OM-60-PP SERVICE LOGGER WITH TWO PRESSURE SENSORS

The OM-60-PP is a Service Logger with two pressure sensors. The sensors are available as part # OM-60-MOD-PP. The OM-60-MOD-PP option consists of two pressure sensors, an interface box, and cable which connects to the Service Logger. The OM-60-PP allows for two simultainious pressure measurements.

Each pressure sensor is permanently connected to the interface box with a 6 foot cable. The maximum pressure allowed for each pressure sensor is 500 PSI (35 BAR). The pressure sensors are compatible with any gas or liquid that is compatible with 17-4 stainless steel and is well suited for HVAC applications.

Cutting or splicing of the OM-60-MOD-PP cable by the user is not recommended and will void the sensor warranty.

GETTING STARTED

Plug the interface cable into the Service Logger and the interface box. Note that the interface box is labeled to indicate which pressure sensor is PRES1 and PRES2. If portable use or battery backup is desired, place a fresh 9 Volt alkaline battery into the unit. Any other type of battery will result in unsatisfactory performance and may cause damage to the instrument. Plug in the power adapter if a 110 (220)Volt outlet is accessible.

Press the "ON" button on the front panel. The display will show the instrument name. If no display is visible, or if the display is all black, adjust the display control until the lettering is visible.

If no adapter is connected, or if the adapter has become defective, the display will show this message. The Service Logger will recognize when a sensor is plugged in and automatically set up the correct menus and displays for that sensor.

This is the **Operating Mode** display for the OM-60-MOD-PP sensor. Each pressure is continuously measured and displayed. This is the mode the Service Logger will go to after it is turned on.

SERVICE LOGGER	
VER 2.0	

PLEASE	
CONNECT SENSORS	

PRES1	PRES2	
0 PSI	0 PSI	

CHANGING SETTINGS

Press and hold the

Every function of the Service Logger can be set through a series of menus. Settings are stored in memory and remain there even without main or backup power source until altered by the user. Each sensor will have settings unique to its function and the Service Logger will select and display the correct menus for each sensor that is plugged in.

Changing Recording Time and Sampling Rate



ENTER button until the display changes to the Recording Rate menu.

RECORDING RATE 15 HR EVERY 15 SEC

The user may select the sampling rate and recording time for the Service Logger. Use \wedge \backslash

the **STATUS** or **RECORD** buttons to change the recording time and sampling rate according to the table listed below.

Recording Time	Sampling Rate
40 Days	15 Minutes
2 Weeks	5 Minutes
60 Hours	1 Minute
30 Hours	30 Seconds
15 Hours	15 Seconds
5 Hours	5 Seconds

MENU

ENTER button is pressed 3 more times (to cycle through the re-When the maining functions), the recording time and the sampling rate will be saved into memory and the Service Logger will return to the operating mode. Otherwise the unit will return to the operating mode after approximately 1 minute and changes will be saved into memory.

SETTING PRESSURE SENSORS TO 0 PSI

Under certain conditions and over a period of time the pressure sensors may drift slightly off 0 PSI.

To re-zero the pressure sensors press and hold



STATUS while in the **Operating Mode** until the display indicates Initial Zero Pressure. Release



the **STATUS** button. The sensors have now been reset to zero. Note that for this adjustment to maintain the accuracy of the pressure sensors the pressure at both sensors must actually be at 0 PSI when setting the zero point.

Changing Scale to PSI or BAR



When the **ENTER** button is pressed twice more (to cycle through the remaining functions), the temperature and pressure scale setting will be saved into memory, and the Service Logger will return to the operating mode. Otherwise the unit will return to the operating mode after approximately 1 minute and changes will be saved into memory.

RECORDING DATA

One of the most important functions of the Service Logger is to record information over a period of time. This function is like a chart recorder except that the information is stored in memory rather than being printed on paper. The user can choose to print out the information, transfer the information to a computer for advanced analysis or long term storage, or review the information on the Service Logger's display.

In the case of the OM-60-MOD-PP option, each pressure will be recorded. Different sensors will, of course, record different information depending on the function of that sensor. The Service Logger has a memory capacity to record up to 4000 samples of data. It is the option of the user to record data to the maximum capacity of the Service Logger or to terminate a recording when sufficient information has been gathered.

IMPORTANT !

Each new recording will erase any previously recorded information. It is the responsibility of the user to either print out or store a previous recording prior to starting a new recording.

The first step in making a recording is to select the proper recording time and sample rate. If a sampling rate of 15 seconds is being used, then every 15 seconds each pressure will be measured and stored into digital memory. No record of information is made between each interval even though the display will continuously show the environment the OM-60-MOD-PP sensors are exposed to.

For a recording to accurately reflect a series of events, it is up to the user to select a recording interval that best suits the particular application. In some situations maximum recording time may be sacrificed so that more frequent sampling of the conditions may be accomplished. Long term monitoring will require less frequent sampling in favor of longer recording times.

The next step is to select how the Service Logger will record the information from the OM-60-MOD-PP sensor. There are 3 possible ways to record information.



Press and hold the **RECORD** button until the record display appears. The four

recording modes can be scrolled and changed by using **RECORD** button:

- 1. **Record information to memory only.** This option stores information into memory. No printer or computer connection is required for this function.
- 2. Record information to a printer. This option does not store information into memory, but does print each sample as it is *recorded* to a printer. This is referred to as REAL TIME PRINTING. A printer must be connected for this function! If no printer is connected, or if the printer is *off-line*, or if the printer is out of paper an error message will be displayed to alert the user to a problem. Switching to this option will terminate recording if the Service Logger was set to record previously.
- 3. Record information to memory and to a printer. This is a combination of options 1 and 2. Information is stored in memory and at

RECORD ON, REAL	
TIME PRINT OFF	



RECORD ON, REAL TIME PRINT ON the same time each sample is *recorded* to a printer. As in option 2., a printer must be connected and functioning or an error message will be displayed.

4. If a recording is in progress this option will **terminate all recording functions**. This option may also be used if the user decides to cancel a recording session and return to the operating mode.

RECORD OFF, REAL TIME PRINT OFF

DAY HOUR MIN

15

16

FRI



Press the **RECORD** button after selecting the recording mode. This will display the starting time of the recording. The display will show the starting time of the last recording and allow

the user to enter a new starting time. The **STATUS** button will advance the

item that is flashing. Press and hold the **STATUS** button to scroll this item.



Press the **RECORD** button to change to the next item which will then start to flash. This will set the starting time of the recording which will be used in the display or printout after a recording has been made. Note that the previous starting time is always displayed when a new recording is started.

When the Service Logger is in the recording mode, it will prevent the user from changing the settings. The user will only be allowed to check the recording rate

when they press the ENTER button.

MENU

Press the **ENTER** button to return to the operating mode and begin the recording.

If option 1 or 3 is selected, an "R" will be displayed in the upper right hand corner of the display. An "R" indicates a recording is in progress.

PRES1	PRES2	R	
22PSI	130PSI		

MON:10:35:00

56% MEM. LEFT

While you are recording it is possible to check how much memory has been used. Press and

hold the **STATUS** button until the display

shows

the percent of available remaining memory and the starting time of the recording. As the recording continues this number will decrease. The Service Logger will continue to record until the recording is terminated manually or when all of the available memory has been used. When *0% Memory Left* is displayed, this will indicate that almost all of the available memory has been used and the Service Logger will shortly terminate the recording automatically.

Sample of a typical printout at the beginning of recording:

The time is specified using the format D(ays):H(ours):M(inutes):S(econds). This convention is used in the printout and the display.

Service Logger			
PRES1	PRES2	Time (D:H:M:S)	
44	100	MON:10:35:00	
45	103	MON:10:35:50	
45	104	MON:10:35:10	
46	104	MON:10:35:15	

PRINTING RECORDED DATA

After a recording has been made the user will probably want some way to view and analyze the recorded information. This is most easily accomplished by printing out the data samples. The printed data can be analyzed or stored for future reference. Several print options are available.

Filtering Printed Record

If the user were to print out a recording which used all of the memory capacity of the Service Logger, this would be a very long record of 4000 data samples. To print this out line by line on a standard computer printer would use over 60 sheets of paper! Obviously this would be a cumbersome and time consuming process. In most cases the information required from the record is only when the pressure changes. If the pressure remains constant, it is not necessary to print line after line of the same information.

The Service Logger allows the user to select from 1 to 10 PSI or 0.0 - 1.0 BAR of either pressure change to print on. What this means is that data samples that are less than the selected pressure change are ignored during the printing process and only when the filtered pressure has changed by the selected amount is a sample printed out. That pressure becomes the new value to compare to and the filtered pressure will have to change again by the selected amount before another sample is printed.

One important point to remember is that even if a data sample is not printed the Service Logger still has to recall it from memory and compare it to the filter selection. Therefore, a printout may take up to 10 minutes for a scan of all 4000 data samples. This may sound complicated, but is easy to understand by using an example recording.

Example:

A recording has been made on an air-conditioning system on the Low Side (Sensor 1) and the High Side (Sensor 2) over a 30 hour period. This means that a dual data sample is recorded every 30 seconds. For the printout the user has selected a change of 2 PSI on PRES1. Shown below would be a typical printout of the data using the above selections. In a real printout there will be no spaces between the lines of printing, but in our example these were added to allow room for comments to be inserted.

Service Logger

PRES1(PSI) PRES2(PSI) Time(D:H:M:S)

140	TUE:12:01:00	This is the first data record and the starting time of the recording on Tuesday at 12:01 p.m
145	TUE:15:30:00	The pressure at both sensors is shown on the same day at 15:30 (3:30 p.m.).
145	TUE:17:54:30	The pressure at both sensors is shown on the same day at17:54 (5:54 p.m.).
140	WED:11:05:30	Both sensors show drop in pres- sure on the next day at 11:05 a.m.
145	WED:13:17:00	Both sensors show an increase in pressure on the next day at 13:17 (1:17 p.m.).
		This indicates the end of the re- cording and shows that PRES1 remained within 2 PSI of the last reading for the remainder of the recording period.
	145 145 140	145TUE:15:30:00145TUE:17:54:30140WED:11:05:30

The above example shows that by using the filtering function the user can take a printout that would consume over 60 pages of paper and condense it into a single page.

How to Send Recorded Data to a Printer



Printer Error Messages

If a printer is not connected and set to operate, an error message will be displayed to alert the user to a printer problem.

There are several possible problems that may occur if the printer is not ready. The Service Logger will alert the user to a problem with the printer. As each printer has its own set of controls and settings, the user is recommended to consult the owners manual supplied with the printer.

This is an error message that appears when the printer is not connected or turned off. Make sure the printer cable is attached to both the printer and the Service Logger and that power is supplied to the printer.

PLEASE CONNECT THE PRINTER

This is an error message to alert the user that the printer has run out of paper. Refer to the owners manual of the printer for instructions on paper replacement.

This is an error message that indicates the printer has not been set to ON LINE. Refer to the owners manual for specific instructions on setting the printer controls.

PRINTER IS NOT

PRINTER IS OUT

OF PAPER

ON LINE

VIEWING RECORDED DATA

One of the features of the Service Logger is that recorded information may be read directly on the display. The same filter functions that are available for printing data are also available for reading data on the display. This allows the user to let the Service Logger scan the recorded data and display only the information that is of interest to the user. Without this function the user would have to manually scan a potential 4000 data samples to find the information of interest.



Press and hold **ENTER** until this display appears. The actual recording rate is unimportant.

MENU

RECORDING RATE XXHR EVERY XXSEC



Press again to cycle to the next screen. As before the scale does not pertain to the viewing function.

0



Dual Pressure Adapter



TRANSFERRING DATA TO A COMPUTER

After a recording has been made the user may download the data to any PC compatible computer. The advantage of doing this is that it allows the use of more sophisticated analysis tools as well as a long term storage. Unlike the Print and View functions <u>no filtering options are available in this mode</u>. The entire recording is sent to the computer. The supplied software will convert the data recording to an ASCII file which can then be imported into a variety of data analysis software, word processing, and data base programs.

It is suggested that if the user plans to download recorded data on a regular basis to copy the transfer program to the users hard disk. To start the transfer program insert the supplied diskette in drive A. Type "A:SUPCO" and follow instructions on the computer screen, a README file is also included on the floppy diskette which has detailed instructions on the use of the transfer program and reflects the latest information that is not included in this manual.

IMPORTANT!

To use this function the 25 pin cable (DB25 Male-Male) must be connected to the Service Logger and the PC compatible computer printer port. If you are unsure of which connector is the printer port, consult the owners manual which was supplied with the computer.

The computer transfer cable can be purchased from OMEGA or authorized dealer as part # OM-CC6.