# User's Guide



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## CN130 SERIES Temperature/Process Controllers



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It is the policy of OMEGA to comply with all worldwide safety and EMC/EMI regulations that apply. OMEGA is constantly pursuing certification of its products to the European New Approach Directives. OMEGA will add the CE mark to every appropriate device upon certification.

The information contained in this document is believed to be correct but OMEGA Engineering, Inc. accepts no liability for any errors it contains, and reserves the right to alter specifications without notice. WARNING: These products are not designed for use in, and should not be used for, patient connected applications.

## CN130 Digital Controller Operating Instructions

Thank you for having selected the CN130 Series digital controller. Read these instructions carefully to ensure correct operation the the product. If you have any questions, contact our sales reqpresentative or your nearest sales office.

## Request

Please ensure that this instruction manual is given to the final user of the instrument.

Preface	

This instruction manual is meant for those who will be involved in the wiring, installation, operation and routine maintenance of the series .

This manual describes the care, installation, wiring, function, and proper procedures for the operation of series. Keep this manual at the work site during operation of the series. While using this instrument, you should always follow the guidance provided herein.

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#### 1. The Matters regarding Safety

For matters, regarding safety, potential damage to equipment and/or facilities, additional instructions are indicated by the following headings:

#### ∆WARNING

Exercise extreme caution as indicated. This heading indicates hazardous conditions that could cause injury or death of personnel.

## **∆**CAUTION

Exercise extreme caution as indicated. This heading indicates hazardous conditions that could cause damage to equipment and/or facilities.

#### NOTE

This heading indicates additional instructions and/or notes.

The mark designates a protective conductor terminal. Make sure to properly ground it.

## ∆WARNING

series controller is designed for controlling temperature, humidity and other physical subjects. It must not be used in any way that may adversely affect the safety, health or working conditions of those who come into contact with the effects of its usage. When used, adequate and effective safety countermeasures must be provided at all times. No warranty, express or implied, is valid in the case of using this product without the use of proper safety countermeasures correspondingly.

## **△**CAUTION

To avoid damage to the connected equipment, facilities or the product itself due to a fault of the product, safety countermeasure must be taken before usage, such as proper installation of the fuse and the overheating protection device. No warranty, express or implied, is valid in the case of usage without having implemented proper safety countermeasures.

## **△**CAUTION

• The  $\bigwedge$  mark on the plate affixed to the instrument: On the terminal nameplate affixed to the case of your instrument, the  $\bigwedge$  mark is printed. This is to warn you of the risk of electrical shock which may result if the charger is touched while it is energized.

A means to allow the power to be turned off, such as a switch or a breaker, should be installed in the external power circuit to be connected to the power terminal of the instrument.
Fix the switch or the breaker adjacently to the instrument in a position which allows it to be operated with ease, and with an indication that it is a means of turning the power off. The switch or the breaker should meet the requirements of IEC 947.

## **ACAUTION**

• Fuse: Since the instrument does not have a built-in fuse, do not forget to install a fuse in the power circuit to be connected to the power terminal.

The fuse should be positioned between the switch or the breaker and the instrument and be attached to the L side of the power terminal.

Fuse Rating: 250V AC 1.0A/medium lagged or lagged type Use a fuse which meets the requirements of IEC 127.

• Voltage/current of a load to be connected to the output terminal and the alarm terminal should be within a rated range. Otherwise, the temperature will rise and reduce the life of the product and/or result in problems with the product.

For the rated voltage/current, see 2. Specifications on page 12. The output terminal should be connected with a device which meets the requirements of IEC 1010.

• A voltage/current different from that of the input specification should not be added on the input terminal. It may reduce the life of the product and/or result in problems with the product.

For the rated voltage/current, see 2. Specifications on page 12. For the rated voltage (mV or V) or current (4~20 mA) input, the input terminal should be connected with a device which meets the requirements of IEC1010 as input terminals.

 As the CT input terminal for the heater break alarm (optional), only the attachment CT should be used. Using anything else may result in problems with the product.
 For the CT provided, refer to 3-1. Check before Use on page 14.

• The CN130 series controller is provided with a draft hole for heat

- The CNTS0 series controller is provided with a draft hole for heat discharge. Take care to prevent metal or other foreign matter from obstructing it. Failure to do so may result in problems with the product and may even result in fire.
- Do not block the draft hole or allow dust or the like to adhere to it. Any rise in temperature or insulation failure may result in a shortening of the life of product and/or problems with the product. For spaces between installed instruments, refer to 4-4. External Dimensions and Panel Cutout on page 3.
- It should be noted that repeated tolerance tests against voltage, noise, surge, etc., may lead to deterioration of the instrument.
- Remodeling the instrument or using it in an anomalous way is prohibited.

#### 2. Specifications

#### Displa

<ul> <li>Display</li> <li>Digital display:</li> <li>Display accuracy:</li> <li>Display accuracy range:</li> <li>Display resolution:</li> <li>Sampling cycle:</li> <li>Action display / colors:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>7 segments / Measured value (PV)</li> <li>Red LED 4 digits, Set value (SV)</li> <li>Green LED 4 digits</li> <li>± (1/3% FS+1 digit)</li> <li>Refer to Table of Measuring Range Codes.</li> <li>23 ± 5°C</li> <li>Depends on measuring range</li> <li>(0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1)</li> <li>0.25 sec.</li> <li>7-type LED lamp indication:</li> <li>Control output (OUT) / Green, Higher limit</li> <li>alarm action (AH) / Red, Lower limit</li> <li>alarm action (AL) / Red, Event / Heater</li> <li>break alarm action (EV/HB) / Red, Auto</li> <li>tuning (AT) / Green, Manual control</li> <li>(MAN) / Red, Set value bias (SB) / Green</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Control mode: Proportional band (P): Integral time (I): Derivative time (D): Manual reset (MR): On-Off hysteresis:</li> <li>Proportional cycle:</li> <li>Control output characteristics:</li> <li>Higher and lower output limit:</li> </ul>	Auto-tuning PID Off, 0.1~999.9% FS (Off setting: On-Off action) 1~6000 sec. (Off setting: PD, P action) 0~3600 sec. (Off setting: PI, P action) -50.0~50.0% (valid when I=Off.) 1~999 unit 1~120 sec. RA / DA selectable (set to RA when shipped) 0.0~100.0% (lower limit < higher limit)
<ul> <li>Setting: Setting: Setting range: Setting limit:</li> <li>Input</li> </ul>	By 6 front key switches Same as the measuring range Higher / lower limits individual setting as desired within measuring range (lower limit value < higher limit value)	<ul> <li>Contact output (Y1):</li> <li>Current output (I1):</li> <li>SSR drive voltage output (P1):</li> <li>Voltage output (V1):</li> <li>Isolation:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>240V AC 2.5A / resistive load</li> <li>4~20mA DC / load resistance: 600Ω max.</li> <li>15± 3V DC / load current: 20mA max.</li> <li>0~10V DC / load current: 2mA max.</li> <li>Insulated between control output and system and input (not insulated between control output I, P, V and analog output)</li> </ul>
• Thermocouple: External resistance: Input impedance: Burnout: Cold junction temperature	<ul> <li>B, R, S, K, E, J, T, N, PL II, WRe 5-26,</li> <li>{U, L (DIN 43710)}</li> <li>(Multi input, multi range: Refer to Table of Measuring Range Codes.)</li> <li>100Ω max.</li> <li>500kΩ min.</li> <li>Standard feature (up scale)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Manual control</li> <li>Output setting range:</li> <li>Output resolution:</li> <li>Auto/Manual switching:</li> </ul>	0.0~100.0% (setting resolution: 0.1%) Within range of higher / lower output limits 0.5% Balanceless and bumpless (within proportional band range)
<ul><li>compensation accuracy:</li><li>R.T.D.:</li><li>Amperage:</li><li>Lood axise to be solve</li></ul>	± 2°C (5~45°C) JIS Pt100 / JPt100 3-wire type (Multi range: Refer to Table of Measuring Range Codes.) Approx. 0.25mA	<ul><li>Alarm Output</li><li>Alarm method:</li><li>Alarm type:</li></ul>	Individual setting and individual output, higher and lower limit alarms Deviation value alarm or absolute value alarm is selectable.
Lead wire tolerable resistance: • Voltage:	5Ω max. / wire -10~10, 0~10, 0~20, 0~50, 10~50, 0~100mV DC or -1~1, 0~1, 0~2, 0~5, 1~5, 0~10V DC (Multi input, programmable range: Refer to Table of Measuring Range Codes.)	• Alarm setting range: Deviation value:	Higher limit: 0~5000 unit Lower limit: -1999~0 unit When alarm is set beyond higher or lower limit of measuring range, alarm is activated at a point 10% beyond higher or lower limit.
<ul> <li>Input impedance:</li> <li>Current:</li> <li>Receiving impedance:</li> <li>Sampling cycle:</li> <li>PV bias:</li> <li>PV filter:</li> <li>Isolation:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>500kΩ min.</li> <li>4 ~20, 0~20mA DC</li> <li>(Multi input, programmable range: Refer to Table of Measuring Range Codes.)</li> <li>250Ω</li> <li>0.25 sec.</li> <li>-1999~1999 unit</li> <li>0~100 sec.</li> <li>Insulated between input and output (not insulated between input and system, SV bias and CT input)</li> </ul>	Absolute value: • Alarm action: • Action hysteresis: • Inhibit mode: • Alarm output / rating:	Higher and lower limits: Within measuring range On-Off action 1~999 unit (both higher and lower limits) Selectable (both higher and lower limits) Contact 1a (common) / 240 V AC 1.5A (resistive load)

■Control

Event Output		Analog output:	$0~10mV$ DC, Output resistance: $10\Omega$
(Can not be selected whe	en heater break alarm is selected.)		0~10V DC, Load current: 2mA max.
Number of event			4~20mA DC, Load resistance:
outputs:	tputs: 1 point		300Ωmax.
• Event type: Selectable from following 8 types		• Output accuracy:	$\pm 1/3\%$ (of displayed value)
	1. Higher limit deviation value alarm	• Output resolution:	Approx. 0.0125% (1/8000)
	without inhibit action	Output updating cycle:	0.25 sec.
	2. Lower limit deviation value alarm	• Output scaling:	Within measuring range
	without inhibit action	• Isolation:	Insulated between analog output and
	3. Higher limit absolute value alarm		system and input (not insulated between
	without inhibit action		analog output and control output I, P, V)
	4. Lower limit absolute value alarm		
	without inhibit action	Set value Bias	
	5. Higher limit deviation value alarm with	<ul> <li>Setting range:</li> </ul>	-1999~5000 unit
	inhibit action	• Setting resolution:	Same as display resolution
	6. Lower limit deviation value alarm with	<ul> <li>Action input:</li> </ul>	Non-voltage contact (bias in action when
	inhibit action		input is closed)
	7. Higher limit absolute value alarm with	• Isolation:	Insulated between the set value bias input
	inhibit action		and output (not insulated between set
	8. Lower limit absolute value alarm with		value bias input and system and other
	inhibit action		inputs)
<ul> <li>Setting range:</li> </ul>			
Deviation value:	Higher limit: 0~5000 unit	Safety and EMC requ	irements
	Lower limit: -1999~0 unit	• Safety :	IEC1010-1, EN61010-1
	When alarm is set beyond higher or lower	• EMC:	EMI (emission) EN50081-1
	limit of measuring range, alarm is activated		EMS (immunity) EN50082-2
	at a point 10% beyond higher or lower		
	limit.	■Others	
Absolute value:	Within measuring range of higher and	• Data storage:	By non-volatile memory (EEPROM)
	lower limits	Operating ambient	
<ul> <li>Event action:</li> </ul>	On-Off action	temperature/humidity	
<ul> <li>Event action hysteresis:</li> </ul>	1~999 unit	range:	-10~50°C / 90% RH max (no dew
• Event output / rating:	Contact 1a / 240V AC 1 5A (resistive load)	Tunge.	condensation)
Dienie output / runnigi		Supply voltage:	100 - 240 V AC+10% (50 / 60 Hz) 24V
■Heater break alarm		Supply voltage.	$AC \pm 10\%$ (50/60Hz) or 24V DC $\pm 10\%$
(Can not be selected who	en event output is selected )	• Power consumption:	$M_{av} = 10VA(AC) 6W$
Alarm action:	Heater amperage detected by externally	r ower consumption.	(DC)
	attached CT (CT provided)	• Insulation resistance:	Between input / output terminal and power
	Alarm output On upon detection of heater	insulation resistance.	supply terminal:
	break while output is On		500V DC 20 MQ minimum
	Alarm output On upon detection of heater		Between input / output terminal and
	loop alarm while output is Off		ground terminal.
• Current setting range:	Off. 0.1 $\sim$ 50.0A (Alarm action stops when		500V DC 20 MQ minimum
Current betting ranger	Off is set )	• Dielectric strength:	1 min_at 2300V AC between input / output
Setting resolution:	0.1A	Dielectric strength.	terminal and power supply terminals
Amperage display:	0.0~55.0A		1 min at 1500V AC between power supply
<ul> <li>Display accuracy:</li> </ul>	3% FS (when sine wave is 50 Hz)		terminal and ground terminal
<ul> <li>Minimum time for</li> </ul>		Protective structure:	Only front panel has simple dust proof and
action confirmation:	On time: 250 msec_minimum	· Theelive structure.	drip proof structure
<ul> <li>Alarm output / rating:</li> </ul>	Contact $1a/240V$ AC 1 5A (resistive load)	Material:	PPO resin molding (equivalent to UI 04V 1)
Alarm holding:	Selectable	External dimensions : CN1	110 result molenning (equivalent to $0134$ V-1)
Sampling cycle:	0.5 sec	· External unitensions . CIVI	(panel depth:  100)  mm
Isolation:	Insulated between CT input and output (not	CN	(paner deput. 100) mm
· Isolation.	insulated between CT input and system and	CIV	(penal danth;  60)  mm
	other inputs)	CN	$128 \text{ Ho6} \times W48 \times D110$
	other inputs)	UN	$(138 \text{ H90} \times \text{W48} \times \text{D110})$
		• Manutina	(panel depth: 100) mm
Number of onellar		Iviouitting:     Denol 41: -1	rush-in paner (one-touch mount)
- inumber of analog	1 moint	Panel thickness:	1.0~3.5 mm
outputs:	r point	Panel cutout: CN13	/ H08 × W08mm
<ul> <li>Analog output type:</li> </ul>	selectable between process value (PV) and	CN134	$+$ H92 $\times$ W92mm
	set value (SV)	CN138	5 H92 × W45mm
		• weight: CN133	/ Approx. 290g
		CN134	4 Approx. 310g
		CN13	8 Approx. 280g

#### 3. Introduction

#### 3-1. Check before Use

This product has been fully checked for quality assurance prior to shipment. Nevertheless, you are requested to make sure that there is no error, damage or shortage of delivered items by confirming the model codes and checking the external view of the product and the number of accessories.

#### Confirmation of Model Codes:

Check the model codes stuck to the case of the product to ascertain if respective codes designate what was specified when you ordered the product, referring to the following code table:

To Order (Specify Model Number) Prices Shown in U.S. Dolla					
Model No.	Price	Description			
CN137(*) - (**)	\$339	68 mm Square Controller			
CN134(*) - (**)	359	1/4 DIN Controller			
CN138(*) - (**)	329	1/8 DIN Controller			
* Specify Input Type: TC_RTD_MV_V_or MA_See Input Table for details					

\*\* Specify Output Type Code from Output Table.

Options

Ordering Suffix	Price	Description
- AL1	\$49	Hi/Lo alarms
- AL2	59	Hi/Lo alarms with one event
- HB1*	49	Heater break alarm, 30 A
- HB2*	59	Heater break alarm, 50 A
- ALHB1*	79	Hi/Lo alarms with heater break, 30 A
- ALHB2*	89	Hi/Lo alarms with heater break, 50 A
- PV1	59	Recorder output: 0~10 Vdc, load current: 2 mAdc max.
- PV2	59	4~20 mAdc, output resistance: 300 Ohms max.
- PV3	59	0~20 mAdc, output resistance: 10 Ohms
- SVB	49	Set Value Bias

\* Note: Heater Break alarms are not available with F or V1 output types.

#### Output Type

Output Type	Order Codes
Mechanical Relay	R
4 to 20 mA	F
dc Pulse	DC
0 to 10 Vdc	V1

#### Power Options

Ordering Suffix	Price	Description
- LV1	N/C	24 Vac +/- 10% 50/60 Hz
- LV2	N/C	24 Vdc +/- 10%

#### 3-2. Handling Instructions

- Do not operate the keys on the front panel with a hard or sharply pointed object. Operate the keys only by softly touching them with your finger tips.
- (2) When cleaning the controller, wipe it softly with a dry cloth. Never use solvent such as thinner or the like.

#### 4. Installation and Wiring

#### 4-1. Installation Site

#### **∆CAUTION**

When selecting a site for the controller, avoid the places mentioned below. Selection of these places may result in a malfunction or damage to the controller, including the worse case of fire, depending on the circumstances.

- Where flammable gas, corrosive gas, oil mist and particles that can deteriorate electrical insulation are generated or are abundant.
- (2) Where the temperature is below  $-10^{\circ}$ C or above  $50^{\circ}$ C.
- (3) Where the relative humidity is 90% RH or below dew point.
- (4) Where highly intense vibration or impact is generated or transferred.
- (5) Near high voltage power lines or where inductive interference can affect the operation of the product.
- (6) Dew drops or direct exposure to sun light.
- (7) Where the elevation is in excess of 2,000 m.

Note: The environmental conditions belong to the installation category II of IEC 664 and the degree of pollution is 2.

#### 4-2. Mounting

- Cut a hole for mounting the controller in the panel with reference to the cutout drawing shown in section 4-4 on page 3.
- (2) The panel thickness should be 1.0~3.5 mm.
- (3) As the instrument is provided with pawls for fixing, mount it by pressing it firmly from the front of the panel.

#### 4-3. How to Take the Controller out of the Case

## **∆**CAUTION

When taking the controller out of the housing or reassembling it in place, make sure the power supply is switched off. If the power is not switched off, a malfunction or damage to the controller may result.

Under ordinary circumstances, the controller need not be taken out of its housing. However, if such a step is necessary for the purpose of replacement or the like, follow the procedure described below. Insert a screwdriver with a tip width of 6 to 9 mm into a notch (where the packing is exposed) on the bottom of the casing and rotate the screw driver while pressing up the lock lever behind the packing. When the controller body comes out of the housing by a few mm, use your hand to pull it out completely.



#### 4-4. External Dimensions and Panel Cutout

Please refer to section 4-4 on page 3.

#### 4-5. Wiring

## ∆WARNING

- When wiring, make sure to disconnect the power supply. Otherwise an electric shock may result.
- Make sure the protective conductor terminal ( ) is grounded. Otherwise an electric shock may result.
- Do not touch terminals or other charged elements with power supplied after wiring.
- Follow the terminal layout shown in section 4-6 and make sure to carry out the correct wiring.
- (2) Press-fit terminal must fit an M3.5 screw and have a width of 7 mm or smaller.
- (3) In the case of the thermocouple input, use a compensating conductor compatible with the type of thermocouple selected.
- (4) In the case of R.T.D. input, the resistance of a single lead wire must be 5Ω or less and the three wires must have the same resistance value.
- (5) The input signal wire must not be accommodated with a high-voltage power cable in the same wiring conduit or duct.
- (6) Shielded wire (one-point grounding) is effective to avoid electrostatic induction noise.
- (7) An effective way to avoid magnetic induction noise is to twist the input wires at short and equal intervals.
- (8) The wiring for power supply must be a 600V vinyl insulated wire or cable having a cross-section area of 1 mm<sup>2</sup> or larger or a wire or cable of the same or better performance.
- (9) The wire for grounding must be larger than 2 mm<sup>2</sup> and must be grounded at a grounding resistance of  $100\Omega$  or lower.
- (10) Noise filter

If the instrument appears to have noise interference caused by the power supply, use a noise filter to prevent erroneous functioning. Install a noise filter on the



grounded panel and make the wire connecting the noise filter OUT terminal and the power

supply terminal on the controller as short as possible.

#### 4-6. Terminal Layout

CN 137	▲ 8 4 + 24VDC 6W /24VAC ~ 9 50/60Hz8VA	CN 134		110+ 24VDC 6W /24VAC ~ 120,50/60Hz8VA	CN 138	11 24VDC 6W 12 50/60Hz8VA
$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ SB \\ A \\ A \\ CT \\ CT \\ CT \\ CT \\ CT \\ CT \\$	▲ 8 100-240VAC 9 50/60H28VA 100 GR 100 GR 1	1 A-ou 3 SB L SB SB L SB SB L SB SB L SB SB SB L SB	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	▲ 111 100-240VAC 121 50/60H210VA 133 GR COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM	1 2 3 5B 5 5 6 CT 7 6 CT 7 7 4 8 9 0 0 0 8 9 10	A-output +

#### 4-7. Terminal Arrangement Table

Name of terminal	Description -		Terminal No.		
Name of terminal			134	138	
Power supply terminal	100-240V AC, 24V DC, or 24V AC	8-9	11-12	11-12	
Protective conductor terminal		10	13	13	
Input terminal	R.T.D.: A, Thermocouple, voltage, current: +	5	8	8	
	R.T.D.: B	6	9	9	
	R.T.D.: B, Thermocouple, voltage, current: -	7	10	10	
Control output terminal	Contact: COM, SSR drive voltage, voltage, current: +	11	14	14	
	Contact: NO, SSR drive voltage, voltage, current: -	12	15	15	
	Contact: NC	13	16	16	
Alarm output terminal	Contact: COM	17	18	18	
	Contact: AL (lower limit)	18	19	19	
	Contact: AH (higher limit)	19	20	20	
Heater break alarm CT input terminal		3-4	6-7	6-7	
Set value bias input terminal		1-2	4-5	4-5	
Event/heater break alarm output terminal	Contact: NO	20-21	29-30	23-24	
Analog output terminal	Voltage or current		21-22	21-22	

#### 5. Names and Functions of Parts



#### Display Section

- 1 Process value (PV) display / red Process values (PV) are displayed. When a parameter is set, its type is displayed. When something goes out of order in the system, an error message is displayed. 2 Set set value (SV) display / green Set set value are displayed. When a parameter is set, its value is displayed. ③ Event / HB lamp (EV/HB) / red The lamp lights when event output is on or heater break / heater loop alarm output is on. ④ Lower limit alarm lamp (AL) / red The lamp lights when lower limit alarm output is on. (5) Higher limit alarm lamp (AH) / red The lamp lights when higher limit alarm output is on. 6 Output lamp (OUT) / green The lamp lights when control output is on and its brightness changes in proportion to the amount of output in the case of current output and voltage output. ⑦ Auto tuning lamp (AT) / green
- The lamp lights while auto tuning is in progress and remains lit while standing by for AT action.
- (8) Manual control lamp (MAN) / red The lamp flashes while in the manual control mode.
- Set value bias lamp (SB) / green
   The lamp lights while the set value bias action is in progress.

#### ■Setting Section

1 Display key DISP

When this key is pressed in any of the parameter screens, the display returns to the display / set value screen. Pressing it for 5 seconds brings the initial value setting screen (mode 2) on display.

1 Auto tuning key AT This key is used to execute and stop auto tuning action.
1 Parameter key

This key is used to select a parameter to be set or changed. Press it for 3 seconds to move to the parameter block in mode 1.

🕄 Up key 🛆

The flashing of the decimal point in the lowest place on the SV display shows that the value is ready to be changed. Press this key to increase a numeric data or to change selected character data.

14 Enter key

This key is used to register a changed data (the decimal point in the lowest place flashes.) Once registered, the decimal point stops flashing. If this key is pressed for 3 seconds on the output screen (0-1), the mode changes to manual control.

15 Down key 🔽

The flashing of the decimal point on the lowest place on the SV display shows that the value is ready to be changed. Press this key to decrease a numeric data or to change selected character data.

## 6. Parameter Operating Procedure, Flow, and Functions

#### 6-1. Operating Procedure

(Parameter Flow and Functions are shown in section 6-2.)

- (1) Turn on the power supply to display the "Mode 0-0" basic screen.
- (2) The "Mode 0-0" basic screen displays the process value (PV) and the set value (SV) which are the starting points of the respective parameters.
- (3) In order to move to the "Mode 1" screen group, press the Bookey for 3 seconds or longer on the "Mode 0-0" basic screen.
- (4) In order to move to the "Mode 2" function selection mode screen group, press the DISP key for 5 seconds or longer on the "Mode 0-0" basic screen.
- (5) In order to move from one screen to another within each screen group, press the ( ) (parameter) key.
- (6) If you select a desired screen No. to be called within the "Mode 1" group on the first screen (Mode 1-0) in the "Mode 1" screen group, you can move directly to that screen (direct call).
- (7) Use the △ & ▽ keys to set the value on each screen (the decimal point in the lowest place keeps flashing during the value setting procedure) and press the ∞ key to register the value.
- (8) The "Mode 0-0" basic screen can be accessed from any screen by pressing the DISP key.

"Mode 0" Operation Parameter Screen Group (Setting of the set value, alarm/event action point, Sb, P, I, D)

- This screen group is subject to the most frequent setting modification.
- Press the key to move to "Mode 0-1" from the "Mode 0-0" basic screen.
- Press the 🖾 key to move to the next screen within the screen group.
- Use the △ & ▽ keys to set the value on each screen (the decimal point in the lowest place keeps flashing during the value setting procedure) and press the key to register the value.

"Mode 1" Operation Parameter Screen Group (Setting the value for each function)

- This screen group is not often subject to frequent setting modification.
- Press the 🕞 key for 3 seconds or longer to move to "Mode 1-0" from the "Mode 0-0" basic screen.
- Press the (parameter) key to move from one screen to another within the screen group.
- Use the △ & ▽ keys to set the value on each screen (the decimal point in the lowest place keeps flashing during the value setting procedure) and press the key to register the value.

#### "Mode 2" Function Selection Screen Group

- This group is used to select functions.
- Press the DISP key for 5 seconds or longer to move to "Mode 2-1" from the "Mode 0-0" basic screen.
- For the operating procedure on each screen, refer to section 7 "Operation" on page 19.

#### 6-2. Parameter Flow and Functions



NOTE : In case types of Alarms / Events are changed, values are initialized.

Parameter displayed depending upon setting the conditions of the standard function parameter

Optional function parameter This parameter is not displayed when no optional function is set.

- 8 -

mode 1

Name of screens and mode No.	Setting range Numbers in () shows values set before shipping	Function description
Direct call execution screen 1-0	1~18 (1)	For the quick selection of a desired parameter, set the parameter mode No., the desired parameter No. out of 1 through 18 on the SV display of the "Mode 1-0" ( $PR-R$ ) which is the first screen of the "Mode 1" group, then, press the [EMT] key.
Heater current monitor screen		This screen is for reading current only. You cannot set the value.
1-1 (Option)		
Heater break alarm value setting screen 1-2 (Option)	oFF, 0.1~50.0A (oFF)	Detects the heater current by the function of the CT when the control output is on and outputs an alarm if the current is lower than the set current value judged as being an abnormal condition.
Heater loop alarm value setting screen 1-3 (Option)	oFF, 0.1~50.0A (oFF)	Detects the heater current by the function of the CT when the control output is off and outputs an alarm if the current is higher than the set current value as judged by an abnormal loop condition in the output circuit.
Alarm action hysteresis setting screen	1~999 Unit (5 Unit)	Sets the action hysteresis of the alarm relay ON action position and OFF action position.
Event action hysteresis setting screen 1-5 (Option)	1~999 Unit (5 Unit)	Sets the action hysteresis of the event relay ON action position and OFF action position.
Analog output higher limit side scale setting 1-6 (Option)	Within measuring range (Lower limit value of measuring range)	Sets the lower limit side scale value for output value 0%.
Analog output higher limit side scale setting 1-7 (Option)	Within measuring range (Higher limit value of measuring range)	Sets the higher limit side scale value for output value 100%.
Proportional cycle time setting	1~120 sec. (30 sec.)	Average proportional cycle time is 30 seconds when the control output is set at contact (Y) and approximately 3 seconds when the control output is set at SSR drive voltage (P).
10	0.0.00	
Lower output limiter setting (control output) 1-9	0.0~99.9% (0.0%) o_L <o_h< td=""><td>By setting the limit values of the control output in advance, the max. and min. values of the control output remain within the limit values.</td></o_h<>	By setting the limit values of the control output in advance, the max. and min. values of the control output remain within the limit values.
Higher output limiter setting (control output) 1-10	0.1~100.0% (100%) o_L <o_h< td=""><td>*The lower limit may be used to secure the minimum temperature and the higher limit. The upper limit can be used for the prevention of overshooting.</td></o_h<>	*The lower limit may be used to secure the minimum temperature and the higher limit. The upper limit can be used for the prevention of overshooting.
Process value bias setting 1-11	-1999~1999 Unit (0 Unit)	If a temperature gap is observed due to the temperature within the furnace to be controlled and the position of the detector, setting the gap (process value bias) allows display and execution of control with the "process value (PV) + process value bias (PV_b)" as the measured input value.
Process value filter setting 1-12	0~100 sec. (0 sec.)	When the process value input contains noise, the display of the process value and the result of the control operation may be affected. In order to minimize such influence, a time constant is set. * The larger the time constant is, the greater the effect of removing noise
Lower limit side set value limiter setting 1-13	Within measuring range (Lower limit value of measuring range) SV_L <sv_h< td=""><td>Setting the limit values of the set value range in advance will result in the</td></sv_h<>	Setting the limit values of the set value range in advance will result in the
Higher limit side set value limiter setting 1-14	Within measuring range (Higher limit value of measuring range) SV_L <sv_h< td=""><td>values being limited within the set limit range.</td></sv_h<>	values being limited within the set limit range.
AT execution point setting 1-15	0~5000 Unit (0 Unit)	When executing AT action, if you want to avoid hunting due to a limit cycling at a set set value, set a hypothetical SV so as to execute AT action at a point apart from the actual set set value.
Set value point setting (not displayed when P:OFF, I:OFF.) 1-16	oFF, 0.01~1.00 (0.40)	This function is used to adjust overshooting or undershooting at a set value by using the control result as a guideline in PID control mode. The control of overshooting is the most effective when SF is at 1.00.
Initial reset setting	-50.0~50.0% (0.0%)	
1-17		
Keylock setting	oFF, 1~3 (oFF)	This function locks the key operation. It can be used to prevent erroneous key operation after completing the setting of various data.
1-18		

If a mode No. for which no optional function is assigned is selected, the mode of the following No. is selected.

#### 7. Operation

#### 7-1. Power ON and Initial Screen Display

When power is supplied, a selected function is displayed on the screen as shown below. Then, in about 3 seconds, the "Mode 0-0" basic screen is displayed.



This controller series is designed for multi-range or programmable range operation. The controller is set as follows at our plant before shipping.

Values set before shipping:

Input	Standard / Rating	Measuring Range
1. Thermocouple	JIS K	0 ~ 800 °C
2. R.T.D.	JIS Pt100	0.0 ~ 200.0 °C
3. Voltage (mV)	0~10mV DC	0.0 ~ 100.0 No-legend
4. Current (mA)	4~20mA DC	0.0 ~ 100.0 No-legend
6. Voltage (V)	1~5V DC	0.0 ~ 100.0 No-legend

#### 7-2. Function Selection Screen "Mode 2-1"

"Mode 2-1" is the screen used to select such functions as measuring range, control action (RA/DA) and other optional functions, including alarms, events, heater break alarm (HB), and analog output.

Press the DISP key for 5 seconds in the "Mode 0-0" screen to call up the "Mode 2-1" screen. The decimal point shown in 2 flashes to show that number is ready to be changed.

If you want to change it, select a measuring range code (see the attached table) using the  $\bigtriangleup$  &  $\bigtriangledown$  keys and register it using the Em key. When there is no need to change it, press the EM key.

The decimal point in ④ begins flashing to show that the control action mode (RA/DA) is ready to be selected.

In this way, press the Em key to move the flashing decimal point to the desired position and change the other set conditions by pressing the  $\bigtriangleup$ &  $\bigtriangledown$  keys and register it by pressing the EM key.

Every time the Em key is pressed, the flashing decimal point showing readiness to be changed moves to the following item in the sequence of ①, ②through ④ and ⑤ and finally to ⑧. When you have finished changing, press the DISP key to move to the "Mode 0-0" basic screen.

In case measuring range is modified, set values, alarm action point and other related values are all initialized



#### • Indication No.①, ② Selection of Measuring Range Table of Measuring Range Codes

	Input type	Code	Measuring Range	Code	Measuring Range
	*1 B	01	0 ~ 1800°C	15	0 ~ 3300°F
	R	02	0 ~ 1700°C	16	0 ~ 3100°F
Termo- couple	S	03	0 ~ 1700°C	17	0 ~ 3100°F
		04	-100.0 ~ 400.0°C	18	-150 ~ 750°F
	К	05	0 ~ 800°C	19	0 ~ 1500°F
		06	0 ~ 1200°C	20	0 ~ 2200°F
	E	07	0 ~ 700°C	21	0 ~ 1300°F
	J	08	0 ~ 600°C	22	0 ~ 1100°F
	Т	09	-199.9 ~ 200.0°C	23	-300 ~ 400°F
	N	10	0 ~ 1300°C	24	0 ~ 2300°F
	*2 PLI	11	0 ~ 1300°C	25	0 ~ 2300°F
	*3 WRe5-26	12	0 ~ 2300°C	26	0 ~ 4200°F
	*4 U	13	-199.9 ~ 200.0°C	27	-300 ~ 400°F
	*4 L	14	0 ~ 600°C	28	0 ~ 1100°F
	Pt	31	-200 ~ 600°C	47	300 ~ 1100°F
	Pt	32	-100.0 ~ 100.0°C	48	-150.0 ~ 200.0°F
	Pt	33	-100.0 ~ 300.0°C	49	-150 ~ 600°F
	Pt	34	-50.0 ~ 50.0°C	50	-50.0 ~ 120.0°F
	Pt	35	*5 0.0 ~ 50.0°C	51	0.0 ~ 120.0°F
	Pt	36	0.0 ~ 100.0°C	52	0.0 ~ 200.0°F
	Pt	37	0.0 ~ 200.0°C	53	0.0 ~ 400.0°F
<b></b>	Pt	38	0.0 ~ 500.0°C	54	0 ~ 1000°F
к.т. <i>D</i> .	JPt	39	-200 ~ 600°C	55	-300 ~ 1100°F
	JPt	40	-100.0 ~ 100.0°C	56	-150.0 ~ 200.0°F
	JPt	41	-100.0 ~ 300.0°C	57	-150 ~ 600°F
	JPt	42	-50.0 ~ 50.0°C	58	-50.0 ~ 120.0°F
	JPt	43	*5 0.0 ~ 50.0°C	59	0.0 ~ 120.0°F
	JPt	44	0.0 ~ 100.0°C	60	0.0 ~ 200.0°F
	JPt	45	0.0 ~ 200.0°C	61	0.0 ~ 400.0°F
	JPt	46	0.0 ~ 500.0°C	62	0 ~ 1000°F
	-10 ~ 10mV	71			
	0 ~ 10mV	72			
m\/	0 ~ 20mV	73	The scaling fund	ction in	the measuring
IIIV	0 ~ 50mV	74	range allows the	selec	tion of anything
	10 ~ 50mV	75	within the follow	ing rar	ide.
	0 ~100mV	76			3
V	-1 ~ 1V	81	Scaling range		
	0 ~ 1V	82	-1999~9999 coι	Int	
	0 ~ 2V	83			
	0 ~ 5V	84	Span		
	1 ~ 5V	85	100~5000 coun	t	
	0 ~ 10V	86			
	0 ~ 20mA	94			
mΑ	$1 \sim 20 m^{1}$	95			

Thermocouple B: Accuracy guarantee not applicable to 400°C to \*1 750°F and below

Thermocouple PLI: Platinel \*2

Thermocouple WRe5-26: Made by Hoskins \*3

\*4 Thermocouple U, L: DIN43710

Thermocouple B, R, S, K, E, J, T, N: JIS / IEC \*5 R.T.D.: Accuracy ± 0.3°C (± 0.8°F)

R.T.D. JPt100: (Old) JIS R.T.D. Pt100: (New) JIS/IEC



– (r) Real mode

In the real mode, an alarm is output when the current goes out of the permissible range. The alarm is released when the current returns to the normal range. Decimal point position setting

ENT

Use the △& ☑ keys to set the decimal

point position and press the EN key to

register it. Then, move to the "Mode 2-2"

first screen. Press the DISP key to move back to the "Mode 0-0" basic screen.

#### 7-4. Setting of set value "Mode 0-0"

- (1) After supplying power, confirm that the "Mode 0-0" basic screen is displayed.
- (2) Use the △ & ▽ keys to set the set value while checking the SV display. Then, the decimal point in the lowest place in the SV display starts flashing.
- (3) Press the ENT key to register the set value.

Then, the flashing of the decimal point goes out and the setting of the set value is completed.



#### 7-5. Setting of alarm action point "Mode 0-2/0-3" (Optional)

- Press the R key twice in the basic screen to display the higher limit alarm (H) parameter or three times to display the lower limit alarm (L) parameter.
- (2) Use the △ & ☑ keys to set the alarm action point value while checking the SV display. Then, the decimal point in the lowest place in the SV display starts flashing.
- (3) Press the Em key to register the alarm action point value. Then, the flashing of the decimal point goes out.
- (4) Press the DISP key to go back to the basic screen.



#### 7-6. Execution of Auto Tuning (AT) Action

Auto tuning functions to automatically measure, compute, and set optimum constants in PID control.

Auto tuning can be executed in any of the following states: immediately upon supplying power, while temperature is rising, and during stable control.



- · Operating procedure
- Press the <u>AT</u> key in the basic screen during operation to establish auto tuning standby condition. Then, the AT lamp lights up.
- (2) Press the End key to execute AT action. Then the AT lamp goes out indicating that the AT action is being executed.
- (3) When the AT action is completed, the control action with new PID constants starts. Then the AT lamp goes out.



#### To Stop Auto Tuning in the Execution

Press the <u>AT</u> key and then the EM key. The AT lamp goes out and auto tuning action is released.

In this case, PID values return to those before the start of auto tuning.

#### Auto tuning cannot be done in the following cases:

- While manual control is on
- When the input value is out of the measuring range
- When the proportional band is set at P=Off (On-Off control)
- If the End key is not pressed within 5 seconds during standby (AT lamp flashing) for AT
- When the H side output limiter differs from the L side one by 20% or less

#### Restrictions on Execution of Auto Tuning

- If the process value gets overscale, AT is forced to end.
- While auto tuning is on, no settings can be changed except the alarm or event setting.
- While auto tuning is on, manual control cannot be turned on.
- While auto tuning is on, the set value bias (SB) is maintained at the value before the start of auto tuning. A change of SB input becomes valid only when the auto tuning action ends.
- If the auto tuning action exceeds 200 minutes, it is forced to stop and PID values before the start of AT are used.

#### 7-7. Operation by Manual Control "Mode 0-1"

#### Changing to manual control mode

Changing to control output manual mode and setting of manual control output value is operated in the control output value display (Mode 0-1). In addition, operation to return to the auto mode from the manual mode is done in the mode 0-1 screen.

- Press the R key in the basic screen (0-0) to call up the mode 0-1 screen. Then, the control output value is displayed in the SV display.
- (2) Next, press the EX key for 3 seconds to start the flashing of the manual control action indicator lamp (MAN lamp) and control output manual mode is established. Use the A & keys to change the output value setting. After that, the changed value is displayed.
- (3) Even in the manual mode, you can move to another screen (or screen group) by pressing the representation (DISP) key. Note that the control output is set to be activated manually at this moment. (The manual mode is selected if the MAN lamp is flashing.)
- (4) In order to release the control output manual mode (when the MAN lamp is flashing), press the mode for 3 seconds in the mode 0-1 screen. Then, the MAN lamp goes out and the mode changes to control output auto mode.



Note: Even in the manual mode, you can move to another screen (or screen group) by pressing the r key and/or the DISP key. Note that the control output is set to be activated manually at this moment. The manual mode is selected if the manual (MAN) lamp is flashing.

#### \* Restrictions on Manual Control

- The manual control action and output value remain stored even when power is turned off and then on again.
- When the measuring range is changed, the manual control mode is released and the automatic control mode returns.
- When switching from the auto to the manual mode, the action becomes balanceless and bumpless. This does not happen, however, if the process value (PV) is out of the proportional band at the time of mode switching.

#### 7-8. Setting of Set Value Bias (Sb) "Mode 0-5" (Optional)

If a bias amount is previously set in the set set value, the initial set set value added with the bias amount makes a set value when the SB terminals go on (short circuited).



SB terminals (On) = Set set value (SV) + bias value (Sb) SB terminals (Off) = Set set value (SV)

#### 7-9. Setting of Current Values for Heater Break and Heater Loop Alarms (Optional)

#### Note:

- This function cannot be used when current (I) or voltage (V) is selected as the control output.
- When OFF is set in the heater break/loop alarm setting screen, no alarm is output.
- Since the heater break alarm and heater loop alarm are output from the same alarm output terminal (HB) and use the same alarm lamp, the value of the heater current should be checked in the "Mode 1-1" screen to know which alarm is to be output.
- The heater break/loop alarm function can be used only in a singlephase AC circuit. It cannot be used in a DC-load circuit, phase control circuit, or 3-phase load circuit.
- A CT for the current selected by the Code Table is included as an accessory. Only a CT of the specified model can be used.
- The heater break alarm and heater loop alarm can be used when the control output is contact (Y) or SSR drive voltage output (P).
- Alarm Set Value

Set the heater break alarm at about 85% of the value of input from the current transformer (CT) or lower when the power supply fluctuates significantly.

If more than one heater is connected in parallel, a slightly larger value should be set so that an alarm can be output even if only one of them breaks down.

- Current transformer (CT) Current transformers (CT) for 30A and 50A are available.
- How to connect current transformer (CT) Insert a load line through the hole specially prepared for the CT. There is no polarity with the wiring from the CT to the controller.
- A heater break alarm is output when the CT detects the heater current while the control output is on. The alarm is activated by the abnormality of the detected current value being lower than the set current value.
- A heater loop alarm is output when the CT detects the heater current while the control output is off. The alarm is activated by the loop abnormality of the output circuit when the detected current value is higher than the set current value.

· Selection of heater break alarm output mode



Use the  $\bigtriangleup$  & keys to select  $\underline{/}$  or  $\underline{/}$  and register it using the m key.

You can select Lock mode or Real mode for the alarm output mode. The mode can be selected in the function selection screen "Mode 2-1" (see page 19).

#### 7-10. Operation of Keylock ( LOCH ) "Mode 1-18"

This function inhibits the changing of various parameters and set value, the setting of auto tuning, manual control, etc., and a mode change by front key operation. The function can be used to prevent erroneous operation after the completion of setting.

#### Select keylock mode by 🕞 key.

Select the mode using the  $\bigtriangleup$  and  $\bigtriangledown$  keys for setting and the  $\blacksquare$  key for registration. To release Keylock, select the same mode and set oFF. Then press the ENT key.

Type of Keylock	Description
oFF	All locks released
1	Only SV, AT & MAN can be changed.
2	Only SV can be changed.
3	All settings are locked.

\* When a setting cannot be changed during operation, check whether keylock is on.

#### 7-11. Automatic Return of Display Screen

If there is no key input for 3 minutes or longer in any screen other than out /control output display and  $Hb_R$ /heater current process value display, the basic screen "Mode 0-0" returns automatically.

#### 8. Error Messages

#### 8.1 Problems with Process Value Input

The control output upon sensor detection of abnormality becomes 0% regardless its characteristics.				
(1)	НННН	Thermocouple has burnt out, A of R.T.D has burnt out, PV value exceeds the higher limit of the measuring range (scaling value for voltage or current input) by about 10%.		
(2)	LLLL	PV value is below the lower limit of the measuring range (scaling value in voltage for current input) by about 10%.		
(3)	EJAH	For thermocouple input, the reference contact circuit (CJ) has gone out of order on the higher limit side.		
(4)	EJLL	For thermocouple input, the reference contact circuit (CJ) has gone out of order on the lower limit side.		
(5)	6	For R.T.D. input, B (upper) of A, B (upper), B (lower) has burnt out or both A and B (lower) have burnt out.		
(6)	<u>c</u>	For R.T.D. input, B (lower) of A, B (upper), B (lower) has burnt out or the resistance has dropped very low.		
8-2. Problems with CT Input for Heater Break Alarm (HB)				
(1)		The control action that has turned on or off does not go on normally.		
(2)	НЬНН	The CT input value exceeds the higher limit of the measuring range by about 10%.		

The CT input value is below the lower limit of measuring range by about 10%.

• The above display appears when  $H_{\underline{b}}R$  is selected.

(3)

## WARRANTY/DISCLAIMER

OMEGA ENGINEERING, INC. warrants this unit to be free of defects in materials and workmanship for a period of **13 months** from date of purchase. OMEGA Warranty adds an additional one (1) month grace period to the normal **one (1) year product warranty** to cover handling and shipping time. This ensures that OMEGA's customers receive maximum coverage on each product.

If the unit should malfunction, it must be returned to the factory for evaluation. OMEGA's Customer Service Department will issue an Authorized Return (AR) number immediately upon phone or written request. Upon examination by OMEGA, if the unit is found to be defective it will be repaired or replaced at no charge. OMEGA's WARRANTY does not apply to defects resulting from any action of the purchaser, including but not limited to mishandling, improper interfacing, operation outside of design limits, improper repair, or unauthorized modification. This WARRANTY is VOID if the unit shows evidence of having been tampered with or shows evidence of being damaged as a result of excessive corrosion; or current, heat, moisture or vibration; improper specification; misapplication; misuse or other operating conditions outside of OMEGA's control. Components which wear are not warranted, including but not limited to contact points, fuses, and triacs.

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Direct all warranty and repair requests/inquiries to the OMEGA Customer Service Department. BEFORE RETURNING ANY PRODUCT(S) TO OMEGA, PURCHASER MUST OBTAIN AN AUTHORIZED RETURN (AR) NUMBER FROM OMEGA'S CUSTOMER SERVICE DEPARTMENT (IN ORDER TO AVOID PROCESSING DELAYS). The assigned AR number should then be marked on the outside of the return package and on any correspondence.

The purchaser is responsible for shipping charges, freight, insurance and proper packaging to prevent breakage in transit.

FOR WARRANTY RETURNS, please have the following information available BEFORE contacting OMEGA:

- P.O. number under which the product was PURCHASED,
- Model and serial number of the product under warranty, and
- Repair instructions and/or specific problems relative to the product.

FOR **NON-WARRANTY** REPAIRS, consult OMEGA for current repair charges. Have the following information available BEFORE contacting OMEGA:

- P.O. number to cover the COST of the repair,
- 2. Model and serial number of product, and
- Repair instructions and/or specific problems relative to the product.

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- Datalogging Systems
- Recorders, Printers & Plotters

#### HEATERS

- Heating Cable
- Cartridge & Strip Heaters
- Immersion & Band Heaters
- Flexible Heaters
- Laboratory Heaters

## ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND CONTROL

- Metering & Control Instrumentation
- Refractometers
- Pumps & Tubing
- Air, Soil & Water Monitors
- Industrial Water & Wastewater Treatment
- PH, Conductivity & Dissolved Oxygen Instruments