RD200 SERIES (PEN TYPE) RD2800 SERIES (PEN TYPE) HYBRID RECORDERS

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Preface: Request and notice

This instruction describes pen type RD200 series hybrid recorder (100 mm printing width) and pen type RD2800 series hybrid recorder (180 mm printing width).

In order to use your recorder correctly and safely and to prevent malfunctions, please read this instruction manual carefully.

Other instruction manuals to be provided separately

This instruction manual describes the operation under the standard specifications and also operations for the optional specifications of (1) alarm output/remote contacts and (2) printing format. For the communications interface unit and the optional specification of mathematical function/totalization, exclusive manuals are provided separately. Also for other optional specifications, of which description of operation is necessary, the relevant instruction manuals are provided respectively. Please read these together with this instruction manual if necessary.

Requests

1. To agents or distributors

Make sure to pass this instruction manual to final customers.

2. To our valuable customers

Keep this instruction manual until disposing of your recorder.

Notices

^{1.} All or any part of this manual may not be duplicated or reproduced in any form, without first obtaining the permission of CHINO.

^{2.} The details of this manual may be subject to change without notice.

The contents in this instruction manual have been carefully checked. However, if any question should still arise or if any error, omission or other deficiency be found, please inform your local CHINO sales agent of the details.

^{4.} CHINO will not be responsible for any troubles resulting from the operations of your recorder.

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The items marked with \bigwedge in titles contain \bigwedge Warning and \bigwedge Caution Read these items without fail.

1. Preconditions for Use

Your recorder is designed for indoor use by mounting it on an indoor instrumentation panel. (exception: portable types)

International safety standards The alarm output (option) with the "c" contact mechanical relay does		
	not conform to the following standards.	
 IEC standards 	Conforms to safety class I (with PROTECTIVE CONDUCTOR TERMINAL)	
	and IEC1010-1 (OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II, POLLUTION DEGREE 2)	
 Enclosure productivity 	Conforms to IEC529 (IP54)	
 CE (EC Directive) 	EMC : Conforms to EN61326	
	Safety : Conforms to EN61010-1 +A2	
 UL standards 	UL3111-1 (Approval pending)	
 CSA (C-UL) standards 	CSA C22.2 No. 1010 (Approval pending)	

2. Labels on This Instrument

The following labels are used for safe use.

Label	Name	Meaning
	Alert symbol mark	Caution on handling for prevention of an electric shock, injury or other accidents.
	Protective conductor terminal	A terminal is provided for connection to the protective conductor of the power supply facility in order to prevent any electric shocks.

3. Symbols in This Manual

Cautions to be observed for preventing damage to your recorder and unexpected accidents are indicated by the following symbols according to their degree of importance.

Symbols	Meaning of symbols	
	This symbol is shown together with relevant titles (or items) where Warning or Caution is attached. Read them with care.	
Marning	This symbol indicates a description of cautions for avoiding the possibility of causing serious injury or death due to an electric shock or other accident.	
Caution	This symbol indicates a description of cautions for avoiding the possibility of causing slight injury to a person or damage to your recorder or to peripheral units.	
Remarks	This symbol shows a caution when your recorder does not function as specified or when such a possibility exists.	
Reference	This reference serves to indicate supplementary information for handling and operation for your convenience.	

This paragraph covers important warnings for safety to be observed before reading the instructions. A full understanding of the following warnings is required. These warnings are important for the prevention of danger to human bodies as well as accidents with your recorder.

1. Switch and overcurrent protective device

Your recorder is not provided with a power switch or a replaceable overcurrent protective device. Prepare a switch and an overcurrent protective device (circuit breakers, circuit protectors or similar units) for the power supply within 3 m of your recorder in a location where you can reach easily.

Use a switch and an overcurrent protective device conforming to IEC948-1 and IEC947-3.

2. Be sure to ground your recorder

Before turning on the power, connect the protective conductor terminal your recorder to the protective conductor of the power supply facility. Do not disconnect this wiring in running of your recorder to prevent an electric shock.

3. Before turning on the power supply

In order to ensure safety, before turning on the external power switch, make sure that the power voltage is within the range indicated on the power supply label.

4. Don't repair or modify your recorder.

Make sure that a service engineer approved by the CHINO CORPORATION is ONLY permitted to repair or modify your recorder by replacing parts. Otherwise, it may be damaged or will not function correctly, or an accident such as an electric shock may result. For usual operation, it is not necessary to pull out an internal unit from a case.



Reference Fuse in power supply unit

The following fuse is mounted in the power supply unit of your recorder for safety use. However, this fuse is not replaceable.

Manufacturer	Model	Ratings
SCHURTER	SPT001.2508	250VAC
LITTEL FUSE	21502.5	250VAC 2.5A
WICKMANN	19181	2.5A



5. Use your recorder in accordance with this instruction manual.

Use your recorder correctly and safely in accordance with this instruction manual. CHINO CORPORATION will not be responsible for any injury, damage, lost profit or any other claim, which may result from its wrong use.

6.Turn off the power supply if an abnormal symptom occurs.

If any abnormal odor, noise or any smoke occurs, or if your recorder becomes too hot to be touched, turn off the power supply immediately and contact your local CHINO sales agent.

MAJOR FEATURES AND FUNCTIONS

Your recorder can record temperature and other various industrial variables on a 100 mm (if your recorder is RD200) or 180 mm (if your recorder is RD2800) chart for 1 to 4 channels (depending on the number of pens).

- (1) Trace printing by pens
- (2) Digital data printing to print measured values and other data

1 Features

Major features are shown below.

- Universal input. A range can be selected optionally for every channel from 10 DC voltage ranges, 36 thermocouple ranges and 11 resistance thermometer ranges.
- Universal power supply. The working voltage range is 100 to 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz.
- International safety standards.... CE: Conformance, UL and CSA (C-UL): Approval pending
- The basic operation should be carried out after programming range numbers and the trace printing range.
- You can execute all operation by the front keyboard without pulling out the internal unit. The internal unit cannot be pulled out.

2 Functions

Major functions are shown below.

Display	Printing
 Simultaneous display of the measured values for 1 to 4 channels. Analog indication of measured values for 1 to 4 channels with bargraphs. Six status lamps Switching the operation screens (Measured value, Clock and Alarm Activation) Measured values blinks when alarm activates. (Note) 	 Trend tracing for 1 to 4 channels Fixed-time printing (time line, time, scale, engineering unit, tag) Periodic data printing (Measured values are digitally printed at preset intervals.) Digital data printing (Measured values are digitally printed on demanding.) Message printing On or off of time axis synchronization (POC)

(Note) Programming of alarm is necessary. Alarm output is only available when your recorder is with the option of "Alarm Output".

1. GENERAL 1.1 Confirmation of Model No.

Pen type RD200 series and RD2800 series have various specifications. Confirm Model No. of your recorder. Labels showing Model No. are affixed to the top side of the case and to the inside of the internal unit.



Note: For pulling out a chart cassette, refer to Section 5.1.

1. GENERAL 1.2 Accessories and Consumables

1 Accessories attached

R	D20(
Names	Qty	Remarks
(1) Chart	1	RD200-CP-0/100
(2) Mounting bracket	2	For installation to a panel.
(3) Channel indicating card	1	Inserted inside the door.
(4) Cartridge pen (Red)	1	
(5) Cartridge pen (Green)	1	Only for 2 to 4-pen type
(6) Cartridge pen (Blue)	1	Only for 3 to 4-pen type
(7) Cartridge pen (Brown)	1	Only for 4-pen type
(8) Plotter pen	1	
(9) Terminal screw	5	Spare
(10) Lubricating oil	1	For the main shaft of the plotter pen
(11) Instruction manual	1	This manual

RD2800

Names	Qty	Remarks
(1) Chart	1	180A-CP-0/100
 Mounting bracket (left, right) 	1 set	For installation to a panel.
(3) Channel indicating card	1	Inserted inside the door.
(4) Cartridge pen (Red)	1	
(5) Cartridge pen (Green)	1	Only for 2 to 4-pen type
(6) Cartridge pen (Blue)	1	Only for 3 to 4-pen type
(7) Cartridge pen (Brown)	1	Only for 4-pen type
(8) Plotter pen	1	
(9) Terminal screw	5	Spare
(10) Lubricating oil	1	For the main shaft of the plotter pen
(11) Instruction manual	1	This manual
(12)Wrench	1	For tightening mounting bracekts



Note Separate instruction manuals are attached when your recorder is with the options of "Communications interface" and "Math-function and totalizer".

2 Consumables

BB

Charts and pens are consumables. For your ordering, refer to the following table.

	RI	D200				RD	2800	
	Article	Model	Min. qty			Article	Model	Min. qty
Cartridge pen	Red (1 st pen) Green (2 nd pen) Blue (3 rd pen) Brown (4 th pen)	RD200-01 RD200-02 RD200-03 RD200-04	3 pieces/ bag for each color	Carti pe	0	Red (1 st pen) Green (2 nd pen) Blue (3 rd pen) Brown (4 th pen)	RD2800-01 RD2800-02 RD2800-03 RD2800-04	3 pieces/ bag for each color
Plotter pen	Purple	RD200/ RD2800-Plotter	3 pieces/ box	Plo pe		Purple	RD200/ RD2800-Plotter	3 pieces/ box
Chart	10 meters	RD200-CP-0/100	15 charts/ box	Ch	art	20 meters	180A-CP-0/100	15 charts/ box

2. INSTALLATION 2.1 Location and External Dimensions

1

Location

Install your recorder at the following place so as not to affect the measuring accuracy and recording operation unfavorably.

(1) Industrial environment

Select a place being separated from electric field and magnetic field generating sources and also free of mechanical vibrations and shocks.

- Overvoltage Category II
- Altitude...... 2000m or lower
- Working placeIndoors

(3) Ambient temperature and humidity

Make sure not to expose your recorder to direct sunlight and not to closely place other materials to it for preventing rise of its temperature.

- The recommended ambient temperature and humidity are about 23°C and about 50%RH.
- Make sure not to expose your recorder to hot air higher than 70°C.
- Make sure not place any heat source near to the terminal board of your recorder.

2 External Dimensions

(2) Atmosphere

Install your recorder in a place where no inflammable gas exists and no dust, smoke, vapor, or other dangerous substance exists.

(4) Mounting angle and display view angle

- Lateral tilting.....0° to 10°
- Longitudinal tilting.....Forward tilting: 0° Backward tilting: 0 to 30°
- View angle ... -10° to +30° based on horizontal



50 **RD200** 円 137 4 6 Б 18 63 24 260(274)*1 (285)*2 144 *1: Recorders with the options of MOS relay or "c" contact alarm output, and communications interface *2: Recorders with the option of "a" contact alarm output RD2800 Б 288 0277

*1: Recorders with the options of MOS relay or "c" contact alarm output, and communications interface *2: Recorders with the option of "a" contact alarm output

2. INSTALLATION 2.2 Installation to a Panel

Warning Install your recorder to a panel. -

Except portable types, your recorder is designed to install to a panel. Use a panel made of a steel plate of 2 mm to 6 mm in thickness.

RD200



2 Installation

- (1) Insert your RD200 (pen type) into the panel cutout from the front of the panel.
- (2) Fix your RD200 (pen type) to the panel by the mounting brackets (screw tightening torque: 1.0 N•m). Attach 2 mounting brackets to the top and bottom of this instrument.



RD2800



2 Mounting method

- (1) Insert your RD2800 (pen type) into the panel cutout from the front of the panel.
- (2) Gently screw a mounting screw into the screw hole of the case (left, right).
- (3) Attach the mounting bracket to the case by putting the mounting screw in the large hole of the bracket. Slide the bracket downward to attach it closely to the panel and then tighten the screw with a wrench (screw tightening torque: 1.2 N•m).



3. CONFIGULATION 3.1 Front

All operations of your recorder including the loading of pens can be executed from its front.



(1) Display panel

The display panel is consisted of character displays, status lamps and bargraph displays.

For loading the pens, open the display panel by swinging it out from the right side. An illumination for chart is mounted on the back of the display panel.

(2) Chart paper cassette

The chart paper cassette is for loading a chart to your recorder. Remove it for the loading of chart. When your recorder is RD200, remove the chart paper cassette by swinging down the keyboard.

(3) Keyboard

The sheet switch type keys are used in the keyboard.

Operation keys

Keys	Operations	Ref. page	Keys	Operations	Ref. page
DISP	Switches operation screen.	6.4	SHFT + 9 LIST	List printing	9.3
ENTRY	Stops blinking of display.	10.3	*1 \rightarrow ENTRY $\left[\begin{array}{c} 0\\ \text{CLEAR} \end{array}\right] + \left[\begin{array}{c} 6\\ A \sim Z \end{array}\right]$		
$\left(\begin{matrix} REC \\ ON/OFF \end{matrix} \right) \to \left(ENTRY \right)$	Switches printing on/off	6.2	(3 sec. or more)	Message printing	9.4
FEED	Fast forwarding of chart	6.3	*2 \rightarrow ENTRY REC ON/OFF (3 sec. or more)		
$\left(\begin{array}{c} DATA\\ PRINT \end{array}\right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{c} ENTRY \end{array}\right)$	Digital data printing	9.2	(With recording disabled)	Pen replacing mode	5.3

*1: Selection of List 1 or List 2. *2: Selection of Message No. (1 to 5)

Programming keys

The keys are different on programming items. See Section 7.3 for details.

3. CONFIGULATION 3.2 Display



(1) Characters

- Operation mode: Displays measured value, time, chart speed, and alarm status of each channel (CH). See Section 6.4 for details.
- Programming mode: Displays programming items and programming parameters in an interactive method.

(2) Underline

Shows the trace printing color of each channel (CH).

(CH 1: Red, CH 2: Green, CH3: Blue, CH 4: Brown)

These underlines also function as a cursor appearing at the digit for programming parameter in the programming mode.

(3) Status

Display	Lighting condition	Section
ALARM	When an alarm activates.	10.3
CHART END	When the end of chart is detected.	6.2
FAIL	When the hardware related to servo-circuit/mechanism is abnormal.	
POC	When the time axis synchronization is enabled.	9.6
RECORD ON	When the printing is on (enable).	6.2
KEY LOCK	When the keys are locked.	11.12

(4) Bargraph

The bargraphs indicate the measured value of each channel in an analog form. These indications are interlocking to the positions of the pens for trace printing.

Resolution RD200: 1/50 (2%), 51 segments

RD2800: 1/100 (1%), 101 segments

4. CONNECTIONS 4.1 Terminal Board Arrangement

The terminal boards shown in the following figure are of recorders with the options (alarm output + remote contacts and communications interface).



Reference The input terminal and alarm terminal blocks are removable.

The input terminal block and alarm terminal block (including the remote contacts terminal block) are removable for easy connections. Each terminal block can be taken out by removing two mounting screws. Each terminal block is connected to your recorder by a connector. For mounting or dismounting the terminal block, turn off the power switch to prevent the electric circuits from being damaged.



4. CONNECTIONS 4.2 Cautions on Connections

Observe the following cautions during connections for securing safety and reliability.

1 Power supply

Use a single-phase power supply having a stable voltage without any waveform distortion for the purpose of preventing wrong operations.

Warning

A switch and an overcurrent protective device

Prepare a switch and an overcurrent protective device (3 A) to the power supply for preventing an accidental electric shock during connection work. This instrument is not provided with any replaceable overcurrent protective device.

Turn off the power supply Warning before starting connections.

Make sure to turn off the power supply before connecting the power and the input/output terminals to prevent an electric shock.

Keep the input/output connections 2 away from high voltage power circuits

Don't place the input/output cables close to or in parallel with any strong power circuits including power lines. Place the cables 50cm or more away from high voltage power circuits when they are placed close to or in parallel to other circuits.

3 Keep the thermocouple input away from a heat source

For thermocouple inputs, keep the input terminals away from a heat source (a heating body) to reduce a reference junction compensation error. Don't expose the input terminals to direct sunlight, etc.

4 Keep the input/output connections away from noise source

Keep all connection cables away from noise source as far as possible, otherwise a malfunction may occur. Provide a solution if the cables cannot be separated from a noise source due to unavoidable circumstances.

Major noise sources	Remedial measures
Electromagnetic switch, etc. Power line having waveform distortion, Inverter, Thyristor regulator	Insert noise filters between power terminals and input/output terminals. A CR filter is often used.

5 Use crimp style terminals

- (1) Mount crimp style terminals for connection cable terminations to prevent any looseness or disconnection of terminals or a short-circuit failure between terminals.
- (2) Use the crimp style terminals with an insulation sleeve to prevent an electric shocks.

6 Unused terminals

Don't use any unused terminals for relaying, otherwise the electric circuits may be damaged.

Warning

Secure the connected cables properly.

Secure the connected cables so as not to allow them to be hooked by a person or a substance, otherwise the connections may be cut and disrupted, and may cause an electric shock or other accidents.

Terminal block	Screw diameter	Tightening torque	Termination (unit: mm)
Power and protective conductor terminals	M4	1.2N•m	8.5 or less 4.3 or more (with an insulation sleeve) (with an insulation sleeve)
Terminals other than described above	M3.5	0.8N∙m	8 or less 3.7 or more 8 or less 3.7 or more t : 0.8, with an insulation sleeve *Use Type O chip (on the left) whenever possible.

4. CONNECTIONS 4.3 Power Terminals



2 Connection of power terminals

For connection to the power terminals, use a 600 V PVC insulated cable (IEC 227-3 See "Caution") terminated by the crimp style terminals with insulation sleeve. Note) Use the cords approved by the following standards.

(1) IEC 227-3

- (1) $1 \le 227 = 3$
- (2) ANSI/UL817,
- (3) CSA C22.2 No.21/49

Caution

Be careful with the power voltage and noises.

The power voltage of your recorder is indicated beside the power terminals. Don't apply any voltage other than the rated voltage. Otherwise a malfunction may result. If noise is contaminated in the power supply, provide a noise reduction transformer, etc.

3 Connection of protective conductor terminal

Make sure to connect this terminal to the protective conductor of the power supply facility. For this connection, use a cable terminated by the crimp style terminals with insulation sleeve.

• Grounding wire: Copper wire 2 mm² or more

Warning <u>M</u> mark at power terminals

A voltage of 100 to 240 VAC is applied to the power terminals after connections. Be sure to mount the power terminal cover to prevent an electric shock.



Warning Turn off the power supply.

Make sure to turn off the power supply before the connections to the power and protective conductor terminals for preventing an electric shock.

Remarks

L/N indication of power terminals

This indication conforms to the CSA standard, Canada. The live side of the single-phase AC power supply is indicated as L, and the neutral side is indicated as N. Observe the L and N connections for obtaining satisfactory performance.



4. CONNECTIONS 4.4 Measuring Input Terminals

1 Measuring input terminals

Make sure to turn off the power supply to prevent an electric shock.

- (1) Measuring input terminals are located on the down left of the terminal board.
- (2) For the connections to the input terminals, use cables terminated by crimp style terminals with insulation sleeves.

Caution Allowable input voltage —				
Allowable input voltage				
\pm 10 VDC (range: \pm 2V or less) \pm 60 VDC (range: \pm 5V or more)				
±6 VDC				

2 Connections of DC voltage (current) input Use twisted cables for instrumentation as the input cables for the purpose of suppressing noise. For current inputs, mount shunt resistors (Section 16.2) to the channels to be measured before connections.



Terminal Cover

Warning



3 Connections of thermocouple inputs

Make sure to use thermocouple wires (or extension wires) to the input terminals of your recorder. If a copper wire is used halfway, a noticeable measuring error occurs. Don't use a pair of thermocouple wires in parallel with other instruments (controller, etc.), otherwise a malfunction may occur.



4 Connections of resistance thermometer inputs Use a 3-core cable where each lead wire has an equal resistance value. Don't use one resistance thermometer in parallel with other instruments (controller, etc.).



Mark of measuring input terminals

A high voltage may be applied to the measuring input terminals due to common mode noise. The allowable noise value is 30 VAC or less, or 60 VDC or less. Make sure that the noise is lower than the allowable value. Mount the terminal cover after connections for the purpose of preventing an electric shock and to protect the input wires. In the case of thermocouple input, the mounting of the terminal cover can reduce the reference junction compensation error.

4. CONNECTIONS 4.5 Alarm Output Terminals

These terminals are for the alarm output (option), which is (1) MOS relay type, (2) mechanical relay "c" contact type or (3) mechanical relay "a" contact type. The mechanical relay "c" contact type does not conform to the international safety standards.

1 Alarm output terminals

The terminal arrangement depends upon the type of alarm output.

T			i
Terminal	and	relay ľ	NO.

Terminal block	RD200	RD2800
1	No. 1 to 6	No. 1 to 6
2		No. 1 to 12

[Remarks]Only one terminal block is provided for the remote contacts terminals.

2 Connections

Turn off the power supply and buffer relay power supply before the connections for preventing an electric shock.

- (1) Connect cables to a load via a buffer relay.
- (2) Use cables with crimp style terminals and insulation sleeves for the alarm output terminals.

Caution

Take safety measures.

The alarm output of your recorder may become defective. This may be caused by wrong operation, failure or other abnormal inputs. Take safety measures against an output failure before use if necessary.

3 Cautions on connections 1) Output contact rating

(1) MOS relay

Maximum voltage	240 V (AC, DC)					
Maximum current	50 mA (AC, DC)					

(2) Mechanical relay

Power supply	Resistive load	Inductive load				
100 VAC	0.5 A	0.2 A				
240 V AC	0.2 A	0.1 A				
100 V DC	0.3 A	0.1 A				





Warning Amark for alarm output terminals

A buffer relay power supply is applied to the alarm output terminals after connections. Don't touch these terminals for preventing an electric shock. Make sure to mount the terminal cover after connection.

2) Mounting of contact protective element

- (1) Mount a contact protective element conforming to the buffer relay.
- (2) To prevent a malfunction being caused by a light load, the most effective mounting position for the element is on the coil side of the buffer relay ('a' in the above diagrams)
- (3) The MOS relay will be broken, even if a signal exceeding the contact rating is momentarily applied.

4. CONNECTIONS 4.6 Remote Contacts Terminals

These terminals are for the remote contacts (option). For the remote contacts, see Section 13.

1 Remote contacts terminals





For the contacts to be connected to the remote contacts terminals, use a switch or relay driven at 30 VAC or lower, or 60 VDC or lower, or manual contacts for very light loads.

Remarks Remote contacts terminals

- Voltage when the contact is open: Approx. 5 V
- Current when the contact is short: Approx. 2 mA



2 Wiring

To prevent an electric shock, make sure to turn off the power supply before wirings.

- The signals applied to the remote contacts terminals should be non-voltage contact signals.
- (2) Connect wires to the remote contacts terminals with crimp style terminals and insulation sleeves

Reference Remote contacts

- 1. Remote contacts operations
- (1) Printing ON/OFF and chart speed selection from 3 speeds (Using 2 terminals EX1 and EX2)
- (2) Message (Nos. 1 to 5) selection and printing (Using all of 4 terminals EX1 to EX4)
- (3) Message (Nos. 1 and 2) selection and printing (Using 2 terminals EX3 and EX4)
- (4) Digital data printing *
- (5) List (Nos. 1 to 3) printing *
- (6) Operation record (Nos. A to D) printing *
- (7) "Totalizing" (option) reset *
- * Using any one terminal.

- Terminal allocation for operation
 It is required to set operations to be allocated to each terminal (EX1 to EX4).
- 3. Operations to be set
 - Printing ON/OFF and chart speed selection from 3 speeds
 → Setting of 3 chart speeds
 - (2) Message selection and printing
 □⇒ Setting of messages Nos. 1 to 5
 - (3) Operation recording → Setting of recording positions of operation records Nos. A to D

4. CONNECTIONS 4.7 Communications terminals

These terminals are for the communications interface (option). For details of the connection, refer to the instruction manual for the "Communications Interfaces" provided separately.

1 Communications terminals



2 RS-232C Connections

When your recorder is with the communications interface of RS-232C, three terminals of SD, RD and SG are used but any control signal is not used. General personal computers are controlled by control signal. Wiring processing for control signal in a connector depends upon how the control signal is used in a personal computer. For details, refer to the instruction manual for your personal computer.

1) 9-pin connector



2) 25-pin connector



4. CONNECTIONS 4.7 Communications terminals

3 RS-422A, RS-485 Connections

RS-422/485 communications interface is connected to a personal computer via a line converter (our Model SC8-10: sold separately). Three signals of SD, RD and SG are used between the line converter and the personal computer but any control signal is not used. Wiring processing for control signal in a connector is necessary in the same as **2** RS-232C connections.

1) RS-422A



2) RS-485



5. INSTALLATION 5.1 Chart Paper Loading (RD200)



1 Chart Paper Cassette Removal

1) Open the door.



2) Swing down the keyboard.



3) Remove the chart paper cassette.

Pens lift up when the chart paper cassette is removed.





2 Chart Paper Loading

1) Open the chart paper holders.

Open the chart paper guide and the stripper plate.



2) Prepare a chart paper

Shuffle both end of the chart paper to prevent two or more chart papers from fed being together.



3) Put it into the chart paper housing.

The shapes of the sprocket holes on the right and left sides are different. The right side holes are an elliptical shape.



5. INSTALLATION 5.1 Chart Paper Loading (RD200)

3 Chart Paper Setting

- 1) Draw out the chart paper approx. 20 cm and close the rear stripper plate.
- 2) Set the holes on the chart paper over the sprockets at both ends of the drum.
- 3) Use the thumb wheel to advance the chart paper for 2 to 3 folds into the chart tray.
- 4) Close the front chart paper guide. Make sure that the holes are set over the sprockets.



Remarks Chart paper folds

Don't insert the chart paper folds reversely when inserting the chart paper into the chart paper tray, otherwise a folding failure results.



4 Check

1) Manual check

Turn the thumb wheel by hand to make sure that the chart paper is feeding properly.

Remarks Turning direction of thumb wheel

Don't turn the thumb wheel inward. The chart paper cannot be fed backward. This action may cause a chart paper feed failure.



2) Place the chart paper cassette in its original position

Place the chart paper cassette with the chart paper loaded in your recorder.

- (1) Guide rails for the chart paper cassette are located on the right and left side of the internal unit. Set the guides of the chart paper cassette to the guide rails and push it until it clicks into place.
- (2) Return the keyboard back in its original position.

3) Chart paper feeding check

- (1) Turn on the power supply.
- (2) Press the **FEED** key and check the chart paper feeds smoothly.
- (3) Repeat the above procedure if the chart paper is not fed smoothly.

4) Operation during chart end detection

When the chart paper cassette is returned in the internal unit during the chart end detection, the CHARTEND display blinks. Press ENTRY to turn it from blinking to steady lighting.

Press ENTRY again. The CHARD END display goes out and the chart paper is fed automatically.

5. INSTALLATION 5.2 Chart Paper Loading (RD2800)



1 Chart Paper Cassette Removal

1) Open the door.



2) Remove the chart paper cassette.

- (1) Pull the grip of the chart paper cassette and take the chart paper cassette slightly out of the internal unit. (Pens lift up.)
- (2) Pull the grip slowly to take the chart paper cassette out of the internal unit completely.



Caution

Be careful with the corners of the rear stripper plate

The sharp corners of the rear stripper plate help to feed the chart paper smoothly. Be careful not to cut your fingers when loading or replacing the chart paper.

Caution

Don't remove the chart paper cassette during printing.

Don't remove the chart paper cassette during printing by a plotter pen. The cassette may hit 1st pen during the automatic pen lift-up function executed.

2 Chart Paper Loading

1) Open the chart paper holders.

Open the chart paper guide and the stripper plate.



2) Prepare a chart paper.

Shuffle both end of the chart paper to prevent two or more chart papers fed being together.



3) Put it into the chart paper housing.

The shapes of the sprocket holes on the right and left sides are different. The right side holes are an elliptical shape.



5. INSTALLATION 5.2 Chart Paper Loading (RD2800)

3 Chart Paper Setting

- 1) Draw out the chart paper approx. 50 cm and close the rear stripper plate.
- 2) Set the holes on chart paper over the sprockets at both ends of the drum.
- 3) Use the thumb wheel to advance the chart paper for 2 to 3 folds into the chart tray.
- 4) Close the front chart paper guide. Make sure that the holes are set over the sprockets.





Remarks Chart paper folds

The D mark for fold thread parts and the D mark for fold valley parts are printed on both ends of the chart paper.

Don't insert the chart paper folds the wrong way when inserting the chart paper into the chart paper tray, otherwise a folding failure will result.



4 Check

1) Manual check

Turn the thumb wheel by hand to make sure that the chart paper is feeding properly.

Remarks Turning direction of the thumb wheel

Don't turn the thumb wheel inward. The chart paper cannot be fed backward. This action may cause a chart feed failure.



2) Place the chart paper cassette in its the original position

Guide rails for the chart paper cassette are located on the right and left side of the internal unit. Set the guides of the chart paper cassette to the guide rails and push it until it clicks into place.

- 3) Chart paper feeding check
- (1) Turn on the power supply.
- (2) Press the **FEED** key and check that chart paper feeds smoothly.
- (3) Repeat the above procedure if the chart paper is not fed smoothly.

4) Operation during chart paper end detection When the chart paper cassette is returned in the internal unit during the chart end detection, the <u>CHART END</u> display blinks. Press <u>ENTRY</u> to turn it from <u>blinking</u> to steady lighting.

Press **ENTRY** again. The **CHARD END** display goes out and the chart paper is fed automatically.

5. INSTALLATION 5.3 Recording Pen Loading

1 Recording Pen Types

- (1) There are two types of recording pens, the plotter pens for use in digital printing and cartridge pen for use in trace printing.
- (2) There are four kinds of cartridge pens for 1st pen to 4th pen. These are of same shape but differ in ink colors.

1 st pen: Red	3 rd pen: Blue
2 nd pen: Green	4 th pen: Brown

2 Preparation for Installation

- 1) To remove the chart paper cassette RD200 → See Section 5.1.1. RD2800 → See Section 5.2.1.
- 2) Open the display panel. Swing out the panel from the right edge.
- 3) Set to the pen replacement mode.
 - (1) Turn on the power supply.
 - (2) If the status RECORD ON lights, go it out by pressing REC ON/OFF and then ENTRY. (Pens lift up.)
 - (3) Press and hold <u>REC</u> down for 3 seconds. The pens return to original positions and then move to the center.
 - (4) Each press of ENTRY moves each pen to the "zero" position. Replace each pen at its "zero" position.





Remarks Maintenance of pens

1. Pen tip

The pen tip is made of felt material. If an excessive force is added to it, the top of the pen tip will be crushed making clear printing or tracing impossible.

2. Pen cap

Each pen is provided with a pen cap for preventing drying and protecting the pen tip. Remove and retain the pen caps before the pen installation.

3. Before stopping recording for long hours

When it is expected that recording will not be executed for a day or more, remove and store the pens by attaching the pen cap to them. If the pens are left installed while no recording is executed, the ink will stain the chart paper.

5. INSTALLATION 5.3 Recording Pen Loading

3 Plotter Pen Loading

- Before loading, remove the pen cap from the plotter pen and write letters on a paper, etc. for testing.
- (2) Insert the plotter pen into its penholder completely.
 - (Note) Incomplete insertion may result in recording troubles.
- (3) For unloading of the plotter pen, pull it from the penholder.



4 Cartridge Pen Loading

(1) Before loading, remove the pen cap from the cartridge pen and write letters on a paper, etc. for testing.(2) Push the cartridge pen into the penholder for the same pen No. as the pen.



(3) For unloading of the cartridge pen,

- RD200: Pull out the left side of the pen from the holder, and then take off it by disengage its convex part at the right side of the holder.
- RD2800: Pull the pen from the holder.

6. BASIC OPERATION 6.1 Power Supply and Operation

1 Power Supply On/Off

Your recorder is not provided with a power switch. Prepare an external power switch for turning on or off its power supply.

2 Initial Operation

By turning on the power supply, 1) year, month and day are displayed. After initialization, 2) year, month, day and time are printed (Printing when the power is turned on) and 3) the normal operation starts.



3 Operation

1) Operation screen

(1) Measured values for all channels (CH 1 to 4: depending on the numbers of input points) are digitally displayed.

(2) Measured values for all channels (CH 1 to 4: depending on the numbers of input points) are displayed by bargraphs.

(3) A corresponding status lamp lights. The default is RECORD ON.

Example of operation screen (3-pen type)



2) Chart paper feeding

The chart paper is fed at the programmed chart paper speed. (The default speed is 20 mm/h for RD200 and 25 mm/h for RD2800.)

3) Printing

(1) Trace printing

Measured values are traced by a cartridge pen. <Ink colors> CH 1: Red, CH 2: Green, CH 3: Blue, CH 4: Brown

- (2) Digital data printing
- a. Fixed-time printing

The following data is printed at preset time intervals.

- •Time line •Time •Year/Month/Day •Chart speed
- •Scale •Engineering unit •Tag



b. Other printings

The following printings are executed according to programming and operation.

•Periodic data printing •Digital data printing •List 1, 2 and 3 •Programming change mark

•Alarm activation/reset •Message •Operation printing line and No. •Time axis synchronization mark

6. BASIC OPERATION 6.2 Printing ON/OFF and chart end detection

1 Printing On/Off

Every time pressing \bigcirc REC ONOFF then \bigcirc Within 5 sec., the printing function switches to on or off.



Reference 1 Printing status when turning on the power supply

When turning on the power supply, the printing maintains the condition (on or off) when it was turned off last time.

Reference 2 Up and down of pens

- (1) When the printing is turned off, each pen lifts up automatically. Even if the power is turned off in this condition, this pen position is maintained.
- (2) When the chart cassette is pulled out, each pen lifts up. If the printing has been turned off when pulling out the chart cassette, each pen has already been lifted up and it maintains its position.

2 Printing Operation

The table below explains the printing operation when the printing is on or off.

Operation	ON	OFF
Chart feeding	Execute	Stop
Trace printing (Cartridge pen)	Execute	Up where it is
Digital data printing (Plotter pen)	Execute	Up at standby position
Up and down of pens	Down	Up



Remarks 1 No printing on/off operation executed

- The printing on/off operation is not executed when the status <u>KEY LOCK</u> lights. For its cancellation, see Section 11.13.
- (2) The printing on/off operation is not executed when the printing is turned off by the remote contacts signal (option). See Section 13.1.



3 Chart End Detection

When the chart end is detected during the printing is on, the printing is switched to off and <u>CHART END</u> blinks. Each pen lifts up automatically and the printing is stopped.

For continuing the printing, refer to "Chart loading" in Section 5.1 and 5.2.

6. BASIC OPERATION 6.3 Fast Feeding of Chart Paper

When pressing FEED , chart is fed at the speed of about 0.1mm/sec. When pressing FEED more than 1 sec, chart is fed at the speed of about 10mm/sec. This operation is used for the following purposes.

- (1) Setting the time scale line of the chart paper
- (2) Checking of chart paper feeding operation

Remarks Fast feeding condition and operation
 1. Condition (1) For the fast feeding of the chart paper, the status KEY LOCK should be gone out.
 (2) This function cannot be executed during printing.
 2. Operation Digital data printing is not executed during the fast feeding of the chart paper.

This function can be executed when the printing is off (RECORD ON goes out.).



Remarks 2 Time scale (1 to 24)

Numeric values of 1 to 24 are marked on the left side of the chart paper. These are time scales when operating the printing at a chart speed of 20 mm/h for RD200 or 25mm/h for RD2800.

6. BASIC OPERATION 6.4 Switching Operation Screen (RD200)

For RD200, three operation screens, (1) measured value screen, (2) clock screen and (3) alarm activation screen, are available. Each time DISP is pressed, the screen switches. Bargraphs for analog indications are displayed in any of these screens.



(Note) The alarm activation screen is only available when an alarm activates (shown by dotted lines). When no alarm activates, this screen is skipped.

1 Measured value screen

The screen differs on Model No. (number of pens).

1) 1-pen type (CH 1)



2) 2-pen type (CH 1 and 2)



3) 3-pen type (CH 1 to 3)



2 Clock screen



3 Alarm activation screen

This screen is only available when an alarm activates.



For alarm types, see Section 11.5, item 1.

4) 4-pen type (CH 1 to 4)



Reference Screen when turning on the power supply								
	power supply is turned on, the /alue screen appears.							



6. BASIC OPERATION 6.5 Switching Operation Screen (RD2800)

For RD2800, two operation screens, (1) measured value screen and (2) alarm activation screen, are available. Each time DISP is pressed, the screen switches. Bargraphs for analog indications are displayed in any of these screens.



(Note) The alarm activation screen is only available when an alarm activates (shown by dotted lines). When no alarm activates, the measured value screen only appears even if DISP is pressed.

1 Measured value screen

The screen below is for 4-pen type. 1-pen type - measured value is displayed in CH 1. 2-pen type - measured values are displayed in CH 1 and CH 2. 3-pen type - measured values are displayed in CH 1 to CH 3.



2 Alarm activation screen

This screen is only available when an alarm activates.



For alarm types, see Section 11.5, item 1.



-Alarm type at level 3 -Alarm type at level 4

7. PROGRAMMING 7.1 Keys and Characters

-

1 Keys and Their Abbreviations

DISPLAY RECORD SPACE COPY(=)	SPACE -7 7 8 9 REC FEED DATA COPY(=) -7 7 8 9 LIST ONOFF FEED PRINT SET -7 8 9 (NOFF FEED PRINT) SET -7 (NOFF FEED PRINT)

2 Characters Displayed in Programming

Except for the leftmost digit, characters including alphabets are displayed as shown below due to the restriction with 7-segment LCD.

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	L	L	М	Ν	0
R	Ь	اا	- <u>C</u>		ŀ	니그	Ĩ	I	1	LΓ			Ē	D

7-segment

LCD

Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	Х	Y	Z		
P		L		<u>_ </u>		10	1 1		11			

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	Space	Minus	Hyphen	Colon	То
ł	5	ו־ו	<u> </u>	IJŢI	ĿŪ	 		יבי			١	-	•••	<mark>ا</mark> _ا

3 Key Operation

Remarks Don't press keys with hard and sharp objects

The keys are composed of sheet switches containing electrical circuitry inside. If a key is pressed with a hard and sharp object, malfunctions due to wire disconnection or insulation breakdown may occur.

Press a single key.	Press two keys simultaneously.	Press two keys simultaneously for 3 sec. or longer				
<example> To program "6":</example>	<example> To program an alphabet letter:</example>	<example> To move the "Engineering" programming mode:</example>				
⁶ A-z →	$\begin{array}{c} \hline \\ SHIFT \\ + \\ \hline \\ A-Z \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\$	$(\begin{array}{c} \text{SHIFT} + \begin{array}{c} 6\\ A-Z \end{array}) \\ 3 \text{ sec. or more} \end{array} \xrightarrow{} \xrightarrow{} \xrightarrow{} \xrightarrow{} \phantom{aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa$				

*Press the key for about 0.5 sec. and release it as soon as the display changes. If another screen appears by holding the key down for 3 sec. or more, press DISP to return to the original screen and press the key for about 0.5 sec. again
7. PROGRAMMING 7.2 Key Functions

Keys	Names	Functions
		Stops programming and returns to the operation screen. For certain programming items,
DISP	Display	holding this key down for 2 seconds or more is required.
SPACE COPY(=)	Space	(1) Deletes a numeric value or decimal point at an unnecessary digit.
	Opube	(2) Programs "Blank" in the programming of [engineering unit] or [tag].
SET END	Program	Changes from programming mode (confirmation of parameters) to the programmable condition. The programming lamp lights and the cursor appears at the programmable leftmost digit.
SHIFT	Shift	Press this key first for using the key functions being indicated on the lower case of each key.
— ,-, (-)	Minus _{>}	
	Decimal	(1) Press these keys for programming a numeric value.
CLOCK	point 🤤 🖁	(2) For programming a decimal point, move the cursor to the next digit and press $\left[\begin{array}{c} \\ CLOCK\end{array}\right]$
(0 CLEAR)	Numeric Values	before entering a numeric value.
5	to	(3) For deleting a decimal point, move the cursor to the next digit and press $\begin{bmatrix} SPACE \\ COPY = \end{bmatrix}$.
9 LIST	9	
^	Up	 For items to program by selecting from menu, this key steps the menu forward or backward.
*	Down	(2) For items to program parameters per channel in the programming mode (confirmation of parameters), this key steps the channel No. forward or backward.
٦°٩	Left cursor	Moves the cursor leftward.
► 36	Right cursor	Moves the cursor rightward.
ENTRY	Entry	 Programming items common to channels: Stores the programmed parameter into memory. Programming items per channel: Stores temporarily the programmed parameter in the channel No. selected. Press SHIFT + SET END to store it into memory. Printing on/off, data printing or list printing is executed by pressing this key.
REC	Printing on/off	Selects on (enable) or off (disable) of printing. Press ENTRY to go this selection active.
FEED	Feeding	The chart paper is fast fed when holding this key down.
DATA PRINT	Data print	Prints the measured values at the moment the key is pressed digitally on the trace printing. Press ENTRY to go this printing active.

1 Functions by Pressing Single Key

2 Functions by Pressing Two Keys Simultaneously

Keys	Names	Functions		
	End	Stores the programmed parameter, which is temporarily stored, into memory.		
$(\text{SHIFT} + (-)^{-})^{-}$	То	Inserts [\sim (,-')] between minimum and maximum values.		
$SHIFT + 0 \\ CLEAR$	Clear	Clears (Blanks) the programmed parameter displayed.		
$\left[SHIFT \right] + \left[\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ A \sim Z \end{array} \right]$	Alphabetic characters	Each time is pressed, characters step in the order of A, B, C		
SHIFT + 9 LIST	List printing	Programmed parameters are printed as a list. Press ENTRY to go this printing active.		
	%	Programs "%" (percent) character.		
	/ (=)	Programs "/" (slash) character. This is also "=" in the subtract printing programming mode.		
	°C	Programs "°C" (degree Centigrade) character.		
SHIFT + C	°F	Programs "°F" (degree Fahrenheit) character.		

7. PROGRAMMING 7.3 List of Programming Items

1 Parameters to be Programmed First

Parameters	Key operations	Programming items	Defaults	Programming ranges	Ref. page
_		Range No.	07	01 to 10, 21 to 56, 70 to 80	
Range/ printing	$\left[\text{SHIFT} \right] + \left[\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ \text{RANGE} \end{array} \right]$	RJ enable/ disable	0	0 (disable), 1 (enable: thermocouple range only)	8.2
range*		Printing range	0.000 to 5.000	Max. 10 digits (minimum value to maximum value). Excluding decimal point.	
°C/°F calculation			°C	°C (°C calculation) °F (°F calculation) Thermocouple and resistance thermometer range only	
Chart speed	SHIFT + 1 CHART		20/25 *	0001 to 0600 mm/h or 0001 to 0200 mm/min.	8.4

* RD200: 20 mm/h, RD2800: 25 mm/h

Parameters	Key operations	Programming items	Defaults	Programming ranges	Ref. page	
Clock	SHIFT + CLOCK		Japanese time	2000.01.01.00:00 to 2099.12.31.23:59	11.1	
Scale *	$(\text{SHIFT}) + \begin{pmatrix} 4\\ \text{SCALE} \end{pmatrix}$		0.000 to 5.000	Max. 11 digits (minimum value to maximum value), excluding decimal point. Printing range reflects to the scale. Therefore no programming is normally necessary for thermocouple and resistance thermometer range.	11.2	
Skip *	$\left(\text{SHIFT} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ \text{RANGE} \end{array} \right)$		 Not programmed Programming is required in [Range/Printing in programming mode. Channel to be deleted →Clear the range/range. Channel to be recovered →Program the r printing range. 		11.3	
Subtract printing *	SHIFT + 7 RANGE		Not programmed	Programming is required in [Range/Printing range] programming mode. [Subtract printing CH] = [Reference CH] – [subtraction CH*] * Can be replaced with [reference value (with decimal point)].	11.4	
	SHIFT + 8 ALARM	CH/output type Level	Not programmed Not	Select from CH (1 to 4), Fail* or C.End (chart end). * Recorders with alarm output (option) only. Up to 4 alarm points can be programmed to each		
Alarm		Alarm types	programmed	channel (CH 1 to 4). Applicable to CH (1 to 4) selected in CH/output type mode. H/L (absolute value high/low limits) E/F (absolute value high/low limits with standby) U/d (rate-of-change increase/decrease limits) b/S (differential high/low limits) J/k (differential high/low limits with standby)	11.5	
		Relay No.	0	Applicable to recorders with alarm output (option) Relay No. "0" to "n" can be programmed. ("0": no output), n: number of output points. For recorders without alarm output (option), the number is fixed as "0".	11.5	
		Alarm values	Not programmed	Max. 5 digits including (-) sign. Sign is not necessary when U/d, b/S or J/k is selected.		
		Measuring count	Not programmed	1 to 20, Programming required only when U/d is selected.		
		Ref. CH	Not programmed	1 to 4, Programming required only when b/S and J/k are selected.		

2 Other Programmable Parameters and Functions

* Programming is required to each channel. For 1-pen type, programming is only for CH 1. The items without * mark are programming common to all channels. For "alarm", programming is required to each level of channels.

7. PROGRAMMING 7.3 List of Programming Items

Parameters	Key operations	Programming items	Defaults	Programming ranges	Ref. page
Alarm dead band	(3 sec. or more)		0.1	0.1 to 9.9 (%): % programming of scale span	
Periodic	$\left[\text{SHIFT} \right] + \left[\begin{array}{c} 5\\ \text{DATAI} \end{array} \right]$	Start time	Not programmed	00:00 to 23:59	11.7
data printing		Interval time	Not programmed	00H05* to 23H59 *Limited by chart speed.	11.7
Engineering unit *			V	Max. 5 digits (Including numeric values, alphabetic characters, %, /, °C, °F and space) Reflected by "Range No." programmed (mV, V, °C, k)	11.8
Tag *	$\left(\text{SHIFT} + \begin{array}{c} 6 \\ A \cdot Z \end{array} \right)$		Not programmed	Max. 9 digits (Including numeric values, alphabetic characters, %, /, °C, °F and space)	11.9
	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ CLEAR \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ A - Z \end{pmatrix}$	No.	Not programmed	1 to 5, Five kinds of messages can be programmed.	
Message	(3 sec. or more)	Message	Not programmed	Max. 15 digits (Including numeric values, alphabetic characters, %, /, °C, °F and space)	11.10
Burnout *	SHIFT + (3 sec. or more)		non	non, UP bUrn, doWn bUrn For channels with voltage range, burnout is disabled ("non"), even if burnout is programmed (up or down).	11.11
Passcode/		Pass code	non	non (not programmed). For programming, use 4 digits from 0 to 9.	11.12
keylock	(3 sec. or more)	Key lock	UnLoCkEd	LockEd, UnLoCkEd	11.12
Time axis synchronization	$ \begin{array}{c} 0\\ CLEAR \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} 9\\ LIST \end{array} $ (3 sec. or more)		oFF	on, oFF	9.6
Input filter*	$ \begin{array}{c} 0\\ CLEAR \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} 8\\ ALARM \end{array} $ (3 sec. or more)	Time constant	0	0, 0 to 10 (sec.). "0" means no time constant.	11.13
Сору	SHIFT + SPACE (COPY(=) (Programming in each programming mode			Programmed parameters can be copied to other channels. Available parameters to be copied are [Range/Printing range], [Engineering unit] and [Tag].	11.14

* Programming is required to each channel. For 1-pen type, programming is only for CH 1. The items without * mark are programming common to all channels. For "alarm", programming is required to each level of channels.

3 Programming for Options

Parameters	Programming items	Key operations	Programming contents	Defaults	Programming ranges	Ref. page
	Relay No.		Relay No.	0	"0" to "n" (n: 6, 12)* In alarm programming mode, program relay Nos. (terminal Nos.) for alarm output. * number of output points	
Alarm output	AND/ OR	$ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ CLEAR \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \bullet \\ \bullet C \end{bmatrix} $ (3 sec. or more)	AND/OR	or	AND/OR programming is required for each relay No.	12.1
	Output mode	DISP + $\bigcirc^{\blacktriangleleft}_{C}$ (3 sec. or more)	Relay coil Relay output Alarm display	E U U	E (energize), d (not energize)CommonH (hold), U (not hold)to all relayH (hold), U (not hold)Nos.	

7. PROGRAMMING 7.3 List of Programming Items

Names	Programming items	Key operations	Programming contents	Defaults	Programming ranges	Ref. page
	Chart speed		Speed No.	1	1 to 3	
	(3 speeds)	SHIFT + CHART	Speed	20/25*	0001 to 0600 mm/h or 0001 to 0200 mm/min	13.3
			Terminal No.	1	1 to 4	
Remote contacts	Terminal allocation	$\frac{0}{\text{CLEAR}} + \frac{5}{\text{DATA1}}$ (3 sec. or more)	Operation	non	Selection from 13 items; non, printing on/off & 3 kinds of chart speed, message printing (No. 1 to 2), message printing (No. 1 to 5), operation record (A/B/C/D), digital data printing, list printing (No. 1 to 3) and totalizing reset	13.2
			Printing No.	А	A, B, C, D	
	Operation record	$\begin{pmatrix} 0\\ CLEAR \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2\\ TAG \end{pmatrix}$ (3 sec. or more)	Printing position	0	10 to 90%. Printing position when the contact is open. The printing position is at +5 mm when it is shorted.	13.4
			Format	Sd	Select Ar from Sd (standard), Ar, SP, and PL.	
			Channel	Not programmed	1 to 4	
			Zero for range 1	Not programmed	a (Minimum value ≤ a < b)	
	Automatic range shift		Span for range 1	Not programmed	b (a < b < c)	14.1
	(Ar)		Span for range 2	Not programmed	c (b < c < d)	
			Span for range 3	Not programmed	d (c < d < e)	
			Span for range 4	Not programmed	e (d < e < f)	
			Span for range 5	Not programmed	f (e < f \leq maximum value)	
			Format	Sd	Select SP from Sd (standard), Ar, SP, and PL.	
			Channel	Not programmed	1 to 4	
Record format			Printing position for broken point 1	Not programmed	0 to a (%)	
	Compressed/ Expanded		Printing position for broken point 2	Not programmed	a to 100 (%)	14.2
	(SP)		Scale at zero	Not programmed	b (Minimum value \leq b < c)	14.2
			Scale for broken point 1	Not programmed	c (b < c < d)	
			Scale for broken point 2	Not programmed	d (c < d < e)	
			Scale for span	Not programmed	e (d < $e \le$ maximum value)	
			Format	Sd	Select PL from Sd (standard), Ar, SP, and PL.	
			CH for area 1	Not programmed	1 to 4	
	Zone scale (PL)	SHIFT + DISP	CH for area 2	Not programmed	1 to 4 (Except channels for Area1 area1) and2	14.3
			CH for area 3	Not programmed	1 to 4 (Except channels for area 1 and 2) RD200	
			CH for area 4	Not programmed	1 to 4 (Except channels for area 1 to 3)	
	Protocol	SHIFT + SPACE COPY(=)				15.1
Communi- cations	0.0001	(3 sec. or more)	For details, refer to the separate instruction manual for "Communications Interface".			
interface	Specifications	$[SHIFT] + [-]_{r^{1}(-)}$				15.2
		(3 sec. or more)				

* RD200: 20 mm/h, RD2800: 25 mm/h

7. PROGRAMMING 7.4 Programming Procedures

This section explains the basic programming parameters.



2 Key Operation

1) Numeric keys and cursor

- Cursor shifts rightward when pressing numeric
 - keys ($\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ CLEAR \end{bmatrix}$ to $\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ LIST \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} \\ r'(-) \end{bmatrix}$).
- Press rightarrow F or rightarrow G for moving the cursor.

2) How to add or delete a decimal point

To add the decimal point move the cursor to
 and press CLOCK
 . To delete the
 decimal point, press SPACE
 . (Numeric vallue is
 also deleted.)

3) Clearing a displayed programmed parameter

• The programmed parameter is cleared by pressing (SHIFT) and (CLEAR) simultaneously.

7. PROGRAMMING 7.5 Programming Errors and Remedial Measures

An error for the programmed parameter is judged when pressing (ENTRY) during [Storing] or [Temporarily storing] procedures.

1 Error Judgement Flow Chart





2 Type of Errors and Error Display

If a programmed parameter is in error, a long tone (approx. 0.5 sec.) sounds and no storing (or temporarily storing) is executed.

Error type	Format error	Programming error		
Display	For Error →Blinks	<u>585 Error</u> →Blinks		
Details	Programmed parameter format is in error. [1234] was programmed to [12-34] or the like, for example.	A numeric value out of programming range was programmed.		

3 Remedial measures when an error occurs

If any key other than SHIFT is pressed, it returns to the programmed parameter display. The cursor appears and reprogramming can be executed. Reprogram by entering correct value.

8. BASIC PROGRAMMING 8.1 Programming Parameters Before Operation

Certain parameters are to be programmed for starting operation after turning on the power supply.

1 Turning On the Power supply

By turning on the power supply for the first time, the display and printing operation start with default parameters. Perform the basic programming to match your purpose before operation.

Basic Programming Parameters

Default parameters					
Range/ Printing range	07 (±5 V)/0.000 to 5.000 (V)				
°C/°F selection	°C calculation				
Chart speed	RD200: 20 mm/h RD2800: 25 mm/h				

2

Be sure to program the following three parameters before operation.



* When the printing range is set, that value reflects to the "Scale" setting. For the scaling with voltage input, read the Section 11.2.

8. BASIC PROGRAMMING 8.2 Range/Printing Range

Program the following parameters before operation. $Press \underbrace{SHIFT}_{RWRE}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} 7\\ RWRE \end{bmatrix}$ simultaneously at the operation screen to display the "Range/Printing range" programming screen. Programming of the parameter is required in every channel.



2) Parameters

Program the following three parameters for every channel.

Parameters	(1) Range No.	(2) RJ selection	(3) Printing range
Purpose	Selection of input types and measuring ranges	Selection of reference junction compensation (RJ) enabled or disabled	Specifying of the input range to be printed on the chart paper.
Programming values	Range No. (2-digit numeric value) For a range No. table, see item 4.	0: Disable (external compensation) 1: Enable (internal compensation) Program to "0" for all inputs other than thermocouple input.	Minimum value to maximum value (within 5 digits) This range can be programmed irrespective of the measuring range being specified in the range No. selected. (Note)

(Note) Input exceeding the measuring range or printing range is printed as an over-range.

2 Cautions on Programming and Reference

Read the following cautions and reference items. The programming flow charts are described on the next page.

1) Minimum printing range

Read the "minimum printing range" on Section 22.1 (Input Specifications). A programming error occurs if the minimum value and the maximum value are set to the same figure.

2) Position of decimal point

The printing range reflects to the scale value. The decimal point position on actual display/printing is fixed by the range No. selected. For changing it, refer to the scale programming.

Range No. (Measuring range)	Printing range	Scale	Actual position of decimal point
07 (-5.000 to 5.000 V)	0 to 5	0 to 5	0.000 to 5.000
21 (-200.0 to 300.0°C)	0 to 200	0 to 200	0.0 to 200.0
23 (-200 to 1370 °C)	0.0 to 800.0	0.0 to 800.0	0 to 800

3) When "Range/Printing range" is changed, the last scale value becomes ineffective and is replaced with the new printing range.

4) Channel for subtract printing

Different range programming procedure is required. Read Section 11.4 (Programming Subtract Printing).

5) Programming a same range to other channels

The [copy] function is useful. Read Section 11.14.

6) Scaling

Printing range reflects to the scale value. For scale programming to the channel with voltage input, read Section 11.2.

8. BASIC PROGRAMMING 8.2 Range/Printing Range

3 Programming Flow Chart

<Example> Range No. for channel 3: 22, RJ: Enable, Printing range: -50 to 450°C



8. BASIC PROGRAMMING 8.2 Range/Printing Range

4 Range No. Tables

1) Voltage input

No.	Input type	Meas	surin		Remarks	
01		-13.80	to	13.80	mV	
02	DC	-27.60	to	27.60	mV	
03	(mV)	-69.00	to	69.00	mV	
04	(1117)	-200.0	to	200.0	mV	For current
05		-500.0	to	500.0	mV	input, see
06		-2.000	to	2.000	V	Item 16.2.
07	DC	-5.000	to	5.000	V	1011110.2.
08	(V)	-10.00	to	10.00	V	
09	(v)	-20.00	to	20.00	V	
10		-50.00	to	50.00	V	

2) Thermocouple input (*1)

No.	Input	Measuring range			
INO.	type	C°	°F		
21		-200.0 to 300.0	-320.0 to 570.0		
22	K	-200.0 to 600.0	-320 to 1110		
23		-200 to 1370	-320 to 2490		
24		-200.0 to 200.0	-320.0 to 390.0		
25	E	-200.0 to 350.0	-320.0 to 660.0		
26		-200 to 900	-320 to 1650		
27		-200.0 to 250.0	-320.0 to 480.0		
28	J	-200.0 to 500.0	-320.0 to 930.0		
29		-200 to 1200	-320 to 2190		
30	т	-200.0 to 250.0	-320.0 to 480.0		
31	-	-200.0 to 400.0	-320.0 to 750.0		
32	R	0 to 1200	32 to 2190		
33	IX.	0 to 1760	32 to 3200		
34	S	0 to 1300	32 to 2370		
35	3	0 to 1760	32 to 3200		
36	В	0 to 1820	32 to 3300		
37		-200.0 to 400.0	-320.0 to 750.0		
38	N	-200.0 to 750.0	-320 to 1380		
39		-200 to 1300	-320 to 2370		

*1: (1) No.21 to 39: IEC584, JIS C 1602-1995	
(2) No.40 to 50: ASTM	
(3) No.51 to 56: DIN43710	

No.	Input two			Measuring	range		
INO.	Input type		°C	;	°F		
40	W-WRe26	0	to	2315	32	to	4200
41	WRe5-WRe26	0	to	2315	32	to	4200
43	PtRh40- PtRh20	0	to	1888	32	to	3400
44		-50.0	to	290.0	32.0	to	550.0
45	NiMo-Ni	-50.0	to	600.0	32	to	1110
46		50	to	1310	32	to	2350
47	CR-AuFe	0.0	to	280.0K	0.0	to	300.0K
48	Platinel	0.0	to	350.0	-140.0	to	660.0
49	П	0.0	to	650.0	-140	to	1200
50	ш	0	to	1390	-140	to	2530
51		-200.0	to	250.0	-320.0	to	480.0
52	U	-200.0	to	500.0	-320.0	to	930.0
53		-200.0	to	600.0	-320	to	1110
54		-200.0	to	250.0	-320.0	to	480.0
55	L	-200.0	to	500.0	-320.0	to	930.0
56		-200	to	900	-320	to	1650

3) Resistance thermometer input (*2)

,			()		
No.	Input	Measuring range			
INO.	type	S	°F		
70	Pt100	-140.0 to 150.0	-220.0 to 300.0		
71	(JIS'97)	-200.0 to 300.0	-320.0 to 550.0		
72		-200.0 to 850.0	-320 to 1560		
73	Pt100	-140.0 to 150.0	-220.0 to 300.0		
74	(QPt100)	-200.0 to 300.0	-320.0 to 550.0		
75	(JIS'89)	-200.0 to 649.0	-320 to 1200		
76		-140.0 to 150.0	-220.0 to 300.0		
77	JPt100	-200.0 to 300.0	-320.0 to 550.0		
78		-200.0 to 649.0	-320 to 1200		
79	Pt50	-200.0 to 649.0	-320 to 1200		
80	Pt-Co	4.0 to 374.0K	4.0 to 374.0K		

*2: (1) No.70 to 72: IEC751(1995), JIS C 1604-1997
(2) No.73 to 75: IEC751(1983), JIS C 1604-1989 JIS C 1606-1989
(3) No.76 to 78: JIS C 1604-1981 JIS C 1606-1989
(4) No.79: JIS C 1604-1981

Remarks Decimal point position and engineering units

Decimal point position: Even if the decimal point position is programmed in the printing range, the actual display/printing position is shown as described in the table above depending on the range No. For changing the decimal point position, see Section 11.2 "Scale programming".

Engineering units: Engineering unit is shown as described in the table above depending on range No. (Temperature unit is fixed to "°C" except No. 47 and 80). For changing the engineering unit, see Section 11.8 "Unit programming".

8. BASIC PROGRAMMING 8.3 °C/°F Computation Selection

This programming is to select a "°C" or "°F" computation for a temperature range (thermocouple or resistance thermometer). The default setting is "°C". Press [SHIFT] and $[b]{}$ simultaneously 3 seconds or more in the operation screen to display the "°C/°F computation" selection screen. Select "°F" if necessary.



1) In case of temperature unit "K"

The temperature unit for the range No.47 (AuFe-CR) and 80 (Pt-Co) is "K". It does not affect this programming.

2) Influence onto other programmed parameters

The programmed parameters for "Range/Printing range", "Scale" and "Alarm setpoint" are not changed automatically. If the programmed parameters cannot be used for the selected computation unit, reprogram them again. Even if "°C" or "°F" is programmed at the "Engineering unit programming", it does not change the computation.

8. BASIC PROGRAMMING 8.4 Chart Speed Programming

Program the chart speed before operation. **Programming range** • Press (I) and (I) simultaneously in the 0001 to 0600 (mm/h) operation screen to display the [Chart speed] programming screen. • For the remote contacts (option), read Section13.3. 0001 to 0200 (mm/h) 0000mm/h can be set for RD2800. When 0000mm/h is set, chart is fed at the speed of 12.5mm/h. Character display 1 **Programming Mode** Programming lamp 2 Speed unit Speed unit (Fixed) Cursor Chart speed (4 digits programming) (H or M) (H/M) Memory colon Cursor 2 **Programming Flow Chart** <Example> From 20 mm/h to 50 mm/h Changing the speed unit (h/m) Move the cursor to the character Operation screen display (a digit on the left) then press DISP † or to switch "M" and N/ "H" alternatively. SHIFT CHART +[Check] 65 0020 Programmed chart speed Н Speed unit Chart speed Cursor and programming lamp light. SET [To be ready for programming] Cursor moves rightward when pressing a numeric key. 65 0020 Н ► 36 Cursor moves rightward. Cursor ► (36) °€ Cursor moves leftward. 0 CLEAR 0 CLEAR 0 CLEAR DATA I [Programming chart speed] 65 0050 Н Program the chart speed within 0001 Cursor to 0600 mm/h or 0001 to 0200 mm/min. ENTRY An error occurs if a value exceeds the YES Error message appears? programming range or any space or Keys other than decimal point is entered. NÒ SHIFT The new programmed value is stored into memory. Stored Memory colon blinks and the programming change mark \bigtriangleup is printed. If 150 mm/h or more is Remarks 2 Influence to periodic data printing Remarks 1 programmed for the chart speed When changing the chart speed, the programmed No printing, except time line, data printing and parameters for [periodic data printing] (Section 11.7) programming change mark, is executed.

is cleared. (Default: Not programmed)

9. PRINTINGS 9.1 Printing Types and the Details

Printing comprises trace printing and digital printing. The fixed-time printing and trace printing are executed even if any operation is not programmed.

1 Printing Types and the Details

F	Printing type	Printing details				Remarks			
Trace printing (Cartridge pen)		Trend printing is executed for each pen (channel)							
			1st pen	2nd pen	3rd pen	4th pen			
			Red	Green	Blue	Brown			
	Fixed-time printing	5						10-1	
	Periodic data printing	printing		e programmed			ned intervals. The mode is different	11-7	
	Digital data printing		red values are ding on chart s		e trace printing	g. The printing	mode is different	9-2	
	List 1 printing		parameters (R are printed a		range, Scale,	Subtract printi	ing, Periodic data	9-3	
	List 2 printing	The parameters (such as time axis synchronizing, message, items relating to options) other than those involved in List 1 are printed as a table.							
tter pen)	List 3 printing	All parameters (List 1 + List 2) are printed as a table.							
Digital Data Printing (Plotter pen)	Message printing	Message is printed on the right side of the chart paper by selecting the programmed message No.							
ata Prin	Alarm printing	Alarm details (time, alarm points, alarm type) are printed on the right side of the chart paper when an alarm activates or an alarm is reset.					10-4		
Time axis sync. mark printing		mark (*), and ON or OFF are printed on the right side of the chart paper.					9-6 10-1		
	Power-on printing		onth/Day and is turned on.	time are printe	ed on the left s	ide of the chai	rt paper when the	6-1	
	Operation printing line and Operation printing No.	 For the remote contacts (option), it is required to program the "Operation printing position" and select one of Act 1 to 4 in the "Remote contacts" programming. (1) Printing line: When a contact signal (on) is applied to the allocated terminal, the line is printed by 5 mm to the right of the programmed printing line position. (2) Operation printing No.: Operation printing No. (A to D) is printed at constant intervals to the left of the programmed printing line position. 						13-4	
	Printer check printing			eck is execu I for checking		ting the prin	ter (plotter pen)	19-2	

9. PRINTINGS 9.1 Printing Types and the Details

2 Printing Examples

1) RD200 (Printing width: 100 mm)



2) RD2800 (printing width: 180 mm)



9. PRINTINGS 9.2 Digital Data Printing



* With this procedure, the printing operation turns off. Press REC and ENTRY again to turn it on.

The measured value at the moment (DATA PRINT) pressed is digitally printed with the plotter pen.

- (1) Press (DATA PRINT) and then press (ENTRY). Digital printing of measured value at the moment (DATA PRINT) pressed starts. (Note) When (PRINT) is pressed, PUSHENER appears
 - for about 5 sec. Press ENTRY while this message appears.
 - Printing mode is different depending on the chart speed.

Chart speed	Printing mode
0 to 499mm/h	Analog printing is continued without interruption.
500 mm/h or more	Analog printing is interrupted and data printing is started.

- (2) For interrupting the printing, press \bigcirc NOFF and then press ENTRY . Your recorder returns to the normal operation but the printing operation is turned off. For turning on the printing operation, press $\binom{\text{REC}}{\text{ON/OFF}}$ and then press (ENTRY) again.
- (3) When the digital data printing completes, your recorder returns to the normal operation.

Digital data printing cannot be executed in the Remarks following conditions. (1) RECORD ON status lamp is not lit.

(2) KEY LOCK status lamp lights.

Example of Digital data printing (4-pen type)



9. PRINTINGS 9.3 List Printing

The details of programming such as "Range/Printing range" and "Scale" can be printed as a list with the plotter pen. As this includes large amount of data and takes time, it enables to divide the data into two and select printing of "List 1" or "List 2".

List 1: Major parameters "Range/Printing range", "Chart speed", "Printing format", etc. List 2: Parameters other than the above "Message", "Time axis synchronization." and "option-related-items" List 3: All parameters "List 1" + "List 2"

List 1 Printing



- * With this procedure, the printing operation turns off. Press REC and then press ENTRY again to turn it on.
 - RemarksList 1 printing cannot be executed in
the following conditions.(1)RECORD ONstatus lamp is not lit.
 - (2) KEY LOCK status lamp lights.
 - Chart speed does not affect to this operation.
 - Chart paper forwards at a fixed speed.

an paper forwards at a fixed speed.

Reference >

> Operation during printing

- Trace printing with a cartridge pen is interrupted. Other functions are continued without being interrupted.
- (2) Programming any parameters

 (Range/Printing range, Scale, Alarm, etc.)
 cannot be executed during printing.
 Program them after the printing ends.

- (1) Press SHIFT and 9 LIST simultaneously, and then press ENTRY
- (2) The selection screen from [List 1] to [List 3] appears. Move the cursor to "1".
- (3) When (ENTRY) is pressed, アリられ Entery appears for about 5 sec. For execution, go to procedure (4). For no execution, press (DISP).
- (4) Press ENTRY to start "List 1" printing. The cartridge pen moves to the end of the left side and the chart paper forwards slightly.
- (5) For interrupting the printing, press REC ONOFF and ENTRY simultaneously. Your recorder returns to the normal operation but the printing operation is turned off. For turning on the printing operation, press REC ONOFF and then press ENTRY again.
- (6) When the list printing completes, your recorder returns to the normal operation.

List 1 printing details

Year/month/day, Time (2) Chart speed (Note)
 Range/Printing range (4) Scale
 Subtract printing (6) Periodic data printing (7) Printing format (8) Alarm
 (Note) When the remote contacts (option), which can program 3 speeds (No.1 to No.3), is added, the presently selected speed is printed.



9. PRINTING

9.3 List Printing

2 List 2 Printing



* With this procedure, the printing operation turns off. Press REC ONOFF and then press ENTRY again to turn it on.

Remarks List 2 printing cannot be executed in the following conditions.

- (1) **RECORD ON** status lamp is not lit.
- (2) KEY LOCK status lamp lights.
- Chart speed does not affect this operation.

Chart paper forwards at a fixed speed.



- (1) Press SHIFT and UST simultaneously, and then press ENTRY.
- (2) The selection screen from [List 1] to [List 3] appears. Move the cursor to "2".
- (3) When (ENTRY) is pressed, PUSHEnery appears for about 5 sec. For execution, go to procedure (4). For no execution, press DISP.
- (4) PressENTRY to start "List 2" printing. The cartridge pen moves to the end of the left side and the chart paper forwards slightly.
- (5) For interrupting the printing, press REC ONOFF and ENTRY simultaneously. Your recorder returns to the normal operation but the printing operation is turned off. For turning on the printing operation, press REC ONOFF and then press ENTRY again.
- (6) When the list printing completes, your recorder returns to the normal operation.

List 2 printing details

- (1) Year/month/day, Time(2) Chart speed (Note)(3) Alarm outputs(4) Time axis sync
- (5) Message (6) Operation record
- (7) Remote contacts (8) Mathematics
- (Note) For the remote contacts (option), which can program 3 speeds (No.1 to No.3), is added, all programmed 3 speeds are printed.



3 List 3 Printing

Move the cursor to "3" at the [List No. selection] and execute the same procedure as item **2** . All of the programmed parameters are printed.

9. PRINTING

9.4 Message Printing

For printing of a pre-programmed message, select the message No. and press ENTRY

DISP Operation screen $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ CLEAR \end{pmatrix}$ 3 sec. or more (1) 4 or [No. selection] ñ56 2 12345 67890 (2) Message No. ENTRY (3) Message printing starts. YES* Interrupt? (4) REC ON/OFF NO ENTRY Message printing ends. (5)

* With this procedure, the printing operation turns off. Press REC and then press ENTRY again to turn it on.

Remarks

Message printing cannot be executed in the following conditions.

- (1) RECORD ON status lamp is not lit.
- (2) KEY LOCK status lamp lights.
- (3) For the chart speed programmed at 150 mm/h or faster

Execution with external

Reference contact signal When the remote contacts (option) is added, message printing can also be executed by a contact signal. However, this requires the programming of the "terminal allocation". See Section 13.2 for details.

- (1) Press $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ CLEAR \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ A-Z \end{bmatrix}$ simultaneously for 3 seconds or more.
- (2) Select the message No. (1 to 5) to be printed with or
- (Note) Refer to Section 11.10 for programming of message.
- (3) Press [ENTRY] to start "Message" printing with a plotter pen on the right side of the chart paper.
- (Note) The "message" will not be printed completely until the chart paper forwards several lines.
- (4) For interrupting the printing, press $\begin{bmatrix} REC \\ ON/OFF \end{bmatrix}$ and then press [ENTRY]. The printing operation is turned off and your recorder returns to the normal operation. For turning on the printing operation, press and ENTRY simultaneously again.
- (5) When the message printing completes, your recorder returns to the normal operation.



Example of message printing

9. PRINTING 9.5 Printing Format Selection

This selection is only applicable to the printing format function (option). Four types of analog printing format are available.

1 Types of Printing Format

Before the selection, the programming of the desired format is required. See Section 14. The default is the standard format (5 d).

Types of format and programming

Types	Programming
(1) Standard (🗄 🗄)	Not required
(2) Automatic range shift (뷔 -)	Section 14.1
(3) Compressed/expanded ($5 P$)	Section 14.2
(4) Zone (🖣 L_)	Section 14.3

2 Selection Flow Chart

<Example> From Standard printing to Zone printing



9. PRINTING 9.6 Time Axis Synchronization (POC)



Time Axis Synchronization (POC)

- (1) This function is applicable to 2-pen, 3-pen and 4-pen types. In the standard printings, data at the same moment are printed on the chart paper with time axis gaps due to the difference in pen positions between 1st pen and 2nd to 4th pens. (When POC = OFF)
- (2) The time axis synchronization functions to store the data of 2^{nd} to 4^{th} pens for the gaps and to print the stored data after the chart paper is fed to the printing start point of the 1st pen. (When POC = ON)
- (3) The time axis synchronization is not available in 1-pen types.

2 Flow Chart

for Selecting Time Axis Synchronization

<Example> From time axis synchronization Off to On



Reference 1 Storing

Selected time axis synchronization (on or off) is stored into memory. (Programming change mark $\$ is printed.)











10. OPERATIONS 10.1 Fixed-Time Printing and Intervals

After your recorder is turned on, parameters including time, chart speed and scale are printed at specified intervals. The place of printing is in principle on the left side of the chart paper.

Printing items	Printing intervals, etc.			
1. Year/Month/Day, Time	When power or printing is switched on <ex.> 2000.10.03.14:25* (*: Only when time axis synchronization is on)</ex.>			
2. Year/Month/Day	24-hour period (Printing every 00 h	nour 00 m	iinute) <ex.>2</ex.>	000.10.04
3. Chart speed	Approx. 84 mm intervals <ex.> 2</ex.>	:0 mm/h		
4. Scale 5. Engineering unit 6. Tag (Note)	Approx. 42 mm intervals, in order of chann When the printing format (option) is added the selected format as shown in the follow When the printing format is not added (stated) (1) Standard (Sd) (1) Standard (Sd) (1) Standard (Sd) (1) Standard (Sd) (1) Standard (Sd) (2) Channel (1) TiC1 (2) Channel (2) Cha		ed, the printing contents vary depending on ving examples.	
(Note) For only channels being	Scale		executed is	s printed as the scale.
programmed	0 + + * 1:TIC1 0.0/200.0/400.0/500.0°C 0.0/200.0/400.0/500.0°C 2ero 1st break 2nd break point point span		 (4) Zone record (PL) + + * 1:TIC1 0.0/500.0°C *: The "+" marking identifying zones is printed at its boundary. 	
	Printing of "time line" and "time" is i following intervals. The start point c			
	Chart speed (mm/h)	Ti	ime line	Time
	1 to 9	6 hours		12:00 only
	10 to 15	2 hours		4 hours
	16 to 30	1 hour		2 hours
7. Time line	31 to 60	1 hour		1 hour
8. Time	61 to 119	30	minutes	1 hour
	120 to 149	30 minutes		30 minutes
	150 or faster	30	minutes	No printing
	<example> <u>10:30</u> * ① ② ③</example>			inted only when the time is on)
	(Note) See Section 9.6 for details.			

Reference > When the chart speed is 150 mm/h or faster

No printing is executed except time line, data and programming change mark.

10. OPERATIONS 10.2 Operations at Abnormal Inputs

1 Over-range input

The following table shows displays and printings for input exceeding a printing range or a measuring range.

• Measuring range:

Determined by the range No. programmed in "Range/Printing range". See Section 8.2.

• Printing range:

Trace printing range programmed in "Range/Printing range".

区分 Input		Display		Printing		
四月	input	Digital	Bar graph	Digital	Analog	
(1)	Lower than minimum measuring range*		(All go off.)		Overshooting to	
(2)	Lower than minimum printing range	Normal	(All go off.)	Normal	minimum limit	
(3)	Higher than maximum printing range	Normal	(All light.)	Normal	Overshooting to	
(4)	Higher than maximum measuring range*		(All light.)	+	maximum limit	

* For the digital display and printing, the measured values can be displayed and printed up to about ±10% of the span even when the values are outside the measuring range.

2 Input Disconnection

The display and printing, when the input is disconnected, differ depending on the "Burnout enable/disable" programming. However, for channels of a voltage (mV or V) range, the burnout function is "disable (non)" even when "Burnout Enable/Disable" is programmed. Program "Burnout enable/disable" to each channel. See Section 11.11.

Programming burnout	Display		Printing	
Programming burnout	Digital	Bar graph	Digital	Analog
Disable (non)	Undefined	Undefined	Undefined	Undefined
Enable - downscale (doWn bUm)	ხሀიი	(All go off.)	BURN	Overshooting to minimum limit
Enable - upscale (UP bUm)	ხሀიი	(All lights.)	BURN	Overshooting to maximum limit



10. OPERATIONS 10.3 Alarm Display and Printing

Display of Alarm Activation

The alarm activation information can be checked in the operation screen.

1) Measured value display screen



2) Alarm display screen



Display in case alarm activated (1) ALARM status lamp lights. (2) The measured value of the channel in alarm blinks. (To cancel blinking) Press ENTRY . The measured value is displayed steadily.



2 Alarm Activation/Reset Printing

Alarm activation and reset are printed on the right side of the chart paper.

1) Printing format when an alarm activates



2) Printing format when an alarm is reset





11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.1 Time

For programming date and time, press (SHIFT) and (CLOCK) simultaneously to display the "Clock" programming screen. The default is Japanese time.



Clock circuit Clock data is maintained with a lithium battery. The clock keeps on working during the time that the power supply is off or if the power supply is interrupted. The service life of the battery is for eight years under the condition of eight hours operation in a

Reference 1 Time display during
Time display stops during programming. Press ENTRY to start the display again.

Reference 2	Programming time	

The time is programmed with a 24hour display, which means that the programming range is 00:00 to 23:59.

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.2 Scale

"Scale" programming is necessary to display a voltage input from a converter, etc. with an actual scale. However, the scale is programmed with the same characteristic scale (not linearized scale) as the voltage input. This programming is also necessary when the decimal point position is changed in thermocouple or resistance thermometer input channels. Press SHIFT and GCALE simultaneously in the operation screen to display the "scale" programming.

1 Programming Scale

This is the actual scale (physical quantity) programming for the printing range being programmed in the [Range/Printing range].

2

Printing range will be copied

When programming the [Range/Printing range], the printing range is copied to the programming value of the scale.

If the scale copied from the printing range is used, the decimal point positions programmed by the printing range are neglected and the measured values with decimal point positions fixed by range number are displayed. The following table shows the cautions to be observed according to the input types.



Voltage ranges	Temperature ranges
Scale programming is not required when the scale is equal to the printing range. They are copied to scale programming, but be careful with the decimal point positions for the scale. See item 3.	Since the printing range is copied to the scale, no programming scale is necessary, but the decimal point position of the measured value is fixed by the range number. For changing the decimal places, refer to 3 .

3 Example of Decimal Point Programming

Voltage range					Temperature	ranges			
(1) When the printing range is equal to the scale;			((1) To move the decimal point to higher digit					
	Range/Printing range	Scale programming	An example of measured values	Notes		Range/Printing range	Scale programming	An example of measured values	Notes
	03/0.0 to 50.0	0.0 to 50.0	5.00	1		23/0 to 1200	0.0to1200.0	850.0	
	03/0.01030.0	0 to 50	5	2		23/0.0 to 1200.0	0.0 to 1200.0	850	1
	03/0 to 50	0.0 to 50.0	5.0	2		Note 1: Decimal	point position (of the measured	l value is
Note 1: Decimal point position of the measured value is fixed by range number when the printing range is equal to the scale.			0		o the scale.	when the printi	ng range		
Note 2: Decimal point positions of the programmed scale become effective because different decimal place are			е	Range/Printing range	Scale programming	An example of measured values	Notes		
programmed on printing range and scale. See item		n	25/0 to 200	0 to 200	120.0				
(2). (2) When the scale is programmed with a different value from			n	25/010200	0 to 200.0	120	1		
	the printing range. The decimal point position of the programmed scale becomes effective.				Note 1: Due to the position r		t 🖒 Rema	irks	

Remarks Decimal point position rule.

If the decimal point positions of the lower-limit and higher-limit values are different, the lower decimal point position is adopted. <Example> 0.00 to $100.0 \implies 0.0$ to 100.0

Remarks > For programming the same scale to the other channels;

The [Copy] function is convenient. See Section 11.14.

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.2 Scale

4 Programming Mode Character display Unused digits are filled with spaces Channel Scale (max. 11 digits by left-justify) Cursor Min. value Max. value to (within 5 digits) (within 5 digits) Scale value to Scale value to SHIFT + --) ^ب print 0% print 100%



* Fill unused digits with spaces.

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.3 Skip (Channel Deletion)

When "CLEAR" (non-programming condition) is stored in the [Range/Printing range] programming, printing and display of specific channels are skipped. Press SHIFT and RANGE in the operation screen to display the [Range/Printing range] programming screen. The default is no skip function programmed to any channel.

1 Skipping

If the skip function is programmed to the specified channel, programmed parameters of [scale], [alarm], [engineering unit] and [tag] of this channel are also cleared. Program the parameters again if the channels are restored to no-skipped status.

Operation of skipped channels

Your recorder functions assuming that these channels do not exist.

- (1) Measured value: Disappear
- (2) Bargraph: Disappear
- (3) Data printing: Disable
- (4) Trace printing: Overshooting to the minimum limit.

2 Programming Skip Flow Chart

<Example> Skipping CH 3 (3rd pen)

Operation screen	Remarks To select channels
[Check] SHIFT + RANGE Ref. 1 R 10700.00 + 5.00 Channel SET END [To be ready for programming]	Select a channel with $\bigwedge_{/}$ or $\bigvee_{\frac{9}{6}}$ If a channel is selected with a numeric key and the "CLEAR" is executed, the channel being displayed before changing programming ([1] in the flow chart) is deleted.
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Reference 1 Other channel check You can check the range programming of other channels. Press 1 0r % to change channels. The skipped channels are not displayed.
Channel ENTRY Temporarily stored YES Skipping other channels?	Reference 2 Storing Store the [temporarily stored] skip into the memory. (A programming change mark is printed.)
NO SHIFT + SET END Stored Ref. 2	

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.3 Skip (Channel Deletion)

New Programming Flow Chart of Skipped Channel

<Example> To the range of 0 to 1200 °C (K) for skipped channel (CH 3)

[Check] SHIFT + RANCE Ref. 1 R 10100.00rd S.00 Ref. 2 R 10100.00rd S.00 Ref. 2 R 10100.00rd S.00 Ref. 3 R 30100.00rd S.00 Ref. 4 R 30100rd S.00 Ref. 4 R 30100rd S.00 Ref. 5 YES Error message appears? Any key other NO YES Programming other channels? NO SHIFT + SET Stored Ref. 5	Г	→ Ope	ration screen	• (DISP
Channel Channel Channel Channel Channel Channel Channel Cursor Cursor Cursor Cursor Coursor Coursor Channel Ch	- :	[Check]			Ref. 1
To be ready for programming] Ref. 2 R 10 10 0.0 0 + 5.0 0 Cursor 3 [Select the channel to be programmed newly] Ref. 3 R 3 0 1 0 0.0 0 + 5.0 0 Channel Numeric keys, etc. [Programming range/printing range] Numeric keys, etc. R 3 2 3 1 0 + 1 2 0 0 _ ENTRY * YES Error message appears? Any key other than SHIFT NO YES Programming other channels? NO SHIFT + SET	li	R 10100.01	075.00		
To be ready for programming] R IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	li	Channel	SET		Def 2
Cursor 3 <td>li</td> <td></td> <td>ning]↓</td> <td></td> <td>Rei. Z</td>	li		ning]↓		Rei. Z
[Select the channel to be programmed newly] 3 Ref. 3 Ref. 3 3 0 1 0 0 r' 5 0 Channel [Programming range/printing range/printing range] Numeric keys, etc. Ref. 4 Ref. 3 3 2 3 1 r' 1 2 0 . Ref. 4 3 2 3 1 r' 1 2 0 . . Ref. 4 Ref. 3 3 2 3 1 r' 1 2 0 . . . Ref. 4 Ref. 4 3 2 3 1 r' 1 2 0 . <td>li</td> <td></td> <td><u>) / S.0 0 </u></td> <td></td> <td></td>	li		<u>) / S.0 0 </u>		
Programmed newly] R 30100.00 + 5.00 Channel Programming range/printing Numeric keys, etc. Ref. 4 R 32310 + 1200 Kef. 4 Ref. 4 <td>li</td> <td></td> <td>→ 3</td> <td></td> <td></td>	li		→ 3		
R 30100.00 + S.00 Channel [Programming range/printing Image Image	ŀ	•			Ref. 3
Programming range/printing Numeric keys, etc. Ref. 4	ľ) 7 5.0 0		
YES Error message appears? Any key other than SHIFT NO Temporarily stored YES Programmi ng other channels? NO SHIFT + SET END		[Programming range/print	ng Numeric ke	ys, etc.	Ref. 4
YES Error message appears? Any key other than SHIFT NO Temporarily stored YES Programmi ng other channels? NO SHIFT + SET END	li	N 353104	1500		
Any key other than SHIFT NO Temporarily stored YES Programmi ng other channels? NO SHIFT + SET END			ENTRY	*	
than SHIFT NO Temporarily stored YES Programmi ng other channels? NO SHIFT SHIFT		Error m	essage appears?	2	>
YES Programmi ng other channels? NO SHIFT + SET SHIFT + SET		than SHIFT	NO		
	li	Ten	porarily stored		
	ļ				
	l:	YES	ming other chart		
	li.	Filleringiam			
	l:		NO		
Stored Ref. 5			SHIFT +	SET END	
			Stored	Ref. 5	

Other programming parameters

The programmed parameters of [scale], [alarm], [engineering unit] and [tag] are cleared at the skipped channels.

- Select a computing unit in the [°C/°F computing selection] if the channels are newly programmed to temperature range.
- Program the required [scale] if the channels are newly programmed to voltage range.
- 3) Program [alarm], [engineering unit] and [tag] if necessary.

Reference 1 Skipped channel check

You can check the range

programming of other channels. Press $\bigwedge_{/}$ or $\bigvee_{\%}$ to change channels. The skipped channels are not displayed.

Reference 2 Starting channel

This programming can be started at any channel. With the example flow chart, the programming starts from CH 1. As the programmed parameters of CH 1 are not changed, they are same as original parameters.

	Cha
Reference 3/	nroo

Channel No. for new programming

In the example, CH 3 is a channel to be newly programmed. If CH 3 has not been programmed as a skip channel, new range/printing range is displayed.

Reference 4 Range/Printing range programming Refer to Section 8.2.

Reference 5 Storing

Store the [temporarily stored] parameters into the memory. (A programming change mark is printed.)

* Fill used digits with spaces.

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.4 Subtract Printing

This programming is for printing a difference between channels or between a channel and a reference value. Press SHIFT and RANGE simultaneously to display the [Range/Printing range] programming screen to program the subtract printing.

1 Subtract Printing Types

Two types of subtract printings are provided.

(1) Printing a difference between a reference channel and a subtraction channel

(2) Printing a difference between a reference channel and a specified subtraction value (reference value).

Remarks 1 Programming reference channel and subtraction channel

Be sure to program [Range/Printing range] of both the reference channel and the subtraction channel in advance.

Remarks 2 Place a decimal point to the reference value

Program the reference value with the scale programmed value within 5 digits. For identifying the reference value to a channel No., be sure to place a decimal point to the reference value having no decimal point. <Ex. $2 \rightarrow 2.0$ >

Subtract printing channel

Subtract printing can be specified to any channel. For example, [CH 1 minus CH 2] can be specified to [CH 2]. In this case, the difference between channels are displayed and printed at CH 2.





11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.4 Subtract Printing

3 Programming Flow Chart

<example> Printing [Channel 1 – Channel 2] at Channel 3 within a p Reference Subtraction Subtract printing</example>	rinting range of ± 250
channel channel	
Operation screen	Reference 1 Other channels check
[Check] $SHIFT + \frac{7}{RANGE}$ Ref. 1	You can check the range programming (including subtract
R 10700.0075.00	printing) of other channels. Press \bigwedge^{4} or \bigvee^{4}_{4} to change
Channel SET	channels
	Brogromming reference channel
R 10700.0075.00	Reference 2 and subtraction channel
[Programming channel for subtract	If a specified value (reference value) is
printing] ↓ R 3070000 + 5.00	programmed instead of the subtraction channel in the flow chart, the
	difference with the reference value will
[Programming equal]	be printed. Add a decimal point to the
	reference value.
Cursor Chart	Reference 3 Various keys
[Programming reference channe]↓ □ <	
	•Programming "to": SHIFT + (-)
$\begin{bmatrix} \text{Reference channel} \\ [Programming subtraction channel] \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -\\ r'(-) \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2\\ TAG \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \text{Ref. 2} \end{bmatrix}$	•Decimal point: CLOCK in the next digit •Deletion of decimal point: SPACE in
S-1 = E [8]	the next digit
Minus J Subtraction channel L [ENTRY]	
[To Mode 2]	Reference 3 Storing
	Store the [temporarily stored]
[range]	parameters into the memory. (A programming change mark is printed.)
<u> </u>	
Subtract printing range *	* Fill unused digits with spaces.
YES Error message appears?	
Any key other NO	
Temporarily sotred	
Programming other channels?	
YES	
Stored Ref. 4	

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.5 Alarm

Alarm parameters (alarm types, alarm value, etc.) can be programmed for each alarm point (channel, level). By programming the alarm parameters, alarm activation can be displayed and also the activation and reset can be printed. See Section 10.3. Press SHIFT and $\frac{8}{ALARM}$ simultaneously to display the [Alarm] programming screen. Alarm output is an option. The alarm outputs for "FAiL (failure)" and "C. End (chart paper end)" are available in addition to measured values.

Alarm Parameters

The default is no alarm programmed.

1) Alarm points (Channel, level)

Alarm point can be programmed up to level 4 for each channel. "FAiL" and "C. End" can be programmed instead of the channels.

- FAiL...Alarm when the hardware except servo-circuit/mechanism is abnormal In this condition, the status lamp is not lit.
- C. End...Alarm at just before when the chart paper ends.

2) Alarm types

10 different alarm types can be selected for each alarm point.

Absolute	H: High alarm	L: Low alarm
value	E : High alarm with standby	F : Low alarm with standby
Rate-of- change	L: Increase limit	d: Decrease limit
Differential	占 : Differential high alarm	5 : Differential low alarm
Dillerential	L: Differential high alarm with standby	ት: Differential low alarm with standby

3) Alarm value

Value for alarm activation

2

Alarm Types

The high alarm for the absolute value activates when the measured value equals to or is higher than the alarm value. The low alarm activates when the measured value equals to or is lower than the alarm value. For the rate-of-change alarm and the differential alarm, refer to the followings.



4) Others





Alarm with standby

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.5 Alarm



(Note 1) Program an alarm value with a difference (without sign) between measured values of channels. (Note 2) Program another channel to be compared.

* In the standard specifications, the relay No. is fixed to "0" and the cursor does not appear. Program the relay No. for the alarm output (option) only. See Section 12.2.

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.5 Alarm

Programming Flow Chart

1) Without alarm output (option)

4

) Without alarm output (option)	Follow the [Programming alarm point] procedure and select the alarm point
Operation screen	to be deleted with \uparrow .
$[Checkl] \qquad [SHIFT] + \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ ALARM \end{bmatrix} [Ref. 1] $	Clear it by pressing SHIFT and CLEAR simultaneously and perform
	[temporarily stored] and [stored]
	operation.
	Reference 1 Other alarm point check \neg
	By pressing \uparrow , the level
[Programming alarm point]	advances from 1 to 4 and the channel advances to the next
	channel and then the level of the next
	channel advances. Press $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{v} \\ \mathbf{w} \end{bmatrix}$ for reverse operation.
$\begin{bmatrix} Selecting alarm type \end{bmatrix}$	
	Reference 2> Programming alarm point
	1. Channel can be selected also with
Ref 3	\bigwedge_{I} or $\bigvee_{\mathscr{Y}_{h}}$.
	2. Channel advances by pressing Then "FaiL" and
	"C.End" appear but these functions
Relay No.	are only available in the alarm output (option).
[Selecting alarm value]	
	Deference 2 Delau Na
Alarm value	Reference 3 Relay No.
$\begin{bmatrix} [Only rage-of-change alarm] \end{bmatrix} \qquad \qquad \textcircled{\begin{tabular}{l} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	Relay No. is fixed to "0" and no cursor appears as the alarm output (option)
8 1 16 0350.0 3	is not added. The relay No. for AH is
Measuring count	displayed with 2 digits of "00".
$ \begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ \end{array} $	Cursor appears only for
	Reference 4 rate-of-change alarm.
<u> 8 L 0350.0 <u>4</u> </u>	Programming range is 1 to 20.
When error appears Channel to be compared	
press any key other	Reference 5 Cursor appears only for
than SHIFT Temporarily sotred	Reference channel to be compared is
V	programmed in 1 to 4. (The differential alarm cannot be selected
YES Programming other alarm points?	in a 1-pen type recorder because no
NO	channel to be compared is existed.)
	Reference 6> Storing
Stored Ref. 6	Store the [temporarily stored]
	parameters into the memory. (A programming change mark is
	programming change mark is (printed.)

To delete an alarm point -

11.0THER PROGRAMMING 11.5 Alarm

2) With alarm output (option)

, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Follow the [Programming alarm point]
Operation screen	procedure and select the alarm point to be deleted with
SHIFT + (8 ALARM) Ref. 1	
[Output check]	Clear it by pressing $SHIFT$ and O simultaneously and perform
R L Y 1.2.	[temporarily stored] and [stored]
Relay No.	operation.
[Programming check] [Programming check] [Programming check]	Reference 1> Output check
8 8 0	;
	The relay Nos. in alarm output are
	displayed. This will be blank unless all of the relays are operated.
: [A] _ X O	
Cursor	Reference 2 Other alarm point check ¬
[Programming alarm point]	
	advances from 1 to 4 and the
	channel advances to the next channel and then the level of the next
$\begin{array}{c c} Channel Level \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	channel advances. Press $\left[\frac{v}{v_{A}} \right]$ for
[Selecting alarm type]	reverse operation.
(8 + 2L_0	Reference 3 Programming alarm point
Alarm type	1. Channel can be selected also with
[Programming relay No.]	\uparrow or \checkmark .
	2. Channel advances by pressing Then "FaiL" and "C.End" appear. If
	these functions are selected,
Relay No. Numeric keys	program relay Nos. only.
[[Programming alarm value]	
A <u> 2L_3350.0_</u>	Reference 4 Relay No.
Alarm value	This is for specifying terminal Nos. for alarm output.
$\begin{bmatrix} \text{[Only rate-of-change alarm]} \\ \end{bmatrix} \qquad \qquad$	The relay No. for AH is displayed with \sim
A 1 20 33500 3	2 digits such as "00". See Section
······································	12.2.When programming "1" to "9", two entering methods of 1 to 9 or
	01 to 09 are available. (: space)
[Only differential alarm] $\int \stackrel{\circ_{\rm F}}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{\text{Numerc}}{\overset{\text{weys}}{\longleftarrow}} \operatorname{Ref. 6}$	Cursor appears only for
А I 26 33500 Ч	Reference 5 rate-of-change alarm.
ENTRY Channel to be compar	Programming range is 1 to 20.
When an error	Eursor appears only for
press any key other	Reference channel to be compared is
than SHIFT	programmed in 1 to 4. (The
Programming other alarm points?	differential alarm cannot be selected
YES	in a 1-pen type recorder because no channel to be compared is existed.)
NO CONTRACTOR NO	!
	Reference 7 Storing
Stored Ref. 7	Store the [temporarily stored]
	programmed values into the memory. (A programming change mark is
	printed.)

- To delete alarm point -

(

7

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.6 Alarm Deadband

A deadband can be programmed between alarm-activation and alarm-reset.

Press SHIFT and simultaneously in the operation screen for 3 seconds or more to display the [Alarm deadband] programming screen. This programming is common to all alarm points.

1 Alarm Deadband

- An alarm activates when a measured value exceeds the alarm value. The alarm reset is executed at a value that is lower than the alarm value. This difference is called the deadband and is specified with a scale width (%).
- The programming range is 0.1 to 9.9% and can be programmed in 0.1% increments. The default is 0.1%.

2 Programming Flow Chart

Alarm deadband Low alarm High alarm Dead Dead band band ON ON (Activation) (Activation) OFF OFF (Reset) (Reset) Δ Δ MIN Alarm value MAX MIN MAX Alarm value

<Example> From 0.1% to 0.5%



11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.7Periodic Data Printing

This programming is for digital printing (data printing) at fixed intervals. The printing overlaps with trace printing. Press SHIFT and $\overline{D_{ATA1}}$ simultaneously to display [Periodic data printing] screen. As the default is no programming of parameters for the periodic data printing, the periodic data printing is not executed.


11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.8 Engineering Units

Engineering units up to 5 digits can be assigned for digital data printing and scale printing. Press SHIFT and $\binom{3}{UNIT}$ simultaneously to display [Engineering unit] programming screen.

Examples of engineering unit printing					
(Digital data printing) (Scale printing) (List printing)					
18:25 1: 0.0NU - 120°C - 150KG/M2 4: 240L/52	1:11C-01 0/100°C	CH SCALE 1 9~509MU 2 9~509MU 3 9~509KG/M2 4 9~509L/52			

1 In case no engineering unit is programmed;

An engineering unit is decided by the range number programmed in the [Range/Printing range] programming.

Volta	ge range	Temperature	range
mV (01 to 05)	V (06 to 10)	°C (Nos. other than ones shown on the right)	K (47, 80)



<To decrease the digit No.> Press SHIFT and O_{CLEAR} simultaneously to clear the digit No. and press F for reprogramming a new digit No.

A programmed engineering unit is deleted and the engineering unit determined by the range No. is displayed

If clear is stored at scale programming;

If the scale is cleared in a channel; the engineering unit of this channel is deleted, and it becomes the engineering unit determined by range No.

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.8 Engineering Units

3 Programming Flow Chart

Programming Flow Chart	To program engineering uni
Example> From PPM to G/MIN in CH 3	
Operation screen DISP [Check] SHIFT + UNIT Ref. 1 [P] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [(1) Select the channel to be "none" with ^A/₇ or ^B/_% .* (2) Press SHIFT and <u>CLEAR</u> simultaneously to clear and perform [temporarily stored] and then [stored]. * If the channel is programmed by a numeric value and cleared, the engineering unit of channel before programming change is programmed to be "none".
UCH 1 1 2 Cursor	Reference 1 To check all programmed digits • Press 7 or to change
Engineering Channel unit character [Programming engineering unit character]	 channels. The digit displaying an engineering unit character (digit No. with decimal point) shifts with
Image: Market Background Image: Market Background Engineering unit character ENTRY	Reference 2 Programmable characters and key operation • Numeric value (0 to 9):
Temporarily stored V YES Programming other channels?	$ \begin{array}{c} \left(\begin{array}{c} 0\\ \text{CLEAR} \end{array} \right) \text{ to } \left(\begin{array}{c} 9\\ \text{LIST} \end{array} \right), \text{ and } \left(\begin{array}{c} r^{-}(\cdot) \end{array} \right) \\ \bullet \text{ Alphabetic characters (A to Z):} \\ \text{Press } \begin{array}{c} \text{SHIFT} \text{ and } \left(\begin{array}{c} 6\\ A^{-}Z \end{array} \right) \\ \text{simultaneously and select a character} \\ \text{by pressing } \left(\begin{array}{c} 4\\ 7 \end{array} \right) \text{ or } \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \% \end{array} \right). \end{array} $
NO SHIFT + SET END Stored Ref. 4	• Special characters (%, /, °C, °F) % (SHIFT + ♥/) / (SHIFT + ₱/) °C (SHIFT + 0)* °F (SHIFT + 0)*
	 *A space corresponding to 2 digits is used. SPACE COPY(=) (space): A space is treated as a character.
	Reference 3 °C, °F engineering unit – These engineering units are treated as a printing unit only. They are not treated as computing units.
	Reference 4 Storing Store the [temporarily stored] parameters into the memory. (A programming change mark is printed.)

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.9 Tags

Tags up to 9 digits can be assigned for digital data printing and scale printing.

Press SHIFT and $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ TAG \end{pmatrix}$ simultaneously to display the [Tag] programming screen. The default is no programming of tags.



1 Programming Mode

Note) The default is no programming of tags. The following figure is an example of 9-digit tag programmed.



If the scale is cleared in a channel; the tag of this channel is deleted. Reprogram it if necessary.	If clear is stored in the scale mode:	

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.9 Tags

2 Programming Flow Chart

<Example> From TIC to 10 in CH 3

 Operation screen SHIFT + TAG Ref. 1 (1) Select the channel to be "none" (2) Press SHIFT and Operation screen (2) Press SHIFT and Operation screen (2) Press SHIFT and Operation screen (3) Select the channel to be "none" (4) Select the channel to be "none" (5) Press SHIFT and Operation screen (6) Press SHIFT and Operation screen (7) Select the channel to be "none" (2) Press SHIFT and Operation screen (3) Select the channel to be "none" (4) Press SHIFT and Operation screen (5) Press SHIFT and Operation screen (6) Press SHIFT and Operation screen (7) Press SHIFT and Operation screen (8) Press SHIFT and Operation screen (9) Press SHIFT and Operation screen (1) Select the channel to be "none" (1) Select the channel to be "none" (1) Select the channel to be "none" (2) Press SHIFT and Operation screen (1) Select the channel to be "none" (1) Select the channel to be "none" (2) Press SHIFT and Operation screen scree	erform [stored]. / a nre nmed mmed digits
Channel SET Itemporarily stored] and then [s [To be ready for programming] SET * If the channel is programmed by numeric value and cleared, the engineering unit of channel before programming change is program to be "none". [Programming channel] Remarks [Programming channel] Remarks	va nre nmed nmed digits
[Programming channel] Image: Second state	
Tag character Channel Tag character Temporanting tag character Temporanily stored I<	hange acter hifts aracters) aracter) aracter)))))))))))))))))))

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.10 Message

Messages are printed from (1) key operation or (2) remote contacts signal*. A message up to 15 digits and 5 different messages (No.1 to No. 5) can be programmed. Press \bigcirc_{CLEAR}^{0} and $\bigcirc_{A\sim Z}^{6}$ simultaneously for 3 seconds or more to display the [Message] programming screen.





1 Programming Mode

Note) The default is no programming of messages. The following figure is an example of 8-digit message programmed for No.1.

Image: Second state sta	
*1: Massage character The character at the digit where the digit number is pointed by the cursor is displayed.	
*2: Digit No. of message character A digit No. 1 to 15 is displayed by pressing	
<to decrease="" digit="" no.="" the=""> Press SHIFT and \bigcirc_{CLEAR}^{0} simultaneously to clear the digit No. and press \bigcirc_{F} for reprogramming a new digit No.</to>	а

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.10 Message

2 Programming Flow Chart

<Example> From "none" to "MOTOR ON".

(Check] (Check] (Check] (Disp) (Check] (Chec	 (1) Select the channel to be "none" with or or .* (2) Press SHIFT and CLEAR simultaneously to clear and perform [temporarily stored] and then [stored]. * If the channel is programmed by a numeric value and cleared, the engineering unit of channel before programming change is programmed to be "none".
$\begin{bmatrix} Programming No.] \\ \hline \\ $	Reference 1 To check all programmed digits Message characters are displayed only for the programmed channels. (Digit Nos. appear.). • Press ↑ or % to change channels. • The digit displaying a tag character (digit No. with decimal point) shifts with F or
YES Programming other Nos.? NO SHIFT + SET Stored Ref. 3	Reference 2 Programmable characters and key operation • Numeric value (0 to 9): \bigcirc

Remarks

To program message to "none"

Reference 3 Storing -

Store the [temporarily stored] parameters into the memory. (A programming change mark is printed.)

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.11 Burnout

The channel where the temperature range is programmed becomes effective. Press SHIFT and $V_{\%}$ simultaneously in the operation screen for 3 seconds or more to display the [Burnout] programming screen. This programming is necessary for each channel.

1 Burnout

- If a sensor (thermocouple or resistance thermometer) is disconnected, trace printing overshoots maximum or minimum limit.
- The default parameter of burnout is "disable" (n o n) in all channels.

Burnout selection menu

UΡ	եվերո(UP burn)	: Up scale burnout
doyn	늡닙ㄷn(down burn)	: Down scale burnout

"---" programming on

2 Programmed Flow Chart

<Example> From burnout "disable" to "up scale burnout"

Operation screen	Remarks 1 parallel operation
	A parallel connection of a
$\left(\frac{\text{SHIFT}}{\%} + \frac{\text{V}}{\%} \right)$	thermocouple with other instrument
[Check] 3 sec. or more Ref. 2	causes a problem. Select (חםח) if
	your recorder uses the thermocouple
	being connected with other
Channel SET END	instrument.
[To be ready for programming]	
	Remarks 2 Voltage range is ineffective
Cursor	Even if the burnout is programmed to
	a channel where the voltage range
[Specifying channel]	(No. 01 to 07) is programmed, this
<u> 8 2:000</u>	programming becomes ineffective
	(burnout disable).
[Selecting burnout]	
B 2:UP bUrn	Reference 1 Burnout operation
	For the burnout operation (display and
ENTRY	printing), read Section 10.2.
Temporarily stored	Reference 2> Other channels check
	Press \bigwedge_{7} or $\bigvee_{\%}$ to change
YES Programming other channels?	channels. The programmed burnout of
	other channels can be checked.
NO	
	Reference 3 Storing
	Store the [temporarily stored]
Stored Ref. 3	parameters into memory.
	(Programming change mark is
	printed.)

11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.12 Passcode/Key Lock

3

Programming Flow Chart

programmed or not. See next page for details.

The flow differs depending on whether a passocde is

1 Passcode

- [Key lock] programming cannot be allowed unless entering the correct passcode.
- As the default is no passcode programmed, you can program [Key lock].



(Note) In case an error message appears, press any key other than SHIFT and reprogram.

Passcode programming range —

Program a passcode with a 4-digit numeric value. Programming range: 0001 to 9999 If "0000" is programmed, a programming error occurs.

Remarks Keep your passcode in mind

Keep the passcode programmed in mind or somewhere safe. If you lose the passcode, no [Key lock] operation will be available.

2 Key Lock

When [Key lock] is programmed to "LOCKED", no key operation for the following functions is accepted.

- (1) Reprogramming of various parameters
- (2) Operations (printing ON/OFF, chart paper feeding, digital data printing, printing format selection, and time axis synchronization selection)

The following operations are exceptional.

- (1) Checking various parameters
- (2) Programming the key lock to be ineffective (UNLOCKED)
- (3) Selection of operation screens



11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.12 Passcode/Key Lock

4 When a passocde has not been programmed

<Example> Program the passcode and [key lock] effective



11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.12 Passcode/Key Lock

5 When a passocde has been programmed

<Example> Key lock to be effective when the passcode is changed or unchanged



11.OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.13 Input Filter

The input filter has a function to stabilize the measuring input. This function can be programmed for each channel. Press $\binom{0}{CLEAR}$ and $\binom{8}{ALARM}$ simultaneously for 3 seconds or more to display the [Input filter] programming screen.

1 Input Filter

A CR filter is mounted in the measuring circuit. In addition, a software filter (called as "input filter") for the "primary delay computation" is also installed to smooth slight variations of the measuring input. The value for the programming is corresponding to "Time constant: T".

2 Programming Flow Chart

<Example> To the time constant 5 seconds in CH2





11. OTHER PROGRAMMING 11.14 Copying to Other channels

For the parameters, such as [range/printing range], [scale], [engineering unit] and [tag], which are needed to be programmed in each channel, the parameters of the specific channel as a reference channel can be copied to a desired channel.



2 Programming Flow Chart

<Example> Copying of parameters for [range/printing range] in CH 1 to CH 2 to 4.



12. ALARM OUTPUT 12.1 Alarm Output Programming Items

This explanation is only for the alarm output (option). The alarm output programming is necessary after programming the "alarm".

1 Programming Items for Alarm Output

1) Relay No.	Setting of the relay No. where the alarm information (activation/reset) of each alarm point is to be output. Set them to each alarm point.	
2) Output wiring	2) Output wiring Setting to AND or OR for each relay No When one relay is used by multiple alarm points you can select AND or OR for the output wiring.	
	 Relay coil phase: Setting whether N and O terminals are shorted (Energized) or opened (Non-energized) when an alarm activates. 	
3) Output mode	(2) Relay output latch: Setting whether the alarm status is to be continued until ENTRY is pressed (Hold) even if the alarm becomes reset condition, or it is reset (Not hold) at the same time as resetting of the alarm.	
	 (3) Alarm display atch: Setting whether the alarm display is kept displayed until ENTRY is pressed (Hold) even if the alarm becomes reset condition or turned off (Not hold) at the same time as resetting of the alarm. * Alarm display: ALARM status lamp 	

2 Details of Programming Items

1) Relay No. and default values

Alarm *			
Alarm point		Alarm type	Relay No.
	Level 1		0
CH 1	Level 2		0
CITT	Level 3		0
	Level 4		0
	Level 1		0
CH 2	Level 2		0
2 to 4-pen types only	Level 3		0
(types only)	Level 4		0
CH 3 (3 and 4-pen) types only	Level 1		0
	Level 2		0
	Level 3		0
	Level 4		0
	Level 1		0
CH 4 (4-pen type only	Level 2		0
	Level 3		0
	Level 4		0
FAiL			0
C. End			0

*This is the "Alarm" programming. The relay No. is fixed at 0 in the standard specifications (AH is fixed at 00). 1 to n (Note) should be set only when alarm output (option) is added. (0 means no output.)

(Note) n: 6 or 12 depending on the number of output points.

RD200: 6 only

2) AND/OR, output mode and default values

			Output Mode	
Relay No.	AND/ OR	Relay coil phase	Relay output latch	Alarm display latch
RLy1	or			
RLy2	or			
RLy3	or			
RLy4	or	Energized	Not hold	Not hold
RLy5	or			
RLy6	or	(Common)	Common	Common
RLy7	or	to all	to all	to all
RLy8	or	∟ relays J	∟ relays ∫	_displays _
RLy9	or			
RLy10	or			
RLy11	or			
RLy12	or			

* RD200: Relay No. is 1 to 6.

RD2800: it is variable depending on the number of output points (Rel;ay No. is 1 to 12 for 12-point outputs.).

12. ALARM OUTPUT 12.2 Programming of Relay No.

This explanation is only for the alarm output (option). Program the relay No. for each alarm point by referring the "Programming relay No." screen in "Section 11.5 Alarm, A Programming flow chart, 2) With alarm output (option)".

Alarm Output Terminals and the Status

When an alarm is in active at an alarm point, the relay No. (alarm output terminal No.) specified for the point is activated.*

*The terminal activation differs depending on the programming of the relay coil to "Energize" or "Non energize". \Rightarrow See Section 12.4.

Alarm outpu	ts terminals
<mos relay=""> <mechanical contact="" relay"a"=""></mechanical></mos>	<mechanical contact="" relay"c"=""></mechanical>
⊗ N.O ⊗ COM	⊗ N.O ⊗ COM ⊗ N.C

Programming Relay No.

For programming [Relay No.], refer to the programming flow chart in "Section 11.5 Alarm, A Programming flow chart, 2) With alarm output (option)". The default is "0" and no alarm output is available. Select an alarm type and press 3. The cursor moves to the relay No. to specify relay Nos. for each alarm point.





Number of alarm point and number of output point (n)

The total numbers of alarm points are number of channels x number of levels (4) + 2 (FAiL and C. End). Number of output points is 6 or 12 points. (RD200: 6 points only)

Remarks 2 FAiL, C. End —

12. ALARM OUTPUT 12.3 Output Wiring (AND/OR) Setting

This explanation is only for the alarm output (option). Press CLEAR and C simultaneously for 3 seconds or more to display the "Output Wiring (AND or OR)" programming screen. Program it for each relay No. The default is "OR" for all relay Nos.

1 AND/OR

Multiple alarm points can be allocated to one relay No.

AND output: The relay turns on when all alarm points allocated are in active.
OR output: The relay turns on when any of the alarm points allocated is in active.



2 Selecting Flow Chart

<Example> From OR to AND in relay No. 3

	Reference 1 Checking other relay No.
Operation screen DISP (CLEAR + C) [Check] 3 sec. or more	Press 7 or 5 to change relay No. AND/OR status of other channels can be checked.
$\begin{array}{c c} \hline R & \underline{L} & \underline{J} & \underline{J} & \underline{c} & \underline{r} \\ \hline R & Relay No. \\ \hline \hline \hline R & Relay for programming] \\ \hline \hline \hline R & \underline{L} & \underline{J} & \underline{c} & \underline{c} & \underline{c} \\ \hline \hline \hline R & \underline{L} & \underline{J} & \underline{c} & \underline{c} & \underline{c} \\ \hline \hline \end{array}$	Reference 2 Storing Store the [temporarily stored] parameters into memory. (Programming change mark is
$[Selecting relay No.]$ $[R \ L \ J \] = \underline{n}$ $Relay No.$ $[A \ V \ V \ V \ V \ V \ V \ V \ V \ V \ $	printed.)
[Programming AND or OR] ↓ R L J] = R ∩ d AND/OR ENTRY Temporarily stored	
YES Programming other relay No.?	
SHIFT + SET END Stored Ref. 2	

12. ALARM OUTPUT 12.4 Programming Output Mode

This explanation is only for the alarm output (option). Press DISP and Simultaneously for 3 seconds or more to display the "Output mode" programming screen. Two output modes, 1) relay coil (energize/not energize), 2) latched alarm display/relay (hold/not hold), are available. The programming is common to all relay Nos..

1 Relay Coil Energize/Not energize

The default is "Energize".

The terminal configuration differs depending on the type of relay.

1) MOS relay and mechanical relay "a" contact alarm output

Phase	Power off	Alarm reset	Alarm activation
Energized (E)	∑⊗ N. О	,⊗ N. О ∕⊗сом	∭⊗ N. О
Not energize (립)		∑ N. O	N. О ✓ Хомина Сомина Сом Сомина Сомина С Сомина Сомина С Сомина Сомина С Сомина Сомина С Сомина Сомина С Сомина Сомина Соми Сомина Сомина С Сомина Сомина Сом Сомина Сомина С Сомин

2) Mechanical relay "c" contact alarm output

Phase	Power off	Alarm reset	Alarm activation
Energize (Ĕ)	N.O COM N.C	N. O COM	N. O COM N. C
Not energize (립)	⊗ N. O ⊗ COM ⊗ N. C	⊗ N. O ⊗ COM © ⊗ N. C	N. O COM N. C

12. ALARM OUTPUT 12.4 Programming Output Mode

2 Latched Alarm Display/Relay (Hold/Not hold)

The default is "Not hold".

The alarm display refers to the blinking of the measured value and the lighting of ALARM status lamp.



Reference > Blinking of measured value

The measured value blinks when an alarm activates and lights steadily when it is reset.

However, the blinking is continued when the alarm display/relay is hold.

The blinking is turned to steadily light by pressing ENTRY regardless of the programming of "Hold" or "Not hold".

12. ALARM OUTPUT 12.4 Programming Output Mode



5 Programming Flow Chart

<Example> Programming the relay coil phase to Energize, relay output/display to Hold and alarm display to Hold:



13. REMOTE CONTACTS 13.1 Remote Contacts Function

This explanation is only for the remote contacts (option).

1 Remote Contacts

- (1) The following functions are available with the contact signals at remote contacts terminals (EX1 to 4). However, the functions are limited due to four terminals (EX1 to 4) provided. Moreover, some functions are automatically allocated to a certain terminal Nos.
- (2) Programming to allocate the functions to terminal Nos. is necessary.

R	emote	conta	icts ter	minals ——	
	Ð	Ð	Ð	ÐÐ	
EX1	EX2	EX3	EX4	COM	

Functions	Terminals	Remarks
 Printing on/off and selection of three chart speeds 	2 terminals (EX1, EX2)	Programming 3 speeds, See Section 13.3. (Note 1)
(2) Execution of message printing (No.1 to 5)	4 terminals (EX1 to EX4)	Programming message, See Section 11.10. (Note 2)
(3) Execution of message printing (No.1 and 2)	2 terminals (EX1, EX2)	Programming message, See Section 11.10. (Note 3)
(4) Execution of digital data printing	Any 1 terminal	
(5) Execution of list printing (list 1, 2, 3)	Any 3 terminals	
(6) Execution of operation record (No.A to D)	Any 4 terminals	Programming operation record, See Section 13.4.
(7) Reset of totallization	Any 1 terminal	Available in totalization (option)

(Note 1) Free terminals left are EX3 and EX4.

(Note 2) No free terminals are left.

(Note 3) Free terminals left are EX3 and EX4.

2 Functions and Terminal Contact Signals

ON: Short OFF: Open

Functions	Contact signal at terminal				
	Program 3 chart speeds first. See Section 13.3.				
	Printing on/off and selection			With COM	
	of 3 hart s	peeds	E	EX1	EX2
(1) Printing on/off and selection of		CS1	(DFF	OFF
3 chart speeds	Printing: C	On CS2	(ON	OFF
		CS3	(DFF	ON
	Р	rinting: Off	(ON	ON
	(Note) Program "Printing on/off" to on with a key operation in advance.			on in advance.	
	Program m	essages first. S	ee Section 11	.10.	
	Messag	Messag With COM			
	е	EX1	EX2	EX3	EX4*
	No.1	OFF	OFF	OFF	F <u>or trigg</u> er
	No.2	ON	OFF	OFF	
(2) Execution of message printing	No.3	OFF	ON	OFF	
(No. 1 to 5)	No.4	ON	ON	OFF	
(100.110.5)	No.5	OFF	OFF	ON	1 sec. or more
	message (Note) Pro	e No., the printin gram "Printing c	g of programm n/off" to on w	med message ith a key opera	ore) after selecting the starts. ation in advance. on is also available.
		e Section 9.4.	ige hin mig w		

13. REMOTE CONTACTS 13.1 Remote Contacts Functions

ON: Short OFF: Open

Functions			Contact sigr	ON: Short OFF: Open nal at terminal
	Program messages first. See Section 11.10.			
				COM
		Message	EX1	EX2*
(3) Execution of message printing		No.1	OFF	For trigger
(No.1 and 2)		No.2	ON	 1 sec. or more
		message No., th (Note) Program "I	e printing of progra Printing on/off" to or of message printin	(for 1 sec. or more) after selecting the ammed message starts. n with a key operation in advance. g with key operation is also available.
(4) Execution of digital data printing	Turn on (for 1 second or more) the terminal No. which the digital data printing is allocated. (Note 1) Program "Printing on/off" to on with a key operation in advance. Execution of message printing with key operation is also available. See Section 9.2. (Note 2) During execution, retry of the execution can be accepted just once.			
(5) Execution of list printing (List 1, 2, 3)	Turn on (for 1 sec. or more) the terminal No. which the printing of list 1, 2 or 3 is allocated. (Note) Program "Printing on/off" to on with a key operation in advance. Execution of message printing with key operation is also available. See Section 9.3.			
(6) Execution of operation record (No. A to D)	Programming of the operation record position is necessary. See Section 13.4. Turn on (for 1 sec. or more) the terminal No. which the operation record (No. A to D) is allocated. During ON time, the recording position shifts to 5 mm to the right from the programmed operation record position. (Note) Program "Printing on/off" to on with a key operation in advance.			
(7) Reset of totallization	to pr	talized value can	talization" (optio be reset at an inte n be reset with a	erval time

Warning Contact signal to terminals

For the contact signal applied to the remote contacts terminals, use a switch or a relay driven at 30V AC or less or 60V DC or less or a manual contact for a very light load.

13. REMOTE CONTACTS | 13.2 Terminal Allocation for Operation

This explanation is only for the remote contacts (option). Press (\underline{CLEAR}) and (\underline{DATAI}) simultaneously for 3 seconds or more to display the "Terminal Allocation for Operation" programming screen. This allows allocation of the desired functions to terminal Nos. 1 to 4 (EX 1 to 4).



13. REMOTE CONTACTS 13.3 Programming 3 Chart Speeds

The "3 chart speeds" programming screen appears only in the remote contacts (option). Press SHIFT and $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ CHART \end{pmatrix}$ simultaneously to display the "3 chart speeds" programming screen. Program 3 chart speeds (CS1 to 3) and select the desired speed with a contact signal. See section 13.12



13. REMOTE CONTACTS 13.4 Programming Operation Record Position

This explanation is only for the remote contacts (option). Press $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ CLEAR \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ TAG \end{bmatrix}$ simultaneously for 3 seconds or more to display the "Operation printing position" programming screen. Printing Nos. are A, B, C and D. The default values are A = 20, B = 40, C = 60 and D = 80.

1 **Operation Record**

The programmed recording positions are recorded by the plotter pen. When the contact signal is shorted, the recording position shifts to 5 mm to the right from the programmed operation record position. The record Nos. (A to D) are also recorded at a fixed interval.



The terminal allocation

Remarks



3 **Programming Flow Chart**

<Example> Setting of the record position of record No. B to 40%

	is necessary.
Operation screen DISP (CLEAR + TAG) 3 sec. or more Ref. 1	For operation record, the "Terminal Allocation for Operation", allocations of record Nos. (A to D) to terminal Nos. (EX 1 to EX 4), is necessary. See Section 13.2.
Printing No. Printing position [To be ready for programming] \downarrow \square \square \square \square \square \square	Reference 1 Other speed No. check Press or or to change record Nos. record positions can be
[Selecting printing No.]	checked.
Image: Heat State	Reference 2 Record position range Record position is programmable from 10% to 90% of the printing range. Reference 3 Error display Error is displayed when the programmed value is between 0% and 9% or between 91% and 99%.
Ref. 3 Programming other channels? YES NO SHIFT + Stored Ref. 4	Reference 4 Storing Store the [temporarily stored] parameters into memory. (Programming change mark is printed.)

14. PRINTING FORMAT 14.1 Programming Automatic Range-Shift Printing

This programming display only appears for the printing format (option). This programming is to change the trace printing range automatically.

1 Automatic Range-shift

The automatic range-shift function changes the trace printing range up to 5 stages according to the measured values.

- (1) This programming can be applied to each channel.
- (2) The total printing range can be programmed optionally irrespective of the programmed range in the [Range/Printing range].
- (3) For each range, refer to the minimum printing range in section 22.1 (Input Specifications). The printing may be dispersed if each range is programmed to be less than the minimum printing range.
- (4) The range shifting is executed when the measured value exceeds approx. 0.5 mm from the minimum (zero) or the maximum (span) range.



2 Programming Mode

1) Screen 1 (Printing format check)



Dots appear at the selected format.

By pressing $\begin{bmatrix} SET \\ END \end{bmatrix}$, the dots disappear and the cursor appears instead.

2) Screen 2 (Programming channel)



By selecting automatic range-shift (\bar{R} r), the cursor appears at the channel programming position.

3) Screen 3 (Zero programming at No.1 range)



Programming value

(Max. 5 digits by left-justify)

- (1) The default programmed value is the minimum value in the [Range/Printing range]. This programming can be changed as required.
- (2) When all programming are completed, return to the above display and execute [Storing].
- 4) Screen 4 (Span programming at No. 1 to 5 ranges)

Range No.	Span
RF8 II	

Programming value

- (Max. 5 digits by left-justify)(1) When the programming a span, the range number advances. Program the span up to the required range number.
- (2) After pressing ENTRY up to range No.5, press ENTRY again to return to Display 3.

14. PRINTING FORMAT 14.1 Programming Automatic Range-Shift Printing

Remedial measure to Remarks 1 error display Operation screen DISP Press any key other than SHIFT and program again. When it is normal, DISP Ref. 1 SHIFT + [Checking printing format the next screen appears. SΡ i (1) 🕀 F 5.d. Яг Pł. Programming for the Remarks 2 range No. 2 to No. 5 Standard Program the span and press ENTRY SET to advance the range Nos. The range [To be ready for programming] No. advances up to No. 5. For the (2) F 58 Яr ςp ΡL range No. which no span Automatic Cursor.... programming is required, press [ENTRY → ENTRY range shift ► (36) key to skip it. [Selecting automatic range shift] Return to the screen of Remarks 3 R F 8 (3) Step (5) For storing parameters into memory, Channel $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ CHART \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} ENTRY \end{bmatrix}$ return the screen to Step (5). Remarks 1 [Programming channel] Reference 1 > Checking parameters 8 F 8 (4) 1. 1. Press ENTRY to display parameters. Cursor Channel [Programming zero for range Numeric keys The parameters are displayed ENTRY Remarks 1 __**`** No. 1] ENTRY is sequentially each time 8 FR Π 100 (5) 1. 1. pressed. Press or to ₹ change channels. Range No. Zero * [Programming span for Numeric → ENTRY Remarks 1 keys range No. 1] Reference 2 > Storing R FR (6) 1. 1. 100 400 Store the parameters into memory. (Programming change mark is Span printed.) **Cancellation of** Range No. changes to 2. Program the span for the range Reference 3 programming No. 2. Program No. 2 to 4 spans as the procedure shown (7) For canceling the stored parameters, above. Press ENTRY key for every programming. press [SHIFT] and $\begin{bmatrix} 0\\ CLEAR \end{bmatrix}$ Remarks 1 Remarks 2 simultaneously at Steps (4) to (7), and then press [ENTRY] to store the ENTRY Remarks 3 cancellation. [Returning to the step (5)] **Returning to** Reference 4 standard printing FR (8) 100 1. 1. Π Point the cursor to (5 d) at Step (2) and press ENTRY . To return to the automatic range-shift function, execute SHIFT SET the procedure of Steps (1) to (3) and store it. Stored Ref. 1 Scale printing at Reference 5 fixed-time printing Scale is printed in the order of Other channel programming channels. Range Nos. (R1 to R5) are also printed. This programming is for each channel. For programming other channels, repeat the procedure from the [Operation screen]. * Fill unused digits with spaces.

3 Programming Flow Chart <Example> Programming the details on the left page for CH 1

14. PRINTING FORMAT 14.2 Programming Compressed/Expanded Printing

This programming display only appears for the printing format (option). This programming is to print the specified range in the [compressed/expanded] printing mode.

1 Compressed/Expanded printing

A specified range in the trace printing range can be printed in the compressed or expanded printing mode.

- (1) This programming can be executed for each channel.
- (2) The printing range can be programmed optionally irrespective of the programmed range in the [Range/Printing range].
- (3) Up to 2 break points can be programmed.

2 Programming Mode

1) Screen 1 (Printing format check)



Dots appear at the selected format.

By pressing $\begin{bmatrix} SEI \\ BD \end{bmatrix}$, the dots disappear and the cursor appears instead.

2) Screen 2 (Programming channel)



By selecting compressed/expanded (5P), the cursor appears at the channel programming position.





3) Screen 3 (Programming break point printing position)



- (1) Program each break point printing position (%) in the range of 10 to 90.
- (2) When all programming are completed, return to the above display and execute [Storing].
- (Note) No.1 break point should be lower than No.2 break point. When no programming for the No.2 break point is required, leave it as spaces.
- 4) Screen 4 (Scale programming of each printing position)



(Max. 5 digits by left-justify)

- When programming a scale, the printing position advances to the next position. Program scales up to the 100% position.
- (2) After completing the programming for 100%, press ENTRY to return to Screen 3.

14. PRINTING FORMAT 14.2 Programming Compressed/Expanded Printing

3 Programming Flow Chart <Example> Programming the details on the left page for CH 2



14. PRINTING FORMAT 14.3 Programming Zone Printing

This programming display only appears for the printing format (option). This programming is to print the printing area by dividing it into 2 to 4 zones. (RD200: 2 zones only)

1 Zone Printing

The printing area is divided into two zones (RD200) or four zones (RD2800) and the printing zone can be selected. This function is effective when printings overlap each other.

- (1) The printing zone can be selected for each channel.
- (2) The printing range for each zone is the programmed printing range in the [Range/Printing range].
- (3) The followings are printing position (mm) at the number of zone.

• RD200

Zone No. 1	0 to 45
Zone No. 2	55 to 100

• RD2800

Zone	Zone No.1	Zone No.2	Zone No.3	Zone No.4
2	0 to 81	99 to 180		
3	0 to 54	63 to 117	126 to 180	
4	0 to 36	45 to 81	99 to 135	144 to 180

2 Programming Mode

1) Screen 1 (Printing format check)



Dots appear at the selected format.

By pressing $\begin{bmatrix} SET \\ END \end{bmatrix}$, the dots disappear and the cursor appears instead.

2) Screen 2 (Programming number of zones)

... Displays in RD2800 only



(Note) For RD200 (2 zones only), Screen 2 is skipped and Screen 3 appears.





3) Screen 3 (Programming channel for zone No.1)



4) Screen 4 (Programming channel for zone Nos. 2 to 4)



14. PRINTING FORMAT 14.3 Programming Zone Printing

Example> Programming CH 1 and CH 3 to zone No.1, and CH 2 and CH 4 to zone No. 2 Operation screen DISP	ormal,
	of Step (4)
[Checking printing format]	
(1) F Standard Standard For storing parameters into r return the screen to Step (4).	nemory,
[To be ready for programming]	annels
(2) R F 5 d R 5 P L Cursor Zone The channel not selected in zone is skipped. Also, if the selected in zone is skipped. Also, if the selected in zone is skipped. Also, if the selected in zone is skipped.	n any
[Selecting zone printing]	
CursorVarious keysENTRYReference 1Checking paramet[Programming channel of 1st area] \bigvee ENTRYPressENIRYto display paramet	
(4) R F P R I I.3 The parameters are displayed sequentially each time ENTRY is	5
[Programming channel of 2nd area]	
(5) R F P R 2 2.4 Reference 2> Storing	
[To display step (4)] * Remarks 2 Store the parameters into m (Programming change ma printed.) (6) R F P R I I I I printed.)	
SET Reference 3 > Border mark —	
SHIFT + SET END Reference 3 > Border mark - Stored Ref. 2 "+" mark is printed at the border area.	r of the

*Fill unused digits with spaces.

14. PRINTING FORMAT 14.3 Programming Zone Printing

4 Programming Flow Chart (RD2800)

<Example> Programming CH 1 and CH 3 to zone No.1, and CH 2 and CH 4 to zone No. 2

	Remarks 1 Remedial measure to error display
[Checking printing format]	If error display appears during programming, press any key other
	than (SHIFT) and program again.
mRFS.d. Ar SP PL	When it is normal, the next screen
Standard SET END	appears.
[To be ready for programming]	
2 R F 58 Ar 58 PL	Remarks 2 Channels programming for 3rd or 4th zones
Cursor Zone scale	When zones are divided into 3 or 4,
$\bigcirc_{F}^{F} (3 \text{ times}) \rightarrow [ENTRY]$	program channels up to 3 or 4 zones.
[Selecting zone printing]	
	Remarks 3 Return to the display of
Cursor $\begin{bmatrix} 2\\ TAG \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} ENTRY \end{bmatrix}$	For storing the parameter into memory,
[Programming numbers of area]	return the screen to Step (4).
(4) R FP 8-E8 2	
Numbers of divided area	Remarks 4 Selection and
$\begin{pmatrix} Various \\ keys \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow ENTRY $	
[Programming channel of 1st area]	The channel not selected in any zone
(5)R FPR : 1.3_	is skipped. Also, if the selection of channel is overlapped or the skipped
	channel is selected, error display
$\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Various} \\ \text{keys} \end{array}\right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{ENTRY} \\ \text{Remarks 1} \end{array}\right)$	appears.
[Programming channel of 2nd area]↓	
@ <u>R</u> <u>FP82_2.4</u>	Reference 1 > Checking parameters —
*	Press ENTRY to display parameters.
ENTRY Remarks 1) Remarks 2	The parameters are displayed sequentially each time ENTRY is
Program 3rd area also. Program 4th area with same	pressed.
rocedure.	
[To display step (4)]	Reference 2> Storing
8 R FP 8-E8 <u>3</u>	Store the parameters into memory. (Programming change mark is
Cursor	printed.)
	Reference 3 Border mark
Stored Ref. 2	area.

* Fill unused digits with spaces.

15. COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE 15.1 Programming communications Protocol

This explanation is only for the communications interface (option). Press SHIFT and SPACE SCOPY(=) simultaneously for 3 seconds or more to display the "communications protocol" programming screen.

→ Operation screen →	Remarkst Communications interface
	This section only explains
$(\left[SHIFT\right] + \left[\begin{smallmatrix}SPACE\\COPY[=]\right] \right) \stackrel{3 \text{ sec. or}}{\underset{more}{\text{more}}}$	programming of the communications
[Checking port]	interface. For details of the
IIF Port Con	communications interface, refer to the
Port	separate instruction manual for
SET	"Communications Interface".
I F Port <u>C</u> oñ	Remarks2
	When EnG is selected and then
[Selecting port]	MODBUS is selected, it is fixed to RTU
IF Port Con	mode.
Port	Reference 1 Port selection
ENTRY	Select the port type from the
	followings.
	(1) [: Higher level communications
P rotoCol <u>P</u> r 88tE	(2) E n L: Engineering
Protocol	
ENTRY	Reference 2 Protocol selection
YES Selected "PriVAtE"?	Select the protocol from the followings. (1) 후도 금품분들:Private protocol
[Selecting mode]	(2) うっぱらじら: MODBUS protocol
NO (ModbUS is selected.) Ref. 3	
Remarks 2	
	Reference 3 Mode selection
IC on node <u>r</u> eu	When [주요성동US] is selected, the
Mode	mode selection screen is displayed.
ENTRY	Select the mode from the followings.
Temporarily stored Ref. 4	
	(2) R 5 [, ,: ASCII mode
DISP	Reference 4 Return to the port selection screen
Stored Ref. 5	After "temporarily storage", the "Port
	selection" screen appears again. For
	storing parameters, press DISP.
	Deferment C C i
	Reference 5 Storing
	Store the [temporarily stored] parameters into memory.
	(Programming change mark is
	printed.)

15. COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE 15.2 Programming communications

This explanation is only for the communications interface (option). Press $\begin{bmatrix} SHIFT \\ r'(\cdot) \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} r'(\cdot) \\ r'(\cdot) \end{bmatrix}$ simultaneously for 3 seconds or more to display the "communications" programming screen.



16. Math Expressions and Totalization

Remarks Math expressions and totalization

This section outlines math expressions and totalization. For programming, read the separate instruction manual for "Math Expressions and Totalizations (Option)".

1 Math Expressions

- (1) Measured values are computed and the results are displayed and stored into memory.
- (2) Math expressions comprise basic calculations, totalization, flow rates, etc., which are depending on the relevant model code.

	Display characters	Names	Remarks	
	(1) הם ה None		No computation (Display and printing of measured values)	
	(2) 🖥 📙 📙	Arithmetical operation 1	+, x (Aax + By + Cxy + D)	
	(3) 급 , 님	Arithmetical operation 2	\div (Ax/y + B)	
	(4)եօնէ	Natural Logarithm	LoG _e X	
	(5)եսն (8	Logarithm	LoG ₁₀ X	
ion	(6)PoyEr	Exponential	e ^x	
Basic calculation	(7)root	Square root	$\sqrt{Rx - Rz/Rs - Rz}$ Rs: Max. range, Rz: Min. range	
Basi	(8) 버닝츄 고려 고는 날	Temperature/ humidity	Computation of measured values by the dry and wet bulbs by using the relative humidity tables	
	(9) H , P E A F	Maximum	Maximum value at the programmed "interval period"	
	(10) L o P E R R	Minimum	Minimum value at the programmed "interval period"	
	(11)88866868	IBERELE Average value Average value at the programmed "interval p		
	(12) 🕅 占 🕤	Totalizing	X	
	(13)[፬ἦἦ،໑	Data communications input	Displayed only for the communications Interface (option)	
	(14) to E Totalization		Displayed only for the totalization (option)	
Totalization, flow rate, etc.	ร์ ซี่ โอ ซี่ ซี่ ซี่ (15) กิสิริริคิเอษ เ computation 1			
otaliz w ra	\$	s		
ЪÖ	(21) ARSSELoy1	Flow correction computation 7		

(3) 18 types of math expressions are provided and they can be programmed to any channel.

2 Totalizing

- (1) Measured values and computed results are totalized and the results are displayed and printed. The reset of the totalization is executed with the programmed interval or a contact signal for the "remote contacts" (option).
- (2) Totalization is displayed as "int". This can be programmed to any channel.

3 Instruction manual

An instruction manual (INST. No. INE-288) for "Math expression and totalization (option)" is attached separately.

17. Other Options | 17.1 Shunt Resistor for Current Input

DC current input can be measured by attaching a shunt resistor (option) to the input terminals.

1 Shunt resistor (Option) and Measurement current range

- A shunt resistor converts the DC current input into a DC voltage. The two types shown in the right table are available.
- The current measuring ranges are shown in the right table, too.

2 Connection

Connect a shunt resister to each channel for the DC current measurement.

Remarks > Caution on connections

Only one shunt resistor is to be connected to a channel.

3 [Range/Printing range] and [Scale]

1) Range No.

The converted voltage with any shunt resistor is ± 5 V DC and the range No. is "07".

2) Printing range

Program the printing range with the value after being converted into a voltage.

- Minimum value:
 - Min. input current x shunt resistor value
- Maximum value:

Max. input current x shunt resistor value

3) Scale

Program the scale with the physical quantity against the input current.

• Minimum value:

Physical quantity of the minimum input current

Maximum value:

Physical quantity of the maximum input current

– Shunt resistor and measuring range -

Code	Resistance value*	Measuring range	
EZ-RX100	100Ω	±50mA DC	
EZ-RX250	250Ω	±20mA DC	
Accuracy: 100Ω - Rated value ±0.05%			
250Ω – Rated value ±0.1%			

$^-$ Ex) Connection of a shunt resistor to CH1 $^-$



Using Range No.

Resistan ce value	Measuring range	Converted voltage	Range No.
100Ω	±50mADC	±5VDC	07
250Ω	±20mADC	±5VDC	07

Example of printing range

<Input to be printed with the trace printing: 4 to 20mA>

Use the shunt resistor of 250Ω for the maximum measuring current of 20mA.

- Minimum value: 4 (mA) x 250 (Ω) = 1 (V)
- Maximum value: 20 (mA) x 250 (Ω) = 5 (V)

Example of scale programming

<Physical quantity of 4 to 20mA is 0 to 500 litter/m²>

Minimum value: 0
 Maximum value: 500

17. Other Options 17.2 Transmitter Power Supply

1 Transmitter Power Supply

This power supply unit, which is designed to install on the rear panel (terminal board) of the instrument, supplies power (24VDC) to a transmitter that transmits the measurement input signals to your recorder.

[Model] RZ-TPS01 [Instruction manual] INST. No. INE-277

18. ADJUSTMENT 18.1 Adjustment of Measured Values

Adjustment

Adjustment comprises four kinds shown below. (1), (3) and (4) have already been adjusted. However, it is recommended for maintaining the measuring and printing accuracy to adjust them once a year.

Calibration	Details	Reference
(1) Measured values adjustment	Adjustment to keep the measured value against input within the accuracy ratings.	Sec.18.1
(2) Shift programming of measured value	Programming to shift a measured value	Sec.18.2
(3) Adjustment of printing position	Adjustment to set the printing range to the zero and span lines on the chart	Sec.18.3
(4) Adjustment for time-axis synchronization of pens	Adjustment of the gaps between pens for the time-axis synchronization	Sec.18.4

1 Adjustment of measured values

It is recommended for maintaining measuring and printing accuracy to adjust them once a year.

- (1) Execute the adjustment for each channel.
- (2) Execute the adjustment under the reference condition. (See the right table.)

Reference conditions

Items	Reference conditions
Ambient temperature	23 ±2°C
Ambient humidity	55±10%RH
Power voltage	100 ±1VAC
Power supply frequency	50 or 60 ±0.5Hz

2 Preparation

1) Preparation of tools

	Input types				
Tools	DC voltage	Thermocouple	Resistance thermometer	Remarks	
DC standard voltage/current generator	0	0		Accuracy: Should be better than $\pm 0.05\%$.	
Reference junction compensator		0		$0^{\circ}C \pm 0.2^{\circ}C$ or less	
Thermocouple for test		0		Same type of thermocouple as input type	
Standard variable resistor			0	Accuracy: Should be better than $\pm 0.05\%$.	
3-core copper wire			0	Same resistance for each 3 cores	

2) Connection

Connections depend upon the input types. See the next page.

3) Before starting adjustment

- (1) After the connection, mount the terminal board cover and turn on the power supply.
- (2) Before starting adjustments, warm up your recorder for at least 30 minutes until it becomes stable. (It is recommended to warm it up for at least one hour if possible.)

Remarks > Adjus

Adjustments

Check and adjustments of the measured values need meticulous work in addition to the standard tools and reference conditions.

If you need checks or adjustments of the measured values, please consult your nearest CHINO's agent.
18. ADJUSTMENT 18.1 Adjustment of Measured Values

3 Connections

Connections depend upon the input types. Connect the standard tools to the input terminals to be adjusted.

Caution Make sure to connect after turning off the power supply.

To prevent any injury caused by electric shock, be sure to turn off the power supply before connections.



18. ADJUSTMENT 18.1 Adjustment of Measured Values

4 Programming Flow Chart

<Example> Adjustment of CH 01 (Printing range: -50 to 150)

	Remarks 1 By returning to the operation screen
Remarks to 2 sec. or more	Computed correction data are canceled if the screen is returned to
[Engineering mode selection] $\begin{pmatrix} (SHIFT) + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ A-Z \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$ 3 sec. or more Ref. 1	the operation screen in the procedures before [Storing].
	Skipped channel does not
Cursor Adjustment	Remarks 2 accept any [ENTRY] key
$[Selecting adjustment] \qquad \downarrow \qquad \stackrel{\triangleright}{}_{F} \qquad \stackrel{\bullet}{}_{C} \rightarrow (ENTRY)$	When a skipped channel is programmed, ENTRY operation is not
$E \land C \land C \land C \land C \land A \land C \land A \land A \land A \land A$	accepted.
$\begin{array}{c} Cursor & \cdots & \vdots \\ & & & \\ & & $	
[Selecting measured value]	Remarks 3 Other channels adjustment
	Change the connection to other input terminals to be adjusted and repeat
Cursor Measured value	the same procedure from the
□	programming channel screen
[Programming channel]	(indicated by a dotted line).
	Remarks 4 Initialization of correction data
[To zero adjustment display]	In zero adjustment or span adjustment screen, when $SHIFT$ and $CLEAR$ are
	pressed simultaneously and then [ENTRY]
(Zero) Minimum value	is pressed, the correction data of its
[Zero adjustment]	channel are initialized.
Apply an input equivalent to the minimum value with a standard tool.	
ENTRY (Computation of zero correction data)	Reference 1 Engineering mode types
	ات از Memory clear
	ERL: Adjustment
(Span) Maximum value	E H Fi: Hardware check
[Span adjustment]	
Apply an input equivalent to the maximum value with a standard tool.	Reference 2 Adjustment types
[To programming channel [ENTRY] (Computation of span correction data)	0.5: Measured value adjustment
	5 H: Shift programming for measured value
	- E: Printing position adjustment
Cursor Channel	P E: Time-axis adjustment for pens
Remarks 3	
Stored Ref. 3	Reference 3 Storing
	Store the computed correction data
j	into memory.

18. ADJUSTMENT 18.2 Shift Programming of Measured Value

This programming is for slight-shifting a measured value. After programming, measured values are shifted by the programmed amount. Example of shift programming

	Measured value850.3
Shift Programming	
(1) This programming is necessary for each channel.	▼ (▼ %) x3
(2) The cursor shifts to the least significant digit. Execute this	Programming 850.0
programming with $\boxed{\bullet}_{\%}$ or \bullet_{7} .	
_	Shift value = 850.0-850.3 = -0.3
2 Programming Flow Chart	Before programming
<example> Changing measured value of CH 1 from 850.3 to 850.0</example>	Before starting this programming, wait
	for at least 30 minutes after turning on
	the power supply.
2 sec. or more	By returning to the
	Programmed shifting data is canceled
$\left(\left[\text{SHFT} \right] + \left[\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ A^{-}Z \end{array} \right] \right)$	if the screen is returned to the
[Engineering mode selection] 3 sec. or more Ref.1	operation screen in the procedures
E _nGL_nBLHA	before [Storing].
Cursor Adjustment	Remarks 2 Skipped channel does
[Selecting adjustment] $\begin{bmatrix} \bullet \\ \bullet F \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bullet \\ \bullet C \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \text{ENTRY} \end{bmatrix}$	When a skipped channel is
	programmed, ENTRY operation is not
E AG CLA <u>C</u> AL CHA	accepted.
$\begin{array}{c} Cursor & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ $	
	Remarks 3 Other channels adjustment
	Change the connection to other input terminals to be adjusted and repeat the
C RL O <u>S_</u> SH FE PE -	same procedure from the programming
Cursor Shift	channel display (indicated by a dotted
	line).
	Remarks 4 Initialization of shift data (0)
C SX-	In zero adjustment or span adjustment
Cursor Channel	screen, when $\left[\begin{array}{c} SHIFT \\ SHIFT \end{array} \right]$ and $\left[\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ CLEAR \end{array} \right]$ are
ENTRY	pressed simultaneously and then ENTRY
[To measured value display]	is pressed, the correction data of its
C SH- : 850. <u>3</u>	channel are initialized.
Measured value Cursor	
[Programming shift] \downarrow \uparrow $\frac{1}{5}$	Reference 1 Engineering mode types
	に、「「こ」に、「」、「「」」、「「」」、「」、「」、「」、「」、「」、「」、「」、「」、「」
	L H K: Hardware check
Programmed value	
screen]	Reference 2 Adjustment types
C SH-	5 H: Shift programming for
	5 H: Shift programming for measured value
	- E: Printing position adjustment
Remarks 3	PE: Time-axis adjustment for pens
Stored Ref. 3	Reference 3 Storing
	Store the programmed shifting data
	into memory.

18. ADJUSTMENT 18.3 Adjustment of Printing Position

Adjustment Flow Chart

This is the adjustment for the printing position of the cartridge pen for use in trace printing. It is recommended to adjust it once a year for maintaining the printing accuracy.

B S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Zero/span adjustment procedure —
Operation screen	Pressing <u>F</u> <u>once moves</u> 0.1 mm
Remarks more	to right. Pressing
	0.1 mm to left. Press ENTRY when the
[Engineering mode selection]	printing position matches to zero or
	span of the chart.
Cursor Adjustment [Selecting adjustment] $\[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \] \[\] \] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \$	Other name then the new being adjusted
	Other pens than the pen being adjusted
<u>e ng clr <u>c</u>al cha</u>	Pens stand by near the scale center.
$\underbrace{Cursor}_{F} \qquad $	
[Selecting printing position]	Remarks By returning to the
	Computed correction data are
	canceled if the screen is returned to
Printing position Cursor	the operation screen in the procedures before [Storing].
Isolacting pap No 1	
	*During zero and span adjustments,
	DISP operation is not accepted.
Cursor Pen No.	Reference 1> Engineering mode types -
	[L r: Memory clear
(Zero)	E R L : Adjustment
	Γ H F.: Hardware check
To match the printing position to "Zero", press $\bigcirc_{\mathbb{C}}^{\mathbb{P}}$ $\bigcirc_{\mathbb{C}}^{\mathbb{P}}$ few times.	
ENTRY (Computation of zero	
Correction data)	Reference 2 Adjustment types
C - E - 1 100	 § 5: Measured value adjustment § H: Shift programming for
(Span)	measured value
	- E: Printing position adjustment
To match the printing position to "span", press $\begin{bmatrix} \bullet_{F} \\ \bullet_{C} \end{bmatrix}$ few times.	PE: Time-axis adjustment for pens
ENTRY (Computation of span correction data)	
Temporarily storing Ref. 4	Reference 3 Pen No.
	1: 1st pen
	2: 2nd pen (2-pen type to 4 pen type)
	3: 3rd pen (3-pen type, 4-pen type)
YES	4: 4th pen (4-pen type only)
Programming other channel?	Reference 4 Storing
	Store the computed correction data
	into memory.
Stored	

18. ADJUSTMENT 18.4 Time-axis Adjustment of Pens

When the time-axis synchronization (POC) is programmed to "on", the gaps between the pens may change over time, resulting in error between their time-axis. This adjustment is for correction of these changes. It is recommended to adjust them once a year for maintaining the time-axis synchronization.



19. HARDWARE CHECK 19.1 ROM Version Check

Hardware check

Hardware check comprises the following seven items. Items (5) to (7) only apply to corresponding options added.

Check items	Details	Ref. page
(1) ROM version check	Checking of versions for ROM and linearization	Sec. 19.1
(2) Printer test	Checking of printing with the cartridge pens and the plotter pen	Sec. 19.2
(3) Display test	Checking of LCD on the display	Sec. 19.3
(4) Measuring input check	Checking of real data (A/D converted value) of each channel	Sec. 19.4
(5) Alarm output check	Output of on or off signal from terminals	Sec. 19.5
(6) Remote contacts input check	Checking of input condition (open or short) at terminals	Sec. 19.6
(7) Communications interface check	Checking of communications function	Sec. 19.7

1 Check Flow Chart

				Reference 1 Engineering mode types
,	Operatio	n screen +	DISP 2 sec. or more	[L ⊢ : Memory clear [R L : Adjustment
- 		$(SHIFT) + \begin{bmatrix} 6\\ A^{-}Z \end{bmatrix}$		EHF: Hardware check
: 「」	ring mode selection]	3 sec. or more	Ref.1	Times of shock d
E n	6 <u>(</u> 1- 6	86 (86		Reference 2 Types of check 1
	Cursor	Check		$(1) \stackrel{r}{\succ} \stackrel{r}{\vdash} : \text{ROM version check}$
		$\left[\begin{array}{c} \bullet \\ \bullet F \end{array}\right] \left[\begin{array}{c} \bullet \\ \bullet C \end{array}\right] \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{c} \bullet \\ \bullet \end{array}\right]$	ENTRY	(2) 후 - : Printer check (3) 급 후 : Display check
	g check]		;	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)
- <u>3</u>	<u>6 (tr (</u>	<u> AL <u>(</u>HA</u>		((,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		Cursor		Reference 3 ROM and linearization check
[Soloctin		► °F °C	Ref.2	
[Selectin	GROMJ FI SFP	+ r dP 8d		Press \bigwedge_{7} or $\bigvee_{\%}$ to check the versions of ROM or linearization.
		2 3 4		
[ROM Ve	er]	ENTRY		
		• 0.10.15		
Versio	n Year	Month Day		
[Linearliz	ation Ver.]		Ref.3	
	00: 200	0.10.15		
Versi	on Year	Month Day		

19. HARDWARE CHECK 19.2 Printer Check

This is for checking of trace printing with the cartridge pens and digital data printing with the plotter pen.

2 Check Flow Chart

Operation screen * DISP	Check printing details
$[Engineering mode selection] \xrightarrow{\text{SHIFT} + \underline{A^6_Z}}_{2 \text{ sec. or more}}$ $[Engineering mode selection] \xrightarrow{\text{Sec. or more}}_{3 \text{ sec. or more}} \xrightarrow{\text{Reference}}_{\text{Reference}}$ $[E \cap \overline{L} \ Cursor \qquad \hline Check \qquad \hline entry \qquad \hline Cursor \qquad \hline Check \qquad \hline entry \qquad \hline Cursor \qquad \hline entry \ \hline entry \ \hline entry \ \hline entry \qquad \hline entry \qquad \hline entry \ \hline entry \ \hline en$	 1. Digital data printing (Plotter pen) Two lines are printed. The number of characters per line is 40 with AL and 72 with the AH (repetition of A to Z, 1 to 9 and 0). 2. Trace printing (Cartridge pens) Each pen prints a sine curve. (Note) Even when the time-axis synchronization is on, printing s executed in condition of the time-axis synchronization "off" during printing check. * DISP is not accepted during printing check. For cancellation of printing check, press ONOFF and then press ENTRY. By pressing DISP for 2 seconds or more, the screen returns to the operation screen, but the printing to enable, press OROFF and then press ENTRY again. Reference Types of engineering mode
Stop checking operation	and check 1 See Reference 1 and Reference 2 in section 19.1.

19. HARDWARE CHECK 19.3 Display Check

This is for checking of 16- or 7-segment LCD, status lamps and bargraphs.

Display (Note) The following is for RD200. It is same for RD2800.



19. HARDWARE CHECK 19.4 Measuring Input Check

The measuring input can be checked by counts after A/D conversion.

Check Flow Chart

Operation screen □ISP [] L r : Memory clear 2 sec. or more [] I L : Adjustment	
[Engineering mode selection] $(SHIFT + \binom{6}{A-Z})$ 3 sec. or more Ref. 1	
E O LO CALCHA	
Cursor Check (1) ROM version check (2) Printer check	
[Selecting check] $\downarrow \ \downarrow $	
E CLC CAL CHR	
[Selecting measuring input] Cursor Ref.2 Ref.2 Count 1 display —	
Image: Second grad stress of the second	
(1) (2) (3) (4) Cursor 4.	ιο
ENTRY For RD2800, the RJ (referen junction compensation) count	ce is
[Displaying check] Junction compensation) count Image: Image	
ENTRY Deferrers (Count 2 display	
[Displaying count: 1] I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	on
Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 of the reference juncti	
Count 2 display as RJ is displayed	
[Displaying count 2]	-
Image: Section of the section of t	
RJ DISP range programming. When channels are programmed to	all "0:
disable", () is displayed.	<u>.</u>

19. HARDWARE CHECK 19.5 Alarm Output Check

This check is only available for the alarm output (option). It checks the relay drive circuits and relays by outputting the shorted (on) or open (off) signals at the specified alarm output terminals (relay Nos.).

Check Flow Chart

	Relay No. for alarm output terminals
Operation screen	
$[Engineering mode selection] (SHIFT + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ A-Z \end{pmatrix})3 sec. or more[E] n \ L L \ r L \ H \ L L \ H \ H \ H Cursor[Selecting check][Selecting check]$	 N.O ALARM RELAY 1 2 3 4 5 6 COM 240VAC MAX 50mA MAX (AC/DC) COM CONTRACT OUTPUT * N.C terminals are provided for the mechanical relay "c" contact output.
E n G E L r E H R [Displaying check 1] Cursor	Resistance values between terminals
	Output Output N.O - COM
Cursor	$\frac{10M\Omega \text{ or}}{MOS \text{ relay}} = 00000000000000000000000000000000000$
$\begin{bmatrix} \text{Displaying check 2} \\ \hline \\ $	Mechanical relay (Common for "a" and "c" contacts) Off Off 10MΩ or more 0 0.1Ω ore less
[Selecting alarm output] [H F Z H L L L	Reference 1Check 1 and 2 switchingPress \checkmark or \checkmark \checkmark to switchCheck 1 and 2.
$\begin{array}{c c} \hline H & \underline{L} & \underline{H} & \underline{n} & \underline{n} & \underline{U} & \underline{L} \\ \hline & & & & \\ \hline \\ \hline$	Reference 2 Types of check 2 (1) 月 L : Alarm output check (2) L L : Remote contacts input check (3) L : Communications interface check
R L R Cursor [Selecting output] Image: Cursor Cursor R L R D	Reference 3Programming relay No.The programming range of relay Nos. are 1 to 6 for AL and 01 to 12 for AH.
Open Short circuiting ENTRY Confirming output Ref.4	Reference 4 Output The selection of output (on or off) is effective at the moment ENTRY is pressed. The previous output status is kept until then.

19. HARDWARE CHECK 19.6 Remote Contacts Input Check

This check is only available for the remote contacts (option). It checks the input signals (shorted or open) at the remote contacts terminals.

Check Flow Chart

Operation screen	ISP Remote contacts terminals
2 se	c. or more
$\left(\left(SHIFT\right)+\left(\begin{array}{c}6\\A^{-}Z\end{array}\right)\right)$	
[Engineering mode selection] 3 sec. or more	EX1 EX2 EX3 EX4 COM
$ \begin{bmatrix} \bullet \\ \bullet$	
8 n6 [Lr [81 <u>[</u> 86	
Cursor	
[Displaying check 1]	
CHAISE PE dP 80	Remote contacts signals and functions
	Eleven kinds of operations are
	available by the remote contacts signals. The operation allocated to
[Displaying check 2]	each terminal (EX1 to EX4) can be
C X62 81 66 .n	checked. \Rightarrow See Section 13.2.
Cursor (1) (2) (3)	
	Reference 1 Check 1 and 2 switching
[Selecting remote contacts]	Press 7 or 5 to switch
[X62 81 26 in	Check 1 and 2.
Cursor	
ENTRY	Reference 2> Types of check 2
[Selecting input signal]	
T Er 234 0000	(1) ∄ L : Alarm output check (2) L L : Remote contacts input check
	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)
	Reference 3> Input signal
	!
	The input signals at EX1 to EX4 are:
	0: Open 1: Shorted

19. HARDWARE CHECK 19.7 Communications IF Check

This check is only available for the communications interface (option). It checks the communications function by displaying the signal received after transmitting it.

1 Connections

Except for RS-485, short the transmission and reception terminals.



19. HARDWARE CHECK 19.7 Communications IF Check

2 Check Flow Chart

	Reference 1 Check 1 and 2 switching
Operation screen DISP 2 sec. or more	Press \uparrow or \checkmark to switch Check 1 and 2.
$\begin{bmatrix} \text{Engineering mode selection} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} (SHIFT + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ A \sim Z \end{pmatrix}) \\ 3 \text{ sec. or more} \\ \hline 3 \text{ sec. or more} \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline Cursor & \hline Check \\ \hline F & C & C \\ \hline C C &$	Reference 2 Types of check 2 (1) 月 L : Alarm output check (2) L L: Remote contacts input check (3) I D: Communications interface check
	Reference 3 Communications check
$\begin{bmatrix} \text{Displaying check 1} \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} \text{I} \text{ H} \overline{\text{h}} & 1 & \underline{5} \text{ F} & \overline{\text{P}} \text{ r} & d & \overline{\text{P}} & \overline{\text{H}} & d \\ \hline & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & &$	1. Communications type Communications type installed is displayed. • RS232C R <u>5232C012···</u> • RS422A R <u>5422A012···</u> • RS485 R <u>5485012···</u>
Image: Communications check] Image: Cursor Image: Communications type Send/Receive status display Image: Communications type Send/Receive status display Image: Check ends Image: Check ends	 2. Communications status display Normal condition: Displays one digit by one digit as 0 → 1 → 29, and after 9, repeat from 0 again. Abnormal condition: One of 0 to 9 blinks. In this case, communications circuit is abnormal.

20. MEMORY CLEAR

This is for initializing parameters and correction data to the default values.

Initialization items

Items	Clear function details and cautions
Parameters	Initializes all parameters excluding [time] to the default values. Refer to Section 7.3 (List of programming items) for the default values.
Correction data	Initializes all correction data to the default values.
Clock	The time is preprogrammed to Japanese time at shipment. When initializing the time, it becomes 00:00 hours on January 1, 2000. If the operation screen is not shown due to a failure of the LSI for time, clear the programmed time.

2 Operation Flow Chart

<Example> Initializing parameters



21. MAINTENANCE 21.1 Daily Inspection

Check the residual quantity of chart paper, displaying/printing conditions, etc. on a daily basis in order to use your recorder under good conditions.

1 Consumable parts check

Check items		Checking methods				
1. Residual quantity of chart	When the r new chart" left of the ch • Loading o	or "New Pape hart paper. chart paper chart paper	ty becomes les r Required" ap => See Section	opears with on 5.1. ion 1.2. s of chart pa	red ink on the	Prepare the new
	Chart speed 10 mm/h	Standard Approx. 40	printing days 16 m Approx. 60	Chart speed 25 mm/h	Continuous printing days Approx. 30	80 100
	20 mm/h	days Approx. 20 days	days Approx. 30 days	50 mm/h	days Approx. 15 days	EM-001
2. Plotter pen	If the text on the digital data printing becomes unclear or pale, replace the plotter pen with a new one. See Section 5.2.					
3. Cartridge pen	If the line on the trace printing becomes unclear or pale, replace the cartridge pen with a new one. See section 5.2.					

2 Operation check

Check items	Checking details		
1) Printing conditions	 Chart feeding condition Check that there is no paper jam or dislocation from the sprocket. Text and trend line printing condition Check that no disorder or abnormal condition is found in the text and trend line printing. 		
2) Display conditions	Check that no abnormalities are found in the displays of measured values, status and bar- graph.		
3) Others	(1) Check that the measured values are normal.(2) Check if any noise or strange odors are generated.		

21. MAINTENANCE 21.2 Cleaning and Lubrication

Clean the main shaft of each pen once a year in order to maintain a satisfactory printing performance.



2

Main Shaft of Cartridge Pen

open the display section.

lubricating oil to the main shaft.

bud or similar tool.

(1) Turn off printing. Pull out the chart cassette and

(2) Wipe off dirt from the main shaft with a cotton

(3) Apply one or two drops of the provided



- (1) Turn off printing. Pull out the chart cassette and open the display section.
- (2) Wipe off dirt from the main shaft with a cotton bud or similar tool. (Dirt can be wiped off more easily with a cotton bud soaked in alcohol.)
- (3) Apply one or two drops of the provided lubricating oil to the main shaft.



Remarks Caution on cleaning and lubrication

- (1) Do not move the plotter pen or cartridge pen by hand.
- (2) Use the provided lubricating oil. Do not use any other oil.

3 Cleaning the Door

The door is made of plastic*. Clean it with a dry soft cloth or with a soft cloth moistened with lukewarm water or a neutral detergent.

* Aluminum die-cast door is available an option. (RD200)

Caution Do not use any chemicals

Do not use thinner, benzene or other chemicals that may damage the plastic components. These may cause deformation or breakage to the door.

21. MAINTENANCE 21.3 Measured Values Check

It is recommended for check measured values once a year for maintaining the measuring and printing accuracy.

1 Channels to be checked

Check the measured value for each channel. Different errors may occur for different channels even in the same range.

Remarks Totalization channel

To check a channel for which a math-function or totalization (optional) has been programmed, program the math expression to " $\Box \Box \Box$ " before starting the checking.

Items	Reference conditions
Ambient temperature	23±2°C
Ambient humidity	55 ±10%RH
Power voltage	100 V AC ±1%
Power supply frequency	50 or 60 Hz ±0.5 Hz

Reference conditions

(Note) Add $\pm 0.01\%$ per 1°C for a case other than 23 ± 2 °C.

2 Preparation

1) Preparation of tools

		Input types		
Tools	DC voltage	Thermo-coupl e	Resistance thermometer	Remarks
DC standard voltage/current generator	0	0		Accuracy: Should be better than $\pm 0.05\%$.
Reference junction compensator		0		0°C ±0.2°C
Thermocouple for test		0		Same type of thermocouple as input type
Standard variable resistor			0	Accuracy: Should be better than $\pm 0.05\%$.
3-core copper wire			0	Three copper wires shall have the same resistance values.

2) Connection

Connections depend upon the input types. See the next page.

3) Before starting adjustments

- (1) Mount the terminal board cover and turn on the power supply.
- (2) Before starting adjustments, warm up your recorder for at least 30 minutes until it becomes stable. (It is recommended to warm up for at least one hour if possible.)

Remarks Checking

Check and adjustments of the measured values need meticulous work in addition to the standard tools and reference conditions.

If you need checks or adjustments of the measured values, please consult your nearest CHINO's agent.

21. MAINTENANCE 21.3 Measured Values Check

3 Connections

Connections depend upon the input types. Connect both standard and other tools to the measuring input terminals to be adjusted.

Caution Turn off the power source before starting connections

In order to prevent electric shock, turn off the power source before starting connections.



4 Checking Method

Input the printing range (T) of 0%, 50% and 100% from a standard tool and obtain an error (e) by reading the measured values (M).



21. MAINTENANCE 21.4 Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting methods are shown classified by symptoms. Read the item that corresponds to the symptom.

Caution

Repair and modifications -

Never repair or modify the instrument by replacing assembled component units or parts, otherwise correct repair or modifications cannot be executed and also electric shock or damage of your recorder may occur.

1 Not Working

Check	Causes and remedial measures	
1) Check if power is supplied to the power terminals.	Turn on the external power supply source.	
2) Check if the power supply is as specified.	Supply the specified power (100 to 240V AC and 50/60 Hz).	
3) Check if the connections to the power terminals are correct.	Connect the cable to the power terminals (L, N) correctly.	
4) Try turning off or on the external power supply source.		
5) Initialize the parameters and check if your recorder recovers to normal conditions. See Section 20. (Caution) All parameters become the default values. Program them again.		

2 Measured Value Abnormal

Symptoms	Causes and remedial measures
1) Measured values are unstable.	 Check if the measuring terminals are loose. Check if the input signal is unstable. Check if the thermocouple is connected with another instrument in parallel and the burnout function is programmed to [Enable].
2) Check if the measured value is displayed as shown below.	 Check if the input terminals are connected correctly. Check if the input terminals are loose. Check if the input signal wires are disconnected. Check if the input signal exceeds the measuring range.
3) An error occurs.	 Check if the selection of °C/°F computation is correct. Check if the input signal is correct. Check if an extension wire is connected to the input terminal. (Thermocouple input type only) Check the scale and adjust the measured values if any error is detected. (See Section 18.1.)
4) Influences by ambient temperature (Thermocouple input type only)	 Check if the RJ selection is 0 (disable) in [Range/Printing range] programming. (This is negligible if reference junction compensation is executed externally.) Check if the terminal cover is mounted.

21. MAINTENANCE 21.4 Troubleshooting

3 Display Abnormal

Symptoms	Causes and remedial measures
1) Measured value blinks.	Measured value of the channel in which an alarm activates. See Section 10.3.
2) Measured value is blank.	No measured value is displayed for the skipped channel.
3) Year, month, day, hour and minute are displayed.	This is one of the operation screens (Clock display). See Section 6.4.
4) " \exists " is displayed at the left end.	This is one of the operation screens (Alarm activation screen). See Section 6.4.

4 Printing Abnormal

Symptom	Causes and remedial measures
1) No printing is executed.	 Check if the printer is turned off. See Section 6.2. Check if the cassette ribbon is mounted normally.
2) Digital printing is not executed.	All digital printings are not executed if the chart speed is programmed to be faster than 150mm/h. See Section 10.2.
3) Printing color is pale.	Replace the cartridge pen or the plotter pen.
4) Chart paper feed is abnormal.	 Check if the chart paper is unlatched from the sprocket. Check if the chart paper cassette is securely inserted into the internal unit. Check if the chart paper has been shuffled before loading it.

5 Other Troubles

Symptoms	Causes and remedial measures	
1) Keys are not acceptable.	Keys are locked. Unlock them. See Section 11.12.	
2) Parameters cannot be changed.		
3) Prarameters remain unchanged after changing them.	To store parameters to be programmed for each channel, press SHIFT and SHIFT simultaneously. If not, parameters are not stored into memory. See Section 8.2 and other sections for programming.	

Request

If the above troubleshooting cannot solve your problem, certain parts may be defective. Check the following items and contact your CHINO's sales agent.

(1) Model (2) Serial No. (3) Details of trouble (4) Other symptoms found

21. MAINTENANCE 21.5 Recommended Parts Replacement Intervals

It is recommended to replace parts periodically as a preventive measure to enable the use of your recorder under ideal conditions over long periods of time.



Caution Replacement of parts

Do not replace any parts other than consumable chart paper and pens, otherwise your recorder cannot be recovered correctly and a dangerous accident may occur. Consult CHINO's sales agent for replacing parts.

1 Operation conditions

The recommended parts replacement intervals apply when your recorder is used under the following conditions. The replacement intervals could be shortened if the ambient conditions are worse than the followings.

Items	Conditions
Temperature	20 to 25°C
Humidity	20 to 80% RH
Operation hours	8 hours/day
Corrosive gas	Shall be free of
Contosive gas	corrosive gases

Items	Conditions		
Others	 A place free from dust, moisture or soot A place free from vibrations or shock. A place where no unfavorable conditions are to be expected. 		

2 Recommended intervals of parts replacement

1) Parts to be mounted (Consumable parts)

Part names		Recommended intervals	Remarks
Chart paper	10 m (Standard)	20 days	In case of continuous use with a chart speed of 20 mm/h
(RD200)	16 m (Option)	30 days	in case of containdous use with a chart speed of 20 minum
Chart pa	Chart paper (RD2800)		In case of continuous use with a chart speed of 25 mm/h
Cartridge pen		2km	Could be shorter than 2 km depending on chart paper speed, pen speed and ambient temperature/humidity.
Plotter pen		100,000 characters	Could be less than 100,000 characters depending on chart paper speed and ambient temperature/humidity.

2) Component parts

Part names		Recommended intervals	Remarks
cal ents	Pen servo (for cartridge pen)	4 to 6 years	
Mechanical components	Pen servo (for plotter pen)	4 to 6 years	
Mec	Chart drive mechanism	6 to 8 years	
	Motor (for chart paper)	4 to 6 years	
t	Motor (for plotter pen)	4 to 6 years	
component	Motor (for cartridge pen)	4 to 6 years	
por	Power supply unit	5 years	Under an ambient temperature of 25°C
Som	Display unit	4 to 6 years	
	Sheet switch (key)	4 to 6 years	
Electrical	Mechanical relay for alarm	70,000 times	Resistive load (rated contact capacity or less)
le E	output	20,000 times	Inductive load (rated contact capacity or less)
	EEPROM	7 years	Able to re-write about 100,000 times or less
	Lithium battery	7 years	



Input Specifications

Number of measuring points: 1, 2, 3 and 4 points Input signals: DC voltage (mV) ...±13.8, ±27.6, ±69.0, ±200

±500 DC voltage (V)...±2, ±5, ±10, ±20, ±50 (Builtin voltage divider for ±5 V or more)

DC current...Available by adding shunt

resistor (option)

Thermocouple...B, R, S, K, E, J, T, N, NiMo-Ni, CR-AuFe, PtRh40-PtRh20 WRe5-WRe26, W-WRe26,

Platinel II, U, L

Resistance thermometer...Pt100 (1), Pt100 (2) IPt100 Pt50 Pt

Pt100 (2), JPt100, Pt50, Pt-Co

- Range: Program range number and printing range for each channel with key operation. (See Section 8.2 for range No. list)
- Scale: Program minimum and maximum values with key operation.

Programming range...-9999 to 99999

Decimal point ... Program arbitrary Measuring range: Refer to the list of range No. in Section

Minimum printing range: Refer to the following table

8-2

DC voltage	1/5 or higher than the measuring range.		
Thermo- couple	converted into ele (In the case of measuring ranges	range Nos. with minus s, a temperature of 0°C or fied as the lower-limit	
Resistance	Pt100	100°C span or more	
thermometer	Pt50	200°C span or more	

Accuracy rating: Refer to item 6 (at reference operating condition).

Temperature drift: ±0.01% full scale/°C (converted into reference range)

Measuring cycle: About 100 msec (CH1 to CH4)

Reference junction compensation: Inside (enable) or external (disable) is selectable.

Reference junction compensation accuracy:

K, E, J, T, N and Platinel II...±0.5°C or less Other than the above*... ±0.1°C or less *Except PtRh40-PtRh20

- Input resolution: Approx. 1/56000 (converted into reference range)
- Burnout: Effective input... Thermocouple, resistance thermometer

Programming range ...Selection from up-scale, down-scale or disable for each channel

Allowable signal source resistance:

DC voltage inputs, thermocouple inputs

 \dots 1k Ω or less* Resistance thermometer inputs

 \dots 10 Ω or less

* Without burnout

Input resistance: Thermocouple input ...About $8M\Omega$ DC voltage inputs (range of ± 2 V or less)

its (range of ± 2 v of less) ...About 8M Ω

DC voltage inputs (range of ± 5 V or less) ... About 1M Ω

Maximum input voltage

DC voltage inputs, thermocouple	± 10 V DC or less (range of ± 2 V or less) ± 60 V DC or less (range of ± 5 V or less)
Resistance	±6 V DC or less
thermometer	

Input correction: Shift programming for each channel Input filter: Program primary delay filter

1 to 10 sec. and "0" (none) for each channel. **Maximum common mode voltage:** 30VAC **Common mode rejection ratio:** 140 dB or more (50/60 Hz) **Series mode rejection ratio:** 50 dB or more (50/60 Hz) **Terminal board:** Detachable and removable for wiring

2 Printing

Printing accuracy: Measuring accuracy + ±0.3% of printing range (under the reference operation

condition)

Printing dead and: 0.2% of printing range

Printing system:

Trace printing... Disposable cartridge pen Digital data printing Plotter pen

Step response: RD200 ... 1 sec. or less (90% response) RD2800 ... 1.5 sec. or less (90% response)

Print color: Trace printing1st pen (Red), 2nd pen (Green),

3rd pen (Blue), 4th pen (Brown)

Digital data printing ... Purple

<<Digital printing>>

	y>>
①Periodic data printing	: Printing of time, channel No., measured values and engineering unit with
uala printing	programmed interval
© Digital data	: Printing of time, channel No., measured
printing	values and engineering unit with trace printing on demand
③Year, Month,	: Printing of year, month, day and time when
day, time, time	turning on the power. Printing time line and
line	time every on the hour. Printing year, moth and day at 00:00 and every specific interval
④Channel No.,	: Printing of scale, channel No. and tag (only if
scale, tag *	they are programmed) with every specific interval
©Chart speed	: Printing of chart speed with every specific interval
©Alarm	: Printing of time, channel No., alarm type and
Activation/ Reset	alarm level when an alarm activates. Printing time, channel No. and alarm level when the
Recent	alarm is reset. Memory volume is max. 48 data
⑦Programming	: Marking when changed parameters are
change mark	stored : Marking when time-axis synchronization is
	programmed
Ist printing	: Printing of parameters (list 1 or 2) on demand
	List 1: Chart speed, range/printing range, scale, subtract printing, periodic data
	printing, printing format and alarm
	List 2: Chart speed (3 speeds), alarm output,
	time-axis synchronization, remote
	contacts and math expression List 3: All parameters (List 1 + List 2)

Message	: Printing of message in message No. selected
	Numbers of message: Max. 5
	Message programming: Max. 15 digits

Chart paper: Depending on models

Model	System	Printing width	Total width	Total lengt h
RD200	Folding type	100mm	114mm	10m
RD2800	Folding type	180mm	200mm	20m

Chart speed: 1 to 600mm/h, 1 to 200mm/h

Default ... RD200: 20mm/h

RD2800: 25mm/h

Chart speed accuracy: Within ±0.1%, For the chart scale after feeding 1000mm or more.

Skip function: No display or printing is executed for the channels for which no range is programmed.

Time axis synchronization:

On or off selectable with key operation

Subtract printing:

Printing of difference between measured value and reference channel (or reference value)

Pen lift: Pens are automatically lifted up when printing is off.

3 Indication and Display

Trace printing indication: Bargraph display for each channel

Model	No. or segment	Channel color segment			
RD200	51	5-segment each			
RD2800	101	10-segment each			
Digital display: 16- and 7-segment LCD with cursor					
16-segment Character height: 7.5 mm, orange					
7-segme	nt Character he	eight: 6.5 mm, white			
Model	16-segment	7-segment			
RD200	1 digit	20 digits			
RD2800	1 digit	30 digits			
Display items: ①Simultaneous display of measured values					
for all channels ② Year/month/day (only RD200) ③					

Time ^(a) Chart speed ^(b) Alarm status **Display switching:** Each time **DISP** is pressed, the

display item changes. RD200.... $D \rightarrow 234 \rightarrow 5$

RD2800 ... ①③④ → ⑤

Measured value display: -9999 to 99999 for each channel (Decimal point can be placed at desired position with the scale programming)

Status: Following 6 status lamps are available.

Display text	Condition to light	Color
RECORD ON	Printing ON	Green
KEY LOCK	Key lock	Blue
ALARM	Alarm occurrence	Red
CHART END	CHART END Just before chart paper ends	
FAIL	Hardware related to servo mechanism abnormal	Red
POC Time axis sync. ON		Blue

Chart illumination: CFL

4 Alarm

Alarm point: Numbers of channel x numbers of level (4) Alarm display: Alarm status lamp lights and the

measured value blinks at alarm activated channel. Alarm display screen indicates alarm channel and alarm type at level digit.

Alarm type:	Selectable fr	om the	e following	10	types for	each
	alarm point					

Absolute	H: High limit	L: Low limit		
value	E: High limit with standby	F: Low limit with		
value		standby		
Rate-of-	U: Increase limit	D: Decrease limit		
change *1				
Difference	B: Differential high limit	S: Differential low limit		
*2	J: Differential high limit	K: Differential low limit		
2	with standby	with standby		

*1: Variation range per unit time (Note)

(Note) Measuring cycle x measuring count (1 to 20)

*2: Difference between two channels

Alarm deadband: 0.1 to 9.9% of scale programming range Alarm output: Option

5 Programming and Operation

Key types: See Section 7.1.

Key functions: See Section 7.2.

Basic operation: Basic operation with keys

① Printing ON/OFF ② Chart paper feeding

3 Operation screen switching

Operation: Operation with keys

Selection of 0 Digital data printing *1 2 List printing *1 3 Message printing *1 and 6 Printing format*2

*1: Operation with remote contacts (option) is also available

*2: Only available with option

Pen change mode: Pen moves to the position to beeasily changed.

Standard programming:

Range/printing range, °C/°F computation, chart speed, time, scale, skip, subtract printing, alarm, alarm deadband, periodic time printing, engineering unit, tag, message, burnout, passcode/key lock, input filter

Optional programming:

Alarm output...Relay No., AND/OR, output mode Remote contacts...Terminal allocation for operation, 3 chart speeds, operation record position

Printing format.....Automatic range-shift printing,

compressed/expanded, zone printing Communications interface...Communications protocol, communications specifications

Math expression...Selection of types, parameters Totalization...Starting time, interval

Engineering port: All parameters can be programmed with engineering software "PASS" (option) installed on a personal computer

6 Operation Conditions

Operation conditions: Refer to the following table

			-	
Items Ambient temperature		Reference operation	Normal operation	
		21 to 25°C	0 to 31°C 31 to 50°C	
Max. ambient humidity		80%RH	80%RH	80 to 50%RH*
Min. ambient humidity		20%RH	20%RH	
Power supply voltage		100VAC ± 1%	90 to 264VAC	
	r supply uency	50/60Hz ± 0.5%	50/60Hz \pm 2%	
	Left/right	0°	0 to	10°
Posture	Forward tilting	0°	0°	
	Backward tilting	0°	0 to	30°
Warming-up time		30 min. or more	Not necessary	

*Decrease from 80% RH at 31°C, and decrease to 50% at 40°C

Transportation condition:

Ambient temperature/humidity... -20 to 60°C, 5 to 90%RH (without condensation)

Vibration...10 to 60Hz, 4.9 m/S²*

Impact...392 m/S^{2*} * When shipping out from a factory

Storage condition:

7

Ambient temperature/humidity... -20 to 60°C, 5 to 90%RH

y... -20 to 60°C, 5 to 90%RF (without condensation)

General specifications

Rated power voltage: 100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz

Power consumption: Maximum 60V A

Power failure protection: Programmed parameters stored into EEPROM memory. Clock circuit sustained for minimum 8 years by a lithium battery. (8 hours operation per day)

Insulation resistance:

Between primary and protective conductor terminals

...20M Ω or more at 500 V DC

Between secondary and protective conductor terminals ...20M Ω or more at 500 V DC

Between primary and secondary terminals $\dots 20M\Omega$ or more at 500 V DC

Dielectric strength:

Between primary and protective conductor terminals ...1 minute at 1500 V AC

Between secondary and protective conductor terminals ...1 minute at 500 V AC

Between primary and secondary terminals

...1 minute at 2300 V AC

Primary terminals: Power terminals, Alarm output terminals (MOS relay, mechanical relay "a" contact)

Secondary terminals: Measuring input terminals, Remote contacts terminals, Communications interface terminals, Alarm output terminals (Mechanical relay "c" contact),

Case assembly material: Door Frame ... ABS resin Front plate... Polycarbonate Enclosure... Steel

Color: Door Frame: Black (equivalent to Munsell N3.0)
Front plate: Transparent
EnclosureGray (equivalent to Munsell N7.0)
Mounting: Panel mounting
Terminal screws: Power terminalsM4.0
Terminals other than aboveM3.5
Weight: RD200 Approx. 4.0 kg (with fully options)
RD2800 Approx. 9.0 kg (with fully options)
Dimension: RD200…144×144×258 (mm)
RD2800…288×288×220 (mm)
Panel cutout : RD200…138×138 (mm)
RD2800…281×281 (mm)
Clock accuracy: Within ±2 minutes per 30 day
(Under reference operating conditions,
Except errors when power supply is turned
on or off)
Packing material: Layered cardboard is used as cushion
material

8 Safety Regulations

CE: Conforms to EMC and low voltage directives UL: UL3111-1 (Approval pending) CSA (C-UL): CSA ...C22.2 No.1010 (Approval pending) IP: Conforms to IEC529 IP54

9 Accuracy Ratings

				1
No.	Input type	Measuring range	Reference	Accuracy
	1	0 0	range	rating
01		-13.80 to 13.80mV	±13.8mV	
02	DC	-27.60 to 27.60mV	±27.6mV	
03	(mV)	-69.00 to 69.00mV	±69.0mV	
04	· · /	-200.0 to 200.0mV	±200.0mV	
05		-500.0 to 500.0mV	±500.0mV	±0.1% ± 1 d
06		-2.000 to 2.000V	<u>+2</u> V	
07	DC	-5.000 to 5.000V	±5V	
08	(V)	-10.00 to 10.00V	±10V	
09	(-)	-20.00 to 20.00V	±20V	
10		-50.00 to 50.00V	±50V	
21		-200.0 to 300.0°C	±13.8mV	
22	K	-200.0 to 600.0°C	±27.6mV	
23		-200.0 to 1370 °C	±69.0mV	
24		-200.0 to 200.0°C	±13.8mV	
25	E	-200.0 to 350.0°C	±27.6mV	
26		-200 to 900°C	±69.0mV	
27		-200.0 to 250.0°C	±13.8mV	
28	J	-200.0 to 500.0°C	±27.6mV	
29		-200 to 1200°C	±69.0mV	$\pm 0.1\% \pm 1 d$
30	Ŧ	-200.0 to 250.0°C	±13.8mV	
31	Т	-200.0 to 400.0°C	±27.6mV	
32	_	0 to 1200 °C	±13.8mV	
33	R	0 to 1760 °C	±27.6mV	
34	-	0 to 1300 °C	±13.8mV	
35	S	0 to 1760 °C	±27.6mV	
36	В	0 to 1820 °C	±13.8mV	
37		-200.0 to 400.0°C	±13.8mV	
38	Ν	-200.0 to 750.0°C	±27.6mV	
39		-200 to 1300 °C	±69.0mV	$\pm 0.15\% \pm 1$ d
40	W∙WRe26	0 to 2315°C	±69.0mV	
_	WRe5·	0102010 0	±03.0mv	
41	WRe26	0 to 2315°C	±69.0mV	
	PtRh40-			
43	PtRh20	0 to 1888°C	±13.8mV	
44	1 4 4 120	-50.0 to 290.0°C	±13.8mV	$\pm 0.2\% \pm 1 d$
45	NiMo-Ni	-50.0 to 600.0°C	±27.6mV	
46	1 4110 1 41	-50 to 1310 °C	±69.0mV	
47	CR-AuFe	0.0 to 280.0K	±13.8mV	
48	OIN-Aul 6	0.0 to 350.0°C	±13.8mV	
49	Platinel II	0.0 to 650.0°C		
_			±27.6mV ±60.0m\/	
50		0 to 1395°C -200.0 to 250.0°C	±69.0mV	$\pm 0.15\% \pm 1$ d
51	U		±13.8mV	
52	U	-200.0 to 500.0°C	±27.6mV	
53		-200.0 to 600.0°C	±69.0mV	
54		-200.0 to 250.0°C	±13.8mV	
55	L	-200.0 to 500.0°C	±27.6mV	$\pm 0.1\% \pm 1 d$
56		-200 to 900°C	±69.0mV	
70	Pt100	-140.0 to150.0°C	160Ω	$\pm 0.15\% \pm 1 d$
71	(JIS'97)	-200.0 to 300.0°C	220Ω	±0.1% ± 1 d
72	, ,	-200.0 to 850.0°C	400Ω 400Ω	
73	Pt100	-140.0 to 150.0°C	160Ω	$\pm 0.15\% \pm 1$ d
74	QPt100 JIS'89	-200.0 to 300.0°C	<u>220Ω</u>	$\pm 0.1\% \pm 1 d$
75		-200.0 to 649.0°C	400Ω 400Ω	104504 11
76		-140.0 to 150.0°C	160Ω	$\pm 0.15\% \pm 1$ d
77	JPt100	-200.0 to 300.0°C	220Ω 400Ω	$\pm 0.1\% \pm 1 d$
78		-200.0 to 649.0°C	400Ω	

No.	Input type	Measuring range	Reference range	Accuracy rating
79	Pt50	-200.0 to 649.0°C	220Ω	±0.1% ± 1 d
80	Pt-Co	4.0 to 374.0K	220Ω	$\pm 0.15\% \pm 1 d$
Note) "+ 1 d" at accuracy rating stands for + 1 digit				

Note) " ± 1 d" at accuracy rating stands for ± 1 digit. Note) Thermocouple inputs do not include reference junction compensation accuracy.

The Indication equivalent to 200 μV may vary under the test environment of EMC directive.

Exceptions to accuracy rating

		-	
Input type	Measuring range	Accuracy rating	
K, E, J, T, L	-200 to 0°C	$\pm 0.2\% \pm 1$ digit	
R, S	0 to 400°C		
В	0 to 400°C	Not specified	
D	400 to 800°C	$\pm 0.15\% \pm 1$ digit	
N, U	-200 to 0°C	$\pm 0.3\% \pm 1$ digit	
W-WRe26	0 to 100°C	\pm 4% \pm 1 digit	
VV-VVI\620	100 to 300°C	± 0.5 % \pm 1 digit	
PtRh40-PtRh20	0 to 300°C	$\pm 1.5\% \pm 1$ digit	
F (11)140-F (11)120	300 to 800°C	$\pm 0.8\% \pm 1$ digit	
CR-AuFe	0 to 20K	$\pm 0.5\% \pm 1$ digit	
	20 to 50K	$\pm 0.3\% \pm 1$ digit	
Pt100 ('97)	700 to 850°C	$\pm 0.15\% \pm 1$ digit	
Pt-Co	4 to 50K	$\pm 0.3\% \pm 1$ digit	

Note) Thermocouple input is converted into the reference range.

10 Option

1) Alarm outputs

Output types: 1) Alarm point output 2) FAIL output 3) Chart paper end (C.End) output Numbers of outputs: RD200 ... 6 points RD2800 ... 6 or 12 points Contact capacity (with resistive load): ①MOS relay output ... 240 V (AC, DC), 50 mA (AC, DC) 2 Mechanical relay (Common for "a" and "c" contacts) ... 100VAC 0.5 A, 240VAC 0. 2A, 100VDC 0.3 A Output wiring: AND/OR output selection is available for each alarm points (including FAIL and C.End) Relav coil phase: Energize/Not energize selectable* Relay output latch: Hold/Not hold selectable* Alarm display latch: Hold/Not hold selectable* *Common to all relays **Dimension:** The following length will be added for the depth. RD200...14 mm (MOS relay, Mechanical "c" contact) 25 mm (Mechanical "a" contact) RD2800...16 mm (MOS relay, Mechanical "c" contact) 27 mm (Mechanical "a" contact)

2) Remote contacts

Input terminals: 4 points (Common terminals: 2 points) Input signal: Contact (Open/Shorted) Voltage when the contact is open: Approx. 5 V Current when the contact is shorted: Approx. 2 mA Operations: Up to 4 input terminals can be selectable in the following table.

① Printing ON/OFF, 3 chart speeds	2
② Message (No.1 to No.5) printing	4
③ Message (No. 1 and No. 2) printing	2
④ Digital data printing	1
S List 1 printing	1
© List 2 printing	1
⑦ List 3 printing	1
® Operation record A	1
Operation record B	1
Operation record C	1
1 Operation record D	1
Reset of totalization*	1

*This operation is only available for the "totalization" (option).

3) Printing format

Trace printing format, ① Automatic range shift, ② Compressed/Expanded or ③ Zone scale, is selectable for each channel.. The format ③ is common to all channels.

Automatic range-shift	Printing area can be divided up to 5 ranges. It switches the range according to the measured values automatically for printing.		
Compressed/ Expanded	Specific printing range is compressed or expanded for printing.		
Zone scale	Printing area is divided into 2 to 4 zones*. Data		

4) Others

4) Others			
Options	Detail		
Communications	Specify one of the following modes.		
interface*	RS-232C, RS-422A, RS-485		
Input resistance for current input*	Capable up to ±50mA DC by connecting an input resistance to the measuring input terminal. 100Ω: Applicable current ±50mA 250Ω: Applicable current ±20mA		
Math expression*	One of following math expressions is selectable for each channel. Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, natural logarithm, logarithm, exponential, square root, temperature/humidity, maximum, minimum, average value, absolute value, data communications input*, flow rate compensation. *This function is only available for the "communications interface" (option).		
Totalizing*	Totalizing measured values and calculation results. Reset function is executed with programmed intervals or remote contacts signals*. *This function is only available for the "remote contacts" (option).		
Transmitter	Power supply unit for the transmitter		
power supply*	generating input signal to the recorder		
16 m chart paper	RD200 only Total chart paper length of 15.6 m		

* Exclusive instruction manual is provided.