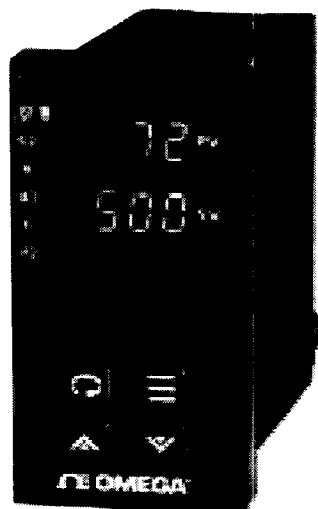
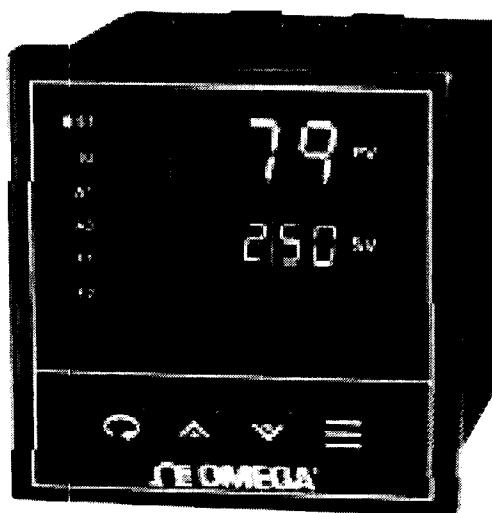




User's Guide



CN8240



CN8260

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It is the policy of OMEGA to comply with all worldwide safety and EMC/EMI regulations that apply. OMEGA is constantly pursuing certification of its products to the European New Approach Direct ves. OMEGA will add the CE mark to every appropriate device upon certification.

The information contained in this document is believed to be correct, but OMEGA Engineering, Inc. accepts no liability for any errors it contains, and reserves the right to alter specifications without notice.

WARNING: These products are not designed for use in, and should not be used for, human applications.

Features

Field-Selectable Thermocouple, RTD, Current or Voltage Input
On/Off Through Full PID Operation
Autotuning - Heat or Cool
Eight-Segment Ramp/Soak
On/Off Output with Adjustable Hysteresis and Deadband
Dual Output Capability
Field-Configurable Process or Deviation Alarms
Bumpless, Auto-Manual Transfer
NEMA 4X (IP65) Front Panel, "Watertight"
Dual 4-Digit (0.36"), 7-Segment Alphanumeric Display
Selectable Ramp to Setpoint
Alarm Inhibit
Loop Break Alarm Capability
Available Options Include Serial Communications, Contact/
Digital Input, Remote Analog Setpoint, Transducer Excitation,
Auxiliary Output, Dual Alarms, or Electromechanical Relay
Alarm.
Approvals: UL, cUL, CE-compliant

Safety Warning



In addition to presenting a potential fire hazard, high voltage and high temperature can damage equipment and cause severe injury or death. When installing or using this instrument, follow all instructions carefully and use approved safety controls. Electrical connections and wiring should be performed only by suitably trained personnel.

Do not locate this instrument where it is subject to excessive shock, vibration, dirt, moisture, oil, or other liquids. The safe operating temperature range for this unit is 32°F to 140°F (0°C to 60°C).

This unit has been tested and found to be compliant with "NEMA Type 4X Enclosure - For Indoor Use Only." When properly installed, this controller will maintain the integrity of a NEMA enclosure and remain "Watertight." This rating is only applicable when the controller is properly installed into a suitably rated NEMA Type 4X housing.



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1 Inspect shipping carton for obvi



Mounting

When properly installed through a NEMA enclosure, the integrity of the enclosure will be maintained and will remain "Watertight."

If the unit has been shipped with mounting catches already installed in the top and bottom slots in the case housing, they must be removed to allow insertion of the controller into the panel cutout.

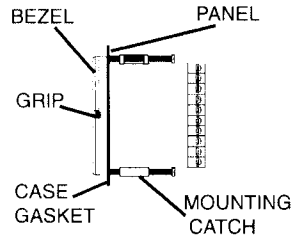
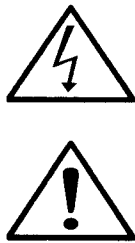


Figure 3.
Mechanical Components

Note: For some panels, it may be necessary to first remove the controller chassis from the case housing to access the mounting catches from the inside. Press the grips on each side of the bezel firmly until the tabs release and slide the chassis out of the housing. Install the housing and secure it with the mounting screws to the panel. To re-insert the controller chassis back into its case, press both bezel grips simultaneously and slide the controller into the housing until the tabs engage.

Remove static-protective wrapping material from the instrument. Avoid inducing static charges to controller while handling and mounting. Insert the controller into the panel cutout from the front of the panel. Place the mounting catches into the appropriate mounting slots at the top and bottom of the case housing and tighten the mounting screws to secure the controller firmly to the panel.

Wiring

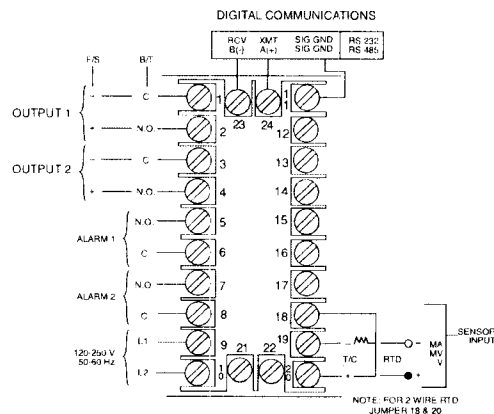


IMPORTANT: All electrical wiring connections should be made only by trained personnel, and in strict accordance with the National Electrical Code and local regulations.

The CN8240/CN8260 controller has built-in circuitry to reduce the effects of electrical noise (RFI) from various sources. However, power and signal wires should always be kept separate. We recommend separating connecting wires into bundles: power; signal; alarms; and outputs. These bundles should then be routed through individual conduits. Shielded sensor cables should always be terminated at one end only.

If additional RFI attenuation is required, noise suppression devices such as an R.C. snubber at the external noise source may be used.

Figure 4. Contact Identification



Wiring

Thermocouple circuit resistance should not exceed 100 ohms for rated accuracy; errors will occur at higher resistance values. If shielded thermocouple wire is used, terminate the shield only at one end.

Figure 5. Thermocouple Input Wiring

Make sure that you are using the appropriate thermocouple and extension wire. Connect the negative lead (generally colored red in ISA-type thermocouples) to contact #19; connect the positive lead to contact #20. Extension wires must be the same polarity as the thermocouple.

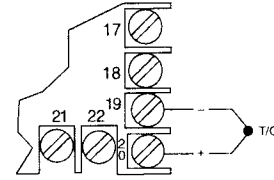
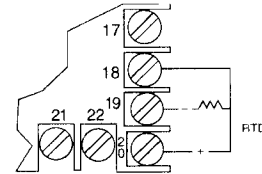


Figure 6. RTD Wiring

The CN8240/CN8260 accepts input from 2- or 3-wire, 100 ohm platinum resistance temperature detectors (RTDs). Connect 2-wire RTDs to contacts #19 and #20, with a jumper across contacts #18 and #20. Keep leads short and use heavy gauge copper extension wire, if necessary, to minimize lead resistance. For long runs, 3-wire RTDs should be used.



Note: For 2-Wire RTD
Jumper 18 & 20

Wiring

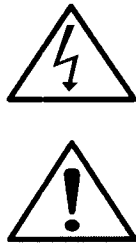
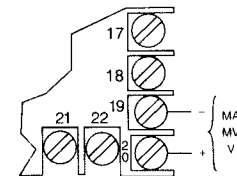


Figure 7. Process and Linear Input Wiring

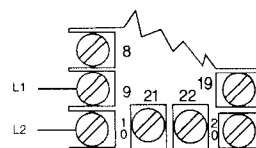
Voltage Inputs: Connect the positive voltage input to contact #20; the negative input to contact #19. Current Inputs: Connect the positive current input to contact #20; the negative input to contact #19.



The power supply accepts 100 to 250 Vac and 100 to 250 Vdc line power without any switch settings or polarity considerations. All connections should be made in accordance with the National Electrical Code and local regulations, using only NEC Class 1 wiring for all power terminals.

It is advisable, but not necessary, to fuse one leg of the incoming power line, contact #9 or #10, with a 2AG, 0.5 amp rated fuse. *Be sure that only instrument power input is fused — not power to the load.*

Figure 8. Power Wiring Connection



100 - 250 V 50/60 Hz
130 - 330 Vdc (Auto Polarity)

Output Types

The Type "R" output is a mechanical device and subject to wear. To extend the life of the relay, set the Cycle Time for the relay output to the longest duration that still affords good control.

When you ordered your CN8240/CN8260 Series controller, specific output types were specified, designated as "R", "DC", "T", "F", or "FH". You also had the option of configuring your controller with either one or two output actions. The numbers below are suggested for most typical applications.

For Control Output Type —	Select Cycle Time (in seconds)
R	>15
F	0.2
FH	0.2
DC	0.2
T	15*

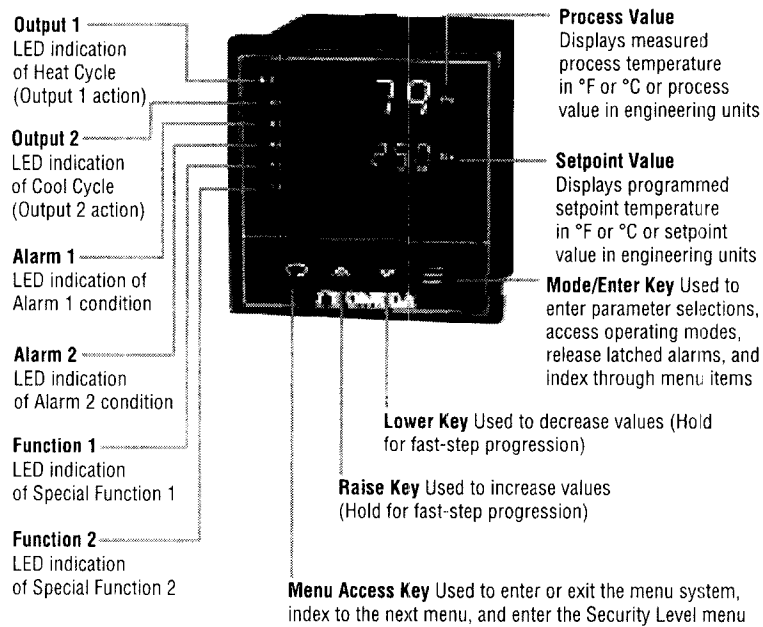
***"T" outputs directly driving non-inductive loads (small heaters) can have cycle times as low as 0.2 seconds.*

Output Types

Output Type	Description
R	5 A (120/240 Vac) relay, normally open, used for switching resistive loads. If an "R" output is selected, order CNQUENCHARC. If relays or solenoids are to be driven, select the "T" output.
F	4-20 mA, full output to load with 500 ohm impedance max. (suppressed).
FH	High impedance 4-20 mA (1000 ohms).
DC	20 Vdc pulsed output for solid-state relays.
T	1 A @ 120/240 Vac, solid-state relay, zero voltage-switched and optically isolated from drive signal. Only resistive loads to 1A may be controlled directly. Larger loads may be controlled using an external contactor.

Operation

Figure 9. Front Panel Controls and Indicators

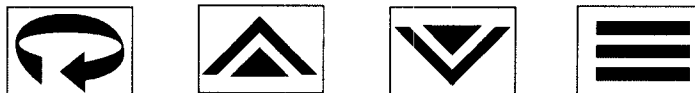


After mounting and wiring your controller, you are ready to set the parameter values required of your application. Take a moment to familiarize yourself with the unit's front panel controls and indicators.

Power On

The CN8240/CN8260 Series controllers' functional hierarchy is organized into three distinct user-programmable groupings: Security Level, Menu System, and Operating Mode.

Please provide the software version number, communications protocol, and the controller's full model number, when contacting us regarding your controller.



When power is first applied to the controller, all segments of the LED displays will be momentarily illuminated while the instrument goes through a series of diagnostic checks to verify proper operation. A software version number will then appear in the lower display, followed by a configuration code (upper display) and the communications protocol which is supported (lower display).

IMPORTANT: On initial startup, there is a possibility that outputs may be activated. We recommend placing the unit in Standby mode until you have configured the controller according to your application requirements. To place the controller in Standby, follow this procedure:





- 1) Press and hold Mode/Enter key until a menu label appears in upper display (approximately three seconds).
- 2) Press Raise or Lower key until **Stby** appears in the lower display.
- 3) Press Mode/Enter key. (The upper display will alternate between **Stby** and process value.)

Security Levels

*The controller's initial security level, set at the factory, is Configuration **CnFg**. When you have completed configuring the instrument, we recommend the security level be set to the most restrictive level suitable for your application.*

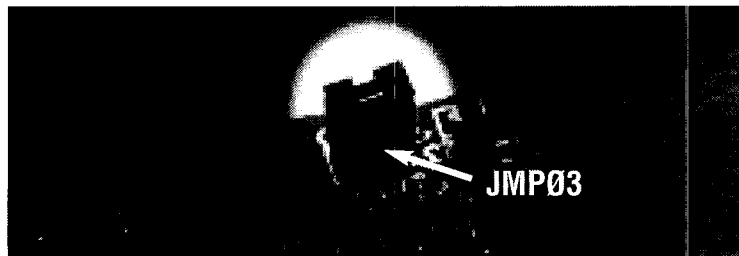
Operations Overview

The user interface of the Series CN8240/CN8260 allows you to use menus to set up the instrument, set the desired security level, change the setpoint, and conveniently change operating modes. Figure 9 on page 20 provides a functional representation of the user interface and the key presses necessary to perform the basic functions.

The security level feature allows you to limit access to the menus, setpoint, and operating mode selection according to the needs of your application. The security levels provided are **Key Lockout**, **Setpoint**, **Setpoint plus Mode**, **User**, **Configuration**, and **Factory**. To view or change security level from the Process Variable display, press and hold the Menu Access  key for approximately 10 seconds. (Ignore the menu label that will appear in the upper display after approximately three seconds.) The controller will display **AccLvl** (Access Level) and the current security level label, e.g., **USER**. Use the Raise  or Lower  keys to index through the security levels. Press the Mode/Enter  key once to select the new security level desired and return to the Process Value display.

Security Levels and Access Restrictions

LocL Key Lockout	Highest security level. No access to any controller functions. To escape, follow instructions above for changing security levels.
SP Setpoint	No access to menus. Only allows setpoint value or output percentage (manual mode) to be changed.
SPPL Setpoint plus Mode	No access to menus. Only allows setpoint value, output percentage (manual mode), or operating mode to be changed.
USER User	All "Setpoint" level privileges as well as access to Operating Mode, Autotune, and Control menus.
CnFg Configuration	All "User" level privileges as well as Input, Output, Display, and Supervisor menus
FACT Factory	All "Configuration" level privileges as well as access to Calibration menu.




NOTE: Removing this jumper on the microcontroller board disables the keypad, thus preventing any operator access.




Operating Modes




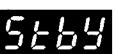










Remember to press the Mode/Enter key after making your selection.

*If both outputs are set to **OFF** or **RLr**, the CN8240/CN8260 will function as a non-controlling indicator. Control outputs will be disabled and the Operating Modes will not be displayed.*

The Series CN8240/CN8260 controllers' operating modes are:

Manual, Standby, Normal, Autotune, Ramp/Soak Recipe, Run and Hold. To select a different operating mode, press the Mode/Enter  key for three seconds.





The operating mode that the controller is currently in will be displayed. To index through the available operating modes, press the Raise  or Lower  keys. When the desired mode is displayed, press the Mode/Enter  key once to select the mode.

		Manual
		Standby
		Normal
		Autotune <i>(Only available when unit is placed in Standby mode and one output is PID.)</i>
		Start Ramp/Soak Recipe <i>(Only when programmed)</i>
		Run <i>(Only available when recipe is active.)</i>
		Hold <i>(Only available when recipe is active.)</i>

Manual operating mode overrides automatic control, allowing you to control the outputs using a fixed percentage of output power, regardless of the process variable or setpoint.

If current automatic control is PID, transfer to Manual mode is "bumpless."

Manual

Used to set control output percentage (Fixed Output Percentage) independent of Process Value. To set percentage, use the Menu Access  key to select  and the Raise or Lower keys to set the value.  is displayed if Output 1 is a control output.  is displayed if Output 2 is a control output.

Standby

Used to disable control outputs.

Normal

Normal automatic control.

Autotune

Used to initiate the autotuning sequence (from Standby only).

Ramp/Soak Recipe

Used to start ramp/soak recipe mode.

Run

Used to enable Run function






Hold

Used to enable Hold function

Menu System

Overview

If a key press is not sensed within five minutes, the controller automatically exits the Menu System and reverts to the Process Value display.

The Parameter Menu System is organized into ten basic menus: **Input, Display, Output, Control, Alarm, Tune, Recipe, Supervisor, Calibration, and Option**. To access the Menus, press and hold the Menu Access  key for approximately 3 seconds until a menu label appears in the upper display. There are additional menus presented when an option is selected under the Option menu; however, the options are non-functional unless the appropriate option board has been installed. Pressing the Menu Access  key indexes from menu to menu. Pressing the Mode/Enter  key indexes through the parameters in a particular menu. The Raise and Lower   keys are used to modify the visible menu parameter.

Each menu contains a logical group of parameters related to one another. Furthermore, the sequence of the menus has been carefully chosen to put the most important setup menus first.

Menu System

Overview


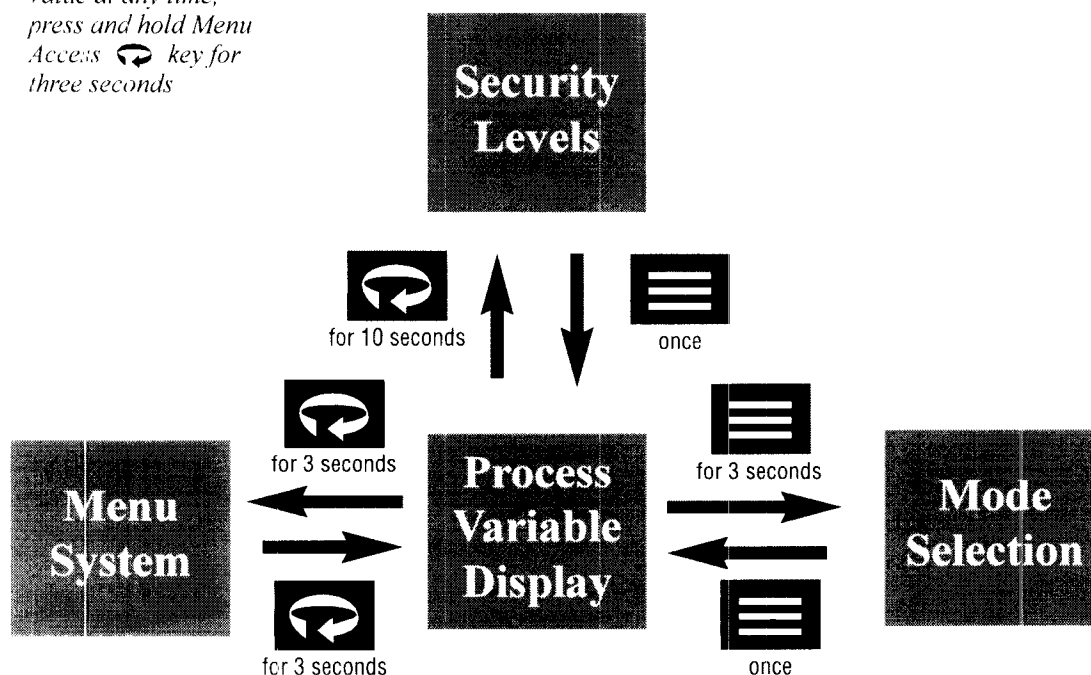
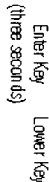
To return to Process Value at any time, press and hold Menu Access  key for three seconds

Figure 10. Series CN8240/CN8260 Functional Diagram





Functional When Option Card Installed



Enter Key Lower Key
(three seconds)

Loc 0

5p

1

SP. PL

USER

LnFg

FALL

14
























Initial Setup Sequence

If a key press is not sensed within five minutes, the Menu System is automatically exited and the controller reverts to the Operating Mode/Process Value display.

These setup instructions apply to PID-type control outputs.

IMPORTANT: Upon entering a new value, you **MUST** either press the Mode/Enter key, the Menu Access key, or index to a different parameter in order for the new value to register. The controller will **NOT** accept new values without a key press.

Many of the menu parameters you will need to set up the controller for your application are interdependent. We recommend following the steps below when configuring your CN8240/CN8260.

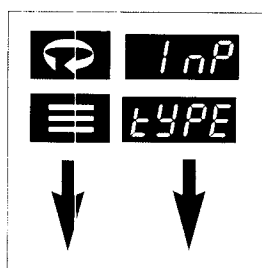
- 1) Place the unit in Standby Mode** as follows. Press the Mode/Enter  key for three seconds. Press the Raise  or Lower  key to select Standby. Press the Mode key again and the upper display will alternate between **SEtP** and the process value.
- 2) Input Type.** Press and hold Menu Access  key for three seconds to access the menu system. The Input menu **INP** will be displayed. Then press Mode/Enter  key until **TYPE** appears. Use Raise  or Lower  key to select Input Type. If Input Type is set to one of the linear input options, use the Mode/Enter  key to scroll to scaling limits, **L5CL** and **H5CL**, before proceeding. Use the Raise  or Lower  key to set low and high scaling limits.
- 3) Output Type.** Press the Menu Access  key to display **OUTP**. Use the Mode/Enter  key to index to the Output Type parameter. Using the Raise  or Lower  keys, select the correct Output Type for your application. Follow these steps (using the Mode/Enter and Raise or Lower keys) to set the Output Action, Cycle Time, and Limit parameters for PID outputs. Alarm or on/off output settings and displays will be different. Refer to Output menu description on page 31.
- 4) If manually tuning the controller, set Control Menu parameters** by pressing the Menu Access  key repeatedly until **CTRL** is displayed. Then, use the Mode/Enter  key to index through the available selections and the Raise  or Lower  keys to select the appropriate setting. Otherwise, proceed to Step 6.
- 5) If autotuning the controller,** press and hold the Menu Access  key for three seconds to access the menu system. Press the Menu Access key repeatedly until the Autotune Damping parameter **TUNE** is displayed. Make sure the Damping parameter is set properly (see page 37). Press and hold the Menu Access  key for three seconds to return to the Process Variable display and proceed to Step 4 on page 43.
- 6) Return to Process Variable Display.** Press and hold the Menu Access  key for three seconds to return to PV display.
- 7) Adjust setpoint.** Use the Raise  or Lower  key to enter the desired setpoint. Wait for process to stabilize before proceeding, e.g., in the case of a heating process, return to ambient temperature.
- 8) Security Level.** Press and hold the Menu Access key for approximately 10 seconds until **RECL** is displayed. Using the Raise or Lower keys, set the most restrictive level suited to your application. See page 16.

Menus and Parameter Descriptions

Menus and Parameters

INP	Input	Used to select sensor-related parameters, such as input type, limits, and scaling.
DSPL	Display	Used to set or change decimal position and display units.
OUTP	Output	Used to specify output usage, control methods, and alarms.
CTRL	Control	Used to select parameters associated with the control methods.
ALAR	Alarm	Used to select alarm parameters . <i>Note: This menu is also functional for controllers <u>not</u> equipped with alarm hardware; however, alarm indication will be only visual via the A1 and A2 LEDs on the front panel.</i>
TUNE	Tune	Used to set the autotune damping parameter.
R-S	Recipe	Used to set ramp and soak parameters.
SUPR	Supervisor	Used to set fail-safe and supervisory parameters.
CAL	Calibration	Used to recalibrate input.
OPTN	Option	Used to select installed option.
SERL	Communications	(Option) Used to set serial communications parameters.
dIn	Contact/Digital Input	(Option) Used to select switch input functions.
rRS	Remote Analog Setpoint	(Option) Used to enter remote analog setpoint parameters.
ADUte	Auxiliary Output	(Option) Used to set auxiliary output parameters.

Input Menu



NOTE: FOR A MORE DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF MENU PARAMETERS, REFER TO THE GLOSSARY

The first parameter that needs to be set is **Input Type**. The remaining Input Menu parameters will change, depending upon whether a linear input type or a temperature input type is selected. Other menu parameters related to the sensor range may also change. After selecting your **Input Type**, refer to the corresponding section on page 29 for the remainder of the Input Menu parameters.

Input Menu

Display Parameter

TYPE Input Type

Selection

- J** Type J thermocouple
- B** Type B thermocouple
- C** Type C thermocouple
- E** Type E thermocouple
- K** Type K thermocouple
- N** Type N thermocouple
- NIC** Type NIC thermocouple
- NN** Type NNM thermocouple
- R** Type R thermocouple
- S** Type S thermocouple
- T** Type T thermocouple
- PL2** Platinel II thermocouple
- RTD** 100 ohm platinum RTD

Input Menu

Input Menu (continued)

Display Parameter

TYPE Input Type

Selection

rt.d 100 ohm
compressed RTD
0.20A 0-20 mA
4.20A 4-20 mA
0.10 0-10 mV
0.50 0-50 mV
01.00 0-100 mV
10.50 10-50 mV
0-1 0-1 V
0-5 0-5 V
0-10 0-10 V
1-5 1-5 V

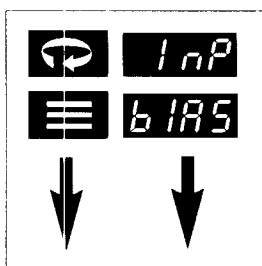
Input Jumper Settings



Input Type	JMP01	JMP02
Thermocouple	Out	Out
RTD	Out	Out
Voltage <100 mV	Out	Out
Voltage >100 mV	In	Out
Current Process	In	In

Note: When you ordered your controller, an input type was specified and the controller was set up accordingly and calibrated for that input type at the factory. If you decide to change input type from thermocouple to RTD or vice-versa, you will need to recalibrate the controller unless you ordered the "Calibrate All" option. (Refer to page 53 for information on recalibration.) If you are changing from a temperature input type to a linear input type, you MUST recalibrate and change the jumper settings as indicated in the above table.

Input Menu



Temperature Input Type

Display Parameter

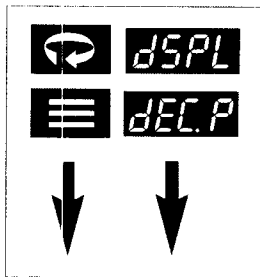
bIAS Bias -100 to 100
SP.LL Lower Setpoint Limit Span of Sensor
SP.HL Upper Setpoint Limit Span of Sensor
FIL Filtering 0.1-10.0 sec.

Linear Input Type

Display Parameter

bIAS Bias -100 to 100
SC.LL Low Scale -1999 to 9999
SC.HL High Scale -1999 to 9999
SP.LL Lower Setpoint Limit Span of Sensor
SP.HL Upper Setpoint Limit Span of Sensor
FIL Filtering 0.1-10.0 sec.

Display Menu



Display Parameter

dEC.P Decimal Position

dFIL Filter

Unit Units*

Selection

0-3 Linear Inputs

0-1 TC/RTD

0.1-10.0 sec

F Fahrenheit

C Celsius

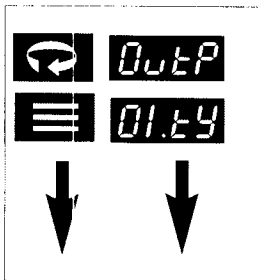
K Kelvin

*NOTE: Does not appear for linear inputs.

BLn Blanking

OFF, 0-9999 sec

Output Menu



The first parameter that needs to be set in the Output Menu is the **Output Type**. There are three possible **Output Type** configurations: PID, On/Off, or Off. (If you are not sure which **Output Type** is best for your particular application, refer to the Glossary for an explanation of **Output Types**.) The remaining menu parameters in the Output Menu will change, depending on the **Output Type** selected.

The Control Menu will also change, depending on the **Output Type** selected. If you ordered two outputs, you can select two different **Output Types**. After setting your **Output Type**, refer to the corresponding sections below for the remaining Output Menu parameters. For simplification purposes, the following sections assume the same **Output Type** for both outputs. If you selected different **Output Types**, refer to both of those sections.

Output Type

Display Parameter

01.t4 Output 1 Type

Selection

Pid

onoff

OFF

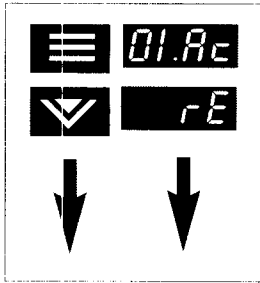
02.t4 Output 2 Type

Pid

onoff

OFF

Output Menu



PID Output Type

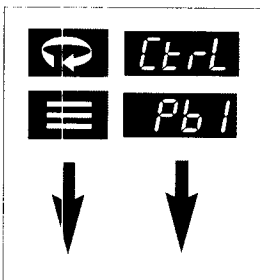
01.Rc	Output 1 Action	rE (Reverse-acting) dir (Direct-acting)
01.c4	Output 1 Cycle Time*	0.2; 1 to 120 seconds
01.LL	Output 1 Low Limit	1-100%
01.HL	Output 1 High Limit	1-100%
02.Rc	Output 2 Action	rE (Reverse-acting) dir (Direct-acting)
02.c4	Output 2 Cycle Time*	0.2; 1 to 120 seconds
02.LL	Output 2 Low Limit	1-100%
02.HL	Output 2 High Limit	1-100%

*Recommended Cycle Time Settings

Output Type	Recommended Setting (seconds)
R (5A/3A)	15 to 120
F (4-20 mA)	MUST be set to 0.2
FH (4-20 mA)	MUST be set 0.2
DC (pulsed 20 Vdc)	0.2
T (S.S. relay)	15 to 120**

**"T" outputs directly driving non-inductive loads (small heaters) can have cycle times as low as 0.2 seconds.

Control Menu



Setting Derivative (Rate) or Integral (Reset) to **OFF** disables that aspect of PID control.

If BOTH outputs are set to direct-acting or BOTH outputs are set to reverse-acting, then only one proportional band selection will be displayed

PID Output Type

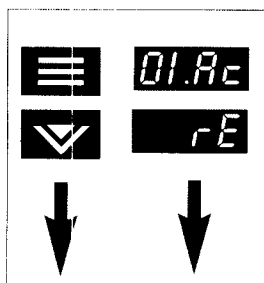
As with the Output Menu, the Control Menu will change, depending upon the Output Type selected. *Note: These parameters are automatically set during the autotune procedure. We do not recommend altering the value of these control parameters unless your process requires manual tuning.*

Display	Parameter	Selection
Pb1	Proportional Band 1	1...to span of sensor
Pb2	Proportional Band 2	1...to span of sensor
dEr	Derivative Action (Rate)	0 to 2400 seconds
OFFS	Manual Reset	OFF, -100% to 100%

NOTE: The Integral Action (Auto Reset) parameter appears only if OFF is selected in the Manual Reset parameter.

Int	Integral Action (Auto Reset)	0 to 9600 seconds
------------	------------------------------	-------------------

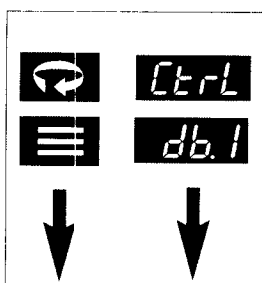
Output Menu



On/Off Output Type

Display	Parameter	Selection
01Ac	Output 1 Action	rE (Reverse-acting) dIr (Direct-acting)
02Ac	Output 2 Action	rE (Reverse-acting) dIr (Direct-acting)

Control Menu




On/Off Output Type

If both outputs are set to **OFF** in the Output Type Menu, the controller will function as a non-controlling indicator. Control outputs will be disabled and the Operating Modes will not be displayed.

Display	Parameter	Selection
db.1	Deadband 1	Negative span of sensor to positive span of sensor
HYS.1	Hysteresis Output 1	1...to span of sensor
db.2	Deadband 2	Negative span of sensor to positive span of sensor
HYS.2	Hysteresis Output 2	1...to span of sensor

Notes On Alarms

Deviction, Inverse Band, and Normal Band Alarms track with setpoint.

When a latching alarm has been activated and the alarm condition has been removed, the Mode/Enter  key must be pressed to unlatch the alarm.

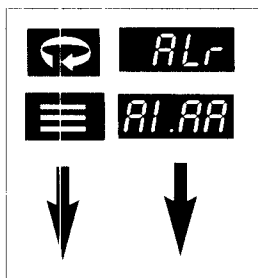
Four types of alarms are available: Process, Deviation, Inverse Band, and Normal Band. All alarms may be configured to be inhibited on power-up for a configurable time duration.

- Process Alarm: Activates at preset value, **independent** of setpoint. "High" process alarm activates at and above alarm setting. "Low" process alarm activates at and below alarm setting.
- Deviation Alarm: Activates at a preset **deviation** value from setpoint. "High" or "Low" deviation alarm activates above or below setpoint according to the preset deviation value.
- Inverse Band Alarm: Activates when the process is **within** a specified band centered around the setpoint.
- Normal Band Alarm: Activates when the process **exceeds** a specified band centered around the setpoint.

Latching Alarms

The CN8240/CN8260's alarms may also be configured as latching alarms by selecting **LAR** in the Alarm Action parameter selection.

Alarm Menu



Note: The Control Menu does not apply to an Alarm Output Type; therefore, the Control Menu does not appear.

Alarm Type

Display Parameter

ALRA Alarm Action

ALRO Alarm Operation

ALDL Alarm Delay

ALIH Alarm Inhibit

ALSP Alarm Setpoint

A2RA Alarm Action

A2RO Alarm Operation

A2DL Alarm Delay

A2IH Alarm Inhibit

A2SP Alarm Setpoint

Selection

OFF

LAR (Latching)

nor (Normal)

ProL (Process Low)

ProH (Process High)

inb (Inverse Band)

nor.b (Normal Band)

dEL (Deviation Low)

dEH (Deviation High)

0-9999 sec

0-9999 sec

Span of Sensor

OFF

LAR (Latching)

nor (Normal)

ProL (Process Low)

ProH (Process High)

inb (Inverse Band)

nor.b (Normal Band)

dEL (Deviation Low)

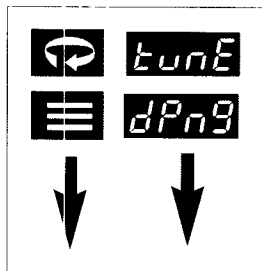
dEH (Deviation High)

0-9999 sec

0-9999 sec

Span of Sensor

Autotune Damping Menu



Display Parameter

dPn9 Damping

Selection

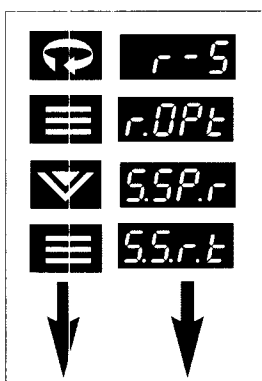
Lo Low

nL Normal

Hi High

Note: The damping parameter specifies how aggressively the controller performs its autotuning. The "Normal" setting is a compromise between the fast recovery and overshoot. The "Low" setting provides faster recovery, but with the possibility of overshoot; the "High" setting a slower recovery, but with minimum or no overshoot.

Recipe (Ramp/ Soak) Menu



Single Setpoint Ramp Time

This selection will cause the controller to 'ramp' the process from the starting point (current process value) to the setpoint in the time specified. This ramp will take place at startup when selected from the Ramp/Soak menu. The setpoint must be at least $\pm 0.2\%$ of sensor span for the ramp to be employed.

Multi-Step Ramp

This selection will enable the programming of a recipe (make all ramp/soak recipe variables visible). Recipes can be resumed on startup if interrupted by a power failure or initiated, held, and terminated from the front panel via the Mode Menu or with the logic input option (initiate and held/resumed only).

Holdback Band

Specifies the maximum number of degrees above or below setpoint that the process can be for the segment timer to keep going. The timer will hold while the process settles back into the band and then continue. If this feature is not desired, this parameter should be set to **OFF** which will disable it.

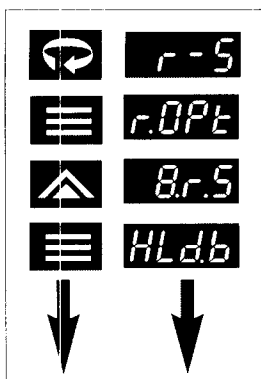
Termination State

This parameter determines what the control will do at the completion of a recipe. Last Setpoint refers to the last temperature specified in the ramp/soak recipe. Default Setpoint refers to the standard setpoint which was in effect prior to recipe initiation.

Recycle Number

Specifies the number of times **after** the first time that the recipe is run before the program terminates.

Recipe (Ramp/ Soak) Menu



If a ramp/soak error condition occurs, the upper display will toggle between **r-5** and the numeric error code for three seconds before the recipe terminates. Possible error codes are:
02 = Recipe Empty (i.e. no non-zero ramp times)
05 = Insufficient Setpoint-Process Value Deviation

For Ramp Events and Soak Events to be employed, Alarm 1 or Alarm 2 must be set for even usage **Even** in the Alarm Menu.

Power Fail Resume

Setting this parameter to On will cause the control to resume a recipe which was active when a power failure occurred. The recipe will resume at the start of the last active ramp or soak segment.

Ramp/Soak Events (1-8) (If alarms are configured as ramp/soak events.)

Ramp/Soak events occur at the beginning of their designated segment. All events are terminated once the recipe has been completed or terminated.

Display Parameter

r.OPt Recipe Option

SS.r.t Single-Setpoint Ramp Time*

HLdb Holdback Band

Ter.S Termination State

Selection

SSPr Single-Setpoint Ramp
8.r.5 Multi-Step Ramp
dis Disabled

1-9999 mins.

Off-100

LAST Last Setpoint
DEFT Default Setpoint
Stby Recipe to Standby

NOTE: The following seven parameters are only available when multi-step ramp is selected.

Display Parameter

rcyn Recycle Number (Recipe Executions)

PFErE Power Fail Resume

rt Ramp Times 1-8

RE Ramp Events 1-8

SL Soak Levels 1-8

St Soak Times 1-8

SE Soak Events 1-8

Selection

0-99, **cont**

OFF Off
on On

0-9999 mins.

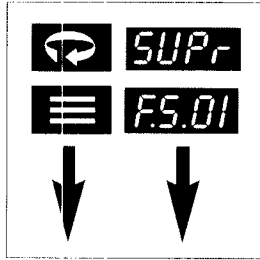
Al.on Alarm 1 On
Al.off Alarm 1 Off
R2.on Alarm 2 On
R2.off Alarm 2 Off
dis Disabled

Display Units, FS

0-9999 mins.

Al.on Alarm 1 On
Al.off Alarm 1 Off
R2.on Alarm 2 On
R2.off Alarm 2 Off
dis Disabled

Supervisor Menu



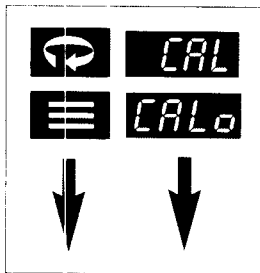
The Failsafe State is only enforced when a problem is detected with the process input. It is not reliably enforceable in instances of internal circuitry failure such as EEPROM problems.

Output % High Limits are ignored when the unit enters a Failsafe State.

Display	Parameter	Selection
F.S.01	Output 1 Failsafe State	0 to 100% of output
F.S.02	Output 2 Failsafe State	0 to 100% of output
Lbrt	Loop Break Time	Off, 4-9600 sec
Hlrd	Highest Reading	n/a
Llrd	Lowest Reading	n/a
LddP	Load Default Parameters	YES no

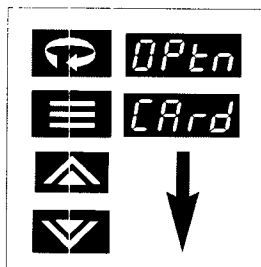
Choosing "Yes" to Load Default Parameters resets all menu parameters to factory settings.

Calibration Menu



CALo	Toggles with the temperature value that should be input to perform the low calibration operation. The low calibration operation is triggered by pressing the up arrow key.
CALh	Toggles with the temperature value that should be input to perform the high calibration operation. The high calibration operation is triggered by pressing the up arrow key.

Options Menu



Display	Parameter	Selection
CARd	Installed Card	none SErL Serial Communications dIn Switch Input (Digital Input) rAS Remote Analog Setpoint A.OUt Auxiliary Output




Autotuning

In order for the controller to autotune properly, the setpoint value must be at least 1% of span above or below the initial process value. Make sure that the Setpoint Target Time parameter is set to OFF.

Tuning accuracy increases as the spread between ambient and setpoint value increases.

Tuning should be performed with system in equilibrium (no latent energy remaining).

To place the controller in Autotune mode:

- 1) **Configure the controller** by following the directions for Initial Setup Sequence through Step 3 on page 22. Set damping parameter. (See page 26.)
- 2) **If the controller is not already in Standby mode, place it in Standby** now as follows. Press and hold the Mode/Enter  key for three seconds. Display will indicate your current operating mode. Press the Raise  key or Lower  key to select Standby. Press Mode key again and the display will alternate between **Stby** and the process value. This will deactivate all outputs.
- 3) **If Setpoint Value has not been entered, adjust setpoint** by using the Raise or Lower key to set the desired setpoint.
- 4) Wait for process to stabilize before proceeding, e.g., in the case of a heating and cooling process, return to ambient temperature.
- 5) **Initiate Autotuning.** Press and hold the Mode/Enter key again for three seconds, then press the Raise or Lower key repeatedly until **Retun** appears. Finally, press the Mode/Enter key again. The display will alternately indicate **tunE** and process value as the controller “learns” the proper proportional band, derivative, and integral values for the process. If unacceptable overshoot occurs on restart, shut down the process and increase the damping setting. If sluggish response is observed, shut down the process and decrease the damping setting.

If a tune error condition occurs, the upper display will toggle between **tunE** and a numeric error code for three seconds before the tune process terminates. The controller will then automatically go into Standby mode when a tuning error occurs. Possible error codes are:

02 = No PID Device Configured

03 = Incorrect Output Action

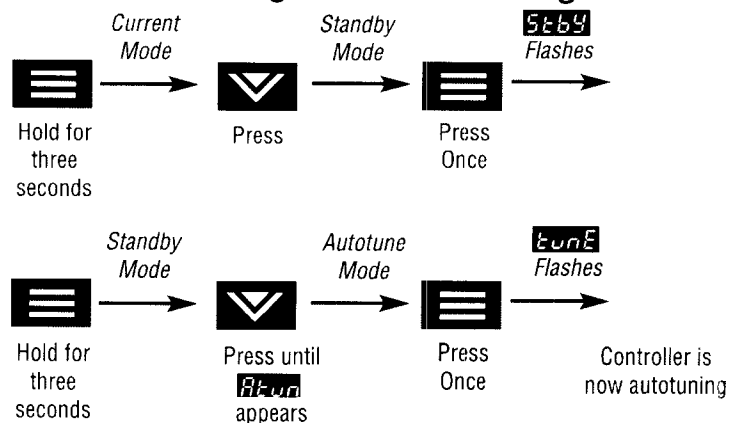
05 = Insufficient Setpoint-Process Value Deviation

08 = Invalid Tune Results

09 = Tune Timeout

Note: Keep in mind that the setpoint value must be at least 1% of span above or below the initial setpoint, and that the process value must be stable prior to initiating the tune.

Autotuning Procedure Diagram



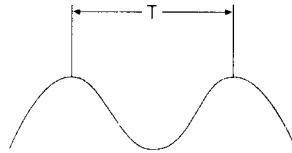
Manual Tuning

While some processes other than heat or cool applications may respond successfully to autotuning procedures, the controller may need to be manually tuned for non-temperature processes.

Manual Tuning Procedure (Zeigler-Nichols PID Method)

This tuning method may be used for non-temperature control processes or if the spread between ambient temperature and process operating temperature is small. For best results, the use of a recording device is required when tuning with this method.

- 1) For temperature control processes, disable any cooling device used.
- 2) With the power off and the controller NOT in the Key Lockout security level, apply power and immediately put the controller in Standby mode by pressing the Mode/Enter **≡** key for three seconds, the Raise **▲** key until **5.6.4** appears and press the Mode/Enter **≡** key again.
- 3) If you have a direct-acting output, it must be disabled before proceeding further **02.4** = **OFF**.
- 4) Under the Control menu, make sure that the derivative term **dEr**, the offset term **OFFS**, and the integral term **Int** are all set to zero, and the proportional band **Pb1** or **Pb2** is set to the maximum setting.
- 5) Adjust setpoint to the desired value with the Raise/Lower keys.
- 6) Press the Mode/Enter **≡** key for four seconds, the Raise **▲** key twice **nor**, and the Mode/Enter key again to return the controller to normal operation.
- 7) While monitoring the recording device, decrease the proportional band value by repeatedly halving the value until a small, sustained temperature oscillation is observed. Measure the period of one cycle of oscillation ("T" on the diagram below).



- 8) Divide the period of oscillation (T) by eight. The resulting number is the correct Derivative **dEr** time in seconds. Multiply this number by four. This is the correct Integral time **Int** in seconds.
- 9) Multiply the bandwidth value obtained in Step 7 by 1.66 and enter this as the new proportional band value.

Error Codes

■■■■■

If an error code cannot be cleared by using the actions provided, contact factory.

Display	Problem	Actions
ErrH	Open Sensor	Check sensor, wiring, and Input.
ErrL	Reversed Sensor	Check the type selection in the Input menu, and check sensor polarity.
LPbr	Loop Break	Correct problem and reset controller.
0100	Checksum Error	Press any key to perform a soft reset and reinitialize controller.
0101	RAM Error	
0202	Defaults Loaded	
0303	EEPROM Write Failure	
3865	Power Fail Resume Feature Disabled	No further resume actions available.
36 Plus other 2-Digit Code	Unexpected or Invalid Interrupt	Reset controllers

Technical Specifications

■■■■■

Operating Limits

Ambient Temperature	32°F to 140°F (0°C to 60°C)
Relative Humidity Tolerance	90%, Non-Condensing
Power	100 to 250 V 50/60 Hz (Single-Phase) 100 to 250 Vdc 24 Vac/dc
Power Consumption	Less than 6 VA

Performance

Accuracy	±0.20% of Full Scale (±0.10% Typical), ±1 Digit
Setpoint Resolution	1 Count / 0.1 Count
Repeatability	±1 Count
Temperature Stability	5 µV /°C (Maximum)
TC Cold-End Tracking	0.05°C /°C Ambient
Noise Rejection	>100 dB Common Mode, >70 dB Series Mode
Process Sampling	10 Hz (100 ms)

Control Characteristics

Setpoint Limits	Automatically Adjust to Selected TC/RTD
Alarms	Adjustable for High/Low; Selectable Process, Deviation, or Band Alarms
Proportional Band	1 to Span of Sensor

Technical Specifications

Integral	0 to 9600 Seconds
Derivative	0 to 2400 Seconds
Cycle Time	200 ms; 1 to 120 sec
Control Hysteresis	1 to Span of Sensor
Autotune	Operator Initiated from Front Panel
Manual Control	Operator Initiated from Front Panel

Mechanical Characteristics

Display	Dual, 4-digit 0.36" (9.2 mm) LED display Process Value: Orange Setpoint Value/Menu: Green
Numeric Range	-1999 to 9999
Front-Panel Cutout	1.771" x 1.771" (45 mm x 45 mm)
Depth Behind Panel	3.937" (100 mm)
Front Panel Rating	NEMA 4X (IP65)
Operating Temperature	32 to 140° F (0 to 60° C)
Humidity Conditions	90% R.H. max., non-condensing
Parameter Retention	Solid-state, non-volatile memory
Connections	Input and output via barrier strip with locking terminals
Contacts	Twin bifurcated

Input Type

Thermocouple	B, C, E, J, K, N, NIC, NNM, R, S, T, Platinel II Maximum lead resistance 100 ohms for rated accuracy
RTD	Platinum 2- and 3-wire, 100 ohms at 0° C, DIN curve standard (0.00385). 1000 ohms available.
Linear	0-50 mV/10-50 mV, 0-5 V/1-5 V 0-20 mA/4-20 mA, 0-100 mV, 0-10 V

Output Device

R	5 A (120/240 Vac) relay, normally open, used for switching resistive loads. If an "R" output is selected, order CNQUENCHARC. If relays or solenoids are to be driven, select the "T" output.
F	4-20 mA, full output to load with 500 ohm impedance max.
FH	High impedance 4-20 mA (1000 ohms max.)
DC	20 Vdc pulsed output for solid-state relays.
T	1 A @ 120/240 Vac , solid-state relay, zero voltage-switched and optically isolated from drive signal. Only resistive loads to 1A may be controlled directly. Larger loads may be controlled using an external contactor.

CN8240/CN8260 Ordering Codes

Ordering Number

CN8241
CN8242
CN8261
CN8262

Description

1/8 DIN Single output
1/8 DIN Dual output
1/4 DIN Single output
1/4 DIN Dual output

Output Type - Ordering Suffix

Relay
dc Pulse
1A SSR
4-20 mA (500 ohm max.)
4-20 mA (1000 ohm max.)

First Output

-R1
-DC1
-T1
-F1
-FH1

Second Output

-R2
-DC2
-T2
-F2
-FH2

Additional Options (cannot be field-installed)

Description

Single alarm relay
Dual alarms, ac SSR
RS-232 communications
RS-485 communications
Process output, PV or SV, 4-20 mA
Process output, PV or SV, 0-5 Vdc
Remote setpoint switch closed
with one alarm
Remote setpoint, 0-5 Vdc
Remote setpoint, 1-5 Vdc
Remote setpoint, 0-20 mA
Remote setpoint, 4-20 mA
Remote setpoint, 0-20 mA
Remote setpoint, 4-20 mA
Transducer power supply, 15 Vdc
Transducer power supply, 12 Vdc
Transducer power supply, 10 Vdc
Transducer power supply, 5 Vdc

Ordering Suffix

-AL1
-AL2
-C2
-C4
-PVS1
-PVS2
-RSP1
-RSP2
-RSP3
-RSP4
-RSP5
-RSP6
-RSP7
-XP1
-XP2
-XP3
-XP4

Optional Power Supply

24 Vac/Vdc

-LV

Accessories (Field Installable)

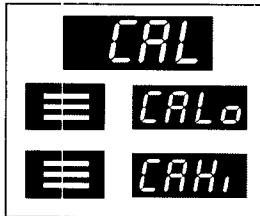
CN8500-R Relay output module (\$35)
CN8500-DC dc Pulse output module (\$35)
CN8500-T ac SSR output module (\$35)
CN8500-F 4-20 mA (500 ohm max) output module (\$35)
CN8500-FH 4-20 mA (1000 ohm max) output module (\$35)

Spare Parts for Reorder

CN8240-CASE Case for CN8240 (\$20)
CN8240-BRACKETS Mounting brackets for CN8240 (\$3)
CN8260-CASE Case for CN8260 (\$20)
CN8260-BRACKETS Mounting brackets for CN8260 (\$3)

Recalibration Procedures

The CN8240/CN8260 controller is precalibrated at the factory. Under normal circumstances, the factory calibration should be valid for the life of the instrument. If recalibration should be required, allow the controller to warm up for 15 minutes and follow these steps carefully.





- 1) Remove power from the controller and disconnect all output devices. Disconnect input. Attach an appropriate calibrator to the input terminals.
- 2) Apply power to the calibrator, making sure that the displayed value is not outside the range of the controller. Then, apply power to the controller.
- 3) Index to the Calibration Low menu item in the Calibration Menu.
(You must have Security Level set to "Factory" to access this menu.)
- 4) Dial Calibrator to prompted value on the controller's display. See chart below for RTD resistance vs. temperature values.
- 5) Allow the controller to settle for at least one minute.
- 6) Press Raise Key.
- 7) Repeat Steps 4, 5, and 6 for the Calibration High setting.
- 8) Press the Menu Access key for three seconds to return to the Process Value display.










































Calibration Values				
	Low Calibration		High Calibration	
	Resistance Setting Ω	Temperature Equivalent $^{\circ}\text{F}(^{\circ}\text{C})$	Resistance Setting Ω	Temperature Equivalent $^{\circ}\text{F}(^{\circ}\text{C})$
RTD	100	32 $^{\circ}$ (0 $^{\circ}$)	365.94	1414 $^{\circ}$ (768 $^{\circ}$)
RTD (Decimal)	100	32 $^{\circ}$ (0 $^{\circ}$)	221.95	622.4 (328 $^{\circ}$)

Quick-Helps

1. To return the unit to last operating mode (Normal, Standby, FOP, or Tune):







	Action	Display
From Menu System:	Press and hold  for 3 sec.	PV + SV + Mode
From Security Level Menu:	Press 	PV+ SV + Mode

2. To enter Standby operating mode:











	Action	Display
From Normal operating mode:	Press and hold  for 3 sec.	
	Press 	
	Press 	 + PV + SV
From FOP (Manual) operating mode:	Press and hold  for 3 sec.	
	Press 	
	Press 	 + PV + SV
From Menu System:	Press and hold  for 3 sec.	
	Press and hold  for 3 sec.	
	Press 	
	Press 	 + PV + SV
From Security Level Menu:	Press 	PV + SV
	Press and hold  for 3 sec.	
	Press 	
3. To escape from Standby operating mode:	Press 	 + PV + SV
	Action	
	Press and hold  for 3 sec.	
	Press 	
4. To initiate Autotuning:	Press 	
	Action	Display
	Enter Standby operating mode (See Quick-Help #2)	
	Press 	
	Press 	
	Press 	
		 + PV + SV
		

Quick-Helps








5. To abort Autotuning and return to normal operation:

Action	Display
Press and hold  for 3 sec.	 
Press 	 

6. To enter FOP (Manual) operating mode:

Action	Display
Press 	PV + SV
Press and hold  for 3 sec.	 
Press 	 + PV + % of Power Value
Press  	to set new % of Power Value
Press  to set % of Power for Output 2 if desired.	 + PV + % of Power Value

7. To escape from FOP (Manual) operating mode:

Action	Display
Press and hold  for 3 sec.	 
Press 	 
Press 	PV + SV

IEC Requirements



USE OF THIS EQUIPMENT IN A MANNER NOT SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER MAY IMPAIR PROTECTION PROVIDED BY THE EQUIPMENT!

The maximum supply current is line voltage dependent:

230 mA for a 24 Vac/dc input fuse rating=700 mA

60 mA for an 85-250 Vac input fuse rating=100 mA

Output Specifications

Output Type	Max current	Voltage	Leakage
R	5 A	250 Vac	1000 M ohms
T	1 A	250 Vpk	1 mA
DC	20 mA	5 V	NA

CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Remove power from the unit prior to any cleaning operation.
2. Use a cotton cloth to gently and sparingly apply isopropyl alcohol only. Do not use cleaners or other solvents as they may damage the unit.
3. Allow the unit to dry completely prior to reapplying power.

Glossary

Alarm Delay - the time delay between the detection of the alarm condition and the initiation and indication of the output action.

Alarm Inhibit - prevents low setpoint alarm activation during cold startup applications.

Bias - allows the operator to compensate for any difference between sensor temperature and the point to be measured. The process display and setpoint will be offset by the value entered in the Bias parameter in the input menu. Ex: Desired temperature is 150 degrees. Sensor is adjacent to heater and reads 50 degrees higher than the actual process temperature. Enter bias of -50. Enter setpoint of 150. Process will display 150 even though sensor will be measuring 200 degrees.

Blanking - controls the time the setpoint value display remains on. After the set time, the setpoint value display turns off. Pressing any button causes the setpoint value display to reappear for the selected time interval.

Cycle Time - The period of time in which the controller's output completes an on-off cycle (Proportional Output Type only).

Example: Output type = Mechanical relay

Cycle time = 10 seconds

Output power = 50%

Controller output = 5 seconds closed, 5 seconds open

Deadband - In On/Off temperature control, it is the band above or below the setpoint where there is no output action. It has the effect of moving the apparent setpoint.

Derivative (rate) - Adjusts the controller gain quickly in response to load changes.

Failsafe State - designates the percentage of power output that the controller defaults to after it detects a loop break condition and after the loop break time has elapsed.

Filter (in Display menu) - changes the filtering speed for the process value display only. It does not affect control. This parameter is mainly used to slow down the flickering of the display when the decimal position chosen is greater than zero.

Filtering (in Input menu) - sets the time period over which the process value is averaged.

Highest Reading - records the highest process value read by the controller. It may be reset to zero by using the Raise or Lower arrow keys.

Hysteresis - In On/Off temperature control, hysteresis represents the band where the output changes state from deactivated to activated. It prevents chattering around the setpoint and prevents rapid output cycling.

Integral (automatic reset) - slowly adjusts the position of the Proportional Band (range of power output) to eliminate offset error.

Loop Break - a condition where the input is not changing or responding properly to the output action. This could be caused by a thermocouple or input failure, or a heater or load failure.

Loop Break Time - the time interval from when the controller detects a loop break condition and the initiation of the failsafe state.

Glossary

Lowest Reading - records the lowest process value read by the controller. May be reset to zero by using the Raise or Lower arrow keys.

Lower Setpoint Limit - prohibits users from adjusting the setpoint lower than the selected value.

Manual Reset - an adjustment that moves the Proportional Band up or down by a fixed percentage so that more or less power is applied at setpoint. It is used to eliminate offset error.

On/Off Output Type - In a heating application, the controller applies 100% output power if the process temperature is below the setpoint and 0% at the setpoint. For a cooling application, the controller applies 100% output power if the process temperature is above the setpoint and 0% output power at the setpoint. There are only two output states: fully on and fully off.

Applications for On/Off Control:

1. When temperature oscillation is acceptable.
2. When constant cycling of mechanical devices is prohibited (Compressors, Blowers, etc.)
3. Under-powered processes

Output Low Limit % - Prohibits the controller's output from going below the specified percentage.

Output High Limit % - Prohibits the controller's output from going above the specified percentage.

PID Output Type (Proportional - Integral - Derivative) - The controller modulates output power by adjusting the output power percentage within a proportional band. Power is proportionally reduced as the process temperature gets closer to the setpoint temperature. PID control helps reduce overshoot on start-up, enhances stability, and compensates for process lag. The PID parameters are automatically calculated for a particular application during the auto-tune procedure.

Applications for PID Control:

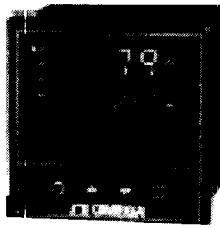
1. Where process temperature lags exist
2. When load changes are present
3. When overshoot is prohibited
4. When very accurate control is required

Proportional Band - the band (expressed in degrees of temperature) in which the controller modulates its power percentage.

Temperature Lag - The product of thermal resistance and thermal capacity. Also defined as delay of the transmission of heat from the controlled element to the sensor caused by thermal mass of the process material and/or process container, or the distance between the control element and the sensor.

Upper Setpoint Limit - prohibits users from adjusting the setpoint higher than the selected value.

Quick Setup Instructions - CN8240/CN8260 Temperature Controller



Experienced users, already familiar with the CN8240/CN8260, and using the controller with PID outputs, may follow these condensed instructions to autotune the controller and get started quickly once the instrument is properly mounted and wired, and the Security Level is set to **CONF**. Once setup is complete, we recommend changing the Security Level back to the most restrictive level suitable for your application.

These quick setup instructions are not meant as a substitute for reading the full instruction manual supplied with the controller. Please be sure to read through the manual for specific details of operation and, most importantly, for safety precautions.



Menu Access



Raise



Lower



Mode/Enter

1. Apply power. After self-check display stops, place controller in Standby mode by pressing and holding the Mode/Enter **≡** key for 3 seconds, the **▲** or **▼** key until **Stby** appears, and then the **≡** key again. **Stby** will flash, alternating with the Process Value.
2. Press and hold the Menu Access **↻** key for 3 seconds until **LnP** is displayed. Press **≡** key once until **TYPE** appears, then use **▲** or **▼** keys to select sensor input type.
3. Press **↻** to display **OUTP**. Then press **≡** once to display **OUTY**. Use **▲** or **▼** to select **PID**.
4. Press the **≡** key until Output 1 Action **DIRC** is displayed. Select the desired output action using the **▲** or **▼** keys. (Reverse = Heating)
5. Press **≡** again to display the Output 1 Cycle Time **OUTCY** parameter. Select the desired cycle time according to the output device used. If unsure, refer to the ordering code on page 52 of the instruction manual and compare it to the number on the label.

Recommended cycle times are:

For Control Output Device —	Select Cycle Time (in seconds)
R	15 to 120
F	0.2
FH	0.2
DC	0.2
T	15 to 120

IMPORTANT: IF ONLY ONE OUTPUT IS PID, SET THE OTHER OUTPUT TO EITHER ON/OFF, ALARM, OR OFF.

6. Press the **≡** key to display the next output parameter, and select the desired value using the **▲** or **▼** keys.
7. Press **≡** to select other Output Type following steps 4 to 6.
8. Press the **↻** repeatedly until **AutoE** is displayed, then press **≡** and make sure autotune damping parameter is set to the proper setting for your application. See page 37 for more information.
9. Press and hold **↻** key for approximately 3 seconds until upper display flashes **Stby** and Process Value.
10. Press the **▲** or **▼** keys adjust setpoint to desired value.
11. Press and hold **≡** key for 3 seconds. Lower display will indicate **Stby**. Press **▲** or **▼** key until **AutoE** is displayed. Press **≡** to initiate autotuning. Display will flash **AutoE**. After autotune is complete, the display stops flashing, and the controller will revert to Process Value display and begin controlling the process.
12. If unacceptable overshoot occurs, change damping setting to high **Hi**, or if response is sluggish, change damping setting to low **Lo**.

Keep This in a Safe Place

Configured Parameters Reference

CN8240/8260 Temperature Controllers

Model Number _____

Zone Location _____

Firmware Version No. _____

(Displayed when the controller is powered up after all the segments on both lines of the display have been tested.)

Dear Customer:

Please keep this handy – in case your controller should lose its configured initial parameter values or for easy reference when setting up a new controller. After auto-tuning, and when your controller is controlling well, we suggest you write the displayed value for each of the menu parameters listed on the other side of this card. If you do not use a listed parameter, indicate "N/A." Using this card to document your parameter settings could reduce your downtime.

If you have any questions, or need further assistance, please contact Omega Technical Support: Toll-free in the USA: 1-800-872-9436 • E-mail: info@omega.com

<u>INP</u>	<u>OUTP</u>	<u>Ctrl</u>	<u>ALr.</u>
TYPE _____	01tY _____	02tY _____	db.1 _____
bIAS _____	01Ac _____	02Ac _____	HYS.1 _____
SELL _____	01cY _____	02cY _____	db.2 _____
SELH _____	01LL _____	02LL _____	HYS.2 _____
SPLL _____	01HL _____	02HL _____	Pb.1 _____
SPHL _____	01AA _____	02AA _____	Pb.2 _____
IFIL _____	01AD _____	02AD _____	dEr _____
Options	01dL _____	02dL _____	OFFS _____
_____	01IH _____	02IH _____	Int _____
_____	01SP _____	02SP _____	A2SP _____

WARRANTY/DISCLAIMER

OMEGA ENGINEERING, INC. warrants this unit to be free of defects in materials and workmanship for a period of **13 months** from date of purchase. OMEGA's Warranty adds an additional one (1) month grace period to the normal **one (1) year product warranty** to cover handling and shipping time. This ensures that OMEGA's customers receive maximum coverage on each product.

If the unit malfunctions, it must be returned to the factory for evaluation. OMEGA's Customer Service Department will issue an Authorized Return (AR) number immediately upon phone or written request. Upon examination by OMEGA, if the unit is found to be defective, it will be repaired or replaced at no charge. OMEGA's WARRANTY does not apply to defects resulting from any action of the purchaser, including but not limited to mishandling, improper interfacing, operation outside of design limits, improper repair, or unauthorized modification. This WARRANTY is VOID if the unit shows evidence of having been tampered with or shows evidence of having been damaged as a result of excessive corrosion; or current, heat, moisture or vibration; improper specification; misapplication; misuse or other operating conditions outside of OMEGA's control. Components which wear are not warranted, including but not limited to contact points, fuses, and triacs.

OMEGA is pleased to offer suggestions on the use of its various products. However, OMEGA neither assumes responsibility for any omissions or errors nor assumes liability for any damages that result from the use of its products in accordance with information provided by OMEGA, either verbal or written. OMEGA warrants only that the parts manufactured by it will be as specified and free of defects. OMEGA MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND WHATSOEVER, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, EXCEPT THAT OF TITLE, AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY: The remedies of purchaser set forth herein are exclusive, and the total liability of OMEGA with respect to this order, whether based on contract, warranty, negligence, indemnification, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price of the component upon which liability is based. In no event shall OMEGA be liable for consequential, incidental or special damages.

CONDITIONS: Equipment sold by OMEGA is not intended to be used, nor shall it be used: (1) as a "Basic Component" under 10 CFR 21 (NRC), used in or with any nuclear installation or activity; or (2) in medical applications or used on humans. Should any Product(s) be used in or with any nuclear installation or activity, medical application, used on humans, or misused in any way, OMEGA assumes no responsibility as set forth in our basic WARRANTY/DISCLAIMER language, and, additionally, purchaser will indemnify OMEGA and hold OMEGA harmless from any liability or damage whatsoever arising out of the use of the Product(s) in such a manner.

RETURN REQUESTS/INQUIRIES

Direct all warranty and repair requests/inquiries to the OMEGA Customer Service Department. **BEFORE RETURNING ANY PRODUCT(S) TO OMEGA, PURCHASER MUST OBTAIN AN AUTHORIZED RETURN (AR) NUMBER FROM OMEGA'S CUSTOMER SERVICE DEPARTMENT (IN ORDER TO AVOID PROCESSING DELAYS).** The assigned AR number should then be marked on the outside of the return package and on any correspondence.

The purchaser is responsible for shipping charges, freight, insurance and proper packaging to prevent breakage in transit.

FOR **WARRANTY** RETURNS, please have the following information available **BEFORE** contacting OMEGA:

1. Purchase Order number under which the product was **PURCHASED**,
2. Model and serial number of the product under warranty, and
3. Repair instructions and/or specific problems relative to the product.

FOR **NON-WARRANTY** REPAIRS, consult OMEGA for current repair charges. Have the following information available **BEFORE** contacting OMEGA:

1. Purchase Order number to cover the **COST** of the repair,
2. Model and serial number of the product, and
3. Repair instructions and/or specific problems relative to the product.

OMEGA's policy is to make running changes, not model changes, whenever an improvement is possible. This affords our customers the latest in technology and engineering.

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- ✓ Laboratory Heaters

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- ✓ Metering & Control Instrumentation
- ✓ Refractometers
- ✓ Pumps & Tubing
- ✓ Air, Soil & Water Monitors
- ✓ Industrial Water & Wastewater Treatment
- ✓ pH, Conductivity & Dissolved Oxygen Instruments

M2943/0604