User's Guide

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User's Guide

OME-PCI-1602

PCI Data Acquisition Board

Windows Software Manual
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WARNING: These products are not designed for use in, and should not be used for, patient-connected applications.
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1. Introduction

The driver is a collection of DLLs for Windows 95/98/NT/2000/XP applications. These DLLs are standard Win32 DLLs (32 bits) and can be called from Visual C/C++, BC++, Visual BASIC, Delphi, BCB and LabVIEW.

These DLLs can perform a variety of data acquisition operations including:

- Get software version
- Initialization
- Digital Input/Output
- A/D conversion
- D/A conversion
1.1 Software Installation

Insert the CD ROM included with your OME-PCI-1602 board and the following installation screen should auto-start.

![Installation Screen](image)

Follow the instructions on the screen to complete the software installation. The software is designed to support the entire OME family of data acquisition hardware, so during the installation, you will be asked to specify your particular hardware (OME-PCI-1602 board in this case). During the installation process, you will also be prompted to enter the operating system you will be using.

After installation the following folders will be created on your computer.
**Demo Folder**
Contains all demonstration programs including their source codes. Examples are provided for Visual C++, Borland C++, Visual Basic and Delphi.
*Please note:* The VC++ demos are developed with VC++ 4.0. After setting up the environment, use NMAKE.EXE to compiling and link the demo code. For example, `C:\P1602\DEMO\VC\nmake /f demo1.mak`

**Driver Folder**
Contains software drivers, include files and definition files for the programming languages.

**Manual Folder**
Contains hardware user manuals, software user manuals and technical notes.

**Diag Folder**
Contains card diagnostic programs

**Inf Folder**
Contains tech notes and .INF file for the plug and play installation (only available for operating systems that support plug and play).

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### 1.2 Reference:
Please refer to the following user manuals for more information.

**CallDll.pdf:**
Calling the DLL with VB5, VC5, Delphi3, and BCB3.

**ResCheck.pdf:**
How to check the system resources.(IRQ, IO Port, and DMA)

**PnPInstall.pdf:**
Installing the information file (.inf) under Windows 95/98/2000/XP with Plug & Play.

**SoftInst.pdf:**
Installing the software driver (package).
2. Declaration files

2.1 The P1602.h

#define EXPORTS extern "C" __declspec (dllimport)
// #define EXPORTS

// return code
#define NoError 0
#define DriverHandleError 1
#define DriverCallError 2
#define AdControllerError 3
#define M_FunExecError 4
#define ConfigCodeError 5
#define FrequencyComputeError 6
#define HighAlarm 7
#define LowAlarm 8
#define AdPollingTimeOut 9
#define AlarmTypeError 10
#define FindBoardError 11
#define AdChannelError 12
#define DaChannelError 13
#define InvalidDelay 14
#define DelayTimeOut 15
#define InvalidData 16
#define FifoOverflow 17
#define TimeOut 18
#define ExceedBoardNumber 19
#define NotFoundBoard 20
#define OpenError 21
#define FindTwoBoardError 22
#define ThreadCreateError 23
#define StopError 24
#define AllocateMemoryError 25
EXPORTS float  CALLBACK P1602_FloatSub2(float fA, float fB);
EXPORTS short  CALLBACK P1602_ShortSub2(short nA, short nB);
EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_GetDllVersion(void);

EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_DriverInit(WORD *wTotalBoards);
EXPORTS void   CALLBACK P1602_DriverClose(void);
EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_GetDriverVersion(WORD *wVxdVersion);

EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_GetConfigAddressSpace(WORD wBoardNo, WORD *wAddrTimer, WORD *wAddrCtrl, WORD *wAddrDio, WORD *wAddrAdda);

EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_ActiveBoard(WORD wBoardNo);
EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_WhichBoardActive(void);

EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_M_FUN_1(WORD wDaFrequency, WORD wDaWave, float fDaAmplitude, WORD wAdClock, WORD wAdNumber, WORD wAdConfig, float fAdBuf[], float fLowAlarm, float fHighAlarm);

EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_M_FUN_2(WORD wDaNumber, WORD wDaWave, WORD wDaBuf[], WORD wAdClock, WORD wAdNumber, WORD wAdConfig, WORD wAdBuf[]);

EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_M_FUN_3(WORD wDaFrequency, WORD wDaWave, float fDaAmplitude, WORD wAdClock, WORD wAdNumber, WORD wChannelStatus[], WORD wAdConfig[], float fAdBuf[], float fLowAlarm, float fHighAlarm);

EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_M_FUN_4(WORD wType, WORD wDaFrequency, WORD wDaWave, float fDaAmplitude, WORD wAdClock, WORD wAdNumber, WORD wChannelStatus[], WORD wAdConfig[], float fAdBuf[], float fLowAlarm, float fHighAlarm);

EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_Di(WORD *wDi);
EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_Do(WORD wDo);

EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_Da(WORD wDaChannel, WORD wDaVal);
EXPORTS WORD   CALLBACK P1602_SetChannelConfig(WORD wAdChannel,
WORD wConfig);

EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_AdPolling(float *fAdVal);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_AdsPolling(float fAdVal[], WORD wNum);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_AdsPacer(float fAdVal[], WORD wNum, WORD wSample);

EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_ClearScan(void);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_StartScan(WORD wSampleRateDiv, DWORD dwNum, SHORT nPriority);
EXPORTS void CALLBACK P1602_ReadScanStatus(WORD *wStatus, DWORD *dwLowAlarm, DWORD *dwHighAlarm);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_AddToScan(WORD wAdChannel, WORD wConfig, WORD wAverage, WORD wLowAlarm, WORD wHighAlarm, WORD wAlarmType);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_SaveScan(WORD wAdChannel, WORD wBuf[]);
EXPORTS void CALLBACK P1602_WaitMagicScanFinish(WORD *wStatus, DWORD *dwLowAlarm, DWORD *dwHighAlarm);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_StopMagicScan();

EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_DelayUs(WORD wDelayUs);

EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_Card0_StartScan(WORD wSampleRate, WORD wChannelStatus[], WORD wChannelConfig[], WORD wCount);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_Card0_ReadStatus(WORD wBuf[], WORD wBuf2[], DWORD *dwP1, DWORD *dwP2, WORD *wStatus);
EXPORTS void CALLBACK P1602_Card0_Stop(void);

EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_Card1_StartScan(WORD wSampleRate, WORD wChannelStatus[], WORD wChannelConfig[], WORD wCount);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_Card1_ReadStatus(WORD wBuf[], WORD wBuf2[], DWORD *dwP1, DWORD *dwP2, WORD *wStatus);
EXPORTS void CALLBACK P1602_Card1_Stop(void);

EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_FunA_Start(WORD wClock0Div, WORD wChannel0[], WORD wConfig0[], WORD *Buffer0, DWORD dwMaxCount0, WORD wClock1Div, WORD wChannel1[], WORD wConfig1[], WORD *Buffer1,
DWORD dwMaxCount1, SHORT nPriority);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_FunA_ReadStatus(void);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_FunA_Stop(void);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_FunA_Get(DWORD *P0, DWORD *P1);

EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_FunB_Start(WORD wClock0Div, WORD wChannel0[], WORD wConfig0[], WORD *Buffer0, DWORD dwMaxCount0, SHORT nPriority);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_FunB_ReadStatus(void);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_FunB_Stop(void);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_FunB_Get(DWORD *P0);

EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_MemoryStatus(DWORD *dwTotalPhys, DWORD *dwAvailPhys, DWORD *dwTotalPageFile, DWORD *dwAvailPageFile, DWORD *dwTotalVirtual, DWORD *dwAvailVirtual);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_AllocateMemory(HGLOBAL *hMem, WORD *Buffer, DWORD dwSize);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_FreeMemory(HGLOBAL hMem);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_StartScanPostTrg(WORD wSampleRateDiv, DWORD dwNum, SHORT nPriority);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_StartScanPreTrg(WORD wSampleRateDiv, DWORD dwNum, SHORT nPriority);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_StartScanMiddleTrg(WORD wSampleRateDiv, DWORD dwN1, DWORD dwN2, SHORT nPriority);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_StartScanPreTrgVerC(WORD wSampleRateDiv, DWORD dwNum, SHORT nPriority);
EXPORTS WORD CALLBACK P1602_StartScanMiddleTrgVerC(WORD wSampleRateDiv, DWORD dwN1, DWORD dwN2, SHORT nPriority);
2.2 The P1602.BAS

Attribute VB_Name = "P1602"
Option Explicit
Global Const NoError = 0
Global Const DriverHandleError = 1
Global Const DriverCallError = 2
Global Const AdControllerError = 3
Global Const M_FunExecError = 4
Global Const ConfigCodeError = 5
Global Const FrequencyComputeError = 6
Global Const HighAlarm = 7
Global Const LowAlarm = 8
Global Const AdPollingTimeOut = 9
Global Const AlarmTypeError = 10
Global Const FindBoardError = 11
Global Const AdChannelError = 12
Global Const DaChannelError = 13
Global Const InvalidDelay = 14
Global Const DelayTimeOut = 15
Global Const InvalidData = 16
Global Const FifoOverflow = 17
Global Const TimeOut = 18
Global Const ExceedBoardNumber = 19
Global Const NotFoundBoard = 20
Global Const OpenError = 21
Global Const FindTwoBoardError = 22
Global Const ThreadCreateError = 23
Global Const StopError = 24
Global Const AllocateMemoryError = 25
Declare Function P1602_DriverInit Lib "P1602.dll" (wTotalBoards As Integer) As Integer
Declare Sub P1602_DriverClose Lib "P1602.dll"()

Declare Function P1602_GetDriverVersion Lib "P1602.dll" (wVxdVersion As Integer) As Integer

Declare Function P1602_GetConfigAddressSpace Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wBoardNo As Integer, wAddrTimer As Integer, wAddrCtrl As Integer, wAddrDio As Integer, wAddrAdda As Integer) As Integer

Declare Function P1602_ActiveBoard Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wBoardNo As Integer) As Integer
Declare Function P1602_WhichBoardActive Lib "P1602.dll" () As Integer

Declare Function P1602_M_FUN_1 Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wDaFrequency As Integer, ByVal wDaWave As Integer, ByVal fDaAmplitude As Single, ByVal wAdClock As Integer, ByVal wAdNumber As Integer, ByVal wAdConfig As Integer, fAdBuf As Single, ByVal fLowAlarm As Single, ByVal fHighAlarm As Single) As Integer

Declare Function P1602_M_FUN_2 Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wDaNumber As Integer, ByVal wDaWave As Integer, wDaBuf As Integer, ByVal wAdClock As Integer, ByVal wAdNumber As Integer, ByVal wAdConfig As Integer, wAdBuf As Integer) As Integer

Declare Function P1602_M_FUN_3 Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wDaFrequency As Integer, ByVal wDaWave As Integer, ByVal fDaAmplitude As Single, ByVal wAdClock As Integer, ByVal wAdNumber As Integer, wChannelStatus As Integer, wAdConfig As Integer, fAdBuf As Single, ByVal fLowAlarm As Single, ByVal fHighAlarm As Single) As Integer

Declare Function P1602_M_FUN_4 Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wType As Integer, ByVal wDaFrequency As Integer, ByVal wDaWave As Integer, ByVal fDaAmplitude As Single, ByVal wAdClock As Integer, ByVal wAdNumber As Integer, wChannelStatus As Integer, wAdConfig As Integer, fAdBuf As Single, ByVal fLowAlarm As Single, ByVal fHighAlarm As Single) As Integer

Declare Function P1602_Di Lib "P1602.dll" (wDi As Integer) As Integer
Declare Function P1602_Do Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wDo As Integer) As Integer

Declare Function P1602_Da Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wDaChannel As Integer, ByVal wDaVal As Integer) As Integer
Declare Function P1602_SetChannelConfig Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wAdChannel As Integer, ByVal wConfig As Integer) As Integer

Declare Function P1602_AdPolling Lib "P1602.dll" (fAdVal As Single) As Integer
Declare Function P1602_AdsPolling Lib "P1602.dll" (fAdVal As Single, ByVal
Declare Function P1602_AdsPacer Lib "P1602.dll" (fAdVal As Single, ByVal wNum As Integer, ByVal wSample As Integer) As Integer

Declare Function P1602_ClearScan Lib "P1602.dll" () As Integer
Declare Function P1602_StartScan Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wSampleRate As Integer, ByVal dwNum As Long, ByVal nPriority As Integer) As Integer
Declare Sub P1602_ReadScanStatus Lib "P1602.dll" (wStatus As Integer, dwLowAlarm As Long, dwHighAlarm As Long)
Declare Function P1602_AddToScan Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wAdChannel As Integer, ByVal wConfig As Integer, ByVal wAverage As Integer, ByVal wLowAlarm As Integer, ByVal wHighAlarm As Integer, ByVal wAlarmType As Integer) As Integer
Declare Function P1602_SaveScan Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wOridinalOrder As Integer, wBuf As Integer) As Integer
Declare Sub P1602_WaitMagicScanFinish Lib "P1602.dll" (wStatus As Integer, wLowAlarm As Integer, wHighAlarm As Integer)
Declare Function P1602_StopMagicScan Lib "P1602.dll" () As Integer
Declare Function P1602_DelayUs Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wDelayUs As Integer) As Integer

'Declare Function P1602_FunB_Start Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wClockDiv As Integer, ByVal wChannel As Integer, ByVal wConfig As Integer, ByVal dwMaxCount As Long, ByVal nPriority As Integer) As Integer
Declare Function P1602_FunB_ReadStatus Lib "P1602.dll" () As Integer
Declare Function P1602_FunB_Stop Lib "P1602.dll" () As Integer
Declare Function P1602_FunB_Get Lib "P1602.dll" (PO As Long) As Integer

Declare Function P1602_Card0_StartScan Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wSampleRate As Integer, ByVal wChannelStatus As Integer, ByVal wChannelConfig As Integer, ByVal wCount As Integer) As Integer
Declare Function P1602_Card0_ReadStatus Lib "P1602.dll" (PO As Integer, wBuf As Integer, wBuf2 As Integer, dwP1 As Long, dwP2 As Long, wStatus As Integer) As Integer
Declare Sub P1602_Card0_Stop Lib "P1602.dll" ()

Declare Function P1602_Card1_StartScan Lib "P1602.dll" (ByVal wSampleRate As Integer, ByVal wChannelStatus As Integer, ByVal wChannelConfig As Integer, ByVal wCount As Integer) As Integer
Declare Function P1602_Card1_ReadStatus Lib "P1602.dll" (wBuf As Integer, wBuf2 As Integer, dwP1 As Long, dwP2 As Long, wStatus As Integer) As Integer
Declare Sub P1602_Card1_Stop Lib "P1602.dll" ()

Declare Function GetTickCount Lib "kernel32.dll" () As Long
Declare Sub Sleep Lib "kernel32.dll" (ByVal dwMilliseconds As Long)

Global AdBuf(10000) As Single
Global Channel(32) As Integer
Global ConfigCode(32) As Integer
Global Buf(10000) As Integer
Global Buf1(10000) As Integer
Global Buf2(10000) As Integer
Global Card0Buf0(10000) As Integer
Global Card0Buf1(10000) As Integer
Global Card1Buf0(10000) As Integer
Global Card1Buf1(10000) As Integer
Global AdNumber As Integer
Global CR
Global LF
2.3 The P1602.PAS

unit P1602;

interface

type PSingle=^Single;
type PWord=^Word;

const
  // return code
  NoError = 0;
  DriverHandleError = 1;
  DriverCallError = 2;
  AdControllerError = 3;
  M_FunExecError = 4;
  ConfigCodeError = 5;
  FrequencyComputeError = 6;
  HighAlarm = 7;
  LowAlarm = 8;
  AdPollingTimeOut = 9;
  AlarmTypeError = 10;
  FindBoardError = 11;
  AdChannelError = 12;
  DaChannelError = 13;
  InvalidDelay = 14;
  DelayTimeOut = 15;
  InvalidData = 16;
  FifoOverflow = 17;
  TimeOut = 18;
  ExceedBoardNumber = 19;
  NotFoundBoard = 20;
  OpenError = 21;
  FindTwoBoardError = 22;
  ThreadCreateError = 23;
  StopError = 24;
AllocateMemoryError  = 25;

// Function of Test
function  P1602_FloatSub2(fA:Single; fB:Single):Single ; stdCall;
function  P1602_ShortSub2(nA:SmallInt; nB:SmallInt):SmallInt ; stdCall;
function  P1602_GetDllVersion:WORD  ; stdCall;

// Function of Driver
function  P1602_DriverInit(Var wTotalBoards:Word):WORD ; stdCall;
procedure P1602_DriverClose; stdCall;
function  P1602_GetDriverVersion(var wDriverVersion:Word):WORD ; stdCall;

function  P1602_GetConfigAddressSpace(wBoardNo:Word;var wAddrTimer:Word;
   var wAddrCtrl:Word; var wAddrDio:Word;
   var wAddrAdda:Word):WORD ; stdCall;
function  P1602_ActiveBoard(wBoardNo:Word):WORD ; stdCall;
function  P1602_WhichBoardActive:WORD ; stdCall;

// Function of M_Fun series
function  P1602_M_FUN_1(wDaFrequency:WORD; wDaWave:WORD;
   fDaAmplitude:Single; wAdClock:WORD; wAdNumber:WORD; wAdConfig:WORD;
   fAdBuf:PSingle;  fLowAlarm:Single; fHighAlarm:Single):WORD ; stdCall;

function  P1602_M_FUN_2(wDaNumber:WORD;  wDaWave:WORD;
   wDaBuf:PWord; wAdClock:WORD; wAdNumber:WORD; wAdConfig:WORD;
   wAdBuf:PWord):WORD ; stdCall;

function  P1602_M_FUN_3(wDaFrequency:WORD;  wDaWave:WORD;
   fDaAmplitude:Single; wAdClock:WORD;  wAdNumber:WORD;
   wChannelStatus:PWord;  wAdConfig:PWord;  fAdBuf:PSingle;
   fLowAlarm:Single; fHighAlarm:Single):WORD ; stdCall;

function  P1602_M_FUN_4(wType:WORD; wDaFrequency:WORD;
   wDaWave:WORD; fDaAmplitude:Single; wAdClock:WORD; wAdNumber:WORD;
   wChannelStatus:PWord; wAdConfig:PWord; fAdBuf:PSingle;
   fLowAlarm:Single; fHighAlarm:Single):WORD ; stdCall;

// Function of DI/DO

//
function P1602_Do(wOutData:Word):Word; stdCall;
function P1602_Di(var wDiData:Word):WORD ; stdCall;

// Function of AD/DA
function P1602_Da(wDaChannel:Word; wDaVal:Word):WORD ; stdCall;
function P1602_SetChannelConfig(wAdChannel:Word; wConfig:Word):WORD ;
stdCall;
function P1602_AdPolling(var fAdVal:Single):WORD ; stdCall;
function P1602_AdsPolling(fAdVal:PSingle; wNum:Word):WORD ; stdCall;
function P1602_AdsPacer(fAdVal:PSingle; wNum:Word;
    wSamplingDiv:Word ):WORD ; stdCall;

/******************
function P1602_ClearScan:WORD ; stdCall;
function P1602_StartScan(wSampleRateDiv:WORD;   dwNum:LongInt;
    nPriority:SmallInt):WORD ; stdCall;
procedure P1602_ReadScanStatus(var wStatus:WORD; var dwLowAlarm:LongInt;
    var dwHighAlarm:LongInt); stdCall;
function P1602_AddToScan(wAdChannel:WORD; wConfig:WORD;
    wAverage:WORD; wLowAlarm:WORD;  wHighAlarm:WORD;
    wAlarmType:WORD):WORD ; stdCall;
function P1602_SaveScan(wAdChannel:WORD; wBuf:PWord):WORD ; stdCall;
procedure P1602_WaitMagicScanFinish(var wStatus:WORD; var
dwLowAlarm:LongInt; var dwHighAlarm:LongInt); stdCall;
function P1602_StopMagicScan:WORD ; stdCall;

/******************
function P1602_DelayUs(wDelayUs:WORD):WORD ; stdCall;

******************
//function P1602_Card0_StartScan( wSampleRate:WORD; wChannelStatus:PWDWORD;
//   wChannelConfig:PWDWORD; wCount:WORD):WORD ; stdCall;
function P1602_Card0_StartScan( wSampleRate:WORD; wChannelStatus:PWDWORD;
        wChannelConfig:PWDWORD; wCount:WORD):WORD ; stdCall;
function P1602_Card0_ReadStatus(wBuf:PWDWORD; wBuf2:PWDWORD;
    var dwP1:LongInt; var dwP2:LongInt;
    var wStatus:WORD):WORD ; stdCall;
procedure P1602_Card0_Stop; stdCall;
function P1602_Card1_StartScan(wSampleRate:WORD; wChannelStatus:PWORD; wChannelConfig:PWORD; wCount:WORD):WORD ; stdCall;
function P1602_Card1_ReadStatus(wBuf:PWORD; wBuf2:PWORD; var dwP1:LongInt; var dwP2:LongInt; var wStatus:WORD):WORD ; stdCall;
procedure P1602_Card1_Stop; stdCall;

//********************************************************************
implementation

function P1602_FloatSub2; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_FloatSub2';
function P1602_ShortSub2; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_ShortSub2';
function P1602_GetDllVersion; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_GetDllVersion';
function P1602_GetDriverVersion; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_GetDriverVersion';
function P1602_DriverInit;  external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_DriverInit';
procedure P1602_DriverClose; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_DriverClose';
function P1602_GetConfigAddressSpace;
    external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_GetConfigAddressSpace';
function P1602_ActiveBoard; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_ActiveBoard';
function P1602_WhichBoardActive;
    external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_WhichBoardActive';

// Function of M_Fun series
function P1602_M_FUN_1;     external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_M_FUN_1';
function P1602_M_FUN_2;     external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_M_FUN_2';
function P1602_M_FUN_3;     external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_M_FUN_3';
function P1602_M_FUN_4;     external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_M_FUN_4';
function P1602_Do;          external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_Do';
function P1602_Di;          external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_Di';
function P1602_Da;          external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_Da';
function P1602_SetChannelConfig;
    external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_SetChannelConfig';
function P1602_AdPolling;   external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_AdPolling';
function P1602_AdsPolling;  external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_AdsPolling';
function P1602_AdsPacer;    external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_AdsPacer';

//********************
function P1602_ClearScan;         external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_ClearScan';
function P1602_StartScan;          external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_StartScan';
procedure P1602_ReadScanStatus;   external 'P1602.DLL' name
    'P1602_ReadScanStatus';
function P1602_AddToScan;       external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_AddToScan';
function P1602_SaveScan;           external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_SaveScan';
procedure P1602_WaitMagicScanFinish;  external 'P1602.DLL' name
    'P1602_WaitMagicScanFinish';
function P1602_StopMagicScan;  external 'P1602.DLL' name
    'P1602_StopMagicScan';

//********************
function P1602_DelayUs; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_DelayUs';

//*******************
function P1602_Card0_StartScan; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_Card0_StartScan';
function P1602_Card0_ReadStatus; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_Card0_ReadStatus';
procedure P1602_Card0_Stop; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_Card0_Stop';
function P1602_Card1_StartScan; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_Card1_StartScan';
function P1602_Card1_ReadStatus; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_Card1_ReadStatus';
procedure P1602_Card1_Stop; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_Card1_Stop';

//*******************
function P1602_FunA_Start; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_FunA_Start';
function P1602_FunA_ReadStatus; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_FunA_ReadStatus';
function P1602_FunA_Stop; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_FunA_Stop';
function P1602_FunA_Get; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_FunA_Get';

//*******************
function P1602_FunB_Start; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_FunB_Start';
function P1602_FunB_ReadStatus; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_FunB_ReadStatus';
function P1602_FunB_Stop; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_FunB_Stop';
function P1602_FunB_Get; external 'P1602.DLL' name 'P1602_FunB_Get';

end.
2.4 LabVIEW Call DLLs

LabVIEW is an industrial graphical programming system developed by National Instruments. With LabVIEW, the user can quickly design a user interface and application program as a block diagram.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DLL</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NAPPCI\Win\VIEW\P1602.Dll</td>
<td>DLLs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAPPCI\Win\VIEW\DEMO1.VI</td>
<td>Demo VI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAPPCI\Win\VIEW\MFUN1.VI</td>
<td>Driver VI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE:
1. Tested under Windows 95/98/NT and LabVIEW 4.0
2. The demo1.VI will call MFUN1.VI to perform M_Functions. The M_Functions can send out an arbitrary waveform to the D/A output port and perform A/D input at the same time. If you connect D/A channel_0 to A/D channel_0, the M_Functions can measure the D/A output back. The output response is shown in Fig 8 and the connecting diagram of demo1.VI is given in Fig. 9.

Fig 8. The output of DEMO1.VI. (call M_FUN_1)
Fig 9. The connection diagram for DEMO1.VI (call MFUN1.VI)

Fig 10. The connection diagram for MFUN1.VI (call DLL M_FUN_1)
2.5 Demo Program

A common demo program is used for all P1602.dll examples. The demo program will accept \texttt{wDaFreq} and \texttt{wAdClk} and call the different driver functions for demonstration purposes.

```c
#include <windows.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include "P1602.H"

/********************************************************************/
/*    DEMO1 program for one P1602 cards in the PC system.        */
/*   Please set the resolution of your monitor to at least 1024*768 */
/********************************************************************/
/* First Card: some P1602 function call demo.                     */
/* For the proper operation the P1602, the following functions    */
/* must be used.                                                   */
/* P1602_DriverInit();    <--   initial the driver               */
/* P1602_DriverClose();   <--   close the driver                */
/********************************************************************/
short nDMA=-1, nIRQ=-1; // not used
WORD wBase=0x220,wAdBuf[510],wFlag=0,wAddrCtrl;
int iLine;

DWORD dwDaNum=90,dwAdClk=24;
WORD wTotalBoard,wInitialCode;

void READ_CMD(char *);
short ASCII_TO_HEX(char);
void TEST_CMD(HWND, int, int, int, int);
LRESULT CALLBACK WndProc(HWND, UINT, WPARAM, LPARAM);
void SHOW_WAVE(HWND hwnd);

/* ---------------------------------------------------------------- */
int WINAPI WinMain (HINSTANCE hInstance, HINSTANCE hPrevInstance,
PSTR szCmdLine, int iCmdShow)
{
  static char szAppName[] = "P1602 Demo1";
  HWND hwnd ;
  MSG msg ;
  WNDCLASSEX wndclass ;

  wndclass.cbSize = sizeof(wndclass);
  wndclass.style = CS_HREDRAW|CS_VREDRAW;
  wndclass.lpfnWndProc = WndProc;
  wndclass.cbClsExtra = 0;
  wndclass.cbWndExtra = 0;
  wndclass.hInstance = hInstance;
  wndclass.hIcon = LoadIcon(NULL, IDI_APPLICATION);
  wndclass.hCursor = LoadCursor(NULL, IDC_ARROW);
  wndclass.hbrBackground = (HBRUSH)GetStockObject(WHITE_BRUSH);
  wndclass.lpszMenuName = NULL;
  wndclass.lpszClassName = szAppName;
  wndclass.hIconSm = LoadIcon(NULL, IDI_APPLICATION);

  /* Welcome */
```
RegisterClassEx(&wndclass);
hwnd=CreateWindow(szAppName,"P1602 Demo1 Program",
    WS_OVERLAPPEDWINDOW,
    CW_USEDEFAULT, CW_USEDEFAULT,
    CW_USEDEFAULT, CW_USEDEFAULT,
    NULL, NULL, hInstance, NULL);
ShowWindow(hwnd,SW_SHOWMAXIMIZED);
UpdateWindow(hwnd);

while (GetMessage(&msg, NULL, 0, 0))
{
    TranslateMessage(&msg);
    DispatchMessage(&msg);
    return msg.wParam;
}

/* ---------------------------------------------------------------- */
LRESULT CALLBACK WndProc(HWND hwnd, UINT iMsg, WPARAM wParam, LPARAM
{ static int  cxChar, cyChar, cxClient, cyClient, cxBuffer;
  static int  cyBuffer, xCaret, yCaret;
  static char  cBuf[80];
  HDC      hdc;
  TEXTMETRIC   tm;
  PAINTSTRUCT  ps;
  int       i;

  switch (iMsg)
  {
  case WM_CREATE :  // window initial
      /******************************************************/
      /* NOTICE: call P1602_DriverInit() to initialize the driver. */
      /******************************************************/
      // Initialize the device driver, and return the board number in the PC
      wInitialCode=P1602_DriverInit(&wTotalBoard);
      if( wInitialCode!=NoError )
      {
          MessageBox(hwnd,"No P1602 card in this system !!!",
              "P1602 Card Error",MB_OK);
      }
      hdc=GetDC(hwnd);
      SelectObject(hdc,GetStockObject(SYSTEM_FIXED_FONT));
      GetTextMetrics(hdc, &tm);
      cxChar=tm.tmAveCharWidth;
      cyChar=tm.tmHeight;
      ReleaseDC(hwnd, hdc);
      return 0;
    case WM_SIZE :
      cxClient=LOWORD(lParam);  // window size in pixels
      cyClient=HIWORD(lParam);
      cxBuffer=max(1,cxClient/cxChar);  // window size in characters
      cyBuffer=max(1,cyClient/cyChar);
      return 0;
  case WM_SETFOCUS :
      CreateCaret(hwnd, NULL, cxChar, cyChar);
      SetCaretPos(xCaret * cxChar, yCaret * cyChar);
      }
ShowCaret(hwnd);
return 0;
case WM_KILLFOCUS :
    HideCaret(hwnd);
    DestroyCaret();
    return 0;

case WM_CHAR : // user press KEYBOARD
    for (i = 0 ; i < (int) LOWORD(lParam) ; i++)
    {
        switch (wParam)
        {
            case '\b' : // backspace pressed
                if (xCaret > 0)
                {
                    xCaret-- ;
                    cBuf[xCaret]=' '; 
                    HideCaret(hwnd);
                    hdc=GetDC(hwnd);
                    SelectObject(hdc,GetStockObject(SYSTEM_FIXED_FONT));
                    TextOut(hdc, xCaret * cxChar, yCaret * cyChar,cBuf+xCaret,1);
                    ShowCaret(hwnd);
                    ReleaseDC(hwnd, hdc);
                }
                break;
            case '\r' : // carriage return pressed
                if (wFlag==1)
                {
                    InvalidRect(hwnd, NULL, TRUE);
                    wFlag=0;
                    break;
                }
                wFlag=1;
                cBuf[xCaret]=0;
                if (xCaret!=0) {xCaret=0; yCaret++;

READ_CMD(cBuf);
TEST_CMD(hwnd,xCaret, cxChar, yCaret,cyChar);

xCaret=0; yCaret+=iLine;
if (yCaret >= cyBuffer) InvalidRect(hwnd, NULL, TRUE);
break;
        case '\1B' : // escape pressed
            InvalidRect (hwnd, NULL, TRUE);
            xCaret=yCaret=0;
            break;
        default : // other KEY pressed
            cBuf[xCaret]=(char) wParam;
            HideCaret(hwnd);
            hdc=GetDC (hwnd);
            SelectObject(hdc,GetStockObject(SYSTEM_FIXED_FONT));
            TextOut(hdc,xCaret*cxChar,yCaret*cyChar,cBuf+xCaret,1);
            ShowCaret(hwnd);
            ReleaseDC(hwnd, hdc);
            xCaret++;
            break;
        }
    }
    SetCaretPos(xCaret*cxChar, yCaret*cyChar);
    return 0;
case WM_PAINT : // clr and show HELP
    InvalidRect(hwnd, NULL, TRUE);
    hdc=BeginPaint(hwnd, &ps);
SelectObject(hdc,GetStockObject(SYSTEM_FIXED_FONT));

sprintf(cBuf,"Press any key to continue");
TextOut(hdc,0,0,cBuf,strlen(cBuf));
xCaret = 0 ; yCaret=1;
SetCaretPos(0,yCaret*cyChar);

EndPaint(hwnd, &ps);
return 0;

case WM_DESTROY :
    /**************************************************************************/
    /* NOTICE: call P1602_DriverClose() to close the driver. */
    /**************************************************************************/
    P1602_DriverClose();  // close the driver
    PostQuitMessage(0);
    return 0 ;
    }
    return DefWindowProc(hwnd, iMsg, wParam, lParam);
}

/* ------------------------------------------------------------------- */
/* [0][1][2][3][4]=wII, [6][7][8][9]=dwAdClk */
void READ_CMD(char szCmd[])
{
    DWORD nT1,nT2,nT3,nT4,nT5;
    if(szCmd[0]==0) return;   // only press [Enter]
    nT1=ASCII_TO_HEX(szCmd[0]);    // HEX format
    nT2=ASCII_TO_HEX(szCmd[1]);
    nT3=ASCII_TO_HEX(szCmd[2]);
    nT4=ASCII_TO_HEX(szCmd[3]);
    nT5=ASCII_TO_HEX(szCmd[4]);
    dwDaNum=nT1*10000+nT2*1000+nT3*100+nT4*10+nT5;
    nT1=ASCII_TO_HEX(szCmd[6]);    // HEX format
    nT2=ASCII_TO_HEX(szCmd[7]);
    nT3=ASCII_TO_HEX(szCmd[8]);
    nT4=ASCII_TO_HEX(szCmd[9]);
    dwAdClk=(DWORD)(nT1*1000+nT2*100+nT3*10+nT4);
}

short ASCII_TO_HEX(char cChar)
{
    if(cChar<='9') return(cChar-'0');
    else if (cChar<='F') return(cChar-'A'+10);
    else return(cChar-'a'+10);
}

/* -------------------------------------------------------------------- */
void TEST_CMD(HWND hwnd, int x, int dx, int y, int dy)
{

Test subroutine placed here
The READ_COM only accepts **fix format** command. The command format is given as below:

- Enter key
- space key

```
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
```

```
   wDaFreq
   wAdClk
```

- if \[0 = \text{Enter key}\] \(\Rightarrow\) accept current setting of \(wDaFreq\) and \(wAdClk\)

The steps to compile and link the demo program are described in Sec. 1.3. All demo programs share similar setup code as above. The separate testing functions are placed in “**TEST_CMD(....) { ...........}**”. Only the code that would be placed in **TEST_CMD** is shown in subsequent listings in this manual.
3. Description of Functions

The DLL functions are divided into the following groups:

- The Test functions
- The M_Functions function
- The D/I/O functions
- The D/A function
- The A/D fixed-mode functions
- The A/D MagicScan mode functions
- The A/D continuous capture functions
- The A/D batch capture functions
- The Plug & Play functions
- Other functions

- The functions of the fixed-channel mode are as follows:
  
  1. P1602_SetChannelConfig
  2. P1602_AdPoling
  3. P1602_AdsPolling
  4. P1602_AdsPacer

- The functions of the MagicScan mode are as follows:
  
  1. P1602_ClearScan
  2. P1602_StartScan
  3. P1602_AddToScan
  4. P1602_SaveScan
  5. P1602_ReadMagicScanResult

- The functions of the M_functions are as follows:
  
  1. P1602_M_FUN_1
  2. P1602_M_FUN_2
  3. P1602_M_FUN_3
• The multiboard batch capture functions are as follows:

1. P1602_FunA_Start
2. P1602_FunA_ReadStatus
3. P1602_FunA_Stop
4. P1602_FunA_Get

• The single board batch capture functions are as follows:

1. P1602_FunB_Start
2. P1602_FunB_ReadStatus
3. P1602_FunB_Stop
4. P1602_FunB_Get

• The continuous capture functions are as following:

1. P1602_Card0_StartScan
2. P1602_Card0_ReadStatus
3. P1602_Card0_StopScan
4. P1602_Card1_StartScan
5. P1602_Card1_ReadStatus
6. P1602_Card1_StopScan

Group-0: for card_0 continuous capture function
Group-1: for card_1 continuous capture function
### 3.1 The Configuration Code Table

**OME-PCI-1602 Configuration Code Table**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bipolar/Unipolar</th>
<th>Input Signal Range</th>
<th>Gain</th>
<th>Settling Time</th>
<th>Configuration Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bipolar</td>
<td>+/- 10V</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10 us</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bipolar</td>
<td>+/- 5V</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10 us</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bipolar</td>
<td>+/- 2.5V</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>10 us</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bipolar</td>
<td>+/- 1.25V</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>10 us</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OME-PCI-1602F Configuration Code Table**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bipolar/Unipolar</th>
<th>Input Signal Range</th>
<th>Gain</th>
<th>Settling Time</th>
<th>Configuration Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bipolar</td>
<td>+/- 10V</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5 us</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bipolar</td>
<td>+/- 5V</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5 us</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bipolar</td>
<td>+/- 2.5V</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5 us</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bipolar</td>
<td>+/- 1.25V</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>5 us</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2 The Test Functions

3.2.1 P1602_FloatSub2

- **Description:**
  Calculates C=A-B in float format, float=4 bytes floating point number. This function is provided to test DLL linkage.

- **Syntax:** float P1602_FloatSub2(float fA, float fB);

- **Input Parameter:**
  - fA : 4 bytes floating point value
  - fB : 4 bytes floating point value

- **Return Value:** return=fA-fB

- **Demo Program:** DEMO1.C

3.2.2 P1602_ShortSub2

- **Description:**
  Calculates C=A-B in SHORT formats, SHORT=16 bits signed number. This function is provided to test DLL linkage.

- **Syntax:** short P1602_ShortSub2(Short nA, Short nB);

- **Input Parameter:**
  - nA : 16 bits value
  - nB : 16 bits value

- **Return Value:** return=nA-nB

- **Demo Program:** DEMO1.C
3.2.3 P1602_GetDllVersion

- **Description**: Reads the version of the P1602.DLL.

- **Syntax**: WORD P1602_GetDllVersion(void);

- **Input Parameter**: void

- **Return Value**: 
  return=0x200  \(\rightarrow\) Version 2.0

- **Demo Program**: DEMO1.C

3.2.4 P1602_GetDriverVersion

- **Description**: This function will read the software version number of Nappci.VxD for Windows 95/98 or Napwnt.SYS for Windows NT.

- **Syntax**: WORD P1602_GetDriverVersion(WORD *wDriverVersion);

- **Input Parameter**: *wDriverVersion : address of wDriverVersion
  wDriverVersion=0x200  \(\rightarrow\) Version 2.0

- **Return Value**: 
  NoError : OK
  DriverHandleError : the NAPPCI.VxD open error for Windows 95/98
  the Napwnt.SYS open error for Windows NT
  DriverCallError : call NAPPCI.VxD return error
  call Napwnt.SYS return error

- **Demo Program**: DEMO1.C
3.3 The M_Functions

3.3.1 P1602_M_FUN_1

- **Description:**
  The P1602_M_FUN_1 will calculate the waveform image automatically. (Refer to the “OME-PCI-1602 Hardware Manual” chapter-5 for details) (input=A/D channel_0, output=D/A channel_0)

- **Syntax:**
  ```
  WORD P1602_M_FUN_1(WORD wDaFrequency, WORD wDaWave, float fDaAmplitude, WORD wAdClock, WORD wAdNumber, WORD wAdConfig, 
  float fAdBuf[], float fLowAlarm, float fHighAlarm)
  ```

- **Input Parameter:**
  - `wDaFrequency`: D/A output frequency = 1.8M/wDaFrequency (Pentium 120)
  - `wDaWave`: Number of D/A waveform to be output
  - `fDaAmplitude`: Amplitude of D/A output. NOTE: the hardware J1 must select +/-10V
  - `wAdClock`: A/D sampling clock = 8000000/wAdClock samples/sec
  - `wAdNumber`: Number of A/D data to be read
  - `wAdConfig`: A/D input range configuration code
    - Refer to "Section 3.1 Configuration Table"
  - `fAdBuf[]`: the starting address of fAdBuf which store the A/D data
  - `fLowAlarm`: low alarm limit. if fAdBuf[?] < fLowAlarm → LowAlarm
  - `fHighAlarm`: high alarm limit. if fAdBuf[?] > fHighAlarm → HighAlarm

- **Return Value:**
  - NoError: OK
  - DriverHandleError: Invalid VxD/SYS handle
  - DriverCallError: VxD/SYS function call error
  - ExceedBoardNumber: invalid board number
  - FindBoardError: no OME-PCI-1602 board
  - AdControllerError: embedded controller handshake error
  - M_FunExecError: M_Functions return code error
  - ConfigCodeError: wAdConfig configuration code error
    - Refer to "Section 3.1 Configuration Table"

  - HighAlarm: fAdBuf[?] > fHighAlarm
  - LowAlarm: fAdBuf[?] < fLowAlarm

- **Demo Program:** DEMO5.C
3.3.2 P1602_M_FUN_2

- **Description:**
The P1602_M_FUN_2 will **not** compute the waveform image automatically. (Refer to “OME-PCI-1602 Hardware Manual” chapter-5 for details) (input=A/D channel_0, output=D/A channel_0)

- **Syntax:**
  ```c
  WORD P1602_M_FUN_2(WORD wDaNumber, WORD wDaWave, WORD wDaBuf[],
  WORD wAdClock, WORD wAdNumber, WORD wAdConfig, WORD wAdBuf[]);
  ```

- **Input Parameter:**
  - `wDaNumber`: number of D/A samples in one waveform
  - `wDaWave`: Number of D/A waveform to be output
  - `wDaBuf[]`: The array stores the D/A waveform image
  - `wAdClock`: A/D sampling clock = 8000000/wAdClock samples/sec
  - `wAdNumber`: Number of A/D data to be read
  - `wAdConfig`: A/D input range configuration code.
    Refer to "Section 3.1 Configuration Table"
  - `wAdBuf[]`: the starting address of fAdBuf which store the A/D data

- **Return Value:**
  - NoError: OK
  - DriverHandleError: Invalid VxD/SYS handle
  - DriverCallError: VxD/SYS function call error
  - ExceedBoardNumber: invalid board number
  - FindBoardError: no OME-PCI-1602 board
  - AdControllererror: embedded controller handshake error
  - M_FunExecError: M_Functions return code error
  - ConfigCodeError: `wAdConfig` configuration code error, Refer to "Section 3.1"

- **Demo Program**: DEMO7.C

The D/A output waveform generator is a **machine dependent** function. The D/A output frequency = 1.8M/wDaNumber is machine dependent. Some benchmarks are shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>D/A output frequency</th>
<th>Machine</th>
<th>Benchmark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.8M/wDaNumber</td>
<td>Pentium 120</td>
<td>1.8M/dwDaNumber for Pentium 120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0M/wDaNumber</td>
<td>Pentium 133</td>
<td>2.0M/dwDaNumber for Pentium 133</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The user should benchmark their system before using M_FUN_1, M_FUN_2 and M_FUN_3.
3.3.3 P1602_M_FUN_3

- **Description:**
  The P1602_M_FUN_3 will calculate the waveform image automatically. (Refer to “OME-PCI-1602 Hardware Manual” chapter-5 for details) (input=programable channels, output=D/A channel_0) This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602 board. Use the P1602_ActiveBoard(....) to select the active board. Refer to Sec. 2.4.2 for more information.

- **Syntax:**
  
  ```
  WORD P1602_M_FUN_3(WORD wDaFrequency, WORD wDaWave, float fDaAmplitude, WORD wAdClock, WORD wAdNumber, WORD wChannelStatus[], WORD wAdConfig[], float fAdBuf[], float fLowAlarm, float fHighAlarm)
  ```

- **Input Parameter:**
  - `wDaFrequency`: D/A **output frequency** = 1.8M/wDaFrequency (Pentium 120)
  - `wDaWave`: Number of D/A waveform to be output
  - `fDaAmplitude`: Amplitude of D/A output. NOTE: the hardware jumper J1 must be set to +/-10V
  - `wAdClock`: A/D sampling clock = 8000000/wAdClock samples/sec
  - `wAdNumber`: Number of A/D samples to be read
  - `wAdChannel[]`: 1=scan, 0=no scan
  - `wAdConfig[]`: **configuration code**
    Refer to "Section 3.1 Configuration Table"
  - `fAdBuf[]`: the starting address of fAdBuf which store the A/D data
  - `fLowAlarm`: low alarm limit. if fAdBuf[?]< fLowAlarm → LowAlarm
  - `fHighAlarm`: high alarm limit. if fAdBuf[?]>fHighAlarm → HighAlarm

- **Return Value:**
  - `NoError`: OK
  - `DriverHandleError`: Invalid VxD/SYS handle
  - `DriverCallError`: VxD/SYS function call error
  - `ExceedBoardNumber`: invalid board number
  - `FindBoardError`: no OME-PCI-1602 board
  - `AdControllerError`: embedded controller handshake error
  - `M_FunExecError`: M_Functions return code error
  - `ConfigCodeError`: wAdConfig configuration code error, Refer to "Section 3.1"
  - `HighAlarm`: fAdBuf[?]>fHighAlarm
  - `LowAlarm`: fAdBuf[?]< fLowAlarm
- Demo Program: DEMO9.C
3.4 The DIO Functions

3.4.1 P1602_Di

- **Description**: This function will read the 16 bit data from the digital input (D/I) port. This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602. Use the P1602_ActiveBoard(....) to select the active board.
- **Syntax**: WORD P1602_Di(WORD *wDi);
- **Input Parameter**:
  *wDi*: address of *wDi* which contains the 16 bits of D/I data
- **Return Value**:
  - NoError : OK
  - FindBoardError : cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  - ExceedBoardNumber: invalid board number
- **Demo Program**: DEMO1.C

3.4.2 P1602_Do

- **Description**: This function will write the 16 bit data to the digital output (D/O) port. This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602 board. Use the P1602_ActiveBoard(....) to select the active board.
- **Syntax**: WORD P1602_Do(WORD wDo);
- **Input Parameter**:
  *wDo*: the 16 bits of data sent to the D/O port
- **Return Value**:
  - NoError : OK
  - ExceedBoardNumber: invalid board number
  - FindBoardError : cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
- **Demo Program**: DEMO1.C
3.5 The D/A Functions

3.5.1 P1602_Da

**Description:** This function will write the 12 bit data to D/A port. This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602 board. Use the P1602_ActiveBoard(…) to select the active board.

- **Syntax:** \( \text{WORD P1602_Da(WORD wChannel, WORD wDaVal);} \)
- **Input Parameter:**
  - \( wChannel \): 0 for channel_0 D/A, 1 for channel_1 D/A
  - \( wDaVal \): 12 bit data sent to D/A port. 0=minimum and 4095=maximum. The D/A output can be +/- 5V or +/- 10V depending on the setting hardware jumper JP1.

  The software cannot detect the state of JP1, the user must be aware of its state.
- **Return Value:**
  - NoError : OK
  - FindBoardError : cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  - ExceedBoardNumber: invalid board number
  - DaChannelError : channel number must be 0 or 1
- **Demo Program:** DEMO1.C
3.6 The A/D Fixed-mode Functions

3.6.1 P1602_SetChannelConfig

- **Description**: This function will set the A/D channel’s configuration code. This function will set the active A/D channel for `P1602_AdPolling`, `P1602_AdsPolling` and `P1602_AdsPacer` functions. This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602 board. Use the `P1602_ActiveBoard(...)` to select the active board.

- **Syntax**: `WORD P1602_SetChannelConfig(WORD wChannel, WORD wConfig);`

- **Input Parameter**:
  - `wChannel`: A/D channel number
  - `wConfig`: Configuration code. Refer to "Section 3.1 Configuration Table"

- **Return Value**:
  - `NoError`: OK
  - `ExceedBoardNumber`: invalid board number
  - `FindBoardError`: cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  - `AdControllerError`: MagicScan controller hardware handshake error

- **Demo Program**: DEMO1.C

3.6.2 P1602_AdPolling

- **Description**: This function will perform a single A/D conversion by software polling. The `P1602_SetChannelConfig` function can be used to change channel or configuration code used by the `P1602_AdPolling` function. This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602 board. Use the `P1602_ActiveBoard(...)` to select the active board.

- **Syntax**: `WORD P1602_AdPolling(float *fAdVal);`

- **Input Parameter**:
  - `*fAdVal`: address of `fAdVal` which will contain the A/D data (16 bits), this data is automatically converted to volts based on the setting `P1602_SetChannelConfig`.

- **Return Value**:
  - `NoError`: OK
  - `ExceedBoardNumber`: invalid board number
  - `FindBoardError`: cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  - `AdPollingTimeOut`: hardware timeout error

- **Demo Program**: DEMO1.C
3.6.3 P1602_AdsPolling

- **Description**: This function will perform multiple A/D conversions by polling. The P1602_SetChannelConfig function can be used to change the channel or configuration code used by the P1602_AdsPolling function. This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602 board. Use the P1602_ActiveBoard(…) to select the active board.

- **Syntax**: WORD P1602_AdsPolling(float fAdVal[], WORD wNum);

- **Input Parameter**:
  - fAdVal[]: starting address of A/D data buffer (16 bit), the data will be automatically converted to volts based on the setting of the P1602_SetChannelConfig function.
  - wNum: number of A/D conversions to be performed.

- **Return Value**:
  - NoError: OK
  - ExceedBoardNumber: invalid board number
  - FindBoardError: cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  - AdPollingTimeOut: hardware timeout error

- **Demo Program**: DEMO1.C
3.6.4 P1602_AdsPacer

- **Description:** This function will perform multiple A/D conversions by pacer trigger. The P1602_SetChannelConfig function can be used to change channel or configuration code. The hardware pacer will generate a periodic trigger signal to the A/D converter. Software polling is used by the P1602_AdsPolling function, so the A/D conversion process could be interrupted by the computer’s operating system. Since the P1602_AdsPacer function uses the hardware pacer, operating system interrupts will not affect it. For this reason the P1602_AdsPacer function should be used if a waveform must be precisely reconstructed. This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602 board. Use the P1602_ActiveBoard(…) to select the active board.

- **Syntax:** WORD P1602_AdsPacer(float fAdVal[], WORD wNum, WORD wSample);

- **Input Parameter:**
  - fAdVal[] : starting address of the A/D data buffer (16 bit), the data will be automatically converted to volts based on the setting of the P1602_SetChannelConfig function.
  - wNum : number of A/D conversions to be performed.
  - wSample : A/D sample rate = 8M/wSample.
    for example: wSample=24  →  sample rate=8M/24=330K

- **Return Value:**
  - NoError : OK
  - ExceedBoardNumber: invalid board number
  - FindBoardError : cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  - AdPollingTimeOut : hardware timeout error

- **Demo Program : DEMO1.C**
3.7 The MagicScan Functions

3.7.1 P1602_ClearScan

- **Description**: This function will initialize the MagicScan controller. This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602 board. Use the P1602_ActiveBoard(....) to select the active board.

- **Syntax**: WORD P1602_ClearScan();

- **Input Parameter**: void

- **Return Value**:
  - NoError : OK
  - ExceedBoardNumber: invalid board number
  - FindBoardError : cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  - AdControllerError : MagicScan controller hardware handshake error

- **Demo Program**: DEMO11.C
3.7.2  P1602_StartScan

- **Description**: This function will start the MagicScan operation. This function will return to the caller before the MagicScan operation finishes. The user can use the P1602_WaitMagicScanFinish(...) function or the P1602_ReadScanStatus(...) function to check the state of MagicScan operation. This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602 board. Use the P1602_ActiveBoard(...) to select the active board.

- **Syntax**: WORD P1602_StartScan(WORD wSampleRate, WORD wNum);

- **Input Parameter**:
  
  - wSampleRate : A/D sample rate = 8M/wSampleRate.
    
    - wSampleRate=24 \(\rightarrow\) sample rate=8M/24=330K
  
  - wNum : Number of MagicScan cycles to perform

- **Return Value**:
  
  - NoError : OK
  
  - ExceedBoardNumber: invalid board number
  
  - FindBoardError : cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  
  - AdControllerError : MagicScan controller hardware handshake error

- **Demo Program**: DEMO11.C
3.7.3 P1602_ReadScanStatus

- **Description**: This function will read the status of the MagicScan operation. This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602 board. Use the P1602_ActiveBoard(…) to select the active board.

- **Syntax**: void P1602_ReadScanStatus(WORD *wStatus, WORD *wLowAlarm, WORD *wHighAlarm);

- **Input Parameter**:
  * `wStatus` : address of `wStatus` which will contain the MagicScan status
  * `wLowAlarm` : address of `wLowAlarm` which will contain the MagicScan alarm status
  * `wHighAlarm` : address of `wHighAlarm` which will contain the MagicScan alarm status

- **Return Value** : void

- **Demo Program** : DEMO11.C

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>wStatus</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>= 0x00</td>
<td>MagicScan initial condition (idle state)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>= 0x01</td>
<td>MagicScan operation started</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>= 0x02</td>
<td>MagicScan stage 1 controller timeout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>= 0x04</td>
<td>MagicScan stage 2 controller timeout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>= 0x08</td>
<td>MagicScan FIFO overflow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>= 0x80</td>
<td>MagicScan function OK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>wLowAlarm</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>32 bits corresponding to 32 channels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0 = no low alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 = is low alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>= 0</td>
<td>all channels OK, no low alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>= 1</td>
<td>channel_0 is low alarm, others are OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>= 3</td>
<td>channel_0 and channel_1 are low alarm, others are OK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>wHighAlarm</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>32 bits corresponding to 32 channels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0 = no high alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 = is high alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>= 0</td>
<td>all channels OK, no high alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>= 1</td>
<td>channel_0 is high alarm, others are OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>= 3</td>
<td>channel_0 and channel_1 are high alarm, others are OK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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3.7.4 P1602_AddToScan

- **Description**: This function will add one channel to the MagicScan circular queue. This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602 board. Use the P1602_ActiveBoard(….) function to select the active board.

- **Syntax**: word P1602_AddToScan(WORD wAdChannel, WORD wConfig, WORD wAverage, WORD wLowAlarm, WORD wHighAlarm, WORD wAlarmType);

- **Input Parameter**:
  - wAdChannel : A/D channel number
  - wConfig : the configuration code
    
    Refer to "Section 3.1 Configuration Table"
  - wAverage : the digital average filter factor
  - wLowAlarm : 16 bit low alarm data
  - wHighAlarm : 16 bit high alarm data
  - wAlarmType : 0=no alarm, 1=high alarm, 2=low alarm, 3=in-alarm, 4=out-alarm

- **Return Value**:
  - NoError : Ok
  - ExceedBoardNumber: invalid board number
  - FindBoardError : cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  - AdChannelError : invalid A/D channel
  - AlarmTypeError : only 0/1/2/3/4 are valid
  - AdControllerError : MagicScan controller hardware handshake error

- **Demo Program**: DEMO11.C
3.7.5 P1602_SaveScan

- **Description**: This function will specify the starting address of A/D data buffer for MagicScan.
- **Syntax**: `void P1602_SaveScan(WORD wAdChannel, WORD wBuf[]);`
- **Input Parameter**:
  - `wAdChannel`: Scan number in the scan queue.
  - (Note: not the A/D channel number.)
  - `wBuf`: starting address of the A/D data buffer for the channel specified in `wAdChannel`
- **Return Value**:
  - `NoError`: Ok
  - `ExceedBoardNumber`: invalid board number
  - `FindBoardError`: cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  - `AdChannelError`: invalid A/D channel
- **Demo Program**: `DEMO11.C`

**Code Fragment**: `DEMO11.C`

```c
WORD wV0[100000]; // A/D ch:0 buffer
WORD wV2[100000]; // A/D ch:2 buffer

wRetVal=P1602_ClearScan();
//**** For OME-PCI-1602L
wRetVal += P1602_AddToScan(0,0,1,0,0,0); // CH:0 to scan
wRetVal += P1602_SaveScan(0,wV0);
wRetVal += P1602_AddToScan(2,0,1,0,0,0); // CH:2 to scan
wRetVal += P1602_SaveScan(1,wV2); // Notice: 1 not 2
    // ^ Notice: This is a ordinal number in
    //      Scan Queue not a channel number.
wSampleRateDiv=80;    // sample rate=8M/wSampleRateDiv
P1602_StartScan(wSampleRateDiv,DATALENGTH,nPriority);
```

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### 3.7.6 P1602_WaitMagicScanFinish

- **Description**: This function will delay until the MagicScan operation is finished. This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602 board. Use the P1602_ActiveBoard(…) to select the active board.
- **Syntax**: `void P1602_WaitMagicScanFinish(WORD *wStatus, WORD *wLowAlarm, WORD *wHighAlarm);
- **Input Parameter**:
  - *wStatus*: address of `wStatus` which will contain the MagicScan status
  - *wLowAlarm*: address of `wLowAlarm` which will contain the MagicScan alarm status
  - *wHighAlarm*: address of `wHighAlarm` which will contain the MagicScan alarm status
- **Return Value**: `void`
- **Demo Program**: DEMO11.C

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>wStatus</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0x00</td>
<td>MagicScan initial condition (idle state)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x01</td>
<td>MagicScan operation started</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x02</td>
<td>MagicScan stage 1 controller timeout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x04</td>
<td>MagicScan stage 2 controller timeout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x08</td>
<td>MagicScan FIFO overflow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x80</td>
<td>MagicScan function OK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>wLowAlarm</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>all channels OK, no low alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>channel_0 is low alarm, others are OK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>wHighAlarm</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>all channels OK, no high alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>channel_0 is high alarm, others are OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>channel_0 and channel_1 are high alarm, others are OK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.8 The Pulg&Play Functions

3.8.1 P1602_DriverInit

- **Description:** This function will detect all of the OME-PCI-1602 boards installed in the system. This function must be called once before any other function is called.

- **Syntax:** `WORD P1602_DriverInit(WORD *wTotalBoard);`

- **Input Parameter:**
  
  `*wTotalBoard`: address of `wTotalBoard`
  
  - `wTotalBoard=1` → one OME-PCI-1602 card in the system
  
  - `wTotalBoard=n` → `n`*OME-PCI-1602 cards in the system

- **Return Value:**
  
  - `NoError`: OK
  
  - `NoFoundBoard`: can not detect any OME-PCI-1602
  
  - `FindBoardError`: handshake check error
  
  - `DriverHandleError`: the NAPPCI.VxD .open error for Windows 95
    
    the Napwnt.SYS .open error for Windows NT
  
  - `DriverCallError`: call NAPPCI.VxD return error
    
    Call Napwnt.SYS return error

- **Demo Program:** All DEMO programs.

3.8.2 P1602_DriverClose

- **Description:** Returns all resources to the system. This function should be called before the program is terminated.

- **Syntax:** `void P1602_DriverClose(void);`

- **Input Parameter:** `void`

- **Return Value:** `void`

- **Demo Program:** All DEMO programs.
3.8.3 P1602_GetConfigAddressSpace

- **Description:** Gets the I/O address of OME-PCI-1602 board n. This function is for debugging purposes only. It is not necessary to call this function.
- **Syntax:**
  
  ```
  WORD P1602_GetConfigAddressSpace(WORD wBoardNo, WORD *
  wAddrTimer, WORD *wAddrCtrl, WORD *wAddrDio, WORD *wAddrAdda);
  ```

- **Input Parameter:**
  - wBoardNo: OME-PCI-1602 board number
  - wAddrTimer, wAddrCtrl, wAddrDio, wAddrAdda: refer to the “OME-PCI-1602 Hardware manual” chapter-3 for details.

- **Return Value:**
  - NoError: OK
  - FindBoardError: handshake check error
  - ExceedBoardError: wBoardNo is invalid

- **Demo Program:** DEMO1.C

3.8.4 P1602_WhichBoardActive

- **Description:** Returns the board number of the active board.
- **Syntax:**
  
  ```
  WORD P1602_WhichBoardActive(void);
  ```

- **Input Parameter:** void

- **Return Value:** board number of the active board.

- **Demo Program:** DEMO1.C
3.8.5 P1602_ActiveBoard

- **Description:** This function will make active one of the OME-PCI-1602 boards installed in the system. This function must call once before the D/I/O, A/D, D/A functions are called.

- **Syntax:** WORD P1602_ActiveBoard(WORD wBoardNo);

- **Input Parameter:**
  wBoardNo: board number

- **Return Value:**
  - NoError : OK
  - ExceedBoardError: wBoardNo is invalid

- **Demo Program : All DEMO programd.**

The P1602_ActiveBoard(…) function will effect all functions except the following:
1. P1602_FloatSub2
2. P1602_ShortSub2
3. P1602_GetDriverVersion
4. P1602_DriveInit
5. P1602_DriveClose
6. P1602_GetConfigAddressSpace
7. P1602_Card0_StartScan
8. P1602_Card0_ReadData
9. P1602_Card0_Stop
10. P1602_Card1_StartScan
11. P1602_Card1_ReadData
12. P1602_Card1_Stop
3.9 Multiboard Batch Capture
(Two boards operating simultaneously)

3.9.1 P1602_FunA_Start

- **Description**: This function will start the batch capture process for two boards operating simultaneously.

- **Syntax**:
  ```c
  WORD P1602_FunA_Start(WORD wClockDiv0, WORD wChannel0[],
  WORD wConfig0[], WORD *Buffer0, DWORD dwMaxCount0,
  WORD wClockDiv1, WORD wChannel1[],
  WORD wConfig1[], WORD *Buffer1, DWORD dwMaxCount1
  Short  nPriority);
  ```

- **Input Parameter**:
  - `wClockDiv0`: the A/D sample rate divisor for first board.
    the sample rate is 8M/wClockDiv0.
  - `wChannel0[]`: (0=no scan, 1=scan) for each channel of the first board
  - `wConfig0[]`: configuration code for each channel of the first board
    Refer to "Section 3.1 Configuration Table"
  - `*Buffer0`: buffer to store the A/D data of the first board
  - `dwMaxCount0`: sample count for the first board
  - `wClockDiv1`: the A/D sample rate divisor for the second board.
    the sample rate is 8M/wClockDiv1.
  - `wChannel1[]`: (0=no scan, 1=scan) for each channel of the second board
  - `wConfig1[]`: configuration code for each channel of the second board
    Refer to "Section 3.1 Configuration Table"
  - `*Buffer1`: buffer to store the A/D data of the second board
  - `dwMaxCount1`: sample count for the second board
nPriority: A/D thread priority. The value of nPriority range from:
-2: THREAD_PRIORITY_LOWEST
-1: THREAD_PRIORITY_BELOW_NORMAL
0: THREAD_PRIORITY_NORMAL
1: THREAD_PRIORITY_ABOVE_NORMAL
2: THREAD_PRIORITY_HIGHEST
Other: THREAD_PRIORITY_NORMAL

- **Return Value :**
  NoError : OK
  FindTwoBoardError : cannot find out two OME-PCI-1602 boards

- **Demo Program : DEMO20.C**
3.9.2 P1602_FunA_ReadStatus

- **Description**: This function will read the status of the batch capture process.

- **Syntax**:
  
  ```c
  WORD P1602_FunA_ReadStatus( void );
  ```

- **Input Parameter**:
  
  ```c
  void;
  ```

- **Return Value**:
  
  - 0: data is ready
  - 1: data not ready

- **Demo Program**: DEMO20.C
3.9.3  P1602_FunA_Stop

- **Description:** This function will stop the batch capture function.

- **Syntax:**
  
  ```c
  word P1602_FunA_Stop(void);
  ```

- **Input Parameter:**
  
  void

- **Return Value :**
  
  ```
  NoError : OK
  StopError : Stop Error
  ```

- **Demo Program :** DEMO20.C

3.9.4  P1602_FunA_Get

- **Description:** This function will retrieve the number A/D samples acquired.

- **Syntax:**
  
  ```c
  word P1602_FunA_Get(DWORD *P0, DWORD *P1);
  ```

- **Input Parameter:**
  
  *P0: [output] the number of A/D samples that have been acquired for the first board.
  *P1: [output] the number of A/D samples that have been acquired for the second board.

- **Return Value :**
  
  ```
  NoError : OK
  ```

- **Demo Program :** DEMO20.C
3.10 The Single Board Batch Capture

3.10.1 P1602_FunB_Start

- **Description**: This function will start the batch capture process.

- **Syntax**:
  
  ```c
  WORD P1602_FunB_Start(WORD wClockDiv0, WORD wChannel0[],
  WORD wConfig0[], WORD *Buffer0, DWORD dwMaxCount0,
  SHORT nPriority);
  ```

- **Input Parameter**:
  
  - `wClockDiv0`: the A/D sample rate divisor for this board.  
    the sample rate is 8M/wClockDiv0.
  - `wChannel0[]`: (0=no scan, 1=scan) for each channel of this board
  - `wConfig0[]`: configuration code for each channel of this board  
    Refer to "Section 3.1 Configuration Table"
  - `*Buffer0`: buffer to store the A/D data of this board
  - `dwMaxCount0`: to specify the data length of this board
  - `nPriority`: Thread priority. The value of nPriority ranges from:
    -2: THREAD_PRIORITY_LOWEST
    -1: THREAD_PRIORITY_BELOW_NORMAL
    0: THREAD_PRIORITY_NORMAL
    1: THREAD_PRIORITY ABOVE_NORMAL
    2: THREAD_PRIORITY HIGHEST
    Other: THREAD_PRIORITY_NORMAL

- **Return Value**:
  
  - NoError : OK
  - FindBoardError : cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  - AdControllerError : MagicScan controller hardware handshake error

- **Demo Program**: DEMO21.C
3.10.2 P1602_FunB_ReadStatus

- **Description**: This function provides the status of the batch capture.

- **Syntax**:
  
  ```c
  WORD P1602_FunB_ReadStatus( void );
  ```

- **Input Parameter**:
  
  ```c
  void;
  ```

- **Return Value**:
  
  0: data is ready
  1: data not ready

- **Demo Program**: DEMO21.C
3.10.3  P1602_FunB_Stop

- **Description:** This function will stop the batch capture function.

- **Syntax:**
  ```c
  word P1602_FunB_Stop(void);
  ```

- **Input Parameter:**
  ```c
  void
  ```

- **Return Value:**
  ```c
  NoError : OK  
  StopError : Stop Error
  ```

- **Demo Program:** DEMO21.C

3.10.4  P1602_FunB_Get

- **Description:** This function will retrieve the number of A/D samples that have been acquired.

- **Syntax:**
  ```c
  word P1602_FunB_Get(DWORD *P0);
  ```

- **Input Parameter:**
  ```c
  *P0: [output] the number of A/D samples that have been acquired.
  ```

- **Return Value:**
  ```c
  NoError : OK
  ```

- **Demo Program:** DEMO21.C
The Continuous Capture Functions

3.10.5   P1602_Card0_StartScan

- **Description**: This function will start the continuous capture function for card 0. The continuous capture functions are best suited for low speed, long duration collection. Although computer dependent, sample rates should generally be kept under 40kHz. Refer to the OME-PCI-1602 Hardware User Manual, for additional details on this function.

- **Syntax**: WORD P1602_Card0_StartScan(WORD wSampleRate, WORD wChannelStatus[], WORD wChannelConfig[], WORD wCount);

- **Input Parameter**:
  - wSampleRate : A/D sample rate = 8M/wSampleRate.
    - wSampleRate = 240 → sample rate = 8M/240 = 33KHz
  - wChannelStatus[]: (0=no scan, 1=scan) for each channel
  - wChannelConfig[]: configuration code for each channel
    - Refer to "Section 3.1 Configuration Table"
  - wCount: number of A/D data for each scan channel

- **Return Value**:
  - NoError : OK
  - FindBoardError : cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  - AdControllerError : MagicScan controller hardware handshake error

- **Demo Program** : DEMO13.C
### 3.10.6 P1602_Card0_ReadStatus

- **Description**: This function will read the data collected by the continuous capture function.

- **Syntax**: `P1602_Card0_ReadStatus(WORD wBuf[], WORD wBuf2[], DWORD *dwP1, DWORD *dwP2, WORD *wStatus);`

- **Input Parameter**:
  - `wBuf[]`: in scan sequence order(012…N012…N……012…N)
  - `wBuf2[]`: in channel sequence order(00000…..11111……22222….NNNNN….)
  - `dwP1`: reserved
  - `dwP2`: reserved
  - `wStatus`: 1=thread start, 2=TimeOut, 8=FIFO overflow, 0x80=thread finish

- **Return Value**:
  - 0: data is ready
  - 1: data not ready

- **Demo Program**: DEMO13.C

### 3.10.7 P1602_Card0_Stop

- **Description**: This function will stop the continuous capture function.

- **Syntax**: `void P1602_Card0_Stop(void);`

- **Input Parameter**: `void`

- **Return Value**: `void`

- **Demo Program**: DEMO13.C
3.10.8  P1602_Card1_StartScan

- **Description:** This function will start the continuous capture function for card 1. The continuous capture functions are best suited for low speed, long duration collection. Although computer dependent, sample rates should generally be kept under 40kHz. Refer to the OME-PCI-1602 Hardware User Manual, for additional details on this function.

- **Syntax:**
  ```c
  WORD P1602_Card1_StartScan(WORD wSampleRate, WORD wChannelStatus[], WORD wChannelConfig[], WORD wCount);
  ```

- **Input Parameter:**
  - `wSampleRate`: A/D sample rate = 8M/wSampleRate.
    - `wSampleRate=240` → sample rate=8M/240=33KHz
  - `wChannelStatus[]`: (0=no scan, 1=scan) for each channel
  - `wChannelConfig[]`: configuration code for each channel
  - `wCount`: number of A/D data for each scan channel

- **Return Value:**
  - NoError : OK
  - FindBoardError : cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  - AdControllerError : MagicScan controller hardware handshake error

- **Demo Program:** DEMO14.C
3.10.9  P1602_Card1_ReadStatus

- **Description:** This function will read the data collected by the continuous capture function.
- **Syntax:** `P1602_Card1_ReadStatus(WORD wBuf[], WORD wBuf2[], DWORD *dwP1, DWORD *dwP2, WORD *wStatus);
- **Input Parameter:**
  - `wBuf[]`: in scan sequence order(012…N012…N……012…N)
  - `wBuf2[]`: in channel sequence order(00000…..11111……22222….NNNNN…..)
  - `dwP1`: reserved
  - `dwP2`: reserved
  - `wStatus`: 1=thread start, 2=TimeOut, 8=FIFO overflow, 0x80=thread finish
- **Return Value:**
  - 0: data is ready
  - 1: data not ready
- **Demo Program:** DEMO14.C

3.10.10  P1602_Card1_Stop

- **Description:** This function will stop the continuous capture function.
- **Syntax:** `void P1602_Card1_Stop(void);
- **Input Parameter:** `void`
- **Return Value:** `void`
- **Demo Program:** DEMO14.C
3.11 Other Functions

3.11.1 P1602_DelayUs

- **Description:** This is a *machine independent timer*. This function can be used to create the *settling time delay* or used as a *general purpose machine* independent timer. This function will refer to the current active OME-PCI-1602 board. Use the P1602_ActiveBoard(….) to select the active board.

- **Syntax:** word P1602_DelayUs(WORD wDelayUs);

- **Input Parameter:**
  
  wDelayUs : number of us to delay, 8191 Max
  
  \[
  \begin{align*}
  wDelayUs=1 & \Rightarrow \text{ delay 1 µs} \\
  wDelayUs=1000 & \Rightarrow \text{ delay 1000 us = 1 ms} \\
  wDelayUs=8191 & \Rightarrow \text{ delay 8191 us = 8.191 ms (maximum delay)} \\
  wDelayUs=8192 & \Rightarrow \text{ invalid delay (will return error)}
  \end{align*}
  \]

- **Return Value:**
  
  - NoError : OK
  - ExceedBoardNumber: invalid board number
  - FindBoardError : cannot find the OME-PCI-1602 board
  - InvalidDelay : dwDelayUs > 8191

- **Demo Program : DEMO1.C**

- **Long Time Delay :**

```c
WORD DelayMs(WORD wDelayMs) // maximum delay=4294967.295 sec
{
    WORD wDelay, wRetVal

    wRetVal=0;
    for (wDelay=0; wDelay<wDelayMs; wDelay++)
        wRetVal+=P1602_DelayUs(1000);
    return(wRetVal);
}
```
4. Demo Programs

The following demonstration programs are provided on the included CD:

- demo1: one board, D/I/O test, D/A test, A/D polling & pacer trigger test, general test
- demo2: two boards, same as demo1
- demo3: one board, all 32 channels of A/D by software trigger(by polling)
- demo4: two boards, same as demo3
- demo5: one board, M_function_1 demo
- demo6: two boards, same as demo5
- demo7: one board, M_function_2 demo
- demo8: two boards, same as demo7
- demo9: one board, M_function_3 demo
- demo10: two boards, same as demo9
- demo11: one board, MagicScan demo
- demo12: two boards, same as demo11
- demo13: one board, continuous capture demo
- demo14: two boards, continuous capture demo (Windows 95/98/NT only)
- demo15: all installed boards, D/I/O test for board number identification
- demo16: one board, performance evaluation demo
- demo17: one board, MagicScan demo, scan sequence: 4 → 3 → 5
- demo18: one board, MagicScan demo, scan 32 channel, show channel 0/1/15/16/17
- demo19: one board, A/D calibration.
- demo20: two boards, P1602_FUNA, batch capture demo
- demo21: single board, P1602_FUNB, batch capture demo
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