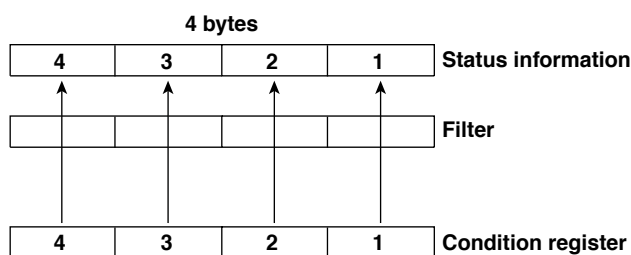
The total number of ICMPV6 Neighbor Advertisement message packets.

quit **Disconnects the connection of the device being operated**

Syntax quit<terminator>

6.1 Status Information and Filter

The following figure illustrates the status information and filter on the RDXL120.



- The IF command can be used to set the filter.
- When a status indicated on the following page is entered, the corresponding bit in the condition register is set to "1." The logical AND of the condition register and the filter becomes the status information.
- The IS command is used to output the status information. Status information 1 and 2 are cleared when they are output. Status information 3 and 4 are not cleared when it is output, and remains at "1" while the event is occurring.
- When multiple connections are up, filters can be specified for the individual connection. Therefore, the status information can be held for each connection.

6.2 Bit Structure of the Status Information

The four groups of status information described below are output in response to a status information output request using the IS command. For the output format, see “ASCII Output Response Syntax” in section 5.2, “Response Syntax.”

Status Information 1

Bit	Name	Description
0	–	–
1	Medium access complete	Set to 1 when the display, manual sampled, or screen image data file is finished being saved to the external storage medium. Set to 1 when setting data is successfully saved or loaded.
2	–	–
3	–	–
4	–	–
5	–	–
6	–	–
7	–	–

Status Information 2

Bit	Name	Description
0	Measurement dropout	Set to 1 when the measurement process could not keep up.
1	Decimal point/unit information	Set to 1 when the decimal point/unit information is change changed.
2	Command error	Set to 1 when there is a command syntax error.
3	Execution error	Set to 1 when an error occurs during command execution.
4	–	–
5	–	–
6	–	–
7	–	–

Status Information 3

Bit	Name	Description
0	–	–
1	–	–
2	Memory end	Set to 1 while the free space in the internal memory or external storage medium is low.
3	–	–
4	–	–
5	–	–
6	–	–
7	–	–

Status Information 4

Bit	Name	Description
0	Basic setting	Set to 1 while basic setting is in progress.
1	Memory sampling	Set to 1 while data are being acquired to the internal memory.
2	Logging (standby)	Set to 1 while logging (standby).
3	Alarm activated	Set to 1 while the alarm is activated.
4	Accessing medium	Set to 1 when the display, manual sampled, or screen image data file is being saved to the external storage medium.
5	E-mail started	Set to 1 while the e-mail transmission is started.
6	–	–
7	–	–

7.1 Error Messages Related to Settings

This section gives a list of error codes and messages of the RDXL120 and their corrective action. Error responses to communication commands are output in English.

Setting Errors

Code	Message	Description/Corrective Action
1	System error.	Contact the vendor from which you purchased the product.
2	Incorrect date or time setting.	—
3	A disabled channel is selected.	—
4	Incorrect function parameter.	—
5	The input numerical value exceeds the set range.	Enter a correct value.
6	Incorrect input character string.	Enter a correct character string.
7	Too many characters.	Enter the correct number of characters.
8	Incorrect input mode.	—
9	Incorrect input range code.	—
21	Cannot set an alarm for a skipped channel.	—
22	The upper and lower span limits are equal.	—
22	The upper and lower scale limits are equal.	—
40	Incorrect group set character string.	—
41	There is no specified input channel.	—
42	Exceeded the number of channels which can be set.	—
61	There is no channel specified by the MATH expression.	—
62	MATH expression grammar is incorrect.	—
63	MATH expression sequence is incorrect.	—
64	MATH upper and lower span values are equal.	—
70	The range of the MATH constant is exceeded.	—
71	Set range of the MATH constant is exceeded.	—
81	All space or 'quit' string cannot be specified.	—
83	Duplicate used combination of user ID and password.	—
85	The login password is incorrect.	—
86	The key-lock release password is incorrect.	—
87	This key is locked.	—
88	This function is locked.	—
89	Press [FUNC] key to login.	—
90	No permission to enter to the SETUP mode.	—
91	Password is incorrect.	—
92	Press [ESC] key to change to the operation mode.	Press ESC.
93	String including space or all space cannot be specified.	Spaces are not allowed in the Web browser user name and password.
94	More than one address cannot be specified.	Only one sender address is allowed.
100	IP address doesn't belong to class A, B, or C.	—
101	The result of the masked IP address is all 0s or 1s.	—
102	SUBNET mask is incorrect.	—
103	The net part of default gateway is not equal to that of IP address.	—
104	FTP client failed because the memory mode is 'manual'.	—

Execution Errors

Code	Message	Description/Corrective Action
150	This action is not possible because sampling is in progress.	–
151	This action is not possible during sampling or calculating.	–
152	This action is not possible because saving is in progress.	Wait for the data save operation to complete.
153	This action is not possible because formatting is in progress.	Wait for the format operation to complete.
155	The message is not written while sampling is stopped.	–
160	Cannot load the specified data. Change the memory setting.	–

7.2 Error Messages Related to Operation

This section gives a list of error codes and messages of the RDXL120 and their corrective action. Error responses to communication commands are output in English.

External Storage Media Operation Errors

Code	Message	Description/Corrective Action
200	Operation aborted because an error was found in media.	Check the external storage medium.
201	Not enough free space on media.	Replace the external storage medium.
202	Media is read-only.	Set the external storage medium to enable writing.
210	Media has not been inserted.	Insert an external storage medium.
211	Media is damaged or not formatted.	Replace the external storage medium or format it.
212	Format error.	Format the external storage medium again.
213	The file is read-only.	Access another file or make the file write-enable.
214	There is no file or directory.	–
215	Exceeded the allowable number of files.	Replace the external storage medium. Delete unneeded files.
216	The file or directory name is incorrect.	–
217	Unknown file type.	Specify another file.
218	Directory exists. Delete the directory or change directory name.	–
219	Invalid file or directory operation.	Tried to delete multiple directory levels.
220	The file is already in use. Try again later.	Wait until the file is accessible.
221	Could not save within the save interval. Aborting the measurement.	Use a recommended medium or set a longer sampling interval.
230	There is no setting file.	Specify another file.
231	Abnormal setting exists in file.	Specify another file.

Review Display Errors

Code	Message	Description/Corrective Action
232	There is no available data.	Displayed when showing the review display. Specify another file.
233	The specified review data do not exist.	Displayed when showing the review display.
234	The specified channel is not assigned to the display group.	–
235	An error occurred while loading the review file.	Check that the data type is binary.

E-mail and Web Server Errors

Code	Message	Description/Corrective Action
260	IP address is not set or ethernet function is not available.	An IP address has not been assigned to the RDXL120. Check the IP address.
261	SMTP server is not found.	Occurs when the SMTP server is specified by name. • Check the DNS setting. • Check the SMTP server name.
262	Cannot initiate E-mail transmission.	• The host name of the RDXL120 is not correct. Check the host name. • The port number setting of the SMTP server is not correct. Check the port number.
263	Sender's address rejected by the server.	Check the sender's address.
264	Some recipients' addresses are invalid.	Check the recipient's address.
265	SMTP protocol error.	May occur if a network failure (cable problems, duplicate addresses, network device failure, and so on) occurs in the middle of the e-mail transmission.
266	Ethernet cable is not connected.	Check the cable connection.
267	Could not connect to SMTP server. to the network.	• Check to see that the SMTP server is connected • If the SMTP server name is specified using an IP address, check to see that the IP address is correct.
268	E-mail transmission request failed.	Contact the vendor from which you purchased the product.
269	E-mail transfer error.	May occur if a network failure (cable problems, duplicate addresses, network device failure, and so on) occurs in the middle of the e-mail transmission.
270	POP authentication failed.	POP server authentication failed. Check the server name, account name, and password.
275	The current image cannot be output to the Web.	The setup display cannot be output to the Web browser. This message is displayed on the Web browser.
276	Image data currently being created. Unable to perform key operation.	Try again a little later. This message is displayed on the Web browser.
277	Could not output screen to Web.	This message is displayed on the Web browser.

7.2 Error Messages Related to Operation

FTP Client Errors

The detail code does not appear in the error message on the screen. You can view the code on the FTP log display of the RDXL120 or using the FTP log output via communications.

Code	Message
280	IP address is not set or FTP function is not available. Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 280. Character String and Details HOSTADDR An IP address has not been assigned to the RDXL120. Check the IP address. DORMANT Internal processing error.*1 LINK Data link is disconnected. Check the cable connection.
281	FTP mail box operation error. Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 281. Character String and Details MAIL Internal processing error. STATUS Internal processing error. TIMEOUT Internal processing error. PRIORITY Internal processing error. NVRAM Internal processing error.
282	FTP control connection error. Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 282. Character String and Details HOSTNAME Failed the DNS lookup (search the IP address corresponding to the host name). Check the DNS setting and the destination host name. TCPIP Internal processing error. UNREACH Failed to connect to a control connection server. Check the address setting and that the server is running. OOBINLINE Internal processing error. NAME Internal processing error. CTRL The control connection does not exist. Check that the server does not drop the connection and that it responds within the proper time period. IAC Failed to respond in the TELNET sequence. Check that the server does not drop the connection and that it responds within the proper time period. ECHO Failed to transmit data on the control connection. Check that the server does not drop the connection and that it responds within the proper time period. REPLY Failed to receive data on the control connection. Check that the server does not drop the connection and that it responds within the proper time period. SERVER The server is not in a condition to provide the service. Check that the server is in a condition in which service can be provided.

Code	Message
283	<p>FTP command was not accepted.</p> <p>Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 283.</p> <hr/> <p>Character String and Details</p> <hr/> <p>USER</p> <p>Failed user name verification.</p> <p>Check the user name setting.</p> <p>PASS</p> <p>Failed password verification.</p> <p>Check the password setting.</p> <p>ACCT</p> <p>Failed account verification.</p> <p>Check the account setting.</p> <p>TYPE</p> <p>Failed to change the transfer type.</p> <p>Check that the server supports the binary transfer mode.</p> <p>CWD</p> <p>Failed to change the directory.</p> <p>Check the initial path setting.</p> <p>PORT</p> <p>Failed to set the transfer connection.</p> <p>Check that the security function is disabled.</p> <p>PASV</p> <p>Failed to set the transfer connection.</p> <p>Check that the server supports PASV commands.</p> <p>SCAN</p> <p>Failed to read the transfer connection settings.</p> <p>Check that proper response to the PASV command is received from the server.</p>
284	<p>FTP transfer setting error.</p> <p>Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 284.</p> <hr/> <p>Character String and Details</p> <hr/> <p>MODE</p> <p>Internal processing error.</p> <p>LOCAL</p> <p>Internal processing error.</p> <p>REMOTE</p> <p>The destination file name is not correct.</p> <p>Check that you have the authority to create or overwrite files.</p> <p>ABORT</p> <p>File transfer abort was requested by the server.</p> <p>Check the server for the reason for the abort request.</p>
285	<p>FTP data connection error.</p> <p>Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 285.</p> <hr/> <p>Character String and Details</p> <hr/> <p>SOCKET</p> <p>Failed to create a socket for the transfer connection.*</p> <p>BIND</p> <p>Failed the transfer connection command.*</p> <p>CONNECT</p> <p>Failed the transfer connection.*</p> <p>LISTEN</p> <p>Failed the transfer connection reception.*</p> <p>ACCEPT</p> <p>Failed to accept the transfer connection.*</p> <p>SOCKNAME</p> <p>Internal processing error.*</p> <p>RECV</p> <p>Failed to receive data over the transfer connection.*</p> <p>SEND</p> <p>Failed to send data over the transfer connection.*</p>

7.2 Error Messages Related to Operation

Code	Message
286	FTP file transfer error. <div>Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 286.</div> <div>Character String and Details</div> <div>READ<div>Internal processing error.</div></div> <div>WRITE<div>Internal processing error.</div></div>
<div>* These errors may occur if the network experiences trouble during the data transmission (bad cable connection, duplicate addresses, network equipment failure).</div>	
<div>Note</div> <div>If the server does not respond within this time period, the transfer fails.</div>	

7.3 Communication Error Messages

This section gives a list of error codes and messages of the RDXL120 and their corrective action. Error responses to communication commands are output in English.

Setting/Basic Setting/Output Communication Command and Setting Data Load Errors

Code	Message
300	Command is too long.
301	Too many number of commands delimited with ';'.
302	This command has not been defined.
303	Data request command can not be enumerated with sub-delimiter.
350	Command is not permitted to the current user level.
351	This command cannot be specified in the current mode.
352	The option is not installed.
353	This command cannot be specified in the current setting.
354	This command is not available during sampling or calculating.

Memory Access Errors Using Setting/Basic Setting/Output Communication Commands

An English error message is returned via the communication interface. It is not shown on the RDXL120 display.

Code	Message
360	Output interface must be chosen from Ethernet or RS by using 'XO' command.
362	There are no data to send 'NEXT' or 'RESEND'.
363	All data have already been transferred.

Maintenance/Test Communication Command Errors

An English error message is returned via the communication interface. It is not shown on the RDXL120 display.

Code	Message
390	Command error.
391	Delimiter error.
392	Parameter error.
393	No permission.
394	No such connection.
395	Use 'quit' to close this connection.
396	Failed to disconnect.

Other Communication Messages+

An English error message is returned via the communication interface. It is not shown on the RDXL120 display.

Code	Message
400	Input username.
401	Input password.
402	Select username from 'admin' or 'user'.
403	Login incorrect, try again!
404	No more login at the specified level is acceptable.
410	Login successful. (The special user level)
411	Login successful. (The general user level)

7.3 Communication Error Messages

Code	Message
------	---------

420	Connection has been lost.
-----	---------------------------

421	The number of simultaneous connection has been exceeded.
-----	--

422	Communication has timed-out.
-----	------------------------------

ModBus Master Error Log

An English error message is returned via the communication interface. It is not shown on the RDXL120 display.

Code	Message
------	---------

700	Data could not be received within communication loop time.
-----	--

701	Connection to some slave is suspended.
-----	--

702	Connection to slave(s) has recovered.
-----	---------------------------------------

Appendix 1 ASCII Character Codes

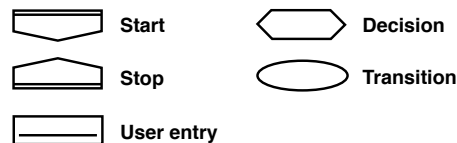
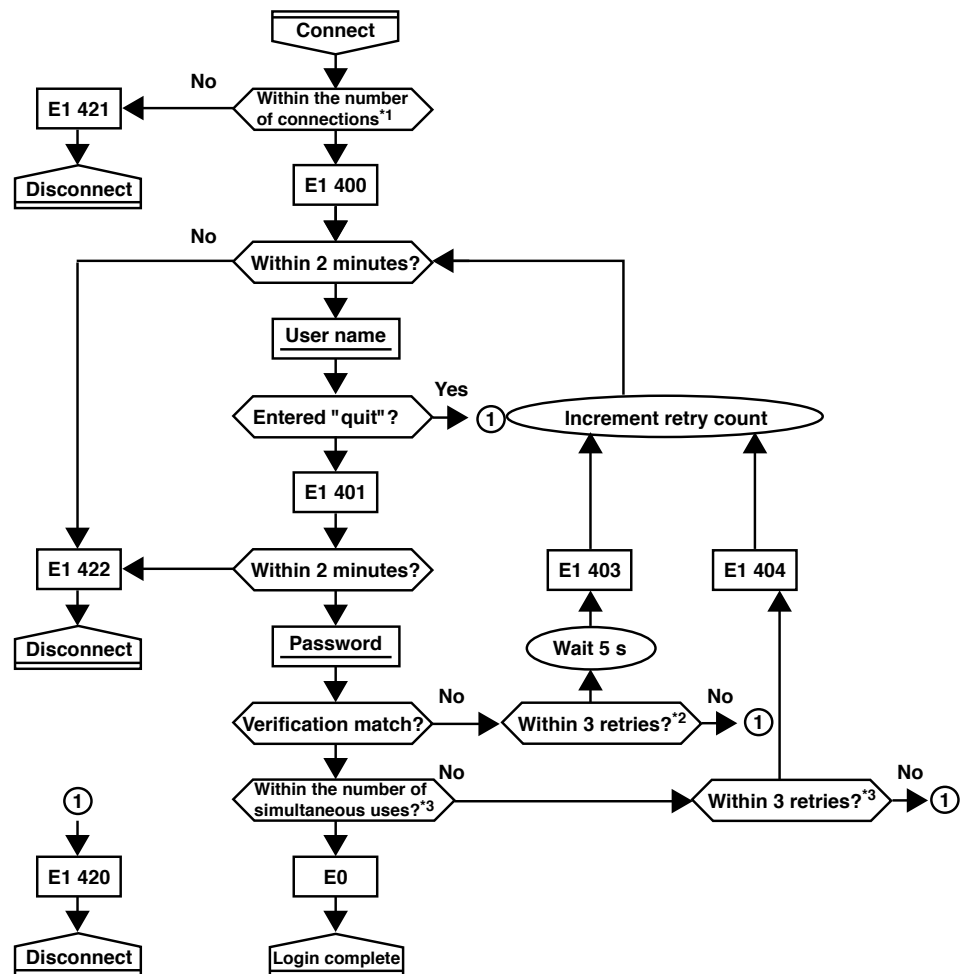
	Upper 4 bits															
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
Lower 4 bits	0		SP	0	@	P		p								
	1		!	1	A	Q	a	q								
	2			2	B	R	b	r								
	3		#	3	C	S	c	s								
	4			4	D	T	d	t								
	5		%	5	E	U	e	u								
	6		&	6	F	V	f	v								
	7			7	G	W	g	w								
	8		(	8	H	X	h	x								
	9		)	9	I	Y	i	y								
	A	LF	*	:	J	Z	j	z								
	B		ESC	+	K	[	k	{								
	C				L	\	l									
	D	CR	-	=	M	]	m	}								
	E		.		N	·	n	~								
	F		/	?	O	_	o									

- Backslashes can be used only to enter the initial path parameter of the FTP client.
- Colons can be used only to enter the server name parameter of an SMTP server, SMTP server, and FTP server.

Appendix 2 Login Process

You log into the RDXL120 from your PC to use the functionality of the setting/measurement server and the maintenance/test server via the Ethernet interface. If you complete the procedure successfully up to login complete in the following figure, the commands in chapter 5 become functional.

When Using the Ethernet Login Function of the RDXL120



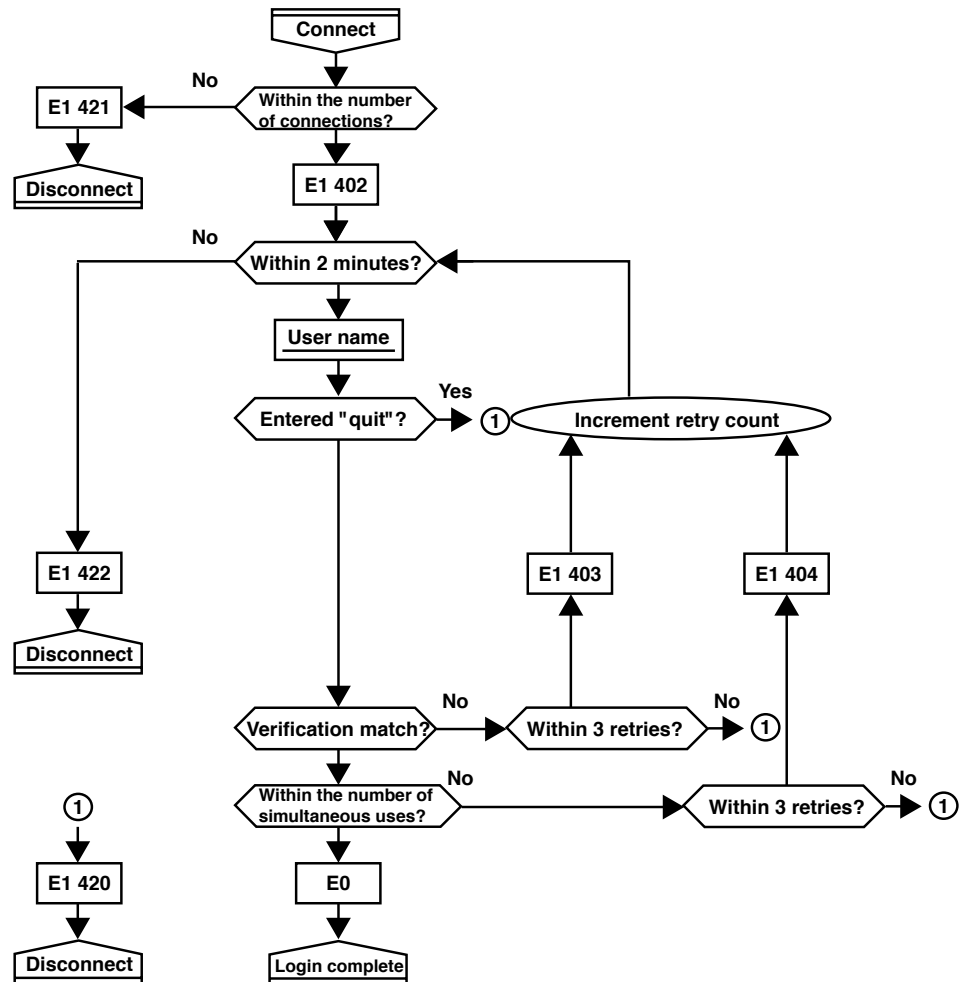
E1 403 Response from the RDXL120 (message omitted)
 For a description of the response format, see section 6.2.
 Code
 (For a description of the codes and messages, see chapter 8, "Error Messages.")

- *1 Connections cannot exceed the maximum number of connections (see section 2.1).
 *2 If you attempt to log in using a wrong password four consecutive times, the communication is dropped (the number of retries for login is three).
 *3 If you attempt to log in causing the number of simultaneous uses at the administrator or user level to be exceeded (see section 2.1) four consecutive times, the communication is dropped (even if the password is correct).

When Not Using the Ethernet Login Function of the RDXL120

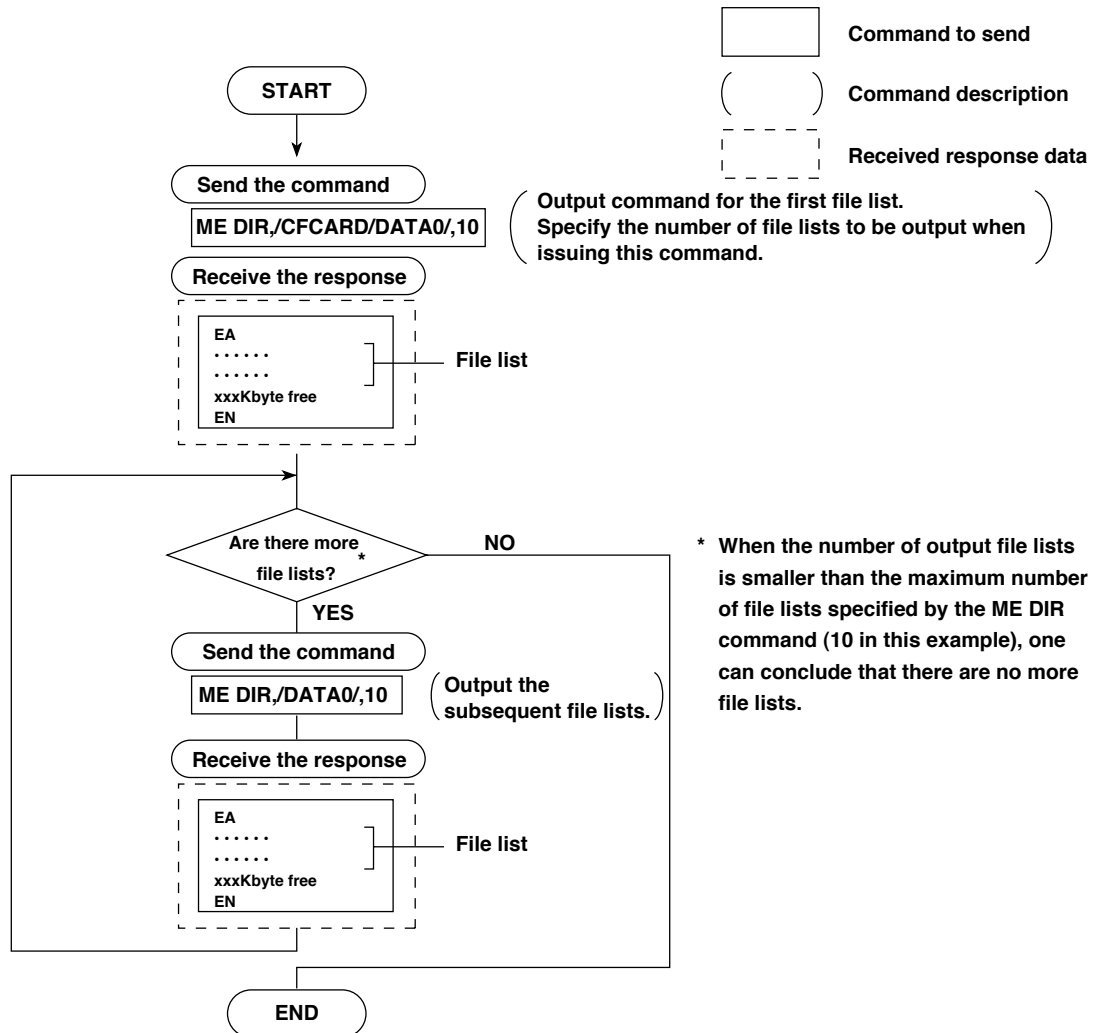
Login as "admin" or "user."

- You can log into the RDXL120 as an administrator by accessing the RDXL120 using the user name "admin."
- You can log into the RDXL120 as a user by accessing the RDXL120 using the user name "user."

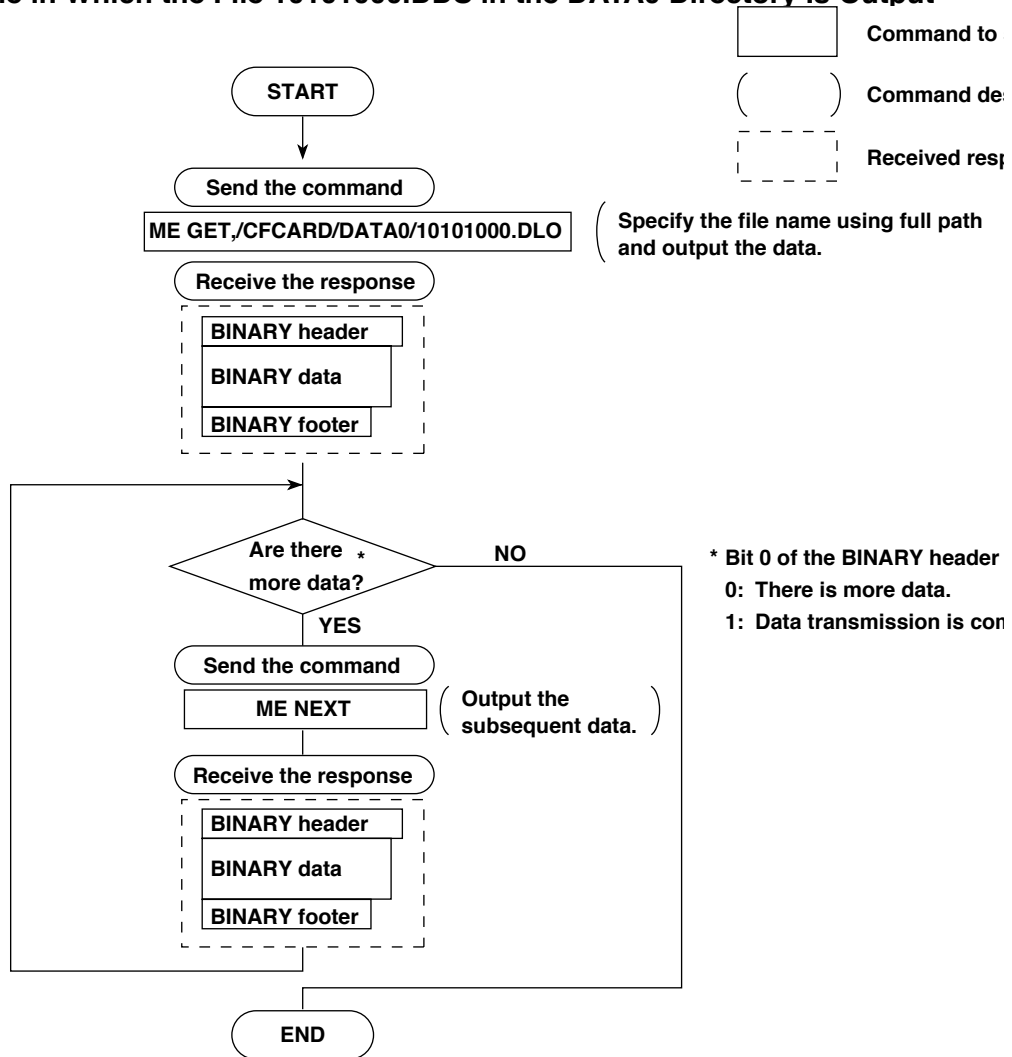


Appendix 3 Data Output Flow

Example in Which the List of Files in Directory DATA0 Is Output 10 Files at a Time



Example in Which the File 10101000.DDS in the DATA0 Directory Is Output



Appendix 4 Time Zones and XG Command Parameters

The following tables show the relationship between the parameters and time zones in the time setting using the XG command.

XG Parameter		Time Zone
p1	p2	
-1200	0	(GMT-12:00) International Date Line West
-1100	0	(GMT-11:00) Midway Island, Samoa
-1000	0	(GMT-10:00) Hawaii
-0900	0	(GMT-09:00) Alaska
-0800	0	(GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US and Canada); Tijuana
-0700	0	(GMT-07:00) Arizona
	1	(GMT-07:00) Chihuahua, La Paz, Mazatlan
	2	(GMT-07:00) Mountain Time (US and Canada)
-0600	0	(GMT-06:00) Guadalajara, Mexico City, Monterrey
	1	(GMT-06:00) Saskatchewan
	2	(GMT-06:00) Central America
	3	(GMT-06:00) Central Time (US and Canada)
-0500	0	(GMT-05:00) Indiana (East)
	1	(GMT-05:00) Bogota, Lima, Quito
-0400	0	(GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US and Canada)
	1	(GMT-04:00) Caracas, La Paz
	2	(GMT-04:00) Santiago
	3	(GMT-04:00) Atlantic Time (Canada)
-0330	0	(GMT-03:30) Newfoundland
-0300	0	(GMT-03:00) Greenland
	1	(GMT-03:00) Buenos Aires, Georgetown
	2	(GMT-03:00) Brasilia
-0200	0	(GMT-02:00) Mid-Atlantic
-0100	0	(GMT-01:00) Azores
	1	(GMT-01:00) Cape Verde Islands
0000	0	(GMT) Casablanca, Monrovia
	1	(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
0100	0	(GMT+01:00) Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna
	1	(GMT+01:00) Sarajevo, Skopje, Warsaw, Zagreb
	2	(GMT+01:00) Brussels, Copenhagen, Madrid, Paris
	3	(GMT+01:00) Belgrade, Bratislava, Budapest, Ljubljana, Prague
	4	(GMT+01:00) West Central Africa

0200	0	(GMT+02:00) Athens, Istanbul, Minsk
	1	(GMT+02:00) Jerusalem
	2	(GMT+02:00) Cairo
	3	(GMT+02:00) Harare, Pretoria
	4	(GMT+02:00) Bucharest
	5	(GMT+02:00) Helsinki, Kiev, Riga, Sofia, Tallinn, Vilnius
0300	0	(GMT+03:00) Kuwait, Riyadh
	1	(GMT+03:00) Nairobi
	2	(GMT+03:00) Baghdad
	3	(GMT+03:00) Moscow, St. Petersburg, Volgograd
	4	(GMT+03:00) Tehran
0400	0	(GMT+04:00) Abu Dhabi, Muscat
	1	(GMT+04:00) Baku, Tbilisi, Yerevan
0430	0	(GMT+04:30) Kabul
0500	0	(GMT+05:00) Islamabad, Karachi, Tashkent
	1	(GMT+05:00) Ekaterinburg
0530	0	(GMT+05:30) Chennai, Kolkata, Mumbai, New Delhi
0545	0	(GMT+05:45) Kathmandu
0600	0	(GMT+06:00) Astana, Dhaka
	1	(GMT+06:00) Almaty, Novosibirsk
	2	(GMT+06:00) Sri Jayawardenepura
0630	0	(GMT+06:30) Yangon Rangoon
0700	0	(GMT+07:00) Krasnoyarsk
	1	(GMT+07:00) Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta
0800	0	(GMT+08:00) Irkutsk, Ulaanbaatar
	1	(GMT+08:00) Kuala Lumpur, Singapore
	2	(GMT+08:00) Perth
	3	(GMT+08:00) Taipei
	4	(GMT+08:00) Beijing, Chongqing, Hong Kong SAR, Urumqi
0900	0	(GMT+09:00) Seoul
	1	(GMT+09:00) Yakutsk
	2	(GMT+09:00) Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo
0930	0	(GMT+09:30) Adelaide
	1	(GMT+09:30) Darwin

Appendix 4 Time Zones and XG Command Parameters

1000	0	(GMT+10:00) Vladivostok
	1	(GMT+10:00) Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney
	2	(GMT+10:00) Guam, Port Moresby
	3	(GMT+10:00) Brisbane
	4	(GMT+10:00) Hobart
1100	0	(GMT+11:00) Magadan, Solomon Islands, New Caledonia
1200	0	(GMT+12:00) Auckland, Wellington
	1	(GMT+12:00) Fiji Islands, Kamchatka, Marshall Islands
1300	0	(GMT+13:00) Nuku'alofa
0900	2	Default: GMT+9:00 if the display language is set to Japanese. GMT for other languages.

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